LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD

Volume 1

2014

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Department of the Army
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

1976 - 2014

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD – CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

VOLUME 1

2014

A. Title: Report - Final Decision Document for LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65

and LHAAP-69 Sites, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, TX

Author(s): U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: January 1, 2014
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B. Title: Report - Final (Revised) Environmental Condition of Property VI,

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, TX

Author(s): U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Recipient: United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Date: January 1, 2014 Bate Stamp: 00189807 - 00190040

C. Title: Meeting Minutes – Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Monthly Managers'

Meeting Minutes

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: January 9, 2014
Bate Stamp: 00190041 - 00190045

D. Title: Report - Final Explanation of Significant Differences, Record of Decision

for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3, Longhorn

Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, TX

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services
Recipient: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Date: February 3, 2014 Bate Stamp: 00190046 - 00190065

E. Title: Meeting Minutes – Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Restoration

Advisory Board (RAB) Meeting Minutes

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: February 20, 2014
Bate Stamp: 00190066 - 00190125

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD – CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

VOLUME 1

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F. Title: Meeting Minutes – Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Monthly Managers'

Meeting Minutes

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: February 20, 2014
Bate Stamp: 00190126 - 00190154

G. Title: Meeting Minutes – Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Monthly Managers'

Meeting Minutes

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: March 25, 2014

Bate Stamp: 00190155 - 00190175

H. Title: Memorandum for File - Surface Water Data Transmittal March 2008 -

February 2014, Perimeter Well Data Transmittal September 2008 - June

2013, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, TX

Author(s): AECOM Technical Services

Recipient: All Stakeholders
Date: April 2, 2014

Bate Stamp: 00190176 - 00190188



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT POST OFFICE BOX 220 RATCLIFF, AR 72951

June 11, 2014

DAIM-ODB-LO

Ms. April Palmie (MC-136) SSDAT/Superfund Section Remediation Division Texas Commission on Environmental Quality 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg D Austin, TX 78753

Re: Decision Document for LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 Sites, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas, January 2014

Dear Ms. Palmie,

Thank you for your April 23, 2014 letter of concurrence with the above-referenced document. A hard copy of the final document is enclosed for your record.

The point of contact for this action is the undersigned. I may be contacted at 479-635-0110, or by email at rose.zeiler@us.army.mil.

Sincerely,
RoseM. Zgiler

Rose M. Zeiler, Ph.D. Longhorn AAP Site Manager

Copies furnished:

- R. Mayer, USEPA Region 6, Dallas, TX
- P. Bruckwicki, Caddo Lake NWR, TX
- A. Williams, USACE, Tulsa District, OK
- R. Paul, USAEC, San Antonio, TX
- D. Wacker, AECOM, San Antonio, TX (for project files)

FINAL DECISION DOCUMENT FOR LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65 AND LHAAP-69 SITES LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS





Prepared by
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Tulsa District
1645 South 101st East Avenue
Tulsa, Oklahoma

January 2014

Table of Contents

List	t of Figui	res	. i
List	t of Appe	endices	. i
		and Abbreviations	
	,		
1.0 D	eclaratio	on	1
1.1	Stateme	ent of Basis and Purpose	2
1.2		tion of Selected Remedy	
1.3		y Determinations	
1.4		al and Signature	
		Summary	
2.1		me, Location, and Description	
2.2		tory	
2.3		Participation	
2.4		aracteristics	
	2.4.1	LHAAP-19	
	2.4.2	LHAAP-56	
	2.4.3	LHAAP-65	
	2.4.4	LHAAP-69	
2.5	Current	and Potential Future Site Uses	
2.6	Site Investigations		
	2.6.1	LHAAP-19	
	2.6.2	LHAAP-56	
	2.6.3	LHAAP-65	
	2.6.4	LHAAP-69	_
3.0		ices	
0.0	0.0.0		•

List of Figures

Figure 1	Location of Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant
Figure 2	Site Location Map LHAAP-19, -56, -65, and -69 at Longhorn AAP
Figure 3	LHAAP-35A(58) Land Use Control Boundary
Figure 4	Site LHAAP-19

List of Appendices

Appendix A Certification of Remediation Recordation, LHAAP-19
Appendix B Correspondence of Regulatory Concurrence

Acronyms and Abbreviations

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CERFA Community Environmental Response Facilitation Act

CES Complete Environmental Service

DNT Dinitrotoluene

DRMS Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service

FFA Federal Facility Agreement
Jacobs Jacobs Engineering Group, Inc.
LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant
MSC medium-specific concentration

NPL National Priorities List
PA Preliminary Assessment
PCB polychlorinated biphenyls
POL Petroleum/Oil/Lubricants

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SPLP Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure

SvE Sverdrup

SVOC Semi-volatile organic compound TAC Texas Administrative Code

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
TNRCC Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission

TNT Trinitrotoluene

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons
TRRR Texas Risk Reduction Rules
TWC Texas Water Commission

USEPA U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service UST underground storage tanks VOC volatile organic compound

DECISION DOCUMENT FOR LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65 AND LHAAP-69 SITES

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

1.0 Declaration

1.1 Statement of Basis and Purpose

This document presents the basis for the decision that no further action is necessary for LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 sites at the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP) in Karnack, Texas. The decision was made by LHAAP and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, the National Contingency Plan, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and AR 200-1, as applicable. Although there are several Superfund National Priorities List (NPL)-listed environmental sites at LHAAP, LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 are not among them. These sites are being addressed under CERCLA as non-NPL environmental sites.

1.2 Description of Selected Remedy

No CERCLA remedial action is necessary for LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69. Site investigations were conducted through which it was determined by LHAAP and TCEQ that no significant release had occurred at these sites. It is agreed that no action is necessary because these sites do not present unacceptable risks for the reasonably anticipated future use as part of the Caddo Lake National Wildlife Refuge which is considered a non-residential use scenario. The risk evaluations do not address unrestricted use.

No CERCLA remedial action is necessary for LHAAP-19, a Type IV (C&D) landfill, which was closed in 2010 (ECC, 2010) in accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §335.566 and more specifically the requirements of 30 TAC §330.463(a). The final closure and assessment report for LHAAP-19 and its supporting documentation demonstrate that, for this site, the threat to human health or the environment is at or below those required for Texas Risk Reduction Rules (TRRR) Standard Number 2. However, due to the fact that Non-hazardous Class 2 waste was left in place, TRRR Standard 3 applies. The post closure care requirements and residential use restrictions are set forth in the industrial solid waste certification of remediation recorded in Harrison County, Texas on the 14th of November 2013 (Appendix A). They include periodic inspections of the landfill cap, cap maintenance, restrictions against intrusive activities, and a restriction against residential use. Residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences, child care facilities, nursing homes or assisted living facilities, and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12. These requirements and restrictions are more fully described in Section 2.6.1.

No CERCLA remedial action is necessary for LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65 and LHAAP-69. The risk evaluations for LHAAP 56, LHAAP-65 and LHAAP-69 were based on the reasonably anticipated future use as part of the Caddo Lake National Wildlife Refuge and did not address unrestricted use. In accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §335.566, a notification will be recorded in Harrison County stating that the land is suitable for nonresidential use. Because the LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 sites are entirely

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Tulsa District

contained within the LHAAP-35A(58) land use control boundary (**Figure 3**) this requirement is being met under LHAAP-35A(58) as is stated in the final Remedial Action Work Plan for LHAAP-35A(58) (AECOM, 2013).

Because LHAAP-19 is a C&D landfill with post closure requirements and because LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65 and LHAAP-69 were not evaluated for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, five-year reviews will be conducted to ensure protection of human health and the environment. All monitoring and reporting requirements associated with LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 will be met under LHAAP-35A(58). Although the Army may later pass these procedural responsibilities to the designated transferee, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), in conjunction with or after the property transfer, the Army shall retain ultimate responsibility for future environmental response actions.

1.3 Statutory Determinations

None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are applicable in this action since no remedies are being selected. No remedial actions are necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment. Chemicals detected in samples from these sites are considered to be of no further concern for the property's foreseeable use. Therefore, these sites meet the requirements for no further action under USEPA guidance and 30 TAC §335.

1.4 Approval and Signature

No further investigations or actions are necessary for LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69. There is no cost associated with this decision beyond the cost for post closure care in the form of inspections of the landfill cap and any maintenance required to maintain the cap integrity for a period of 5 years and for limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification every five years certifying proper land use for LHAAP-19. There is no cost associated with this decision beyond that for certification of proper land use every five years for LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 which will be met under LHAAP-35A(58). The undersigned is the appropriate approval authority for this decision.

APPROVED BY:

Thomas E. Lederle

Chief

BRAC Division, ACSIM

United States Army

2.0 Decision Summary

2.1 Site Name, Location, and Description

LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 are located within LHAAP, a former Army installation that occupied 8,416 acres between State Highway 43 in Karnack, Texas, and the southwestern shore of Caddo Lake. The nearest city is Marshall, Texas, approximately 14 miles to the southwest (**Figure 1**). Locations of the four sites evaluated are shown on **Figure 2**.

LHAAP operated until 1997 when it was placed on inactive status and classified by the U.S. Army Armament, Munitions, and Chemical Command as excess property. In 2003 LHAAP was placed under the administrative control of the Base Realignment and Closure Commission (BRAC) Division as a Non-BRAC Excess property. Environmental activities at LHAAP are conducted in accordance with the CERCLA and funded through the Defense Environmental Restoration Program. Army BRAC is the responsible party for environmental restoration.

LHAAP was placed on the NPL on August 9, 1990, and several environmental sites were listed. Activities to remediate the contamination began in 1990. After LHAAP's listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, the USEPA, and the Texas Water Commission, currently known as TCEQ, entered into a CERCLA Section 120 Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) for remedial activities at the installation. The FFA became effective December 30, 1991.

Although several environmental sites at LHAAP are NPL-listed, LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 are non-NPL sites. Army is the lead agency for all environmental restoration activities. For non-NPL listed sites such as these, the State of Texas is the lead regulatory agency.

2.2 Site History

LHAAP was established in December 1941 with the primary mission of manufacturing trinitrotoluene (TNT). TNT manufacture (Plant 1) activities ended after World War II. In 1952, the facility began production of pyrotechnic ammunition, such as photoflash bombs, simulators, hand signals, and tracers for 40 mm ammunition at Plant 2 that continued through 1956. In December 1954, a third facility, Plant 3, began production of solid-fuel rocket motors for tactical missiles. From September 1988 to May 1991, LHAAP was also used for the static firing and elimination of Pershing I and II rocket motors in compliance with the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty in effect between the United States and the former Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

LHAAP-19 (Construction Materials Landfill) is located north of the Ground Signal Test Area. The site is a fenced 400-by-800 foot landfill (**Figure 4**). The landfill was sporadically active from 1985 until closure activities were conducted in 2009. The landfill was permitted by rule to receive non-friable asbestos and other demolition debris. The monthly disposal rate ranged from 35 to 400 cubic yards of waste. The landfill (formerly referred to as LHAAP-26) was evaluated in 1988. A Preliminary Review Unit Checklist, completed in 1988, states that a trench was excavated to receive one week's waste and was covered at the end of each week. The recent operations included the demolition debris from production area buildings that were razed from 1999 to 2006. The materials deposited in this landfill were what is normally classified as Construction and Demolition Debris (C&D) consisting of wood and metal studs, corrugated metal walls and roofs, concrete rubble, steel re-bar, drywall, transite siding, cardboard, Class 2 paper, packing, plastics, foil, wood packaging, wood debris, bricks, cement, and other inert constituents.

Environmental restoration activities at LHAAP-19 (a non-NPL site) have progressed through the site investigation/landfill closure activities, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the regulators that no significant releases had occurred and the site investigation results met the remediation standards for Risk Reduction Standard No. 2. However, due to the fact that Non-hazardous Class 2 waste was left in place, the landfill closure met the standards of 30 TAC §335.8 for Risk Reduction Standard Number 3 – Closure/Remediation with controls and a certificate of remediation as appropriate for this standard. The landfill closure was certified by Professional Engineers licensed and registered in the State of Texas, with signatures provided in the Final Cover Evaluation and Final Landfill Closure Report (ECC, 2010).

The other three environmental sites addressed in this document are located in the Shops Area of LHAAP. LHAAP-56 (Vehicle Wash Rack & Oil/Water Separator Building 744-A) is a 926-square foot Grease Rack used for separation of oil from water in the wash-down of vehicles. LHAAP-65 (Building 209) was a Flammable Materials Storehouse used for storage of chemicals such as paints and solvents. LHAAP-69 (Service Station USTs) was the site of six leaking gasoline USTs.

Environmental restoration activities at LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 (non-NPL sites) have progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and TCEQ that no significant releases had occurred and the sites could be closed under TAC Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2. Concurrence by TCEQ is attached as **Appendix B**.

2.3 Public Participation

The U.S. Army, TCEQ and the Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) have provided public outreach to the surrounding community concerning LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 and other environmental sites at LHAAP. The outreach program has included fact sheets, media interviews, site visits, invitations to attend quarterly RAB and regulatory review meetings, and public meetings consistent with its public participation responsibilities under Sections 113(k)(2)(b), 117(a), and 121(f)(1)(g) of CERCLA.

The decision for no further investigation or action at LHAAP-19, LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 was discussed at the Restoration Advisory Board meeting on April 4, 2013 at the Karnack Community Center. Reports supporting the no further investigation or action determination for these sites are included in the Administrative Record for LHAAP, which is available for public review at the Marshall Public Library, (903) 935-4465, 300 South Alamo, Marshall, TX 75670. The hours of operation are Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m. and Friday through Saturday from 10:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.

2.4 Site Characteristics

2.4.1 LHAAP-19

LHAAP-19 (Constuction Materials Landfill) was a fenced 400-by-800 foot landfill (7.91 acre tract) (USACE, 1996). The maximum depth of the landfill is believed to be less than 15 feet below ground surface. As part of the landfill closure activities, an 18-inch thick compacted clay cap with topsoil cover was constructed covering the footprint of the landfill (ECC, 2010.) The topography generally slopes in all directions from the center of the landfill. The steepest slopes are along the north side of the landfill.

2.4.2 LHAAP-56

LHAAP-56 includes Building 744-A and sump 117 and is located within LHAAP-35A(58) Shops Area. LHAAP-56 (Building 744-A) was a 926-square foot Grease Rack built in 1957 (Plexus, 2005). Wash rack effluent went through an oil trap. The oil was picked up by vacuum truck and carried to the burning ground for burning (Horacek, Smith, Painter & Spitz, Inc., 1978a). Two solvent tanks were located west of the two grease

January 2014

racks (Plexus, 2005). The site had permitted discharge to a drainage ditch. The contaminants of concern were heavy metals.

2.4.3 LHAAP-65

LHAAP-65 (Building 209) was a Flammable Materials Storehouse constructed in 1982 and had 4,930 square feet of floor area (LHAAP, 2000a). The building was used for storage of chemicals such as paint and solvents. The building had a concrete floor with drains connected to sumps. The contaminants of concern were heavy metals.

2.4.4 LHAAP-69

LHAAP-69 (Service Station Underground Storage Tanks) consisted of six gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs) that were leak tested in 1989 and determined to be leaking. The tanks were replaced in 1993 and the site has been remediated. Since the site was still active at the time of the PA, it was not investigated under the ERA. The contaminant of concern was Petroleum/Oil/Lubricants (POL). Petroleum product and its constituents is not a CERCLA hazardous substance.

2.5 Current and Potential Future Site Uses

LHAAP was active from the early 1940s to the late 1990s for the manufacture of explosives, pyrotechnics, and rocket motors for World War II, the Korean War, and the Cold War. LHAAP was placed on inactive status in 1997. Aside from the abundant wildlife, the installation is predominantly unoccupied. All of the production facilities have been demolished. LHAAP now consists of a heavily vegetated landscape with flat to slightly undulating terrain. Nearly 7,000 acres have been transferred to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and are operated as the Caddo Lake National Wildlife Refuge. LHAAP-19 will be transferred to the USFWS at the conclusion of restoration activities. LHAAP-56 and LHAAP-69 are located on parcels that are planned for transfer to the USFWS in the future. LHAAP-65 is located on land already transferred to USFWS.

2.6 Site Investigations

2.6.1 LHAAP-19

A Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment was conducted at the site in 1988. The 1988 assessment identified LHAAP-19, Construction Materials Landfill, as LHAAP-26. The 1988 RFA characterized the waste as demolition and construction debris and (inert) empty paint cans. The TWC determined that no further RFA action is recommended for this unit (TWC, 1988). The Army conducted landfill closure activities in 2009 and determined that no releases have occurred and no further action is needed at this site. An assessment of soil and groundwater at LHAAP-19 was initiated in August 2009. A total of ten borings were drilled immediately adjacent to, but outside of the known footprint of the landfill. The soil samples were analyzed for TAL metals, VOCs, VOCs, explosives, and perchlorate. Three temporary monitoring wells were installed and sampled at the perimeter of LHAAP-19. The groundwater samples were analyzed for TAL metals, VOCs, SVOCs, explosives, and perchlorate. The concentrations in soil and groundwater adjacent to the landfill meet the remediation standards for Risk Reduction Standard No. 2 based on residential land use (ECC, 2010.) However, due to the fact that waste was left in place the landfill closure met the standards of 30 TAC §335.8 for Risk Reduction Standard Number 3 – Closure/Remediation with controls and a certificate of remediation as appropriate for this standard. The controls for the closure are compacted soil cap and topsoil cover.

None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are necessary in this action because no remedial action is necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment. A certificate of remediation (Appendix A) has been filed in the Harrison County records, as required by 30 TAC §335.556, stating that future use of the

parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. Residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences, child care facilities, nursing home or assisted living facilities, and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12. Institutional controls placed on the property to ensure appropriate future use include: (1) Use must remain non-residential as described above; and (2) No activity shall be conducted or permitted that would damage the integrity of the landfill cover (i.e. unauthorized digging or disturbing the existing cover or contents of the landfill). In accordance with 30 TAC §335.566 and more specifically as required by 30 TAC §330.463(a), limited monitoring will take place in the form of inspections of the landfill cap and any maintenance required to maintain the cap integrity for a period of 5 years. The Army shall correct, as needed, erosion of cover material, lack of vegetative growth, and subsidence or ponding of water. If any of these problems occur after the end of the five-year post-closure period or persist for longer than the first five years of post-closure care, the owner or operator shall be responsible for their correction until all problems have been adequately resolved.

Limited monitoring will be conducted in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ certifying that the use of this site remains consistent with the industrial/recreational exposure scenario and the requirements of the Certificate of Remediation recordation.

2.6.2 LHAAP-56

LHAAP-56 has been investigated as part of larger sampling events. The soils in vicinity of Building 744-A were investigated as part of LHAAP-35A(58), while sump 117 was investigated as part of a larger sump investigation under LHAAP-35. The Sump 117 associated with site LHAAP-56 was investigated under LHAAP-35 (Shaw, 2008). Building 744-A associated with LHAAP-56 is located within LHAAP-35A(58) Shop Area.

In 1993 one surface soil sample and one subsurface soil sample were collected in association with Sump 117 and in 2008 one surface soil sample and two subsurface soil samples were collected in association with Sump 117. The 1993 samples were analyzed for metals, SVOCs and VOCs and the 2008 samples were analyzed for metals and VOCS. All chemicals except manganese have concentrations below the Risk Based Screening Value, and were removed from further consideration. The manganese concentration was applied to Jacobs (2003) risk assessment and is within acceptable risk range, therefore no further action is required for soil associated with sump 117 at LHAAP-35A(58) (Shaw, 2008).

The investigation for LHAAP-35A(58) included soil and groundwater sampling around Building 744-A. The conclusion for soil was that cancer risks and non-cancer hazards posed by soil fall within the acceptable range and that groundwater contaminants are being addressed with remedial actions for LHAAP-35A(58) (Shaw, 2009). The groundwater below the site is considered to be LHAAP-35A(58). Therefore, no further action is required for LHAAP-56.

None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are necessary in this action because no remedial action is necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment. Since the LHAAP-56 Site is small and entirely contained within the LHAAP-35A(58) land use control boundary (**Figure 3**), all monitoring and reporting requirements associated with the five year reviews will be met under LHAAP-35A(58). The restriction in place that encompasses LHAAP-56 is a groundwater restriction LUC which will remain in place until the LHAAP-35A(58) cleanup levels are met. A notification will be recorded in Harrison County records for LHAAP-35A(58), stating that the site is suitable for nonresidential use. Further information on the restriction and notification can be found in the September 2010 LHAAP-35A(58) Record of Decision(ROD) (Shaw, 2010). The groundwater below LHAAP-56 is considered to be LHAAP-35A(58) and monitoring of the

groundwater is included in the LHAAP-35A(58) Remedial Action Work Plan. No ongoing administrative or response action will be required at LHAAP-56.

2.6.3 LHAAP-65

There was some confusion about this site (LHAAP-65) early in the listing process. LHAAP-65 was not identified in the RCRA Facility Assessment (TWC, 1988) and there were no sumps identified at LHAAP-65 (Building 209) in the Environmental Site Assessment Report (Plexus, 2005). The site description in the Defense Environmental Restoration Program/Management Information System (DERPMIS) document (USACE, 1996) referenced sumps connected to the floor drains of the building and stated that the sumps are being investigated under LHAAP-35. However, because the Environmental Site Assessment Report did not identify sumps at Building 209, the sumps were not investigated under LHAAP-35. The sumps were investigated by USACE in 2010 and no further action was recommended based on data presented in the Final Data Evaluation Report for LHAAP-65 (USACE, 2011).

The 2010 site investigation sampling included the collection and analysis of 4 surface soil samples (2 at each of the northeast and southwest sumps) and 2 surface water samples (1 at each of the northeast and southwest sumps). Samples were analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOC), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOC), perchlorate, explosive compounds, and metals. There was no indication of VOC, SVOC, perchlorate, or explosive contamination in soil or water. Only mercury was detected in one surface soil sample above the MSC. A risk evaluation was conducted for the mercury detection and risk was determined to be acceptable (USACE, 2011). LHAAP-65 (Building 209) was included in ECOP III (Shaw, 2005) as part of the Northwest Block/Production Area and transferred to the USFWS.

None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are necessary in this action because no remedial action is necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment. Since the LHAAP-65 Site is small and entirely contained within the LHAAP-35A(58) land use control boundary (**Figure 3**), all monitoring and reporting requirements associated with the five year reviews will be met under LHAAP-35A(58). The restriction in place that encompasses LHAAP-65 is a groundwater restriction LUC which will remain in place until the LHAAP-35A(58) cleanup levels are met. A notification will be recorded in Harrison County records for LHAAP-35A(58), stating that the site is suitable for nonresidential use. Further information on the restriction and notification can be found in the September 2010 LHAAP-35A(58) Record of Decision (ROD) (Shaw, 2010). The groundwater below LHAAP-65 is considered to be LHAAP-35A(58) and monitoring of the groundwater is included in the LHAAP-35A(58) Remedial Action Work Plan. No ongoing administrative or response action will be required at LHAAP-65.

2.6.4 LHAAP-69

In 1992/1993 the 6 USTs were removed/disposed along with removal of contaminated soil (TCEQ, Central Registry). USACE-Fort Worth faxed documentation for removal/disposal for 4 of the 6 USTs and removal of contaminated soil (LHAAP, 1994a). The Environmental Site Assessment Phase I and II Report included sampling of surface soil and a monitoring well located at Bldg 744, the former service station (Plexus, 2005). Samples were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, TPH and metals. Investigation resulted in no petroleum products identified as COCs. Results support no further action for LHAAP-69.

None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are necessary as §121 is not applicable to petroleum product releases. Since the LHAAP-69 Site is small and entirely contained within the LHAAP-35A(58) land use control boundary (**Figure 3**), all monitoring and reporting requirements associated with the five year reviews will be met under LHAAP-35A(58). The restriction in place that encompasses LHAAP-69 is a groundwater restriction LUC which will remain in place until the LHAAP-35A(58) cleanup levels are met. A

notification will be recorded in Harrison County records for LHAAP-35A(58), stating that the site is suitable for nonresidential use. Further information on the restriction and notification can be found in the September 2010 LHAAP-35A(58) Record of Decision (ROD) (Shaw, 2010). The groundwater below LHAAP-69 is considered to be LHAAP-35A(58) and monitoring of the groundwater is included in the LHAAP-35A(58) Remedial Action Work Plan. No ongoing administrative or response action will be required at LHAAP-69.

3.0 References

PRIMARY BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS FOR LHAAP-56, LHAAP-65 AND LHAAP-69 SITES

AECOM, 2013, Final Remedial Action Work Plan, LHAAP-35A(58), Shops Area, Group 4, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas, August. Administrative Record Bates Stamp 00120302 – 00120453.

ECC, 2010, Final Cover Evaluation and Landfill Closure Report Construction & Demolition Debris Landfill (LHAAP-19), Located at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas, September 2010.

Horacek, Smith, Painter & Spitz, Inc., 1978a, *Air and Water Pollution Survey*, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Marshall, Texas. Prepared for USACE Ft. Worth District. April 21. Administrative Record Bates Stamp 000033-000077.

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TWC (Texas Water Commission), 1988, RCRA Facility Assessment Conducted by Texas Water Commission. April 8. Administrative Record Bates Stamp 001252-0019009.

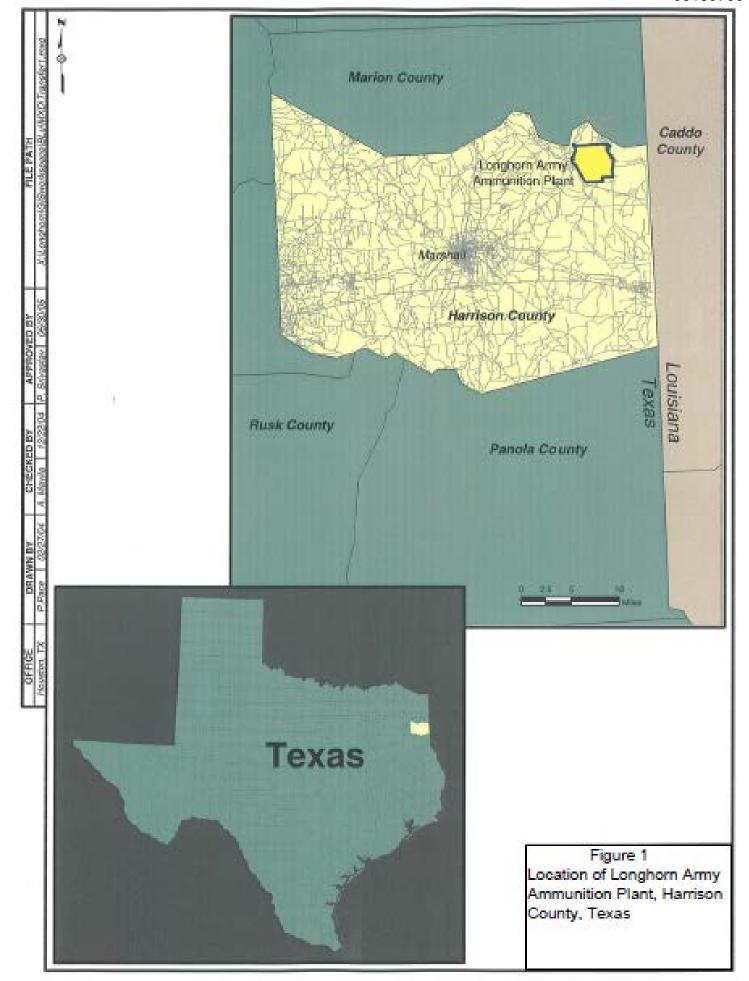
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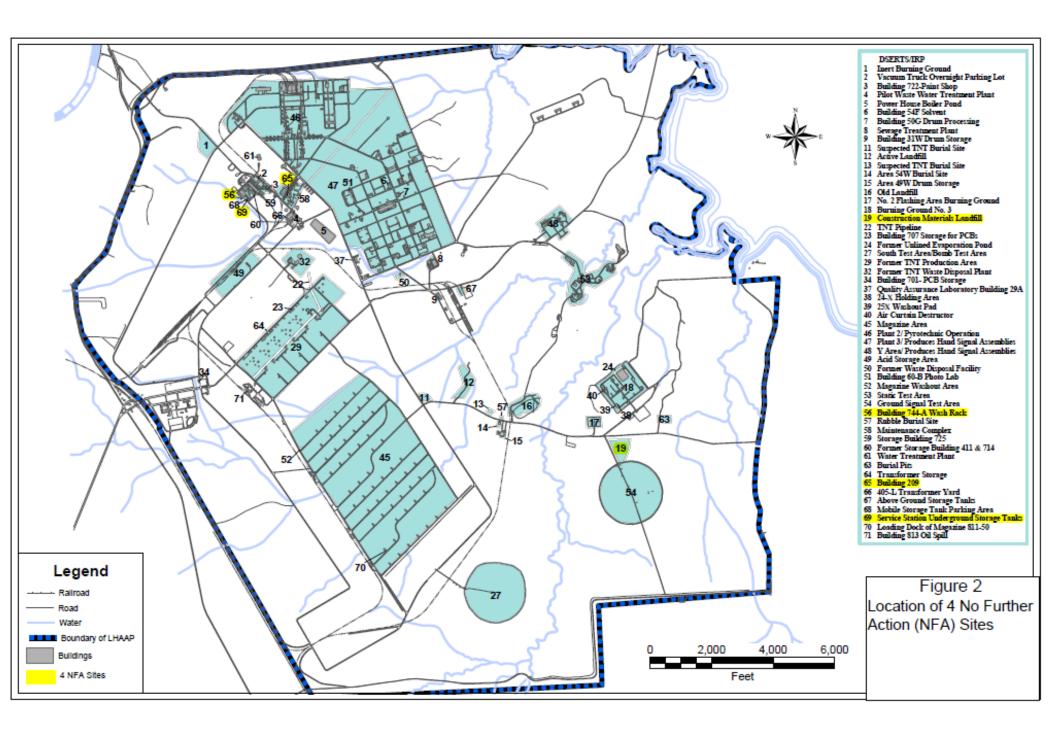
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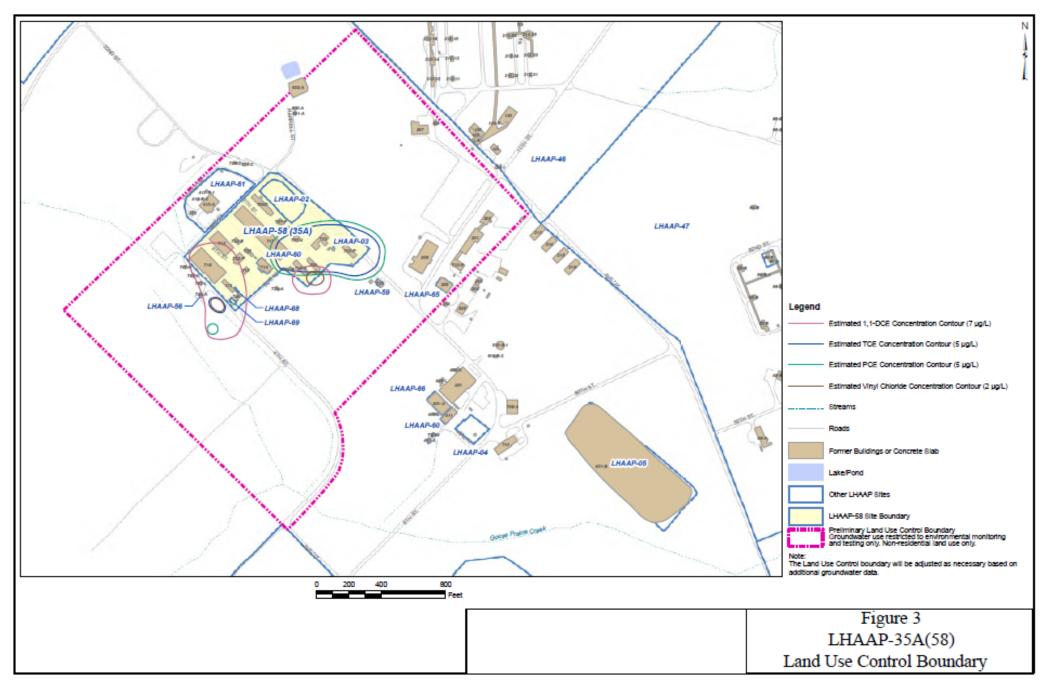
PUBLIC INFORMATION REPOSITORIES FOR LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT

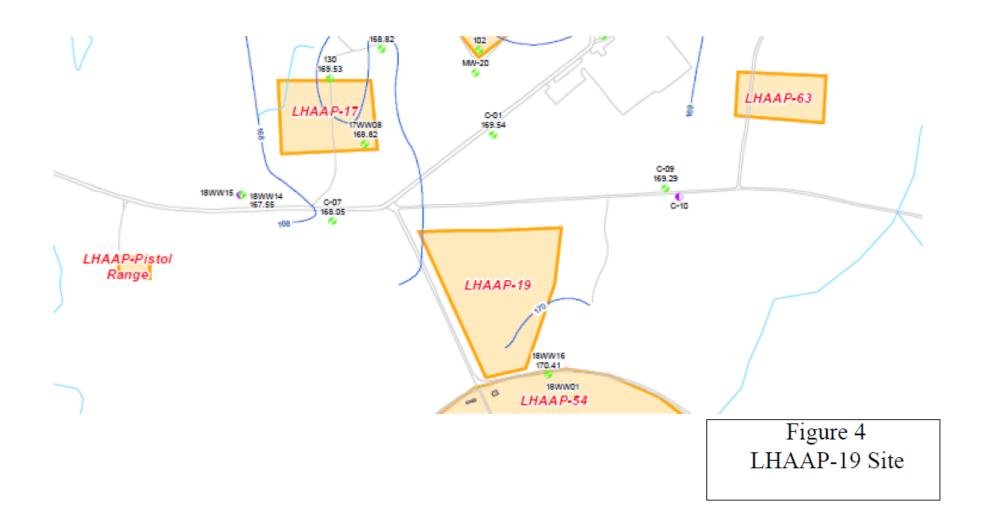
Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Marshall, Texas 75670 Telephone: 903-935-4465

Hours of Operation: Monday – Thursday (10:00 a.m.–8:00 p.m.) Friday – Saturday (10:00 a.m.–5:30 p.m.) **Figures**









$Appendix\,A$

Certification of Remediation Recordation, LHAAP-19

2013-000013785

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT MISCELLANEOUS

5 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED - OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:11/14/2013 04:23 PM	
Document Number: 2013-000013785	
Receipt No: 1313735	
Amount: \$ 28.00	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



AARON WILLIAMS 1645 SOUTH 100 FIRST EAST AVE

TULSA, OK 74128

STATE OF TEXAS HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE CERTIFICATION OF REMEDIATION

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. The site, LHAAP-19, is a C&D Landfill located within the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP) in the northeast corner of Harrison County, Texas approximately 14 miles northeast of Marshall, Texas, and approximately 40 miles west of Shreveport, Louisiana. LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-19 is not itself considered an NPL site. The TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency concurs that the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 3.

The C&D landfill, designated LHAAP-19, covers a 7.91 acre tract of land. The maximum depth of the landfill is believed to be less than 15 feet below ground surface. The C&D landfill was sporadically active from 1985 until recent closure activities were conducted. The C&D landfill was permitted by rule to receive non-friable asbestos and other demolition debris. During periods of activity, the monthly disposal rate ranged from 35 to 400 cubic yards of waste. The C&D landfill (formerly referred to as LHAAP-26) was evaluated in 1988. From the landfill evaluation dated 1988, and the buildings description dated 2004, it is concluded that all of the materials deposited in this landfill were what is normally classified as Construction and Demolition Debris (C&D) consisting of wood and metal studs, corrugated metal walls and roofs, concrete rubble, steel re-bar, dry-wall, transite (non-friable asbestos) siding, cardboard, Class 2 paper, packing, plastics, foil, wood packaging, wood debris, bricks, cement and other inert constituents. Records provided by the site manager indicate that hazardous materials such as friable asbestos were disposed of in other permitted landfills. Based on this information and certification of process knowledge by the owner, this landfill is classified as Non-Hazardous Class 2. The final closure assessment report and its supporting documentation demonstrate that the threat to human health or the environment is at or below those required for Risk Reduction Standard Number 2. However, due to the fact that waste was left in place, a cap was constructed to cover the footprint of the landfill and closure of the landfill meets Risk Reduction Standard Number 3.

Further information may be found by examination of the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality requires certain persons to provide certification and/or recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the

occurrence of remediation. This certification is not a representation or warranty by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

11

Being a 7.91 acre tract of land situated in Harrison County, Texas, being out of and a part of a 8,493 acres tract of land known as the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, situated between Highway 43 at Karnack, Texas, and the southwestern shore of Caddo Lake, and being more particularly described by metes and bounds as follows:

(All coordinates shown here on are NAD 83, Texas State Plane North Central Zone 4202, based on GPS Static Processing verified with OPUS).

Beginning at the northwest corner of the herein described tract with coordinates of North: 6951971.54, East: 3316288.74, from which an iron pin set for a GPS Base Point with coordinates of North 6951987.74, East 3316281.35 bears N 24-31-50 E a distance of 17.81 feet;

Thence N 78-23-54 E, 504.61 feet to a point for an angle point with coordinates of North: 6952073.02, East: 3316783.04

Thence S 52-47-27 E, 137.20 feet to a point for an angle point with coordinates of North: 6951990.05, East: 3316892.31;

Thence S 44-12-24 E, 108.04 feet to a point for an angle point with coordinates of North: 6951912.60, East: 3316967.64;

Thence S 01-33-58 W, 110.10 feet to a point for an angle point with coordinates of North: 6951802.55, East: 3316964.63;

Thence S 11-28-04 W, 121.11 feet to a point for an angle point with coordinates of North: 6951683.85, East: 3316940.56;

Thence S 17-11-28 W, 349.04 feet to a point for the southeast corner of the herein described tract with coordinates of North: 6951350.41, East: 3316837.39;

Thence N 89-11-23 W, 294.12 feet to a point for the southwest corner of the herein described tract with coordinates of North: 6951354.57, East: 3316543.30;

Thence N 22-57-01 W, 332.88 feet to an angle point with coordinates of North: 6951661.10, East: 3316413.50;

Thence N 21-53-42 W , 334.57 feet to the place of beginning and containing 7.91 acres of land according to a survey made on the ground on November 12, 2009 by Ace Surveying, Inc.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the LHAAP-19 site and the TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or remedial action is required for LHAAP-19.

Limited monitoring will take place in the form of inspections of the landfill cap and any maintenance required to maintain the cap integrity for a period of five years. The Army shall correct, as needed, erosion of cover material, lack of vegetative growth, and subsidence or ponding of water. If any of these problems occur after the end of the five-year post-closure period or persist for longer than the first five years of post-closure care, the owner or operator shall be responsible for their correction until all problems have been adequately resolved. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences;

child care facilities; and nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Institutional controls placed on the property to ensure appropriate future use include: (1) Use must remain non-residential as described above; and (2) No activity shall be conducted or permitted that would damage the integrity of the landfill cover (i.e. unauthorized digging or disturbing the existing cover or contents of the landfill). These restrictions will be placed in the deed transferring any part of the property out of federal ownership.

111

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

or

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-BDO (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the

STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF Gregg

BEFORE ME, on this the With day of Nov ,20 personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of The United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

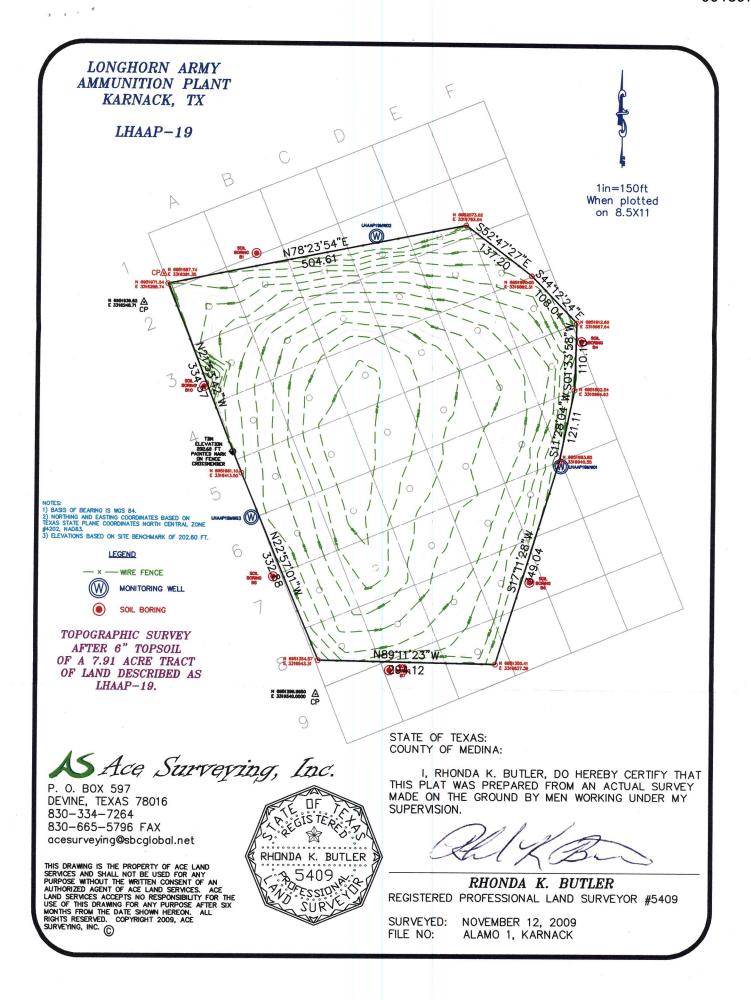
GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the

Notary Public in and for the State of

BRENDA McBRIDE

Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 5-4-2014



Appendix B

Correspondence of Regulatory Concurrence

From: Fay Duke

To: <u>Williams, Aaron K SWT</u>

Cc: Lambert, John R SWT; Rose Ms CIV USA OSA Zeiler

Subject: RE: TCEQ comment on draft Data Evaluation for LHAAP-65

Date: Friday, May 27, 2011 1:54:58 PM

Rose/Aaron.

We have reviewed the proposed risk evaluation to be incorporated into the Data Evaluation Report for LHAAP-65. Based on the result, the TCEQ concur with your recommendation that no further action is needed at LHAAP-65.

Fay Duke (MC-136) Remediation Division, TCEQ PO Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087

512-239-2443 512-239-2450 (Fax)

>>> On 5/6/2011 at 3:39 PM, <Aaron.K.Williams@usace.army.mil> wrote:

Fay,

A risk evaluation has been conducted for LHAAP-65 applying calculations from the LHAAP-49 BHHRA. The results are Hazard Indices below 1. Attached for your consideration are proposed language to add to the Data Evaluation Report, detailed calculations and supporting documentation.

Attachment 1 (Risk Evaluation) - Proposed language to be included in the Data Evaluation Report for LHAAP-65

Attachment 2 (Risk)- Detailed calculations of LHAAP-49 and LHAAP-65 exposure doses and HQ/HI for a trespasser and future maintenance worker (included LHAAP-49 calculations just to show the math is good)

Attachment 3 (Pages from BHHRA) - Support documentation from LHAAP-49 BHHRA-formulas

Attachment 4 (RfD)- Support documentation from LHAAP-49 BHHRA- RfDs

Thanks,

Aaron K. Williams Environmental Engineer, ARMY/FUDS Section HTRW Design Center Tulsa District U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 918-669-4915 From: Fay Duke

To: Rose Zeiler; Williams, Aaron K SWT
Cc: Stephen Tzhone; Lambert, John R SWT
Subject: LHAAP 56 and LHAAP-69 Documentation
Date: Wednesday, September 02, 2009 12:22:49 PM

Rose/Aaron.

We have reviewed the documentation supporting "no further action required" for site LHAAP-69 and we concur.

The supporting documentation for LHAAP-56 is in error. My review of the past reports suggest that site LHAAP-56, vehicle wash rack and oil water separator area is located in Building 744-A not Building 744. So the sump that is associated with Building 744-A is probably Sump 117 and not Sump 113. After reading the description in the DERMIS report, I'm also a bit concern with the reason that it was not being addressed. It stated that the "site will require further investigations, response is complete under DERA since the site is still active. The sumps on this site is being investigated under LHAAP#35." So here's my question. Other than action taken on Sump 117, what investigation or closure activities have been performed since the closure of this unit?

Please let me know if you should have any questions or concerns.

Fay Duke (MC-136) Remediation Division, TCEQ PO Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087

512-239-2443 512-239-1212 (Fax) From: April Palmie

To: Williams, Aaron K SWT

Cc: Zeiler, Rose Ms CIV USA OSA; Lambert, John R SWT; Lanier, Wendy SWT; "Plitnik, Marilyn A CIV (US)"; Paul,

Robin E CIV (US); Mayer.Richard@epamail.epa.gov

Subject: LHAAP 56 Documentation (UNCLASSIFIED)

Date: Monday, March 11, 2013 5:02:04 PM

Aaron,

Thank you for sending the additional information on LHAAP-56, which includes Building 744-A and Sump 117. TCEQ agrees that this site is appropriate to include in the Draft Decision Document. We have reviewed the documentation supporting "no further action required" for site LHAAP-56 and we concur.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

April Palmie Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Superfund Section, Remediation Division, MC-136 P.O. Box 13087 Austin, TX 78711-3087 (512) 239-4152 From: April Palmie

To: Zeiler, Rose M CIV (US)

Cc: Williams, Aaron K SWT; Smith, Richard P SWT; April Palmie

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: LHAAP-19 (UNCLASSIFIED)

Date: Wednesday, October 30, 2013 11:51:17 AM

Rose.

My attorney concurs with the revised language; please prepare to file the notice. I would prefer if the Decision Document included the copy of notice, as filed.

April Palmie
Project Manager
Superfund Section
Remediation Division
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Phone: (512) 239-4152

Email: April.Palmie@tceq.texas.gov

-----Original Message-----

From: Zeiler, Rose M CIV (US) [mailto:rose.m.zeiler.civ@mail.mil]

Sent: Wednesday, October 30, 2013 9:43 AM

To: April Palmie

Cc: Williams, Aaron K SWT; Smith, Richard P SWT

Subject: RE: LHAAP-19 (UNCLASSIFIED)

April,

Longhorn concurs that the substantive standards under the "permit by rule" is an ARAR for LHAAP-19 which is being addressed by Army under the CERCLA. The TCEQ proposed language is acceptable (with the exclusion of the reference to the satisfaction of the executive director):

"Limited monitoring will take place in the form of inspections of the landfill cap and any maintenance required to maintain the cap integrity for a period of five years. The Army shall correct, as needed, erosion of cover material, lack of vegetative growth, and subsidence or ponding of water. If any of these problems occur after the end of the five-year post-closure period or persist for longer than the first five years of post-closure care, the owner or operator shall be responsible for their correction until all problems have been adequately resolved."

I am providing a pdf of all the markups made to the certification since we began this process, so that all changes are transparent to the reviewer.

Please provide your concurrence and we will proceed with finalization of the decision document and recordation.

Thanks, Rose Bryan W. Shaw, Ph.D., P.E., Chairman Toby Baker, Commissioner Zak Covar, Commissioner Richard A. Hyde, P.E., Executive Director



TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Protecting Texas by Reducing and Preventing Pollution

April 23, 2014

Mr. Thomas E. Lederle Chief, ACSIM BRAC Division 2530 Crystal Drive, Room 5000 Taylor Building / NC3 Arlington, Virginia 22202

Re: Decision Document for LHAAP-19, LHAPP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 Sites at the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Federal Superfund Site in Karnack, Harrison County, Texas. EPA ID: TX6213820529, TCEQ ID: SUP126

Dear Mr. Lederle:

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) received the Final Decision Document for LHAAP-19, LHAPP-56, LHAAP-65, and LHAAP-69 sites at the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Federal Superfund Site on February 28, 2014. The TCEQ has completed the review of the above referenced document and concurs that the described action is appropriate.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to contact me at (512) 239-2526 or April Palmie at (512)239-4152.

Sincerely,

Beth Seaton, Director Remediation Division

BS/AP/cw

cc: Mr. Richard Smith, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, EC-ER, 1645 S 101st East Ave, Tulsa, OK 74128

Ms. Rose Zeiler, Army / BRAC Site Manager, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Post Office Box 220, Ratcliff, AR 72951

Mr. Richard Mayer, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Division (6PD-F), 1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200, Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Mr. Paul Bruckwicki, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, P.O. Box 230, Karnack, TX 75661

Mr. Thomas E. Lederle Page 2 April 23, 2014

bcc: Ms. April Palmie, MC 136 Mr. Cullen McMorrow, MC 175

FINAL (Revised)

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY VI (ECP VI)



LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

January 2014

Table of Contents _____

List o	f Tahi	ec		ii		
	st of Attachments					
			reviations			
ACION	iyiiis d	iliu Auu	reviations	111		
1.0	PUR	POSE		1		
2.0	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION					
	2.1		tion Area Parcel – Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract			
	2.2		tion Area Parcel - Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract			
	2.3	Produc	tion Area Parcel - Former Acid Storage Area Tract	2		
	2.4		a Parcel			
	2.5		Fest Area Parcel			
3.0			IENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY			
4.0			IENTAL REMEDIATION SITES AND INFORMATION			
1.0	4.1		nmental Remediation Sites			
	т.1		LHAAP-08, Former Sewage Treatment Plant			
			LHAAP-32, Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant			
			LHAAP-35/36, Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps			
			LHAAP-35C (53), Static Test Area			
			LHAAP-48, Y-Area			
			,			
			LHAAP-49, Former Acid Storage Area			
			LHAAP 002 P. St. vi. T. A.A.			
	4.0		LHAAP-002-R, Static Test Area			
	4.2 Storage, Release, or Disposal of Hazardous Substances					
	4.3 Petroleum and Petroleum Products					
			Underground and Above-Ground Storage Tanks (UST/AST)			
			Non-UST/AST Storage, Release, or Disposal of Petroleum Products			
	4.4 Polychlorinated Biphenyls					
	4.5		OS			
	4.6		Based Paint			
	4.7		ogical Materials			
	4.8					
	4.9	Muniti	ons and Explosives of Concern (MEC)	14		
			Property Concerns			
5.0	ADJ	ACENT	PROPERTY CONDITIONS	14		
6.0	ENV	TRONM	IENTAL REMEDIATION AGREEMENTS	15		
7.0	GRC	UNDW	ATER MONITORING WELLS	15		
8.0			L WETLANDS			
9.0	END	ANGER	RED OR THREATENED SPECIES	15		
10.0	HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND ARCHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES16					
11.0			DRY COORDINATION			
12.0	NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (NEPA) COMPLIANCE17					
13.0	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PROVISIONS					
14.0			ONS			

List of Tal	bles					
Table 1	Description of Property					
Table 2	Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps on the Property, No Further Investigation Required					
Table 3	Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps on the Property, Rationale for No Further Investigation Required					
Table 4	Septic Tanks on the Property					
Table 5	Storage, Release, or Disposal of Hazardous Substances					
Table 6	Former Petroleum Product UST/AST Sites					
Table 7	Asbestos					
Table 8	Remaining Buildings Completely Decontaminated of Explosives					
Table 9	Adjacent Properties					
Table 10	Groundwater Monitoring Well Locations					
List of Fig	rures					
Figure 1	Location of the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Harrison County, Texas					
Figure 2	Location of ECP VI Parcels					
Figure 3	Location of Environmental Site in the Production Area Parcel – Former Sewage					
Tigure 3	Treatment Plant Tract (LHAAP-08), with groundwater monitoring well locations					
Figure 4	Location of Environmental Site in Production Area Parcel - Former TNT Waste					
	Disposal Plant Tract (LHAAP-32), with groundwater monitoring well locations					
Figure 5	Location of Environmental Site in Production Area Parcel - Former Acid Storage Area Tract (LHAAP-49) with groundwater monitoring well locations					
Figure 6	Locations of Environmental Sites with Unrestricted Use at the Y-Area (LHAAP-					
	48) and Static Test Area Parcels (LHAAP-35C [53] and co-located LHAAP-002-					
	R) with monitoring well locations and Locations and NRHP Eligible Structures					
Figure 7	Restricted Use Environmental Sites at the Y-Area and Static Test Area Parcels					
C	with Septic Tank and Sumps/Waste Rack Sump locations.					
List of Att	achments					
Attachment 1	References					
	DOD Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) Categories					
	Environmental Protection Provisions					
	Texas Historical Commission/United States Army Corps of Engineers					
	Correspondence					
Attachment 5	Static Test Area; EPA Accidental Release Information Program form and					
	Personal correspondence, nitric acid release, 1991					
Attachment 6	Nonresidential Land Use Notifications					

Acronyms and Abbreviations _

ACM Asbestos-Containing Material

AEDB-R Army Environmental Database-Restoration

AST aboveground storage tank

BERA Baseline Ecological Risk Assessment

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CLNWR Caddo Lake National Wildlife Refuge

CFR Code of Federal Regulations
DMM Discarded Military Munitions

DNT Dinitrotoluene

DoD Department of Defense
DOI Department of the Interior

ECP Environmental Condition of Property

ECP DoD Environmental Condition of Property (classification of an area)

EE/CA Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis

ESA Environmental Site Assessment
FFA Federal Facility Agreement
HHRA Human Health Risk Assessment
INF Intermediate Range Nuclear Forces
IRP Installation Restoration Program

LBP Lead-based paint

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

LUC Land Use Control MC munitions constituents

MEC munitions and explosives of concern MMRP Military Munitions Response Program

MRS munitions response site

MSC medium-specific concentration
MSSL Medium-Specific Screening Level

NCP National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan

NFA No Further Action NPL National Priority List

NRHP National Register of Historic Places

PA Preliminary Assessment PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RD Remedial Design

RDX Royal Demolition Explosive RI Remedial Investigation ROD Record of Decision

SARA Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act

SI Site Investigation

SPLP Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TNT Trinitrotoluene

TRRR Texas Risk Reduction Rule

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
UST underground storage tank
UXO Unexploded Ordnance
WP white phosphorous

FINAL

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY

(ECP VI)

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas

January 2014

1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) is to document the environmental condition of the described land (the Property) which comprises part of Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP) for transfer. The property has been determined to be suitable for nonresidential use. The Property for transfer consists of three tracts of land (the Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract, the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract, and the Former Acid Storage Area Tract) which comprise a portion of the Production Area Parcel, plus two distinct parcels of land (the Y-Area and Static Test Area) (**Figure 1**).

The transfer is consistent with the Department of Defense (DoD) and U.S. Army Policy. The determination of the suitability for nonresidential use is based primarily upon the results of six documents. The first is the Environmental Site Assessment, Phase I and Phase II Report, a document which meets the requirement of an Environmental Baseline Survey (Plexus, 2005). The final five documents are decision documents that presented no further action (NFA) decisions for eight environmental sites located on the Property (Shaw, 2008, 2008a, 2008b, 2009, and 2010)

2.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

LHAAP is located in central-east Texas in the northeastern corner of Harrison County, between State Highway 43 at Karnack, Texas and the western shore of Caddo Lake (**Figure 1**). The facility is approximately 40 miles west of Shreveport, Louisiana. The former U.S. Army installation occupied 8,416 acres between State Highway 43 at Karnack, Texas, and the southwestern shore of Caddo Lake. Access to the facility is by State Highway 43 and 134. As shown on **Figure 2**, the Property for transfer consists of approximately 112 acres distributed among five separate tracts of land. Three of the tracts are located in the Production Area Parcel and include approximately four acres in and around the Former Sewage Treatment Plant and approximately 20 acres in and around the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant, and approximately 31 acres in and around the Former Acid Storage Area. Two of the remaining tracts are transfer parcels, the Y-Area, also known as the Former Igniter Production Area, consisting of approximately 17 acres and the Static Test Area, consisting of approximately 40 acres. With the exception of the north boundary of the Former Sewage Treatment Plant tract and a portion of the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant, the Property is surrounded by an area that has already been transferred to USFWS for management as the Caddo Lake National Wildlife Refuge (CLNWR).

The proposed reuse for the Property is as a wildlife refuge under the administration of the U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service.

2.1 Production Area Parcel – Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract

The Former Sewage Treatment Plant is located in the central portion of LHAAP and covers an area of 3.82 acres (**Figure 2** and **Figure 3**). This site is bounded on the east and south by an area transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. To the north is the former Plant 3 of the Production Area. The Former Sewage Treatment Plant tract is the site of an Installation Restoration Program (IRP) site, LHAAP-08.

The Former Sewage Treatment Plant was in operation from 1942 to 1997 (Plexus, 2005). The plant was modified over time to handle hydraulic capacity of 0.5 million gallons per day. Historical information on physical site characteristics is sourced in the Final Remedial Investigation Report Addendum for the Group 4 Sites Remedial Investigation Report, Sites 04, 08, 67 and Hydrocarbon Study at the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Jacobs, 2002b). There are no sumps, waste rack sumps, or septic tanks associated with this site.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Sewage Treatment Plant processes and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-08, the Former Sewage Treatment Plant.

2.2 Production Area Parcel - Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract

The Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant is a 19.43-acre site situated in the west-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 2** and **Figure 4**). This site is surrounded by acreage already transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to USFWS, with the exception of southeast corner of the site which is contiguous with the Former TNT Production area. The Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant is a National Priority List and IRP site, LHAAP-32. The Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant was constructed in 1942 to treat and dispose of wastewater generated at the Former TNT Production Area (LHAAP-29). The plant was in operation from April 1943 until August 1945 (Plexus, 2005). There are no sumps, waste rack sumps, or septic tanks associated with this site.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-32, the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant.

2.3 Production Area Parcel - Former Acid Storage Area Tract

The Former Acid Storage Area is a 31.63 acre site located in the northwest portion of LHAAP (**Figure 2** and **Figure 5**). This site is surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR.

The Acid Storage Area was used from 1942 to 1945 for the formulation and storage of acids and acid mixtures in support of TNT production during World War II (Plexus, 2005). Former facility structures included process buildings and several ASTs located in the central portion of the site. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that remain at the site.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Acid Storage Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-49, the Former Acid Storage Area.

2.4 Y-Area Parcel

The Y-Area, also referred to as the Former Igniter Production Area, is located in the east-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 2**, **Figure 6**, **and Figure 7**) at the intersection of Yoakum Drive and Starr Ranch Road. It covers an area of 17.24 acres. This site is completely surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. The Y-Area Parcel is the location of three IRP sites, LHAAP-35/36, LHAAP-48, and LHAAP-55.

The Former Igniter Production Area was built during the construction of Plant 3, from 1953 through 1955 (Plexus, 2005). This area was used for the production of igniter parts used in pyrotechnic and illumination devices, and was also used for the production of some illuminating devices. This site was active until about 1997 (Jacobs, 2003). There were nine waste process sumps and three waste rack sumps and two septic tanks associated with this area.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Igniter Production Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at environmental sites located on this Parcel.

2.5 Static Test Area Parcel

The Static Test Area Parcel covers an area of 40.37 acres in the east-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 2**, **Figure 6**, **and Figure 7**). This site is surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. The Static Test Area Parcel is the site of four environmental restoration sites, LHAAP-35/36, LHAAP-55, and LHAAP-35C (53), IRP sites, and LHAAP-002-R, a Military Munitions Response Program (MMRP) site.

The Static Test Area was used for testing of illumination devices and static test firing of rocket motors (Plexus, 2005). There were five waste process sumps and six septic tanks associated with this area (Jacobs, 2002a). The site contains several buildings nominated for the National Register of Historic Places due to their use for Intermediate Range Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty activities. Structures for this site included a test tunnel and a data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of earth and concrete, and conditioning facilities for reproducing arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998.

Table 1 contains a description of the Static Test Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at environmental sites located on this Parcel.

3.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION OF PROPERTY

The U.S. Army has determined the Property's environmental condition through information obtained during the course of a series of environmental investigations that commenced at LHAAP in 1988. These investigations have included: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Assessment, Remedial Investigation, and Phase I and Phase II Site Assessments. The conditions of the Property are comprehensively presented in a February 2005 document entitled: Environmental Site Assessments, Phase I and II Report (ESA), Production Areas, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (Plexus, 2005). The ESA meets the requirements of an Environmental Baseline Survey. A comprehensive list of the documents reviewed in determining the environmental condition of the Property is listed in **Attachment 1.** The DOD Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) category for the property is as follows:

<u>ECP Category 3:</u> Approximately 53 acres as follows: Former Sewage Treatment Plant - Site 08, 3.82 acres; Former Acid Storage Area – Site 49, 31.63 acres; Y- Area – Site 48, 17.24 acres (including the appropriate sumps and waste rack sumps of LHAAP-35/36 located within LHAAP-48, and two of the septic tanks listed in LHAAP-55 located within LHAAP-48).

ECP Category 3 is defined as areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial response.

ECP Category 4: Approximately 60 acres as follows: Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant - Site 32, 19.43 acres; Static Test Area – Site 53, 40.37 acres (including the co-located LHAAP-002-R, the appropriate sumps and waste rack sumps of LHAAP-35/36 within LHAAP-35C (53), and six of the ten septic tanks listed in LHAAP-55 within LHAAP-35C (53).

ECP Category 4 is defined as areas where release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances has occurred, and removal or remedial actions to protect human health and the environment have been taken.

Mercury and lead were detected within a building foundation at the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant above groundwater protection standards. The contaminated sediment was removed and backfilled with clean soil in 2003 (CES, 2003).

There is evidence of a release from a polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)-containing transformer at the Static Test Area, Building 23-T in February 1984. The leaking transformer at 23-T was moved to proper storage and the area was covered on 22 February, 1984. Cleanup of the spill was planned for March 1984. No confirmation of cleanup of the spill has been located. However, PCBs were not detected in either soil or groundwater samples analyzed during various phases of investigation (post-1984) at the Static Test Area (Shaw, 2008a). Thus no evidence of a release from PCBs remains at the Static Test Area.

A list of the seven ECP Categories is shown on **Attachment 2**. A detailed description of the property is provided in **Table 1** – Description of Property.

4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SITES AND INFORMATION

Discussion of the eight environmental sites located on the Property is provided in Section 4.1 and the locations are shown on **Figures 3 through 7.** Other environmental information related to the parcels is presented in Sections 4.2 through 4.10.

4.1 Environmental Sites

Of the eight environmental sites on the Property, all are no further action sites; four of the sites, LHAAP-32, LHAAP-35C(53), LHAAP-002-R, and LHAAP-48 are suitable for

unrestricted use, and four of the sites, LHAAP-08, LHAAP-35/36, LHAAP-49, and LHAAP-55 are suitable for nonresidential use. The environmental sites are described in the following text.

4.1.1 LHAAP-08, Former Sewage Treatment Plant

LHAAP-08, the Former Sewage Treatment Plant, is located in the central portion of LHAAP within the approximately four acre Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract of the Production Area Parcel (**Figure 3**). This site is bounded on the east and south by an area transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. To the north is the former Plant 3 of the Production Area.

The Former Sewage Treatment Plant was in operation from 1942 to 1997. The plant was modified over time to handle hydraulic capacity of 0.5 million gallons per day. Historical information on physical site characteristics is sourced in the Final Remedial Investigation Report Addendum for the Group 4 Sites Remedial Investigation Report, Sites 04, 08, 67 and Hydrocarbon Study at the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Jacobs, 2002b). There are no sumps, waste rack sumps, or septic tanks associated with this site.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Sewage Treatment Plant processes and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-08, the Former Sewage Treatment Plant. The assessment of risk to current trespassers and future industrial maintenance workers from exposure to chemicals in soil and groundwater at LHAAP-08 indicated that potential human health risks are within the acceptable range established by the USEPA. Therefore, no remedial action is necessary at LHAAP-08 (Shaw, 2008a). The risk evaluation for LHAAP-08 did not address unrestricted use, but was based on the reasonably anticipated future nonresidential use (Jacobs, 2003). The installation-wide BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable risk was present in LHAAP-08, therefore no action was needed for the protection of ecological receptors.

LHAAP-08 was included with LHAAP-48, LHAAP-35C (53), and LHAAP-002-R in a no action Decision Document (Shaw, 2008a). The USEPA and TCEQ concurred with the decision that no CERCLA action was necessary. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-08, Former Sewage Treatment Plant, that support the NFA decision includes, but is not limited to, remedial investigation (RI) and baseline risk assessment reports (Jacobs 2002a, 2002b, 2003), the installation-wide baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA) report (Shaw, 2007c), Final Proposed Plan for LHAAP-08, Former Sewage Treatment Plant, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas(U.S. Army, 2008a), and other LHAAP-08 related documents. Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification to the State of Texas every five years will be conducted to verify that the use of LHAAP-08 remains nonresidential. In accordance with Texas Administrative Code §335.566, a notification has been recorded in Harrison County records stating that the site is suitable for nonresidential use only (Shaw, 2008a), a copy of which will be included in the Comprehensive LUC Management Plan (U.S. Army, 2007).

4.1.2 LHAAP-32, Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant

LHAAP-32, the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant, is located within the approximately 19-acre Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract of the Production Area Parcel situated in the west-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 4**). This site is surrounded by acreage already transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to USFWS, with the exception of southeast corner of the site which is contiguous with the Former TNT Production Area. The Former

TNT Waste Disposal Plant is a National Priority List and IRP site, LHAAP-32. The Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant was constructed in 1942 to treat and dispose of wastewater generated at the Former TNT Production Area (LHAAP-29). The plant was in operation from April 1943 until August 1945 (Plexus, 2005). There are no sumps, waste rack sumps, or septic tanks associated with this site.

Table 1 contains a detailed description of the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-32, the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant.

Mercury and lead were detected within a building foundation at the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant above groundwater protection standards. The contaminated sediment was removed and backfilled with clean soil in 2003 (CES, 2003). LHAAP-32 now does not have contaminated soils requiring remediation nor does the underlying groundwater contain contamination requiring remediative measures based on conclusions from the Final Site Evaluation Report (Shaw, 2005). The risk evaluation conducted for LHAAP-32 determined that the site was suitable for unrestricted use (Shaw, 2005). The installation-wide BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable risk was present in LHAAP-32, therefore no action was needed for the protection of ecological receptors.

LHAAP-32 was the subject of a no action record of decision (Shaw, 2008b). This document was issued by the U.S. Army, the lead agency for this installation and co-signed by USEPA.

TCEQ concurred with the selected No Action decision. The recommendation for no action is consistent with the criteria required under CERCLA. Documentation in the Administrative Record files for LHAAP-32, Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant that supports the NFA decision includes, but is not limited to, remedial investigation (RI) and baseline risk assessment reports (Jacobs 2001, 2002), site evaluation report, and installation-wide baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA) report (Shaw, 2005, 2007c), and other LHAAP-32 related documents.

4.1.3 LHAAP-35/36, Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps

The 145 sumps and waste rack sumps which comprise LHAAP-35/36 are located within other environmental sites including LHAAP-04, LHAAP-18, LHAAP-29, LHAAP-39, LHAAP-46, LHAAP-48, LHAAP-35C (53), LHAAP-35A (58), LHAAP-59, and LHAAP-66. Seventeen of the 125 sumps and 20 waste racks are located in two of the parcels addressed in this document. Nine of the sumps and three of the waste racks are in the Y-Area Parcel and occur inside the boundary of LHAAP-48. Five of the sumps are in the Static Test Area Parcel and four are located within the LHAAP-35C (53) boundary. The sumps and waste rack sumps located on the property are listed in **Table 2** and shown on **Figure 7**.

LHAAP-48 contains nine sumps and three waste rack sumps; LHAAP-35C (53) includes five sumps (Shaw, 2008c) (**Table 2**). Based on the Site Evaluation Report, LHAAP-48 (Former Igniter Production Area) and LHAAP-35C (53) (Static Test Area), Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Shaw, 2006b), no further investigation is required at these sites (**Table 3**). The installation-wide BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable ecological risk was present in the Low Impact and Industrial Sub-Areas. Ecological risk was identified at the Waste Sub-Area and is being addressed by a soil remedial action at LHAAP-17. Therefore, no action was needed at the LHAAP-35/36 sumps for the protection of ecological receptors.

Table 1 contains a description of LHAAP-35/36, Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-35/36, Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps. The

Decision Document for LHAAP-35/36 (Shaw, 2010) presents the basis for the decision that no CERCLA action is necessary. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-35/36, Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps, that support the NFA decision include, but is not limited to, remedial investigation (RI) and baseline risk assessment reports (Jacobs 2002, 2002a, 2003), installation-wide baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA), site evaluation reports (Shaw, 2007c, 2008c) and other LHAAP-35/36 related documents.

Because the sumps and waste racks were evaluated for industrial use and not unrestricted use, the TCEQ requires that a notification be filed in the Harrison County, Texas records, in accordance with Texas Administrative Code §355.566, stating the land is considered suitable for nonresidential use. A copy of the recordation will be included in the Comprehensive LUC Management Plan (U.S. Army, 2007). Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification every five years from the Army or the transferee to TCEQ will document that the use of land associated with LHAAP-35/36 sumps is consistent with the nonresidential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment.

4.1.4 LHAAP-35C (53), Static Test Area

LHAAP-35C (53), the Static Test Area, is located within the approximately 40-acre Static Test Area Parcel in the east-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 6 and Figure 7**). This site is surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. LHAAP-53 is co-located with three other environmental restoration sites, LHAAP-35/36, LHAAP-55, and LHAAP-002-R.

The Static Test Area was used for testing of illumination devices and static test firing of rocket motors. Structures for this site included a test tunnel and a data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of earth and concrete, and conditioning facilities for reproducing arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998.

Table 1 contains a description of the Static Test Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at this site. LHAAP-53 does not have contaminated soils requiring remediation nor does the underlying groundwater contain contamination requiring remediative measures (Jacobs, 2003). A detailed account of the residential baseline human health risk assessment (HHRA) Process for LHAAP-53 is included in **Attachment 1** of the Final Site Evaluation Report (Shaw, 2006). Risk evaluations conducted at LHAAP-35C (53) determined that the site is suitable for unrestricted use (Shaw, 2008a). The installation-wide BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable risk was present in LHAAP-53, therefore no action needed for the protection of ecological receptors.

LHAAP-35C (53) was included with LHAAP-08 and LHAAP-48 in a no action decision document (Shaw, 2008a). This document was issued by the U.S. Army. The USEPA and TCEQ concur with the decision for no action. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-35C (53), Static Test Area, that supports the NFA decision includes, but is not limited to, remedial investigation (RI) and baseline risk assessment reports (Jacobs 2002a, 2003), site evaluation report (Shaw, 2007b) installation-wide baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA) report (Shaw, 2007c), proposed plan, (U.S. Army, 2008b), and other LHAAP-35C (53) related documents.

4.1.5 LHAAP-48, Y-Area

LHAAP-48, the Former Igniter Production Area, lies within the 17-acre Y-Area Parcel and is located in the east-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 6 and Figure 7**) at the intersection of Yoakum Drive and Starr Ranch Road. This site is completely surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. LHAAP-48 is co-located with two other IRP sites, LHAAP-35/36 and LHAAP-55.

The Former Igniter Production Area was built during the construction of Plant 3, from 1953 through 1955. This area was used for the production of igniter parts used in pyrotechnic and illumination devices. This site was active until about 1997 (Jacobs, 2003).

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Igniter Production Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-48. The site does not have contaminated soils requiring remediation nor does the underlying groundwater contain contamination requiring remediation measures (Jacobs, 2003). A detailed account of the residential baseline HHRA process for LHAAP-48 is included in **Attachment 1** of the Final Site Evaluation Report (Shaw, 2006). Risk evaluations conducted at LHAAP-48 determined that the site is suitable for unrestricted use (Shaw, 2008a). The installation-wide BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable risk was present in LHAAP-48, therefore no action needed for the protection of ecological receptors.

LHAAP-48 was included with LHAAP-08 and LHAAP-35C (53) in a no action decision document (Shaw, 2008a). This document was issued by the U.S. Army. The USEPA and TCEQ concurred with the No Action decision. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-48 that supports the NFA decision includes, but is not limited to, remedial investigation (RI), baseline human health and risk assessment reports, (Jacobs 2002a, 2003), environmental site assessment, (Plexus, 2005), site evaluation report, (Shaw, 2007b), basewide ecological risk assessment (Shaw, 2007c), proposed plan (U.S. Army, 2008b) and other LHAAP-48 related documents.

4.1.6 LHAAP-49, Former Acid Storage Area

LHAAP-49, the Former Acid Storage Area, lies within the approximately 31-acre Former Acid Storage Area Tract of the Production Area Parcel in the west-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 5**). This site is completely surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR.

The Former Acid Storage Area was used from 1942 to 1945 for the storage and formulation of acids and acid mixes in support of TNT production during World War II (Plexus, 2005). Nitric acid and sulfuric acid were manufactured and handled in large quantities in this area. No known releases of chemicals have been documented. Mercury and lead are the primary soil contaminants detected at LHAAP-49. The locations where lead was detected at the highest concentrations can be correlated with the historic layout of process facilities and acid storage tanks previously used at the site. All tanks have been removed as have all process equipment and buildings.

Table 1 contains a description of the Former Acid Storage Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-49, the Former Acid Storage Area. The risk evaluation conducted for LHAAP-49 determined that the site is suitable for nonresidential use (Shaw, 2009a). The LHAAP-49 risk evaluation, based on the reasonably anticipated future

nonresidential use, does not address unrestricted use.

A voluntary removal action was conducted by the contractor at the site in response to a TCEQ concern over mercury in soil (Shaw 2009a). The Record of Decision Document for LHAAP-49 (Shaw, 2010a) presents the basis for the decision that no CERCLA action is necessary. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-49, Former Acid Storage Area, that support the NFA decision include, but is not limited to, Installation Base-wide Ecological Risk Assessment, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Shaw, 2007c), Site Evaluation Report, LHAAP-49, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Shaw, 2009a), Draft Final Record of Decision, LHAAP-49, Former Acid Storage Area, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Shaw, 2010a), and other LHAAP-49 related documents.

Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification to the State of Texas every five years will be conducted to certify proper land use. In accordance with Texas Administrative Code §355.566, a notification will be recorded in Harrison County records stating the site is suitable for nonresidential use (Shaw, 2010a), a copy of which will be included in the Comprehensive LUC Management Plan (U.S. Army, 2007).

4.1.7 LHAAP-55, Septic Tanks

LHAAP-55 consists of ten septic tanks located in outlying areas that could not be originally connected to the plant sanitary sewer system. Eight of the 10 septic tanks included in LHAAP-55 are located on the Property (**Figure 7**), with two septic tanks located within the Y-Area Parcel and six septic tanks located within the Static Test Area Parcel. In 1991, the septic tanks were tied to the sewage treatment plant. **Table 4** lists the septic tanks on the Property.

No chemicals were detected in soil at LHAAP-55 except beryllium and lead, which were detected above the applicable TCEQ medium-specific concentration (MSC) risk-based screening levels in samples from one location. An additional sample from this location underwent Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP) analysis as provided in 30 TAC 335.559(g)(2)(B). The results for all chemicals in soil, including beryllium and lead, were below the applicable MSC, passing the SPLP test (Shaw, 2007d). Therefore, no further investigation or action was required at LHAAP-55.

Table 1 contains a description of LHAAP-55, Septic Tanks activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-55, Septic Tanks. The risk evaluation, based on the reasonably anticipated future nonresidential use, does not address unrestricted use (Shaw, 2008). LHAAP-55 was included with LHAAP-06, LHAAP-07, LHAAP-51, LHAAP-64, LHAAP-66 and LHAAP-68 in a no action Decision Document (Shaw, 2008). The USEPA (USEPA, 2007) and TCEQ (TCEQ, 2008) concurred with the no action decision for LHAAP-55. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-55(ten septic tanks) that support the decision that no further investigation or action is required at LHAAP-55 include, but not limited to, environmental site assessment (Plexus, 2005), site investigation (Shaw 2006a), environmental site assessment (Plexus, 2005), and other LHAAP-55 related documents.

Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years from the Army or the transferee to TCEQ certifying that the use will remain consistent with the industrial/recreational exposure scenario evaluated in the risk evaluation.

The TCEQ (TCEQ, 2008) required notification be filed in the Harrison County records, as required by 30 TAC §335.560(b), stating that the land is considered suitable for future nonresidential use. A copy of the recordation will be included in the Comprehensive LUC Management Plan (U.S. Army, 2007).

4.1.8 LHAAP-002-R, Static Test Area

LHAAP-002-R, the Static Test Area, is located within the approximately 40-acre Static Test Area Parcel in the east-central portion of LHAAP (**Figure 6 and Figure 7**). This site is surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR.

The Static Test Area was designated a munitions response site (MRS) because of the rocket motor static test firing and red phosphorous smoke wedge and illuminating candle testing conducted at the site (Plexus, 2005). Based on the reported presence of Munitions and Explosives of Concern, MEC (trip flares) at the site and the presence of Munitions Constituents (MC) (explosives, perchlorate, and lead), the site was identified as a MEC and MC area of concern. Analysis of aerial photographs of the MR Site revealed scarred and stained areas that may indicate three possible burial or burn areas in the vicinity of buildings used for ordnance manufacturing and storage (E2M, 2005).

Table 1 contains a description of the Static Test Area activities and the results of investigations conducted at LHAAP-002-R. No MEC items were identified or recovered at LHAAP-002-R. Accordingly, the MEC density, ordnance-type hazard, and sensitivity factors are all assigned a value of 0. Therefore, there is no MEC risk identified at LHAAP-002-R (Cape, 2007). No MEC was found during the EE/CA investigation, and environmental sampling results at the site indicated by the Department of Defense Explosives Safety Board on April 3, 2008 supports the no action decision of the action memorandum. Site LHAAP-002-R is suitable for unrestricted use. The risk associated with MC was not evaluated since no MC was present at an unacceptable concentration (Cape, 2007), resulting in an incomplete exposure pathway.

LHAAP-002-R does not have MEC or MC related soil contamination requiring remediation nor does the underlying groundwater contain MEC or MC related contamination requiring remediation measures (Cape, 2007).

LHAAP-002-R was included with LHAAP-08, LHAAP-48, and LHAAP-35C (53) in a no action decision document (Shaw, 2008a). This document was issued by the U.S. Army. The USEPA and TCEQ concurred with the no action decision. Documentation in the Administrative Record file for LHAAP-002-R, Static Test Area, that support the NFA decision include, but is not limited to, site inspection report (E2M, 2005), engineering evaluation/cost analysis (EE/CA) (Cape, 2007), and other LHAAP-002-R related documents.

4.2 Storage, Release, or Disposal of Hazardous Substances

The storage, release, or disposal of hazardous substances is recorded in **Table 5**. **Table 5** contains a detailed list (by parcel) of the storage, release, or disposal of hazardous substances, including the product name, approximate date, quantity and remedial action, if required.

Hazardous substances were released in excess of 40 CFR 373 reportable quantities at the Static Test Area Parcel. Details of these releases are to be found in **Tables 1 and 5**. Hazardous substances were released in unknown quantities at the Former Sewage Treatment Plant, the

Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant, the Former Acid Storage Area, and the Static Test Area. **Table 5** details chemicals stored, released or disposed at each parcel.

Hazardous substances were stored for one year or more and released or disposed of on the property in excess of reportable quantities specified in 40 CFR Part 373 at the Static Test Area only. Three hazardous substance ASTs were located at the Static Test Area. One AST, containing 10,000-gallons methylene chloride, was located at the former building 16-T. Two ASTs, both located at building 25-T, contained 7.050 gallons acetone when removed. Exact date of removal of these ASTs is not documented. All hazardous substances storage operations have been terminated on the property.

Mercury and lead were detected within a building foundation at the Former TNT Wastewater Plant above groundwater protection standards. The contaminated sediment was removed and backfilled with clean soil in 2003 (CES, 2003). TNT was detected in a single soil sample in 2002 (Jacobs, 2002), but confirmation sampling did not replicate the original results (Shaw, 2005). No further action is required at this site (Shaw, 2008b).

The storage and release of propellant, PEP dusts, and solvents from wastewater sumps was reported for the Y-Area. The quantity of the release is unknown. The HHRA (Jacobs, 2003) and BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable cancer and noncancer risk was present for the protection of human health and the environment, with the TCEQ concurring that no action is required.

Detections of mercury and lead in the Former Acid Storage Area of the Production Area Parcel indicate that a release has occurred. Mercury was detected in a small area near the former laboratory facilities. Lead contamination was associated with lead sheeting and lining of vessel operations. No environmental action is required at this site (Shaw, 2010a). Mercury-contaminated soil was removed and replaced with clean fill during a voluntary removal action by Shaw Environmental, Inc. in 2008.

The Former Acid Storage Area was used for the storage and formulation of acids and acid mixes. Nitric acid and sulfuric acid were manufactured and handled in large quantities in this area. As large quantities of acids were required, this parcel contained numerous storage tanks. There are no known process releases that took place at the acid storage area.

A release of 3,125 pounds (1,417 kilograms) nitric acid was reported at Building 23-T in 1991. The release to air was due to an equipment failure and resulted in an explosion which rose approximately 1,300 feet into the air. The incident was reported as required (Thiokol, 1992a). **Attachment 5** contains a copy of the EPA Accidental Release Information Program form prepared by Thiokol Corporation for the Administrative Contracting Officer and a copy of personal communication between the Environmental Coordinator and the Environmental and Safety Manager, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant. These are scanned documents and not included in the Administrative Record.

A Decision Document, including the Static Test Area, presenting a no action decision for the Static Test Area was presented in 2008 (Shaw, 2008a)

4.3 Petroleum and Petroleum Products

4.3.1 Underground and Above-Ground Storage Tanks (UST/AST)

Current UST/AST Sites -There are no underground and/or aboveground petroleum storage tanks (UST/AST) remaining on the Property. There is no evidence of petroleum releases from these sites.

Former UST/AST Sites -There were one underground and four aboveground storage tanks (UST/AST) on the Property; all have been removed. The Sewage Treatment Plant had one 280-gallon UST, containing diesel fuel, located at former building 12G/15-G. This UST was removed in 1993. One petroleum AST was located at the Static Test Area. The AST was located at Building 30-T, contained 20,000 gallons diesel, out of use in 1998, and removed prior to 2003. There is no evidence of petroleum releases from these sites.

4.3.2 Non-UST/AST Storage, Release, or Disposal of Petroleum Products

There is no evidence that non-UST/AST petroleum products in excess of 55 gallons were stored for one year or more on the Property.

Table 6 presents the petroleum products storage, release, or disposal of petroleum products on the Property.

4.4 Polychlorinated Biphenyls

There is evidence of a release from a polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)-containing transformer at the Static Test Area, Building 23-T in February 1984. A transformer containing 536 ppm PCBs reportedly leaked approximately 75 gallons of oil (Plexus, 2005). The leaking transformer at 23-T was moved to proper storage and the area was covered on 22 February, 1984. Cleanup of the spill was planned for March 1984. No confirmation of cleanup of the spill has been located. However, Sverdrup, 2000, in a Phase III Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study of group 4 Sites including LHAAP-35C (53) at the Static Test Area, collected soil samples from 0-0.5 feet, 1-3 feet, and 3-5 feet in July 1998. No detectable concentrations of PCBs were identified in any sample. The Phase II ESA at the Static Test Area found only one sample, collected in November 2003, detecting PCBs. This sample detected Aroclor 1260 at a concentration of 35 µg/Kg, well below the industrial outdoor worker medium-specific screening level (MSSL) of 830 µg/Kg. PCBs were not detected in groundwater (Plexus, 2005). Groundwater samples were collected from seven monitoring wells at LHAAP-35C (53) during the Phase III Investigation, with no detectable concentrations of PCBs identified in any sample. PCBs were not detected in either soil or groundwater samples analyzed during various phases of investigation at the Static Test Area (Shaw, 2008a). Thus no evidence of a release from PCBs remains at the Static Test Area.

4.5 Asbestos

Only five historic buildings and the concrete structure remnants of two demolished buildings remain on the Property. The five historic buildings (34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4) are located in the southern portion of the Static Test Area Parcel and are eligible for National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). NRHP eligibility mandates that no demolition of these properties will be permitted to occur, and that the NRHP eligible district boundary will be clearly marked and identified to installation personnel and other contractors in order to prevent any inadvertent impacts (Communication between the U.S.

Army and the Texas Historical Commission, August, 2000). The communication between the U.S. Army and the Texas Historical Commission is included in **Attachment 4**. The five historic buildings are in a current state of disrepair with noted sections of ceiling falling down. Since the buildings remain, there is potential for friable asbestos-containing material (ACM) (e.g. within the building insulation or roofing). Warning signs for ACM along with a locked fence surround the historical buildings.

Although all other buildings have been demolished, some monolithic concrete walls and slabs remain. Therefore, a potential for concealed ACM remains associated with buildings and underground thermal pipe insulation that may be present (e.g. within the building expansion joints and cavities of the remaining monolithic concrete walls and/or underground piping). A March 2009 visual inspection of the Property revealed that in addition to concrete walls and slab, two former buildings in the Y-Area Parcel have concrete roofs; Buildings 38-Y and 40-Y. These buildings' roofs are covered with a tar-like substance and gravel. The tar-like substance would need to be assumed to be asbestos-containing material (ACM) until sampled and analyzed.

The appropriate asbestos notice and covenant for inclusion into the transfer is provided in the Environmental Protection Provisions (**Attachment 3**). A summary of the asbestos survey for the buildings in the Plexus (2005) ESA is presented in **Table 7**.

4.6 Lead-Based Paint

Five historic buildings remain on the Property, all constructed prior to 1978. The five are historic buildings located in the Static Test Area; 34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4. All five buildings are in disrepair, and all remaining painted surfaces should be presumed to contain one or more coats of lead-based paint (LBP).

All other buildings have been demolished. Slabs and monolithic concrete walls and the concrete roofs of two additional buildings in the Y-Area (38-Y and 40-Y) remain on the property and may still contain some paint on the surfaces of these structures. All remaining painted surfaces should be presumed to contain one or more coats of LBP until tested and determined otherwise.

In accordance with the Residential Lead-Based Paint Reduction Act of 1992, the Army does not intend to abate the LBP presumed to be present on these structures because they are not intended to be used as residences. No sampling related to LBP in soil has occurred on the property. In conformance with DoD policy, the subject property is to be transferred "as is" regarding any LBP contained in buildings and associated structures. The appropriate LBP notice and covenant for inclusion into the transfer letter is provided in the Environmental Protection Provisions (Attachment 3).

4.7 Radiological Materials

There is no evidence that radioactive material or sources were stored on the Property.

4.8 Radon

Radon surveys were conducted in 1991 and 1992 in 50 buildings at LHAAP, including buildings on the property. Radon was not detected at or above the USEPA residential action level of 4 picocuries per liter (pCi/L). Additionally, the USEPA assigned Harrison County, Texas as a Radon Zone 3 county as it is within an area identified as a low potential for radon. Zone 3

indicates the average short-term radon measurement is expected to be less than 2 pCi/L in a building without implementation of radon control methods.

4.9 Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC)

Munitions and Explosives of Concern (MEC), which distinguishes categories of military munitions that may pose unique explosives safety risks, means: (A) unexploded ordinance (UXO), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §101(e)(5); (B) discarded military munitions (DMM), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §2710(E)(2); or (C) munitions constituents (e.g., TNT, RDX), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §2710(e)(3), present in high enough concentrations to pose an explosive hazard.

No MEC items were identified or recovered at LHAAP-002-R, the MRS located in the Static Test Area Parcel. Accordingly, the MEC density, ordnance-type hazard, and sensitivity factors are all assigned a value of 0. Therefore, there is no MEC risk identified at LHAAP-002-R (Cape, 2007).

An inspection of the buildings at LHAAP for contamination from energetic compounds used during the production of weapons and explosives was completed prior to demolition activities (Plexus, 2005). The static rocket motor firing stands in the Static Test Area were also decontaminated for explosives when they were taken out of use (CES, 1998 and Plexus, 2005).

Table 8 lists the remaining buildings on the Property which were involved in the production of weapons and explosives or static rocket motor firing and subsequently decontaminated of explosives hazards.

The letter of transfer will contain the notice for the potential presence of MEC provided in the Environmental Protection Provisions (**Attachment 3**).

4.10 Other Property Concerns

There are no other hazardous conditions on the Property that present an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment.

5.0 ADJACENT PROPERTY CONDITIONS

The Y Area and Static Test Area parcels are completely surrounded by property previously transferred to the USFWS. There are no hazardous conditions adjacent to these sites that present an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment.

The Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract of the Production Area Parcel is in proximity to the Production Area and LHAAP-47 (Plant 3/Hand Signal Assemblies) on the northernmost side as shown in **Figure 3**. LHAAP-47 is an ECP Category 5. LHAAP Property to the northeast, east, and southeast of the Property has previously been transferred to the USFWS. To the west and northwest of the Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract is property owned by the U.S. Army.

ECP Category 5 is defined as areas where release, disposal, and or migration of hazardous substance has occurred, and the removal or remediation actions are underway, but all required remedial actions have not yet been taken.

A list of ECP Categories is shown on **Attachment 2**.

A portion of the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract of the Production Area Parcel is contiguous to a portion of LHAAP-29 (Former TNT Production Area) as shown in **Figure 4**.

LHAAP-29 is an ECP Category 5. The Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract is upgradient of LHAAP-29, and there is no indication that potential contamination has migrated from the adjacent LHAAP-29 to the Property. All remaining property adjacent to the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract has been previously transferred to the USFWS. A list of adjacent environmental sites with corresponding ECP categories is presented in **Table 9.**

6.0 ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION AGREEMENTS

The LHAAP Federal Facilities Agreement (FFA), effective as of December 30, 1991, by and between the LHAAP, the Texas Water Commission (currently known as the TCEQ), and the USEPA Region 6 applies to two of the environmental sites on the Property, LHAAP-32 and LHAAP-49. No further investigation or remedial action is required for the Property proposed for transfer. The Letter of Transfer will include a provision reserving the Army's right to conduct remediation activities if necessary in the future.

7.0 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS

The property proposed for transfer contains 24 monitoring wells as shown on **Figures 3, 4, 5,** and 6. A list of monitoring wells including survey information is provided in **Table 10.** The letter of transfer will include the groundwater monitoring well notice and covenant provided in the Environmental Protection Provisions (**Attachment 3**).

8.0 POTENTIAL WETLANDS

Although an official wetland survey has not been conducted, an unofficial wetland delineation obtained from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory (USFWS, 2011) indicates there may potentially be wetlands on some of the parcels. There have been no requests to exercise jurisdiction over potential wetlands (i.e. for redevelopment of the property) on the property and therefore there has been no official wetland survey conducted by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

9.0 ENDANGERED OR THREATENED SPECIES

No federally endangered species have been confirmed on the Property proposed for transfer. Following is a list of federally threatened species that are known or suspected to occur in the vicinity of LHAAP (species that have been confirmed are listed in *italics*);

Federal Listed Threatened Species:

Bald Eagle

Louisiana Black Bear

Following is a list of State threatened species that are known or suspected to occur in the vicinity of LHAAP. Two State endangered species (in *italics*) have been confirmed on Longhorn and are potentially present on the Property proposed for transfer:

State Listed Threatened Species:

Louisiana Black Bear Rafinesque Big-Eared Bat Alligator Snapping Turtle Timber Rattlesnake Bluehead Shiner

Some evidence is available regarding presence of the Timber Rattlesnake at Longhorn. This State-listed species is described in historical site documents as being confirmed present on the site on a visual observation documented in 1993. Wildlife experts familiar with the site have indicated that potential habitat suitable for the Timber Rattlesnake is present on the LHAAP site and LHAAP is within this species' historical range. However, there is no recent documented evidence of this species being present on site and it has not been observed by USFWS wildlife personnel stationed at the installation. It is assumed that the Timber Rattlesnake is potentially present (Shaw, 2007c).

10.0 HISTORICAL, CULTURAL, AND ARCHEOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

Two sites on the Property fall into an "undetermined" category for archaeological significance, justifying protection pending further investigation (Perttula and Nelson, 1999). A small number of lithic artifacts were found in shovel tests at Sites 41HS817 and 41HS818 (Static Test Area Parcel). Another study, Geo-Marine, 1996, either did not investigate the Property or found no cultural concerns.

The Property contains the only buildings at LHAAP eligible for inclusion in the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). These five building (34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4) are located at the Static Test Area. The five buildings referenced are the site of the 1988 destruction of Pershing 1A and Pershing II missiles under the Intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty. No other remaining buildings at LHAAP are eligible as they are not related to a specific cold war event (Texas Historical Commission, 2000). Correspondence between the Texas Historical Commission and the Fort Worth District, United States Army Corps of Engineers is located in **Attachment 4.**

11.0 REGULATORY COORDINATION

LHAAP-08, LHAAP-32, LHAAP-48, LHAAP-49, LHAAP-53, LHAAP-002-R, LHAAP-55 (septic tanks located on LHAAP-48 and LHAAP-35C (53)), and LHAAP-35/36 (those sumps and waste rack sumps included in LHAAP-35/36 that are located on the Property) were included in No Action Decision documents (Shaw, 2008, 2008a, 2008b, 2010, 2010a). These documents were issued by the U.S. Army, the lead agency for this installation. USEPA Region 6 and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) are the regulatory agencies providing technical support, project review and comment, and oversight of the U.S. Army cleanup programs. The USEPA and TCEQ concur with the No Action decisions. The recommendation for no action is consistent with the criteria required under CERCLA. None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinations are necessary in this action since no remedy is being selected. No remedial action is necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

The No Further Action decisions were chosen in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986, and to the extent practicable, the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 CFR Part 300.

12.0 NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT (NEPA) COMPLIANCE

The environmental impacts associated with the proposed transfer of the Property have been analyzed in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act. The results of this analysis have been documented in the Categorical Exclusion and Record of Environmental Consideration (U.S. Army, 2014) which is supported by the Final Environmental Site Assessment Phase I and II Report for the Production Areas, prepared by Plexus Scientific Corporation, February 2005. Other than notification of the historical site (five buildings) in the Static Test Area Parcel, there were no encumbrances or conditions identified in the NEPA analysis as necessary to protect human health or the environment.

13.0 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PROVISIONS

On the basis of the above results from the Environmental Baseline Survey and other environmental studies, and in consideration of the intended use of the Property as a wildlife refuge under the Administration of the U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service, certain terms and conditions are required for the proposed transfer. These terms and conditions will be set forth in the Environmental Protection Provisions (Attachment 3) and will be included in the Letter of Transfer. In the event that the Property or any part thereof, is sold, conveyed, transferred, leased, or otherwise disposed of, the notices, covenants, and restrictions contained in the Environmental Protection Provisions (Attachment 3) shall be inserted in any instrument of conveyance.

14.0 CONCLUSIONS

Based on the above, the Property is determined to be suitable for transfer to the U. S. Fish & Wildlife Service for nonresidential use.

Thomas E. Lederle Chief

Thomas Ledule

ACSIM BRAC Division
United States Army

Tables

TABLE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Parcel Prope	erty Description	ECP	Remedial Actions
		Category	
Area Parcel, Former Sewage Treatment Plant Tract Plant Tract Rewage Treatment Sewage Treatment Sewage Treatment Sewage Tre	ewage Treatment Plant 2 acres, consisted of an ik, a sand filter, and three is. Sludge was dried on and then shipped to 5. The wastewater system was comprised of 5-inch pipelines, which is the influent to the reatment Plant. The reatment Plant received wastewater, storm water, wdown, laundry wastes, ish rack wastes, and om film development at facility. Operation of the in 1942; it was closed in cordance with the ints of the TNRCC-closure plan. Although as identified as a SWMU A, the TNRCC (Texas on of Environmental CEQ) determined that no additional ons required.	3	LHAAP-48, Former Sewage Treatment Plant, is the only environmental site located within this transfer parcel (Figure 3). LHAAP-08 covers most of the transfer parcel. There are no other environmental sites located within this transfer parcel. A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial action. The Sewage Treatment Plant was closed in 1999 in accordance with the requirements of the TNRCC-approved closure plan. Although this site was identified as a SWMU in the FRA, the TNRCC determined that no additional investigations were required. No measurable concentrations of SVOCs, explosive compounds, pesticides, or PCBs were detected in any soil sample collected in 2000. One VOC, methylene chloride, was detected in one soil sample at a low concentration near its detection limit. Lead, mercury, and silver were detected with concentrations evenly distributed among the soil samples, with the exception of one elevated silver concentration measured near the Dunbar filters, which processed waste from the X-ray film development laboratory. The concentration of silver decreased considerably in the 3- to 5-foot interval of the sampling location. Two dioxin compounds (octochlorodibenzo-p-dioxin and hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin) were detected at low concentrations in seven of eight samples analyzed (Jacobs, 2002b). Four soil samples were collected in 2000 for perchlorate analysis only. One of the samples taken from the 1 to 2 foot interval contained detectable perchlorate at a concentration of 32 micrograms per kilogram (Jacobs, 2002b). No detectable concentrations of SVOCs, explosive compounds, pesticides, or PCBs were detected in groundwater. Acetone, a common laboratory contaminant, was detected in groundwater at low concentrations. Eight dibenzodioxins or dibenzofran compounds were detected at fow levels (Jacobs, 2002b). Two groundwater monitoring wells were sampled for perchlorate during a 2001 sampling event. Perchlorate was de

Property Description		Remedial Actions 0018
	Category	
Production Area Parcel, Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract 19.43-acres, wa established in 1941, with production of TNT began in continuing through August 19.45 until February 1952. The facility was reactivated and production of pyrotechnic ammunition, simulators, hand signals, and tracers continued through 1956. Wastewater generated from the TNT Waste Disposal Plant was transferrent the disposal area through 6-in wooden pipeline and stored in holding tanks until treated In most of the buildings and taniused in the disposal process were moved and the debris burnes Burning Ground No. 2/Flashi Area (Site 17).	as 1942 945 placed st he d to ach n 1959, ks were ed at	LHAAP-32. Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant, is the only environmental site located within this transfer parcel (Figure 4). LHAAP-32 covers most of the transfer parcel. There are no other environmental sites located within this transfer parcel. A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but removal or remedial actions to protect human health and the environment have been taken. Starting in 1959, all the buildings associated with the Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant were demolished and all of the tanks have been removed from the site. The results of installation-wide investigations, site-specific investigations were conducted in a phased approach between 1988 and 2005, to establish the nature and extent of contamination at LHAAP-32 (Jacobs, 2001; Jacobs, 2002; Plexus, 2005). The initial investigations indicated elevated levels of metals at one sampling location and high levels of explosive constituents in the upper 0.5 feet of soil at another sampling location. In 2002 a human health risk assessment (HHRA) was conducted (Jacobs, 2003) which indicated unacceptable risk to a maintenance worker primarily from a high concentration of TNT detected in the former settling pond. In 2004 the Army re-sampled that location and the area around it. The re-sampling of the settling pond did not replicate the high detection of TNT with only one soil sample located within the former settling pond having a low detection of TNT. The TNT concentration was three orders of magnitude lower than previously detected in the area, and was not considered in the later risk assessment (Shaw, 2005). There are no chemicals of concern for exposures of potential residents to the soil at LHAAP-32; therefore no action for soil is necessary at LHAAP-32. Initial groundwater sampling results indicated antimony, arsenic, and lead in concentrations above maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). These chemicals are not related to past operations at LHAAP-32. These chemicals were suspected to be related to turbidity of the gr

Parcel	Property Description	ECP Category	Remedial Actions
Y-Area Parcel, Former Igniter Production Area	Former Igniter Production Area, also referred to as the Y-Area, is 17.24-acres, and was built during the construction of Plant 3 from 1953 through 1955. This site is completely surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. The Igniter Production Area was a small production area that was active until recently. It was used for the production of igniters used in pyrotechnic and illuminating devices, along with production of some illuminating devices themselves (Jacobs, 2002i). In 1966, the last of the hand-held signal manufacturing operations were removed from Plant 2 (LHAAP, 1967a). As of 1970, the area was used to produce a variety of illuminating and smoke signal flares. The area facilities included an assembly building, a star assembly building, and various support buildings (Kaiser Engineering, 1970). Buildings and equipment at this area were periodically washed down with water to reduce PEP dusts, which would otherwise collect and pose a safety hazard. Chlorinated solvents were also used to dissolve difficult binders. These solvents and PEP compositions were washed into sumps with large volumes of water. The waste sumps typically collect a large volume of water and PEP sludge from building washdown (Sverdrup, 1997b)	3	LHAAP-48, Y-Area Parcel, contains a total of three environmental sites located within this transfer parcel, LHAAP-48 (The Igniter Production Area), LHAAP-35/36 (sumps and waste rack sumps) and LHAAP-45 (Septic tanks). LHAAP-48 covers most, but not all, of the transfer parcel (Figure 6 and Figure 7). This area was used for the production of igniter parts used in pyrotechnic and illumination devices, and was also used for the production of some illuminating devices. This site was active until about 1997 (Jacobs, 2003). A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial action. Previous investigations were conducted by Jacobs and others from 1982 through 2002 (Jacobs, 2002a) culminating in the Final Baseline Human Health and Screening Ecological Risk Assessment (Jacobs, 2003). Between 1991 and 2005, soil and groundwater were sampled using a phased approach to determine the nature and extent of contamination. Soils samples were collected at several locations and depths including areas around sumps at LHAAP-48. Detected compounds in soils included VOCs, SVOCs, metals, PCBs, pesticides, and dioxins/furans. A human health risk assessment (HHRA) conducted in 2003 indicated no unacceptable cancer risk or non-cancer hazard to a future maintenance worker or trespasser from detected compounds in the soil. Six monitoring wells were installed at the site. Five wells were installed in 1994 with stainless screen in the shallow groundwater-bearing zone. One well was installed in 2004 in the intermediate zone with PVC screen. Groundwater samples were collected from 1994 through 2005. Thallium and dioxins were detected in the early sampling events. Metals, including arsenic, antimony, chromium, and lead were detected in the initial sampling event above their respective MCL (Jacobs, 2003). Pre-2003, samples were collected in turbid water. Post-2003 sampling using low flow sampling method to reduce turbidity. Metals detected above their MC

Parcel	Property Description	ECP Category	Remedial Actions
Y-Area Parcel, Former Igniter Production Area (continued)	Former Igniter Production Area, also referred to as the Y-Area, is approximately 17.24-acres more/less, and was built during the construction of Plant 3 from 1953 through 1955. This site is completely surrounded by an area (approximately 7,000 acres) that was transferred by the U.S. Department of the Army to the USFWS for management as the CLNWR. The Igniter Production Area was a small production area that was active until recently. It was used for the production of igniters used in pyrotechnic and illuminating devices, along with production of some illuminating devices themselves (Jacobs, 2002i). In 1966, the last of the hand-held signal manufacturing operations were removed from Plant 2 (LHAAP, 1967a). As of 1970, the area was used to produce a variety of illuminating and smoke signal flares. The area facilities included an assembly building, a star consolidating building, a star consolidating building, as tar assembly building, and various support buildings (Kaiser Engineering, 1970). Buildings and equipment at this area were periodically washed down with water to reduce PEP dusts, which would otherwise collect and pose a safety hazard. Chlorinated solvents were also used to dissolve difficult binders. These solvents and PEP compositions were washed into sumps with large volumes of water. The waste sumps typically collect a large volume of water and PEP sludge from building washdown (Sverdrup, 1997b)	3	Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps (LHAAP-35/36) Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant are physically located within sites LHAAP-04, LHAAP-18, LHAAP-18, LHAAP-39, LHAAP-39, LHAAP-46, LHAAP-47, LHAAP-48, LHAAP-315 (53), LHAAP-36, (58), LHAAP-59, and LHAAP-63, and have been collectively designated as LHAAP-36, (smps) and -36 (waste rack sumps). Sumps were typically associated with production buildings and collected wasthdown water. Waste rack sumps collected water where containers were cleaned and stored. There are a total of 125 sumps and 20 waste rack sumps located at the facility (Shaw, 2006b), of which 14 sumps and three waste rack sumps are located within the transfer parcels. The Igniter Production Area contains nine sumps (LHAAP-35), and three waste rack sumps (LHAAP-36). Sumps located on the transfer parcel include SUMP094, SUMP096, SUMP096, SUMP099, SUMP099, SUMP099, SUMP101, and SUMP0123. Waste rack sumps located on the transfer parcel are WRSUMP001, WRSUMP002, and WRSUMP003. All sumps and waste rack sumps located within the transfer parcel were classified as requiring no further action (Table 3). Locations of sumps and waste rack sumps located within the transfer parcel are depicted on Figure 7. The BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable cancer and noncancer risk was present and therefore, no action was needed at LHAAP-35/36 sumps and waste rack sumps for the protection of ecological receptors. TCEQ concurs that no action is required for LHAAP-35/36 (Shaw, 2010). Because the sumps and waste rack sumps were evaluated for industrial use and not unrestricted use, the TCEQ required that a notification be filed in the Harrison County records stating that the land is considered suitable for non-residential use. Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years from the Army or the transferce to TCEQ will be conducted to document that the use of the land associated with LHAAP-35/36 sumps is consistent with the non-residential use. Limited mon

Parcel	Property Description	ECP	Remedial Actions
		Category	
Production Area Parcel, Former Acid Storage AreaTract.	Former Acid Storage Area. The 31.1-acre Acid Storage Area was used from 1942-1945 for formulation and storage of acids and acid mixtures in support of TNT production during World War II. Nitric acid and sulfuric acid were manufactured and handled in this area. There are no known process releases that took place at the Acid Storage Area. The site is primarily bounded by 4th Street to the northwest and 6th Street to the southeast. Former facility structures, no longer present, included process buildings and several ASTs located in the central portion of the site.		LHAAP-49, Former Acid Storage Area, is the only environmental site located within this transfer parcel (Figure 5) and LHAAP-49 covers most of the transfer parcel. A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial action. Initial investigations at LHAAP-49 began in 1998 with a Phase III RI conducted by Sverdrup followed by a field investigation conducted by Jacobs in 2000. The results of these investigations are summarized in the Final Remedial Investigation Report Addendum — Group 2 Sites (Jacobs, 2002c). Elevated levels of lead and mercury were detected in soils. No explosives, perchlorate, or SVOCs were detected in any soil samples at LHAAP-49. No PCBs, pesticides, perchlorate, explosives, or SVOCs were detected in groundwater at LHAAP-49 during the 1998 and 2000 investigations. Groundwater detections above their MCLs in one or more samples included antimony, arsenic, chromium, selenium, and nitrate/nitrite. (Jacobs, 2002c). The antimony MCL exceedances occurred in 1998 and were not repeated in subsequent sampling events including low-flow techniques used in 2005 and later. A human health baseline assessment (BHHRA) (Jacobs, 2002) was performed using the data presented in the Group 2 RI (Jacobs, 2002c). This assessment identified metals as COPCs for soil and groundwater at LHAAP-49. Subsequent investigations at LHAAP-49 were conducted by the USFWS (two surface soil samples) in 2002, USACE (13 surface soil samples) in 2004, and by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure (22 soil samples, four sediment samples, and one surface-water sample). Soil investigations after the BHHRA focused on two metals with elevated concentrations, lead and mercury. The highest concentrations of mercury in soil were localized in a small area northwest of 4th Street near former laboratory facilities. Locations where lead was detected at the highest concentration in soil can be correlated with the historic layout of process facilities and acid
			Locations where lead was detected at the highest concentrations in soil can be correlated with the historic layout of process facilities and acid storage tanks previously used at the site. Shaw (2009a) evaluated the potential for contamination to migrate from soil to groundwater. COPCs identified were lead, mercury, and vanadium. Soil contaminants have had over 60 years to potentially migrate to groundwater; however there are no lead, mercury, or vanadium concerns in the groundwater. A computer models examined vertical migration of the chemicals, with results also demonstrating these chemicals would not adversely impact groundwater. The highest concentrations of mercury in soil were localized in a small area northwest of 4th Street near former laboratory facilities. Although the BHHRA (Jacobs, 2002) evaluated overall human health and ecological risks associated with soil at LHAAP-49 to be acceptable, two soil samples locations at LHAAP-49 found
			Army and TCEQ agreed that removal of soil in the vicinity of these two sample locations would eliminate the need for additional evaluation of hot spot risks (Shaw, 2009a). A voluntary removal action was conducted by the contractor at the site (Shaw 2009a). Soil was excavated to a depth of 1.0 feet bgs around the soil sample locations with the high mercury concentrations at LHAAP-49 and backfilled with clean soil in October 2008. Additional groundwater sampling was conducted in May 2005, October 2007, October and December 2008, and February, April, and May 2009 to address metals and nitrates/nitrites concerns. Elevated nitrate/nitrite concentrations were associated with a well that was typically dry. Groundwater samples collected from a replacement monitoring well did not exceed the nitrate/nitrite MCL. Chromium was associated with corrosion of the screen and casing material used to complete the well. The replacement well, using different screen and casing material, did not encounter the chromium problem. Arsenic, manganese, and antimony were found to be naturally occurring and/or associated solid particulates drawn into the samples. Evaluation of groundwater results at LHAAP-49 demonstrate that occurrences of metals and nitrates/nitrites above their MCLs are issues that require further action at the site and where included as COPCs in the risk analysis(Shaw, 2009a). No COCs were identified for the groundwater at LHAAP-49. The LHAAP-49 ROD determined the site to be suitable for nonresidential use and that no remedial action is necessary to ensure protection of human health and the environment (Shaw, 2010a).

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	Risk evaluations were based on the reasonably anticipated future nonresidential use, the State of Texas requires that a notification be filed in the Harrison County, Texas records stating that the land is considered suitable for future nonresidential use. Limited monitoring will be conducted to certify that the use of the site remains consistent with the nonresidential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment and will be documented in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or transferee to TCEQ every five years.	

Parcel	Property Description	ECP	Remedial Actions
	, i ,	Category	
Static Test Area Parcel	Static Test Area Parcel. The Static Test Area parcel, approximately 40.37 acres more/less, was used for testing and evaluating products produced at LHAAP, including testing illuminating devices and static test firing rocket motors. Structures for these activities include a test tunnel and data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of earth and concrete and conditioning facilities for reproducing arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998 (Jacobs, 2002d). This area used primarily for testing Nike, Sergeant, and Pershing rocket motors (Buildings 25-T and 36-T). Two of the six stands in the area were available for the elimination of Pershing II and Pershing Ia rocket motors pursuant to the INF Treaty. The stands are constructed of steel plate and concrete (EBASCO, 1998c). There were seven support buildings in the area. In addition, two structures, an observation bunker and a metal building for preparing the rocket motors for destruction, were constructed (EBASCO, 1988c). This site is located next to the HMX Area and approximately one mile behind LHAAP-16 Findings of the Army's PA concluded that NFA is necessary (U.S. Army, 2003a).	4	LHAAP-35C (53), Static Test Area (Figure 6 and Figure 7), contains a total of four environmental sites located within this transfer parcel, LHAAP-35C (53) (The Static Test Area), MMRP LHAAP-02AR (Static Test Area) (Figure 7). LHAAP-35C) (33) (The Static Test Area), Might PLHAAP-02AR (Static Test Area) (Figure 7). and LHAAP-55 (Septic tanks) (Figure 7). A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial action. The Static Test Area was used for the testing of illuminating devices and static firing of rocket motors. Structures for this site included a test tunnel and a data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of carth and concrete, and conditioning facilities for reporting arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998. LHAAP-53 Detected compounds in soil at LHAAP-53 included VOCs, SVOCs, metals, pesticides, and dioxins/furans. An HHRA conducted in 2003 indicated no unacceptable cancer risk or non-cancer hazard to a future maintenance worker from detected compounds in the soil (Jacobs, 2003). Detected compounds in groundwater included metals, VOCs, SVOCs, dioxins/furans, and explosives collected through stainless steel screening material. Metals detected above their respective MCLs included thallium, silver, nickel, aluminum, arsenic, lead, antimony, and chromium. Sampling methods prior to 2003 could result in collecting turbid samples. Due to many of the samples having high turbidity, samples were filtered prior to analysis. Chromium was not detected in these samples. In 2005/2006, low-flow sampling methods were used to reduce turbidity. Results from this sampling event did not detect Thallium above its MCL in filtered or unfiltered samples are sporadic and marginally exceeding MCLs due to turbid groundwater samples. Metals in the groundwater due not pose a current threat to human health (Shaw, 2007b). Plexus, 2005b. Chromium was detected once in an unfiltered sample at 17 lug/L.

Parcel	Property Description	ECP Category	Remedial Actions
Static Test Area Parcel (continued)	Static Test Area Parcel. The Static Test Area parcel, approximately 40.37 acres more/less, was used for testing and evaluating products produced at LHAAP, including testing illuminating devices and static test firing rocket motors. Structures for these activities include a test tunnel and data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of earth and concrete and conditioning facilities for reproducing arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998 (Jacobs, 2002d). This area used primarily for testing Nike, Sergeant, and Pershing rocket motors (Buildings 25-T and 36-T). Two of the six stands in the area were available for the elimination of Pershing II and Pershing 1a rocket motors pursuant to the INF Treaty. The stands are constructed of steel plate and concrete (EBASCO, 1998c). There were seven support buildings in the area. In addition, two structures, an observation bunker and a metal building for preparing the rocket motors for destruction, were constructed (EBASCO, 1988c). This site is located next to the HMX Area and approximately one mile behind LHAAP-16 Findings of the Army's PA concluded that NFA is necessary (U.S. Army, 2003a).	4	Sumps and Waste Rack Sumps at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant are physically located within sites LHAAP-04, LHAAP-18, LHAAP-29, LHAAP-39, LHAAP-46, LHAAP-47, LHAAP-48, LHAAP-35C (53), LHAAP-35, (58), LHAAP-59, and LHAAP-66, and have been collectively designated as LHAAP-35 (sumps) and -36 (waste rack sumps). Sumps were typically associated with production buildings and collected washdown water. Waste rack sumps collected water where containers were cleaned and stored. There are a total of 125 sumps and 20 waste rack sumps located at the facility (Shaw, 2006b), of which 14 sumps and three waste rack sumps located within the transfer parcels (Figure 7). The Static Test Area contains five sumps (LHAAP-35), with no waste rack sumps (LHAAP-36). Sumps located on the transfer parcel include SUMP102, SUMP103, SUMP103, SUMP104, SUMP104, SUMP104, All sumps located within the transfer parcel were classified as requiring no further action (Table 3). Locations of sumps located within the transfer parcel are depicted on Figure 7. Post-2002 sampling contributed negligible increases to previous risk assessments, and as the cancer risk and noncancer values are well within the acceptable ranges, no further action is required for soil associated with sumps and waste rack sumps at LHAAP-35/36 (Shaw, 2008c, 2010). The BERA (Shaw, 2007c) concluded that no unacceptable risk was present and therefore, no action was needed at LHAAP-35/36 sumps and waste rack sumps for the protection of ecological receptors. TCEQ concurs that no action is required for LHAAP-35/36 (Shaw, 2010). Because the sumps and waste rack sumps were evaluated for industrial use and not unrestricted use, the TCEQ required that a notification be filed in the Harrison County records stating that the land is considered suitable for non-residential use. Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years from the Army or the transferee to TCEQ will be conducted to document that the use of the land associated with LHAAP-35/36 sumps is

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Parcel	Property Description	ECP	Remedial Actions
		Category	
Static Test Area Parcel (continued)	Static Test Area Parcel. The Static Test Area parcel, approximately 40.37 acres more/less, was used for testing and evaluating products produced at LHAAP, including testing illuminating devices and static test firing rocket motors. Structures for these activities include a test tunnel and data acquisition system for flares, rocket motor test stands of earth and concrete and conditioning facilities for reproducing arctic and tropical temperatures. The site was active through 1998 (Jacobs, 2002d). This area used primarily for testing Nike, Sergeant, and Pershing rocket motors (Buildings 25-T and 36-T). Two of the six stands in the area were available for the elimination of Pershing II and Pershing 1a rocket motors pursuant to the INF Treaty. The stands are constructed of steel plate and concrete (EBASCO, 1998c). There were seven support buildings in the area. In addition, two structures, an observation bunker and a metal building for preparing the rocket motors for destruction, were constructed (EBASCO, 1988c). This site is located next to the HMX Area and approximately one mile behind LHAAP-16 Findings of the Army's PA concluded that NFA is necessary (U.S. Army, 2003a).	4	Septic Tanks (LHAAP-55) The Static Test Area contains six septic tanks (Figure 7), ST-05, ST-06, ST-07, ST-08, ST-09, and ST-10. ST-05 was associated with a change house; ST-06 was described as being associated with the control house, ST-07, ST-09, and ST-10 were described as being associated with toilets or showers/toilets, and ST-08 was described as being associated with the Administration Building. In 1991 the six septic tanks located within the transfer parcel were tied to the sewage treatment plant. As indicated above, there is no history of industrial waste being placed into these septic tanks. Contents of the septic tanks were pumped out and transferred to the sewage treatment plant as needed. No chemicals were detected in soil at LHAAP-55 except beryllium and lead, which were detected above applicable MSCs in samples from one location. An additional sample from this location underwent SPLP analysis, with the results indicating all chemicals in soil were below the applicable MSC or passed the SPLP test, indicating beryllium and lead concentrations in soil are of no further concern (Shaw, 2006a). Therefore, no further investigation or action is required at LHAAP-55. The USEPA (2007) and TCEQ (2008) concur that no further investigation or action is required for LHAAP-55. The TCEQ (2008) required notification be filed in the Harrison County records stating that the land is considered suitable for non-residential use. Limited monitoring in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years from the Army or transferee to TCEQ will be conducted to document that the use of land associated with LHAAP-55 septic tanks is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios (Shaw, 2008).

Parcel	Property Description	ECP Category	Remedial Actions
Static Test Area	Static Test Area. MMRP Site LHAAP-002-R, co-located with IRP Site LHAAP-35C (53).	4	LHAAP-002-R, co-located with LHAAP-35C (53), the Static Test Area, was designated a munitions response Site (MRS) because of the rocket motor static test firing and red phosphorous smoke and illuminating candle testing conducted at the site (Figure 6 and Figure 7). A release, disposal, and/or migration of hazardous substances have occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial action. The ECP Category classification is due to the co-location of this MMRP site with the IRP site. LHAAP-35C (53). A SI Report (E2M, 2005) recommended additional investigation for MEC items based on the presence of an expended flare casing noted during the site visit. Field activities conducted by Cape, 2007 neither found nor identified any MEC items at LHAAP-002-R (co-located with LHAAP-53), the Static Test Area. Surface soil sampling did not identify the presence of MC or WP at LHAAP-002-R. Since no MC or WP was detected in any samples collected at LHAAP-002-R, there is not a complete exposure pathway for MC or WP. Therefore the risk associated with MC is not evaluated since no MC is present at an unacceptable concentration (Shaw, 2008a). No MEC removal alternative was evaluated as there is no exposure pathway for MEC at this site. LHAAP-002-R, proposed for transfer, does not have contaminated soils requiring remediation nor does the underlying groundwater contain contamination requiring remediative measures. LHAAP-002-R was included with LHAAP-08, LHAAP-48, and LHAAP-35C (53) in a no action decision document (Shaw, 2008a). This document was issued by the U.S. Army, the lead agency for this installation. USEPA Region 6 and the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) are the regulatory agencies providing technical support, project review and comment, and oversight of the U.S. Army cleanup program. The USEPA and TCEQ concur with the selected No Action decision. The recommendation for no action is consistent with the criteria required under CERCLA. None of the CERCLA §121 statutory determinatio

TABLE 2 SUMPS AND WASTE RACK SUMPS (LHAAP-35/36) ON THE PROPERTY NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION REQUIRED LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Location Code	Parcel	Building	Building Function	Sump Depth (feet)
SUMP094	Y-Area	16-Y	Igniter Assembly Building	2.0
SUMP095	Y-Area	34-Y	Signal Assembly	5.5
SUMP096	Y-Area	34-Y	Signal Assembly	1.5
SUMP097	Y-Area	38-Y	Consolidate and assemble propellants	4.0
SUMP098	Y-Area	38-Y	Consolidate and assemble propellants	2.0
SUMP099	Y-Area	38-Y	Consolidate and assemble propellants	2.0
SUMP100	Y-Area	45-Y	Metal powder, preparation building, propellant finishing, illuminating	1.5
SUMP101	Y-Area	45-Y	Metal powder, preparation building, propellant finishing, illuminating	4.0
SUMP102	Static Test Area	16-T	Reclamation unit	4.0
SUMP103	Static Test Area	16-T	Reclamation unit	4.0
SUMP104	Static Test Area	16-T	Reclamation unit	7.5
SUMP105	Static Test Area	16-T	Reclamation unit	4.0
SUMP123	Y-Area	18-Y	Storage and component rework	Unknown
SUMP800 (SUMP124)	Static Test Area	23-T	Conditioning	Unknown
WRSUMP001	Y-Area	34-Y	Signal Assembly	4.0
WRSUMP002	Y-Area	38-Y	Consolidate and assemble propellants	4.0
WRSUMP003	Y-Area	16-Y	Igniter Assembly Building	4.0

TABLE 3 SUMPS AND WASTE RACKS (LHAAP-35/36) ON THE PROPERTY RATIONALE FOR NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION REQUIRED LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Location	Nearest	Building	Reason Investigation
Code	Site		Not Required
SUMP094	LHAAP-48	16-Y	1,2
SUMP095	LHAAP-48	34-Y	2
SUMP096	LHAAP-48	34-Y	1,2
SUMP097	LHAAP-48	38-Y	2
SUMP098	LHAAP-48	38-Y	1,2
SUMP099	LHAAP-48	38-Y	2
SUMP100	LHAAP-48	45-Y	1,2
SUMP101	LHAAP-48	45-Y	1,2
SUMP102	LHAAP-35C (53)	16-T	1,2
SUMP103	LHAAP-35C (53)	16-T	1,2
SUMP104	LHAAP-35C (53)	16-T	2
SUMP105	LHAAP-35C (53)	16-T	1,2
SUMP123	LHAAP-48	18-Y	2
SUMP800	LHAAP-35C (53)	23-T	2
(SUMP124)			
WRSUMP001	LHAAP-48	34-Y	2
WRSUMP002	LHAAP-48	38-Y	2
WRSUMP003	LHAAP-48	16-Y	2

- 1 Sump contents concentrations were below the maximum value of TCEQ Medium-Specific Concentration Cleanup Goals or Upper Prediction Limits (UPLs) for background in soils (Shaw, 2006).
- 2 Sites 48 and 35C (53) were evaluated by Shaw, 2006, Draft Final Site Evaluation Report, LHAAP-48 (Former Igniter Production Area) and LHAAP-35C (53) (Static Test Area), March.

TABLE 4 SEPTIC TANKS (LHAAP-55) ON THE PROPERTY LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Septic Tank Number	Parcel	Capacity (Gallons)	Year Installed	(Former) Building Associated	Tank Location Confirmed
ST-02	Y-Area	937	1955	18-Y-1, Pyrotech Production	Yes
ST-03	Y-Area	937	1955	16-Y-1, Pyrotech Production	Yes
ST-05	Static Test Area	Unknown	Unknown	8-T, Change House	Yes
ST-06	Static Test Area	972	Unknown	25-T, 23-T	Yes
ST-07	Static Test Area	937	1955	16-T-1, Public Toilet	No
ST-08	Static Test Area	Unknown	1955	13-T, Administration Building	Yes
ST-09	Static Test Area	937	1955	34-T-1, Septic toilet/Shower for Static Test Facility	Yes
ST-10	Static Test Area	937	1955	39-T-1, Septic toilet/Shower for Static Test Facility	Yes

TABLE 5 STORAGE, RELEASE, OR DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area-Former Sewage Treatment Plant	None	None	Various	1942-1999 Stored	Unknown	The Sewage Treatment Plant received storm water, boiler blowdown, laundry wastes, vehicle wash rack wastes, and effluent from film development at the X-ray facility. Sludge was dried on sand beds and shipped to Landfill 16. The Sewage Treatment Plant was closed in 1999 in accordance with the requirements of the TNRCC-approved RCRA closure plan. The TNRCC determined that no additional investigations were required.
Production Area-Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant	None	None	TNT Wastewater	1943-1945 Released	Unknown	Refer to Table 1 for remedial actions.
Production Area-Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant	None	None	Mercury	Unknown Released	Unknown	No Remedial Actions Required

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Y-Area	Various	None	Wastewater from Sumps containing propellant, PEP dusts, and solvents	1952-1997 Stored/Released	Unknown	Refer to Table 1 for remedial actions
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	301 A (1513)	AST	Condensate	1942-1945 Stored	50 gallons	Tank removed No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	301 A (4701)	AST	Unknown	1942-1945 Stored	21,000 gallons	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	301 A (2719, 2720))	2 AST	Ammonia	1942-1945 Stored	16,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	301 B (9461,94 62 9469,977 8, 9779,947 1,11198, 11199, 11200, 11201, 12232, 11202)	12 ASTs	Ammonia	1942-1945 Stored	14,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	302 A (D-264)	AST	Condensate	1942-1945 Stored	160 gallons	Tank has been removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	302 A (1518- 1525)	8 ASTs	Nitric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	8,225 gallons each	Tanks have been removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	302 A (1517)	AST	Condensate	1942-1945 Stored	14,000 gallons	Tank has been removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	303 A (4852, 4864, 4861, 4865, 6862, 4863, 4866)	7 ASTs	Nitric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	360 gallons each	Tanks have been removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	303 A (22205- 4)	AST	Condensate	1942-1945 Stored	120 gallons	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	303 B (1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 4831, 4832)	6 ASTs	Residual Acid	1942-1945 Stored	65,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	303 C	2 ASTs (89354, 89355)	Nitric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	2,200 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	303 D	2 ASTs (1574, 1581)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	12,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 B	AST (94044-2)	Hydrochlori c Acid	1942-1945 Stored	7,500 gallons	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 B	2 ASTs (49044-7, 4044-9)	Nitric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	7,500 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 B	2 ASTs (22201-22, 22201-22)	Unknown	1941-1945 Stored	7,500 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 C	5 ASTs (2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 C	2 ASTs (5504, 5505)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 D	4 ASTs (1554, 1555, 1556, 1557)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 D	2 ASTs (5502,5503)	"Mixed acid storage"	1942-1945 Stored	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS has been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of AS are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 E	5 ASTs (1610,1611, 1612, 1623, 1614)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 E	2 ASTs (4823, 4824)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 G	4 ASTs (2231,2232, 2233, 2234)	"Residual Acid"	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 Gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 G	2 ASTs (5506, 5507)	Sulfuric Acid	1942-1945 Stored	Tank removed. No releases are known to hat occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS been removed. Building foundations and seve concrete saddles and platforms for support of A are all that currently exist at the site.		
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 H	2 ASTs (2229, 2230)	Oleum	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 H	3 ASTs (4818, 4819, 4820)	Oleum	1942-1945 Stored	67,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 J	1 AST (22204-1)	"F-83 Storage"	1942-1945 Stored	17,000 gallons	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 J	1 AST (27848-3A)	"F-83 Storage"	1942-1945 Stored	17,000 gallons	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	305 K	10 ASTs (1602 through 1609, 27848-2C, 27848-2D))	TNT Mix	1942-1945 Stored	17,000 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	307 A	2 ASTs (5803, 5804)	"Batch Tanks"	1942-1945 Stored	9,500 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	308 A	4 ASTs (1588, 1589, 1590, 1591)	"Acid receiving tanks for strong acid"	1942-1945 Stored	5,500 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	308 A	2 ASTs (6086, 6087. 6088, 6089)	"Acid receiving tanks for weak acid"	1942-1945 Stored	4,900 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	308 A	12 ASTS (4850, 4894, 4895, 4900, 4928, 4929, 6262, 6263, 6073, 6074, 42-562-A1, 42-562-A2)	"Acid cooler tank"	1942-1945 Stored	1,200 gallons each	Tank removed. No releases are known to have occurred at the Acid Storage Area. All ASTS have been removed. Building foundations and several concrete saddles and platforms for support of ASTs are all that currently exist at the site.	
Production Area-Former Acid Storage Area	None	None	Lead, Mercury	Unknown Released	Unknown	Lead and mercury are the primary soil contaminants at the Former Acid Storage Area. No further action required. Refer to Table 1, Column 4.	
Static Test Area	Unknow n	Unknown	Bromine	1997 Stored	1,810 pounds	No Remedial Action Required.	
Static Test Area	Unknow n	Unknown	Nitric Acid	1997 Stored	36,305 pounds	No Remedial Action Required.	
Static Test Area	Unknow n	Unknown	Sulfuric Acid	1997 Stored	7,288 pounds	No Remedial Action Required.	

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions	
Static Test Area	17-T	AST	Bulk Mixed Acid	1992 Stored 2,200 gallons Tank Removed. No Remedial Ad		Tank Removed. No Remedial Action Required.	
Static Test Area	17-T	T-810A, T- 810B	Bulk Acetic Anhydride	1992 Stored	2,230 gallons	Removed by tank truck for disposal by DRMO. Tanks removed. No remedial action required.	
Static Test Area	16-T	AST	Methylene chloride	Unknown, Stored	10,000 gallons	This tank was removed. No remedial action required.	
Static Test Area	25-T	AST	Bulk acetone	1992 Stored	7.050 gallons	The tanks were removed. No remedial action required.	
Static Test Area	17-T	AST	Bulk nitric acid	1992 Stored	7,300 gallons	Tank removed No remedial action required.	

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions	
Static Test Area	17-T	AST	Bulk sulfuric acid	1992 Stored	6,800 gallons	Tank removed. No remedial action required.	
Static Test Area	23-T	None	DADN	1992 Stored	5,000 pounds	Material was transferred to building 811-45 for storage and resale. No remedial action required.	
Static Test Area	23-T	Drums	Sulfuric	1992 stored	Four drums	No remedial action required	
Static Test Area	23-Т	None	Nitric acid	1991 Released	3,125 pounds	1 1 1 200 6 4 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 4	
Static Test Area	23-Т	Transformer	PCBs	1984 Released	75 gallons	A transformer containing oil with 536 ppm PCBs leaked approximately 75 gallons of oil. Cleanup of the spill was planned for March 1984. No confirmation of cleanup of this spill has been located. PCBs (35ug/Kg) were detected in a surface soil sample around Building 23-T during the Phase II ESA.	

Parcel	Building or Tank ID	AST/UST	Name of Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release, or Disposal	Quantity / Size	Remedial Actions
Static Test Area	16-T (Tank 16-T)	AST	Methylene Chloride	Unknown	10,000 gallons	Tank has been removed.
Static Test Area	25-T (Tanks T-1170 and T- 1180)	AST	Acetone	1990s	Individuall y unknown	These two tanks were located adjacent to the building and contained a total of 7,050 gallons of acetone circa 1992. Plans were made to transfer the material to DRMO via tanker truck. The tanks were removed prior to 2003.
Static Test Area	NA	Sumps	Wastewater from sumps. Wastewater from sumps containing propellant, PEP dusts, and solvents	Unknown, Stored/released	Unknown	Trichloroethylene, SVOCs, and perchlorate were detected below levels of concern. No further action required.

^{*}The information contained in this notice is required under the authority of regulations promulgated under section 120(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Liability, and Compensation Act (CERCLA or "Superfund") 42 U.S.C. section 9620(h). This table provides information on the storage of hazardous substances for one year or more in quantities greater than or equal to 1,000kilograms or the hazardous substances' CERCLA reportable quantity (whichever is greater).

TABLE 6 FORMER PETROLEUM PRODUCT UST/AST SITES LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP KARNACK, TEXAS

Parcel	Building (Tank ID)	AST/ UST	Name of Petroleum Product(s)	Date of Storage, Release or Disposal	Quantity/ Size	Remedial Actions
Production Area- LHAAP-08	12-G/ 15-G (Tank 1)	UST	Diesel Fuel	1976-1993	280 gallons	Tank was removed in 1993 and samples in the excavation were below detection limit (30 ppm TPH). Tank was 20 feet north and 10 feet west of the west corner of Building 15-G, adjacent to the auxiliary power generator for the plant.
Static Test Area- LHAAP-53	28-T (Tank 30-T)	AST	Diesel Fuel	1988-1998	20,000 gallons	Tank removed. VOCs were not detected in any of the soil samples collected at the former tank location during the Phase II ESA. Low-level concentrations of TPH were detected in all three of the soil samples; however, the detected concentrations were below their respective laboratory reporting limits.

TABLE 7 ASBESTOS LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Building	Building Name	Site	Building	Friable	Non-	Comments
Number		ID	Status	Asbestos	Friable	
					Asbestos	
38-Y	Igniter Blending	Y-Area	Existing‡	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Building					material (Tar)
40-Y	Igniter Test	Y-Area	Existing‡	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Building					material (Tar)
34-T	Static Test Facility	Static Test	Existing	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
		Area				material
36T-1	Rocket Motor	Static Test	Existing	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Firing Stand	Area				material
36T-2	Rocket Motor	Static Test	Existing	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Firing Stand	Area				material
36T-3	Rocket Motor	Static Test	Existing	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Firing Stand	Area				material
36T-4	Rocket Motor	Static Test	Existing	Assumed	Assumed	Potential ACM roofing
	Firing Stand	Area				material

[‡]These buildings are the concrete structure that remained after demolition activities.

TABLE 8 SUMMARY OF REMAINING BUILDINGS COMPLETELY DECONTAMINATED OF EXPLOSIVES KARNACK, TEXAS

Parcel	Building	Description	Area	
	Number		(Square Feet)	
Static Test Area	34-T	Static Test Facility	2,738	
Static Test Area	36T-1	Rocket Motor Firing Stand		
Static Test Area	36T-2	Rocket Motor Firing Stand		
Static Test Area	36T-3	Rocket Motor Firing Stand		
Static Test Area	36T-4	Rocket Motor Firing Stand		

All buildings at LHAAP have been decontaminated to 5X

5X- Indicates that the equipment or facilities have been completely decontaminated and are free of hazard, and may be released for general use or to the general public.

Source: Plexus(2005), CES(1998)

TABLE 9 ADJACENT PROPERTIES; LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Site No.	Site Name	ECP Category	
LHAAP-29	Former TNT Production Area	5*	
LHAAP-47	Plant 3/Hand Signal Assemblies	5*	

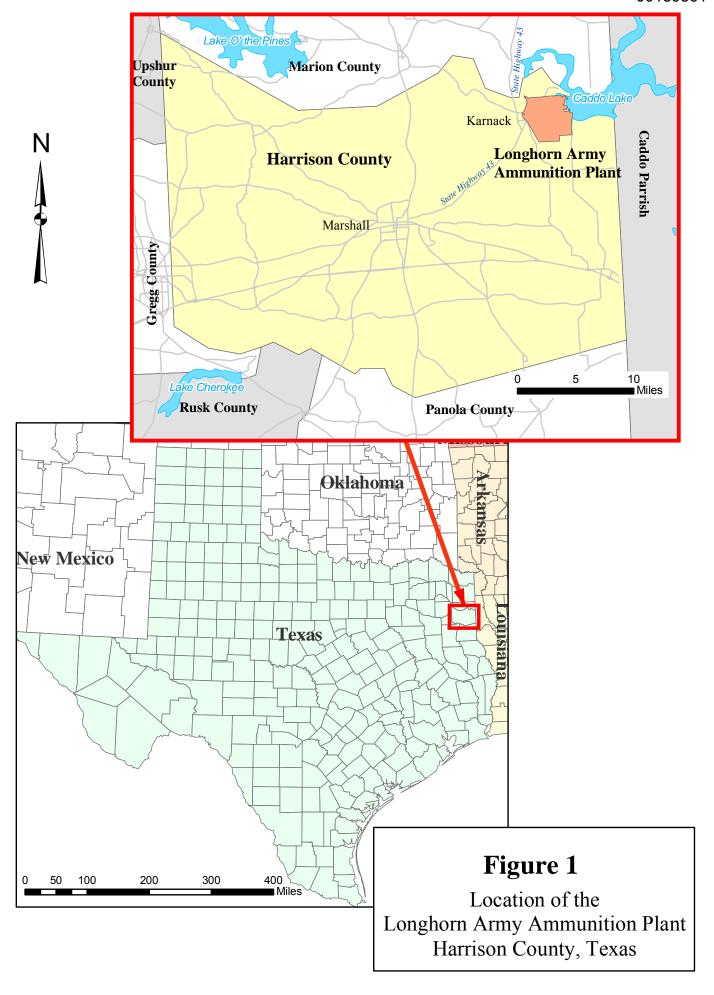
[‡]Refer to **Figure 2** for location of adjacent properties in reference to transfer parcels.

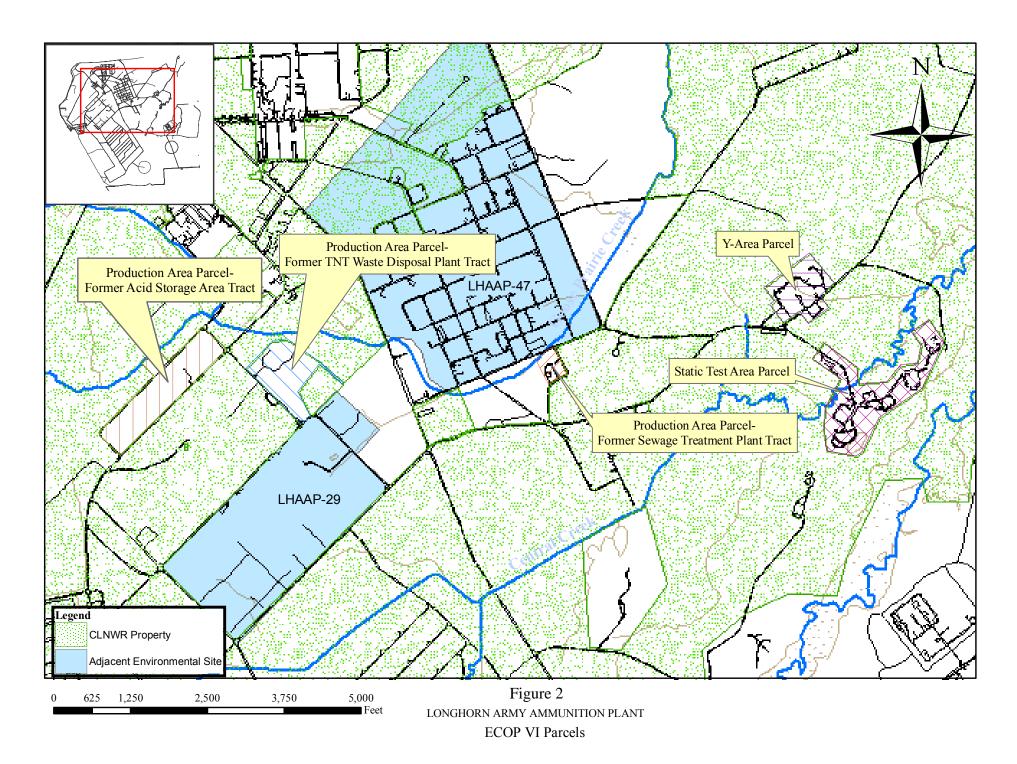
^{*}ECP Category 5; Areas where release, disposal, and or migration of hazardous substance has occurred, and removal or remedial actions are underway, but all required remedial actions have not yet been taken.

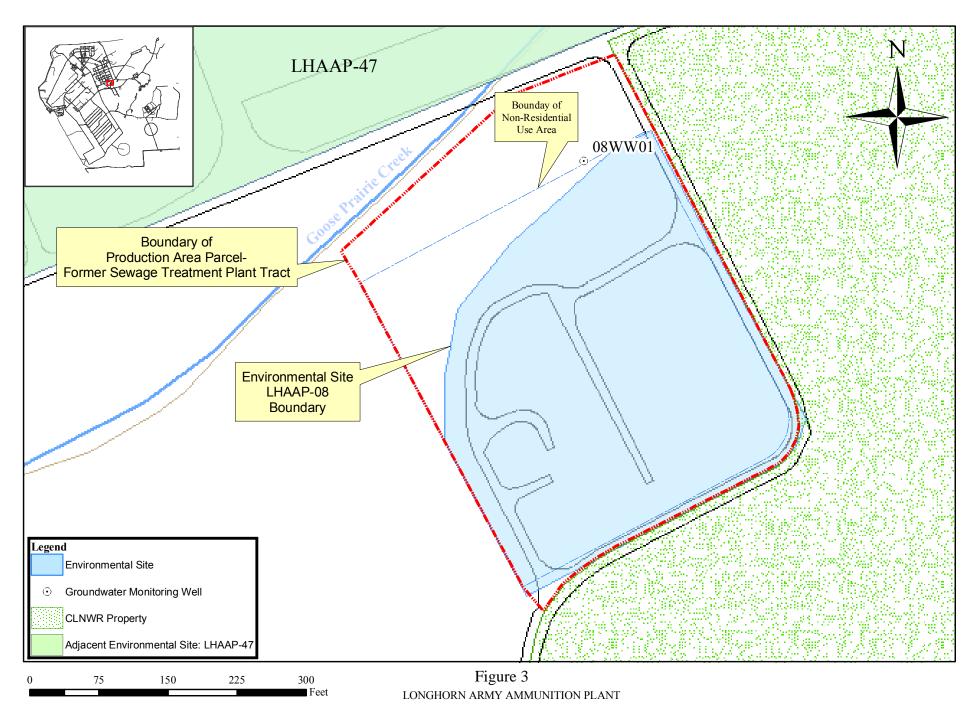
TABLE 10 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL LOCATIONS LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (LHAAP) KARNACK, TEXAS

Monitoring	Site ID	Depth	Installation	Easting	Northing
Well ID		(feet)	Date	X	Y
			(month/year)	Coordinate	Coordinate
113	LHAAP-32	29	6/1982	3305938.990	6958183.050
32WW02	LHAAP-32	47	7/1998	3306046.910	6958086.450
32-TMW-01	LHAAP-32	20	8/2004	3306222.410	6957667.190
32WW01	LHAAP-32	48	7/1998	3306237.060	6957724.340
08WW01	LHAAP-08	18	11/2000	3310498.194	6958043.017
LHSMW63	LHAAP-48	20	9/1994	3314367.070	6959186.880
LHSMW62	LHAAP-48	27.6	9/1994	3313544.510	6959033.380
48WW02	LHAAP-48	28	9/2006	3314550.091	6959024.030
48WW01	LHAAP-48	55	4/2004	3314579.818	6959110.511
LHSMW66	LHAAP-48	18	9/1994	3314814.410	6959503.120
LHSMW64	LHAAP-48	25	9/1994	3314918.240	6959088.760
LHSMW65	LHAAP-48	18	9/1994	3314968.030	6959265.020
49WW01	LHAAP-49	34	11/1998	3304439.80	6957833.60
49WW02	LHAAP-49	24	11/1998	3303973.50	6957381.30
49WW04	LHAAP-49	35	11/2008	3303954.50	6957356.93
49WW05	LHAAP-49	32	11/2008	3303986.11	6957579.15
49WW06	LHAAP-49	34	11/2008	3304174.53	6957645.76
Replacement well					
for 49WW03					
49WW07	LHAAP-49	32	11/2008	3304246.28	6957278.13
49WW08	LHAAP-49	32	11/2008	3303794.44	6957136.47
LHSMW69	LHAAP-53	51	9/1994	3315271.770	6957346.180
LHSMW68	LHAAP-53	22	9/1994	3315493.340	6957111.640
LHSMW67	LHAAP-53	20	9/1994	3315706.920	6957361.090
LHSMW70	LHAAP-53	22	9/1994	3316533.170	6958033.520
LHSMW71	LHAAP-53	17.5	9/1994	3316839.630	6958207.890

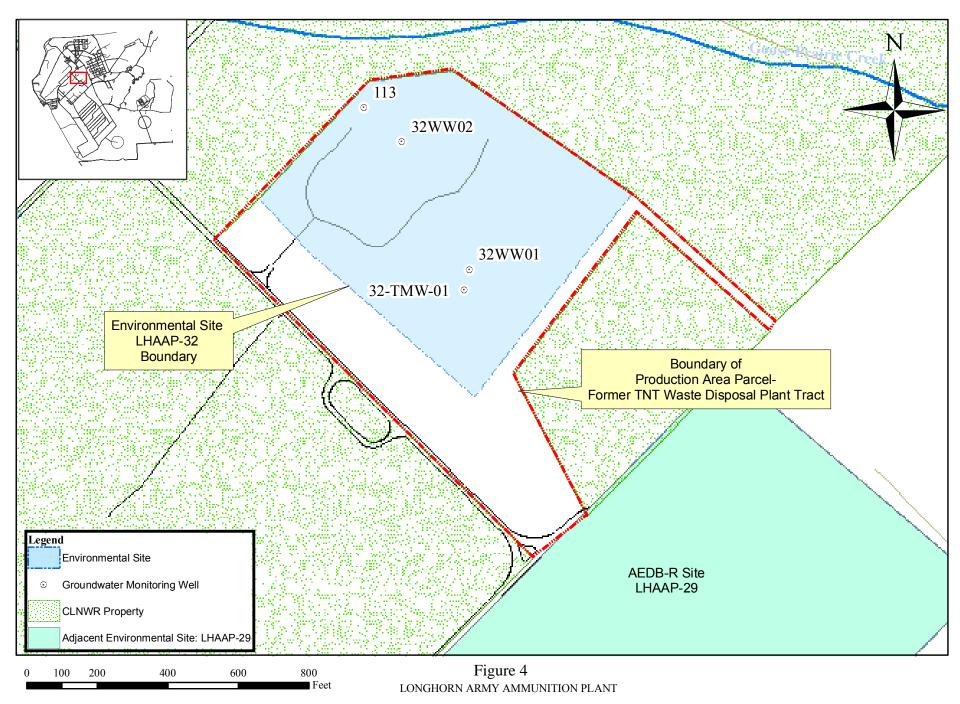
Figures







Location of Environmental Site(s) in the Production Area Parcel-Former Sewage Treatment Plant Parcel



Location of Environmental Site in Production Area Parcel -Former TNT Waste Disposal Plant Tract

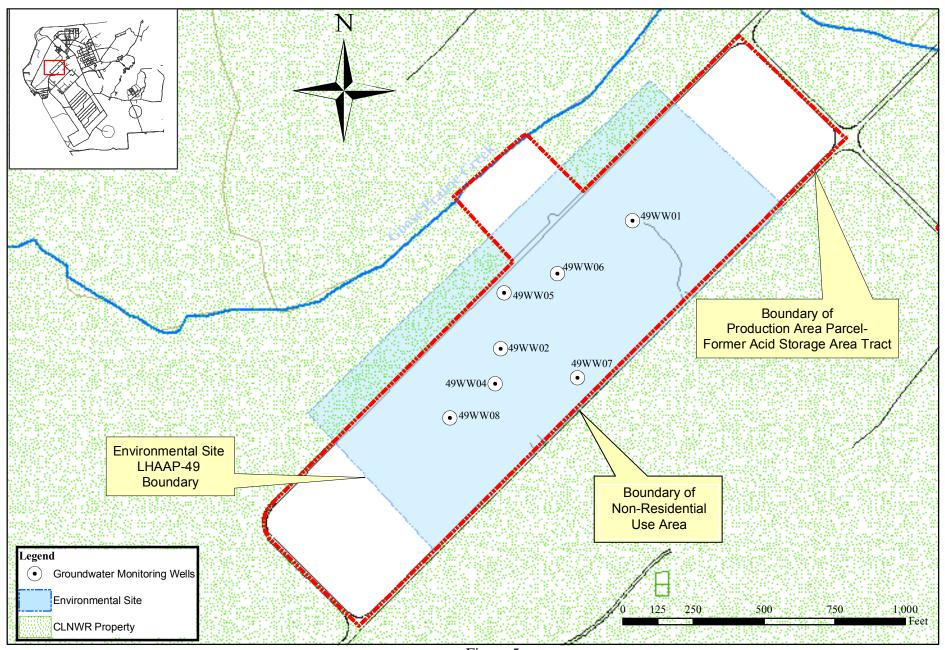
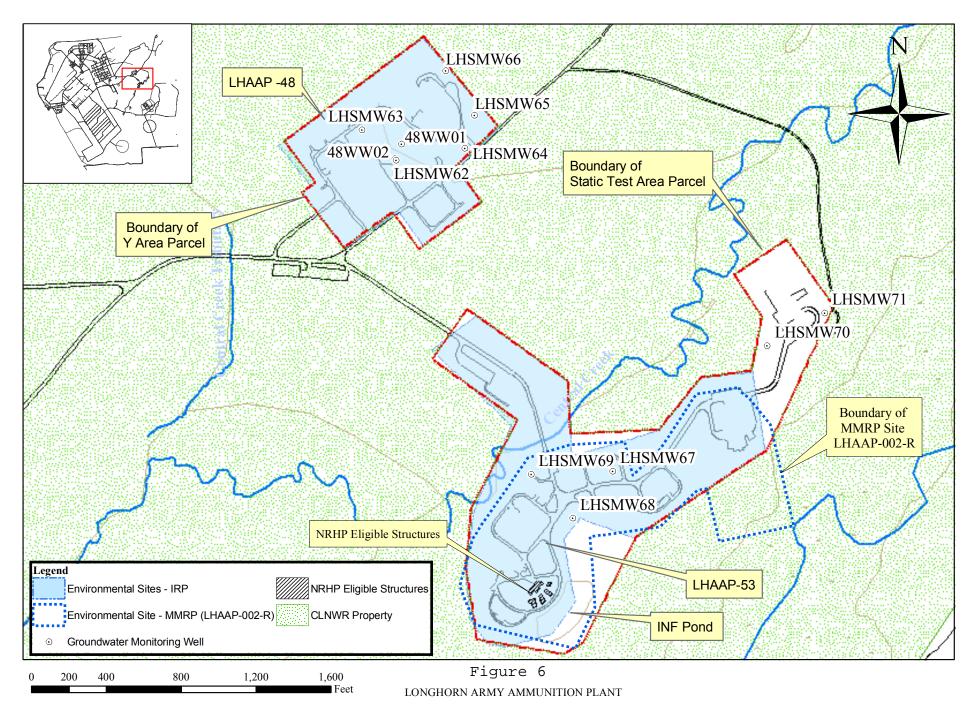


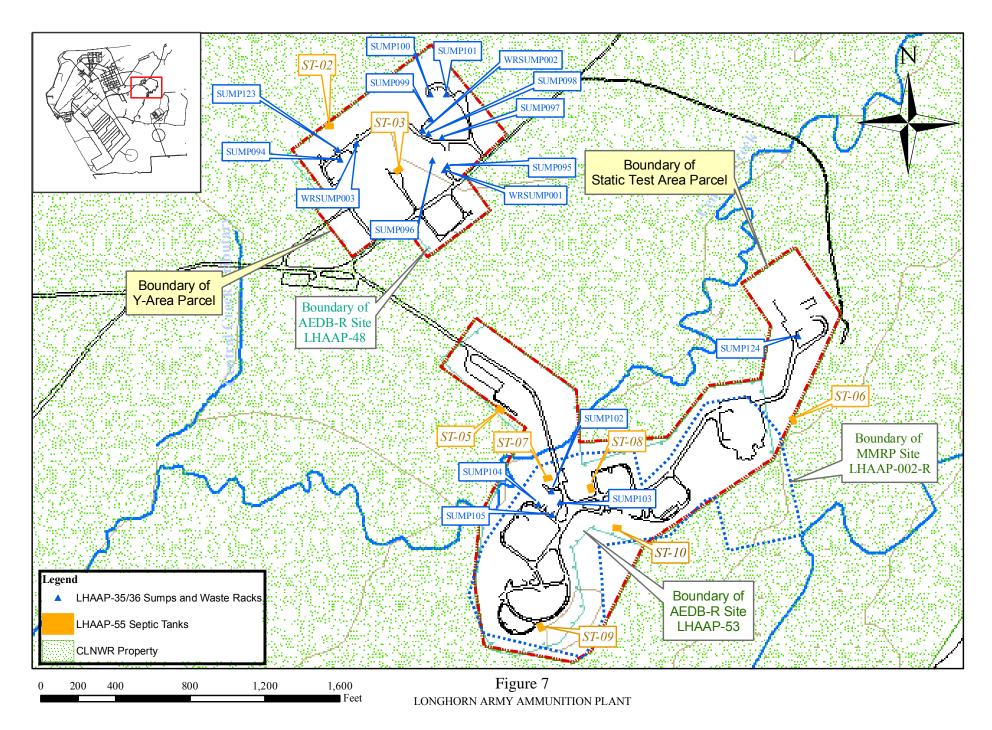
Figure 5

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT

Location of Environmental Site in Production Area Parcel -Former Acid Storage Area Tract



Locations of Environmental Sites with Unrestricted Use at the Y-Area and Static Test Area Parcels



Restricted Use Environmental Sites at the Y-Area and Static Test Area Parcels

Attachment 1 References

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Attachment 2 DOD Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) Categories

DOD Environmental Condition of Property Categories

Category	<u>Description</u>
Category 1	Areas where no release or disposal of hazardous substances or petroleum products has occurred (including no migration of these substances from adjacent areas).
Category 2	Areas where only release of disposal of petroleum products has occurred.
Category 3	Areas where release, disposal, and or migration of hazardous Substance has occurred, but at concentrations that do not require a removal or remedial response.
Category 4	Areas where release, disposal, and or migration has occurred, and all removal or remedial actions to protect human health and the environment have taken place.
Category 5	Areas where release, disposal, and or migration has occurred, and removal or remedial actions are underway, but all required remedial actions have not yet been taken.
Category 6	Areas where release, disposal, and or migration has occurred, but required actions have not yet been implemented.
Category 7	Areas that are not evaluated or require additional evaluation.

Attachment 3 Environmental Protection Provisions

Environmental Protection Provisions

The following conditions, restrictions, and notifications will be incorporated by reference into the Letter of Transfer from the Department of the U.S. Army to the transferee to ensure the protection of human health and the environment and in furtherance of ongoing and completed remediation activities at the Property.

1. Inclusion of Provisions:

The transferee to whom the Property is transferred shall neither transfer the Property, lease the Property, nor grant any interest, privilege, or license whatsoever in connection with the Property without the inclusion of the environmental protection provisions contained herein, and shall require the inclusion of such environmental protection provisions in all further deeds, transfers, leases, or grant of any interest, privilege, or license, unless there is a specific legal finding authorizing a change and specifically addressing any liabilities that will result from the change.

2. Federal Facilities Agreement:

The U.S. Army acknowledges that portions of Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant have been identified as National Priorities List (NPL) sites under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended. The transferee acknowledges that the U.S. Army has provided it with a copy of the LHAAP Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) dated December 30, 1991 and will provide the transferee with a copy of any amendments thereto. The transferee, its successors and assigns, agree that should any conflict arise between the terms of the FFA as they presently exist or may be amended, and the provisions of this property transfer, the terms of the FFA will take precedence. The transferee, its successors and assigns, further agree that notwithstanding any other provisions of the transfer, the U.S. Army assumes no liability to the transferee, its successors and assigns, should implementation of the FFA interfere with the use of the Property. The transferee, its successors and assigns, shall have no claim on account of any such interference against the U.S. Army or any officer, agent, employee or contractor thereof.

3. No Liability for Non-Army Contamination:

The U.S. Army shall not incur liability for response action or corrective action found to be necessary after the date of transfer, in any case in which the transferee to whom the Property is transferred, or other non-Army person or entity, is identified as the party responsible for contamination of the Property.

4. CERCLA Access Notice:

The USEPA and TCEQ and their officers, agents, employees, contractors, and subcontractors

have the right, upon reasonable notice to the transferee, to enter upon the Property in any case in which a response action or corrective action is found to be necessary after the date of transfer of the Property, or such access is necessary to carry out a response action or corrective action on adjoining property, including, without limitation, the following purposes:

To conduct investigations and surveys, including, where necessary, drilling, soil and water sampling, testing-pitting, test soil borings and other activities;

To inspect field activities of the U.S. Army and its contractors and subcontractors;

To conduct any test or survey related to the environmental conditions at the transferred Property or to verify any data submitted to the USEPA or TCEQ by the U.S. Army relating to such conditions;

To construct, operate, maintain or undertake any other response or remedial actions as required or necessary including, but not limited to, monitoring wells, pumping wells and treatment facilities.

5. Notice of the Presence of Asbestos and Covenant:

A. The Grantee is hereby informed and does acknowledge that friable and non-friable asbestos-containing material ("ACM") has been found on the Property. Although all buildings have been demolished except NPHP eligible buildings 34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4 located at LHAAP-35C (53) and structural remnants of buildings 38-Y and 40-Y located at LHAAP-48, the Property may contain other improvements such as equipment, facilities, and pipelines, above and below the ground, that contain non-friable asbestos or ACM. The Occupational Safety and Health Administration and the Environmental Protection Agency have determined that such unprotected or unregulated exposure to airborne asbestos fibers increases the risk of asbestos-related diseases, including certain cancers that can result in disability or death.

- B. The Grantee covenants and agrees that its use and occupancy of the Property will be in compliance with all applicable laws relating to asbestos. The Grantee agrees to be responsible for any remediation or abatement of asbestos found to be necessary on the Property, to include ACM in or on buried pipelines, which may be required under applicable law or regulation.
- C. The Grantee acknowledges that it has inspected or has had the opportunity to inspect the Property as to its asbestos and ACM condition and any hazardous or environmental conditions relating thereto. The Grantee shall be deemed to have relied solely on its own judgment in assessing the overall condition of all or any portion of the Property, including, without limitation, any asbestos or ACM hazards or concerns.

6. Notice of the Presence of Lead-Based Paint and Covenant Against the Use of Property for Residential Purpose

A. Most of the buildings located on the Property have been demolished (remaining buildings include NPHP eligible buildings 34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4 located at LHAAP-35C (53) and structural remnants of buildings 38-Y and 40-Y located at LHAAP-48); however, the Grantee is hereby informed and does acknowledge that all remaining structures (i.e., monolithic walls, slabs, equipment, etc.) on the Property, which were constructed or

rehabilitated prior to 1978, are presumed to contain lead-based paint. Lead from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose health hazards if not managed properly. Every purchaser of any interest in Residential Real Property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that there is a risk of exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning.

- B. The Grantee covenants and agrees that it shall not permit the occupancy or use of any structures on the Property as Residential Property, as defined under 24 Code of Federal Regulations Part 35, without complying with this section and all applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards. Prior to permitting the occupancy of the Property where its use subsequent to sale is intended for residential habitation, the Grantee specifically agrees to perform, at its sole expense, the Army's abatement requirements under Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992 (Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992).
- C. The Grantee acknowledges that it has inspected or has had the opportunity to inspect the Property as to its lead-based paint content and condition and any hazardous or environmental conditions relating thereto. The Grantee shall be deemed to have relied solely on its own judgment in assessing the overall condition of all or any portion of the Property, including, without limitation, any lead-based paint hazards or concerns.

7. Notice of the Potential for the Presence of Munitions and Explosives Concern, and Covenant:

Based upon a review of existing records and available information, none of the land proposed for transfer is known or suspected to contain munitions and explosives of concern (MEC). The term MEC means specific categories of military munitions that may pose unique explosives safety risks and includes: (1) Unexploded Ordnance (UXO), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §101(e)(5); (2) Discarded military munitions (DMM), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §2710(e)(2); or (3) Munitions constituents (e.g., TNT, RDX), as defined in 10 U.S.C. §2710(e)(3), present in high enough concentrations to pose an explosive hazard. In the event that transferee, its successors, or assign should discover any MEC on the Property, they shall immediately stop any intrusive or ground-disturbing work in the area or in any adjacent areas and shall not attempt to remove or destroy it, but shall immediately notify the Harrison County Sheriff's Department (phone number: 903-9234000), so that appropriate explosive ordnance disposal personnel can be dispatched to address such MEC as required under applicable law and regulations. An alternate contact is the City of Marshall Fire Department (phone number: 903-938-6711). Local authorities must contact the U.S. Army's 705th Explosives Ordnance Detachment (EOD) at Fort Polk, LA (phone number: 337-531-5502; the 24-hour emergency phone number is 337531-5505).

8. Notice of the Presence of Groundwater Monitoring Wells and Covenant:

a. The transferee is herby informed and does acknowledge the presence on the Property of twenty-four (24) groundwater monitoring wells that may be necessary for the U.S. Army to complete monitoring after the date of transfer of title to the Property, or portions thereof.

b. Promptly upon the determination by the U.S. Army that a well is no longer necessary for monitoring, the U.S. Army will close such well at the U.S. Army's sole cost and expense in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and ordinances.

9. Notice of Archaeological Property and Preservation Covenant:

The archaeological sites 41HS817 and 41HS818 and National Register of Historic Places eligible buildings 34-T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4 are located in the County of Harrison, Texas, the transferee hereby covenants on behalf of itself, its heirs, successors, and assigns at all times to the Texas State Historic Preservation Officer, to maintain and preserve the archaeological properties. The transferee will honor its responsibilities under the National Historic Preservation Act and will coordinate all activities in furtherance of its responsibilities with the Texas State Historic Preservation Office, appropriately federally recognized tribes and other interested parties.

10. Conditions, Restrictions, and Covenants Binding and Enforceable:

These restrictions and covenants are binding on the transferee, its successors and assigns, and shall be included in subsequent deeds; shall run with the land; are forever enforceable; shall benefit the public in general and the territory surrounding the Property, including lands retained by the U.S. Army; and shall further the common environmental objectives of the U.S. Army and the State of Texas and are therefore enforceable by the U.S. Army and the State of Texas.

In accordance with 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) §335.566, a notification has been recorded in the Harrison County Office stating that LHAAP-08, LHAAP-35/36, LHAAP-49 and LHAAP-55 are suitable for nonresidential use. The nonresidential land use notifications are provided in Attachment 6. Limited monitoring will be conducted to ensure that the use of the sites remain consistent with the nonresidential use exposure scenarios evaluated in the risk evaluation and will be documented in the form of Letters of Certification transmitted every five years to TCEQ. Although the Army may later pass these procedural responsibilities to the designated transferee, in conjunction with the property transfer, the Army shall retain responsibility for future environmental response actions.

Attachment 4 Texas Historical Commission/United States Army Corps of Engineers Correspondence



GEORGE W MISH, GOVERNOR

JOHN L. NAU, III, CHAIRMAN

F LAWERENCE DAKE, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR ACIC

CE DARS, EXECUTIVE DIRECTED P.G.(LE

0-7-10870

July 10; 2000

Mr. William Fickel, Jr.
Chief, Environmental Division
Department of Army
Fort Worth District, Corps of Engineers
P.O. Box 17300
Fort Worth, TX 76102

Re: 1

Project review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966.
Submission of Building and Structure Inventory of the Post-1946 Built Environment at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Harrison County, Texas (COEPM)

Dear Mr. Fickel:

Thank you for providing this office with an opportunity to comment on the above referenced document. This letter serves as comment from the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission.

The National Register staff has reviewed the inventory and it is our opinion that it provides a wellorganized presentation of proporties that pertain to the Cold War missions of LHAAP. While staff
generally agrees with the assessment of NRHP eligibility, we are concerned with the determination of
non-eligibility made for the proporties associated with the destruction of Pershing missiles under the 1988
Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty. Although the buildings comprising the Static Test Area
were not constructed for this purpose, they became the symbolic and physical center of this important
event and process.

Beginning on September 8, 1988, with the static firing of a Pershing IA and Pershing II missile, Longhorn assumed the primary role in climinating the stockpile of intermediate-range missiles coming under the INF Treaty. The events of the day, supervised by representatives of the Soviet Inspection Team, U.S. On-Sire Inspection Agency, and Vice President Bush, became an international symbol of the objectives of the treaty. After this historic day, LHAAP continued to serve as the main size for the dismantling of Pershing missiles. LHAAP's mission under the INF Treaty continued for nearly three years, with the last Pershing II missile climinated at Longhom in May 1991.

Given the importance of the INF treaty and the events that took place at LHAAP, the National Register staff maintains that site has potential NRFIP eligibility at the rational level of significance under Criterion A, Events; meeting eligibility under Criteria Consideration G, for being the primary physical embodiment of this historic event. Although there can be made an argument that the signing of the treaty is the real significance of the event, it is a given fact the LHAAP was the main physical site where the objectives of the treaty were realized. The mission of dismantling intermediate-range missiles continued on a regular basis at Longhorn for three years, having eliminated several hundred Pershing IA and II missiles by the close of 1991. In this regard, the buildings located in the Static Test Area directly associated with this mission form a potential NRHP historic district.

From the information presented in the document, staff cannot concur that the buildings individually or collectively have lost a sufficient degree of integrity to preclude NRHP eligibility. We therefore request

July 10, 2000) Mr. William Fickel, Jr. Page 2

specific information on the loss of integrity and how this has impacted the site's ability to communicate significance under Criterion A.

Thank you for your cooperation in this federal review process, and for your efforts to preserve the irreplaceable heritage of Texas. If you have any questions concerning our review, please contact John W. Murphey at 512/463-5942.

Sipterely

John W. Murphey, Historian for F. Lawerenco Oaks. SHPO

oc: Linda Roark, Division of Architecture



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FORT WORTH DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS P.O. BOX 17300 FORT WORTH, TEXAS 76102-0300

MEPLY TO ATTENTION OF:

August 1, 2000

Environmental Division

SUBJECT: Project review of Building and Structure Inventory of the Post-1946 Built Environment at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas (Prior et al. 2000), reference number 0-7-10870

Mr. F. Lawerence Oaks
State Historic Preservation Officer
Texas Historical Commission
P.O. Box 12276, Capitol Station
Austin, TX 78711-2276

Dear Mr. Oaks:

Thank you for your comment letter of July 10, 2000 regarding the results of the referenced report prepared for the post-1946 built environment at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP) located near Katnack, Texas. The report, Building and Structure Inventory of the Post-1946 Built Environment at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas, was prepared by Geo-Marine, Inc., of Plano, Texas, under a contract to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District (CESWF), in order to assess the potential Cold War significance of portions of LHAAP.

The comment letter prepared by Mr. John Murphey of your staff on July 10, 2000 notes that specific properties associated with the events surrounding the demolition of the Pershing IA and Pershing II missiles under the Intermediate Nuclear Forces (INF) Treaty could form a National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligible district. This NRHP eligible district appears to meet a national level of significance under Criterion A: Events, meeting the eligibility requirements of Criteria Consideration G: Properties Which Have Achieved Significance Within The Past Fifty Years. In consultation with the Commander's Representative (CR) for Longhorn / Louisiana Army Armmunition Plant, CESWF and the CR concur with that opinion and have identified the buildings directly associated with the INF demolition of the Pershing missiles in consultation with your office as the complex of buildings 34T, 36T-1, 36T-2, 36T-3, and 36T-4 located in the former test services area of LHAAP (Enclosure 1). These buildings are roughly bounded by Tucson Avenue and Taylor Avenue as shown on Enclosure 2.

In consideration of the foregoing the identified properties shown on Enclosure 1, and as identified above, will be treated as NRHP eligible and no demolition of these properties will be permitted to occur without appropriate consultation with your office. The suggested NRHP eligible district boundary shown on Enclosure 2 will be clearly marked and identified to installation personnel and other contractors in order to prevent any inadvertent impacts. A revised final version of the referenced inventory report will be prepared reflecting all comments and eligibility determinations and will then be forwarded to your office for your records.

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) have agreed to accept the majority, or all, of LHAAP as wildlife preserve. Transferred properties will include any previously identified historic properties and will include the NRHP eligible district identified here. As transfers occur, USFWS will be notified of any historic properties located within the transferred parcels and all appropriate documentation will be provided to the USFWS representatives. As part of the Federal to Federal transfer of LHAAP, the USFWS will assume any further Section 106 responsibilities associated with any NRHP eligible or listed properties. If you wish to be notified of the transfers please respond to the Commander's Representative at Longhorn / Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant as identified in the copy furnished list below.

If you have any further questions please contact Mr. Stephen P. Austin of this office at 817-978-6385.

Sincerely,

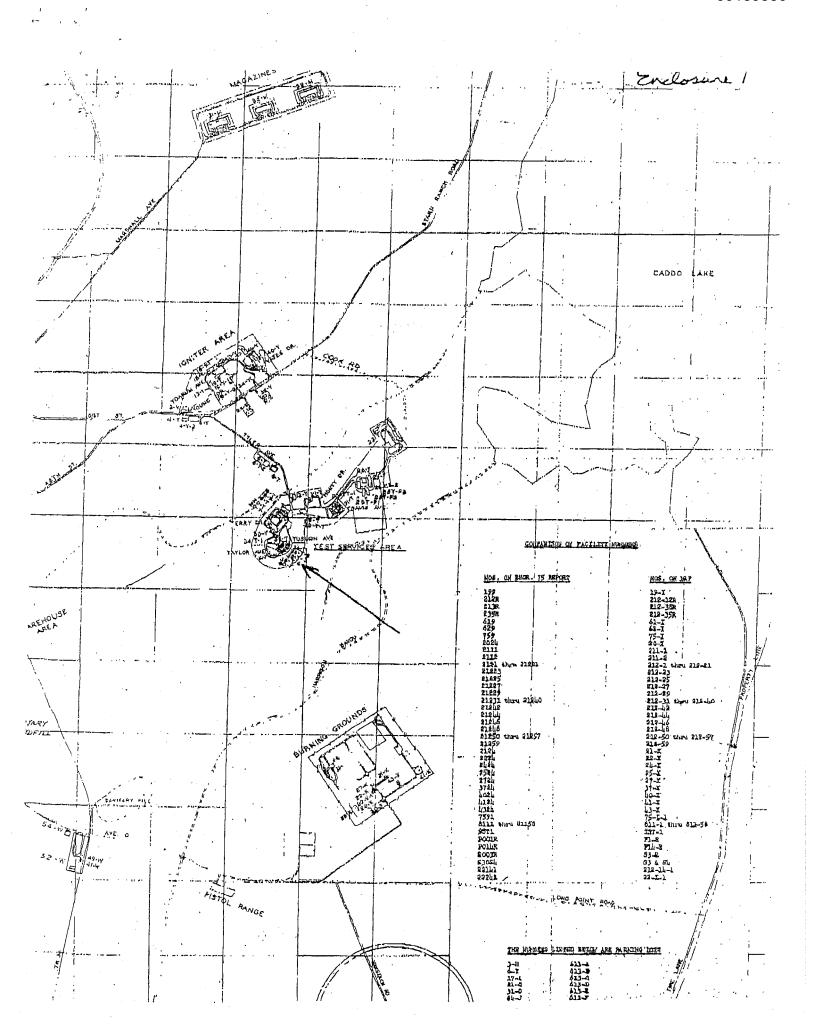
Enclosures(2)

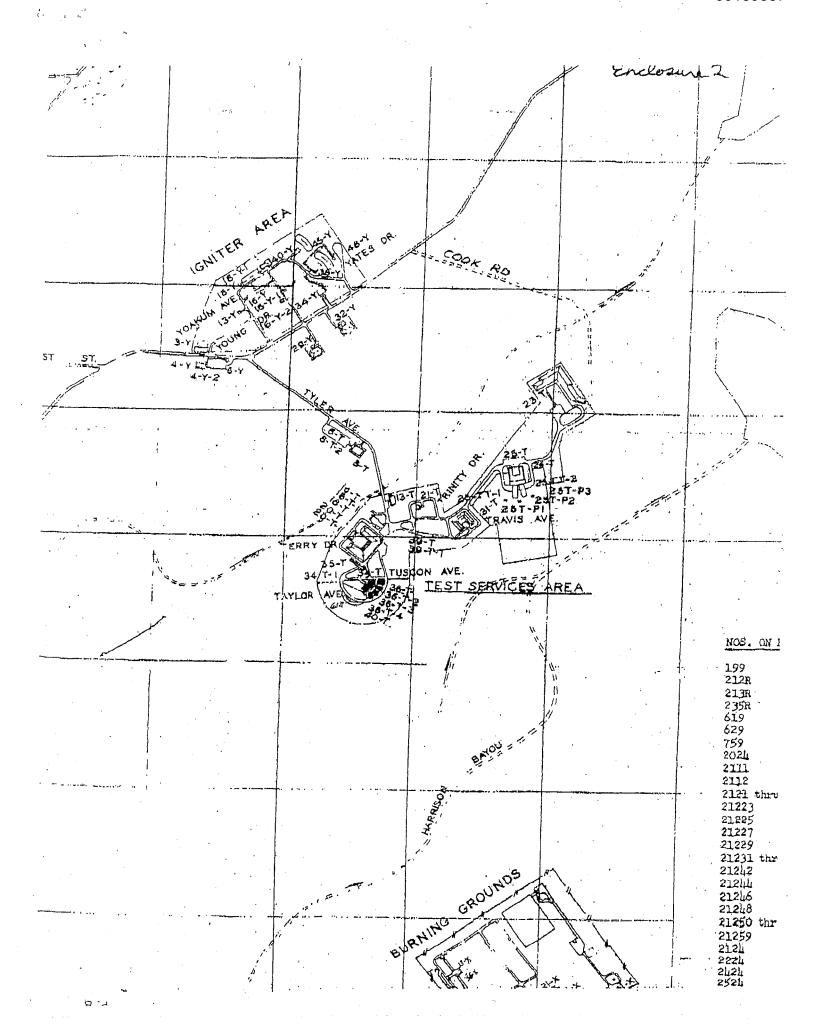
William Fickel, Jr. Chief, Environmental Division

Copy Furnished with enclosures:

Commander's Representative Longhorn/Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant Attention: Mr. David Tolbert P.O. Box 658 Doyline, LA 71023-0658

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Attention: Mr. Lynn Mucklerath P.O. Box 658 Doyline, LA 71023-0658





Attachment 5

Static Test Area; EPA Accidental Release Information Program form and personal correspondence, nitric acid release, 1991

Thickol CORPORATION

ORDNANCE OPERATIONS Longhorn Division

from Thomas I have

April 21, 1992

Administrative Contracting Officer Longhorn/Louisiana Army Ammunition Plant

ATTN: SMCLO-EN

Marshall, Texas 75670

SUBJECT: EPA Accidental Release Information Program

REFERENCE: Longhorn Contract DAAA09-87-Z-0014

SMCLO-EV Dated March 31, 1992;

Suspended April 21, 1992

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is the subject document concerning the Nitric Acid spill on September 26, 1991.

If you have any questions, please contact Bob Smink at Ext. 2686.

Very truly yours,

R. C. Leander Safety & Environmental Manager

ERNS/REGIONAL CASE # /	NRC #	
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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ACCIDENTAL RELEASE INFORMATION PROGRAM

PART A. EMERGENCY RESPONSE NOTIFICATION SYSTEM - VERIFICATION

Information regarding an accidental release incident in your facility has been recorded in the Emergency Response Notification System (ERNS). Below is the information available in ERNS regarding this release. Please verify this information by making any corrections and/or by providing any missing information in the spaces provided (attach additional pages as necessary).

1.	Facility: Longho	orn Army Ammunition Plant
	Dun & Bradstre	et Number <u>002 - 241 - 164</u>
٠	City Note Tourist County State Note Tourist County Note Tourist Country	P. 0. Box 1149 Marshall Marrison Cexas Zip 75670 903) 679-2100
2.	Spill Location: (x Check here if same as Facility Address)
	Street City County State	Zip
	Telephone ()
	Latitude (Deg/	Min) <u>36 / 15</u> Longitude <u>94 / 10</u>
3.	Primary Chemical	Released: Nitric Acid/N ₂ 0 ₅ /N ₂ 0 ₄
4.	ERNS Reporting Da	te/Time: 09/26/91 / 1600 (mm/dd/yy) (24-hr clock)
5.	Reported through	NRC? Yes x No

'exas	Water Commission	<u>Date</u> 09/17/91	<u>Time</u>	Person Contacted Alan Church	
exas		1 09/17/91		John C. Gott	
Res	ponding Agencies:				
Res	ponding Agencies: Army Longhorn Arm	ıy Ammunitio	n Plant		
Res	ponding Agencies: Army Longhorn Arm	ıy Ammunitio	n Plant		
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Res	ponding Agencies: Army Longhorn Arm	ıy Ammunitio	n Plant		

ERNS/	/REGIONAL CASE # / NRC #
PART	B. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION - SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
	SECTION I. FACILITY PROFILE
1.	Plant Manager/Facility Owner: U.S. Army
2.	Responding Official: Robert W. Bringman, LTC
	Title: Commander
	Address: Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant P. O. Box 1149 Marshall, TX 75670 Telephone: (903) 679-2100
	Signature: Date:
3.	Please provide the four-digit Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes that best describe your facility operations:
	SIC code(s): 3483, 3764, 2899 (Primary)
	Primary product or service: Load, assemble, and packout of pyrotechnic ammunition and solid propellants.
4.	Indicate the total number of employees typically at the facility (include all full-time and part time employees, all employees on sick leave, paid holidays, paid vacations, managers and corporate officers at the facility, and contractors):
	Number of Employees: 897

ERNS/	REGIONAL CASE #	/ NRC #	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	<u>SECTION II. HA</u>	ZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	RELEASE PROFIL	<u>.E</u>
provi	For the following section de estimates using your be			provided please
5.	Date/Time Release Began:	09/17/92; (month/day/year)	1320 (24-hr clock)	Ī
_	Ended:	09/17/92; (month/day/year)	1320 (24-hr clock)	
6.	In the table below, prov released (in 1bs, only) media should add up to tadjust the quantity of t (e.g., report 1,000 lbs sulfuric acid). For mulnecessary.	to each media. Quhe total quantity he chemical releas of 50% sulfuric ac	uantities relea released. For sed for chemica sid released as	ased to each r solutions, al concentration s 500 lbs
	Chemical Name: Nitric A	Acid/Nitrogen pent	oxide	
	CAS Number: 7697-37-2			
	Concentration (wt%): 99			
	Physical State at time o	f release: Liquid	/Vapor Fuming	Liquid
	Released To:	Quanti	ity (lbs):	
	Air Surface Water		45*	Most of this fell back onto the pad and ran into the sump as ${\rm H_2NO_3}$.
	Land Treatment Facility	3	080**/	** The containment
	Total Quantity Released:	3	125	system was designed to catch and hold 125% of all the acid in the system.
7.	Check the item below tha	t best describes v	when the releas	se occurred:
	d. While unit was se. During special t	tartup of shutting down shutdown for maint test, or non-stand of new construction escribe):	enance/product ard, trial run n, new equipme	conditions nt

KEGIUM	AL CASE #	/ N	RC #		
Check unit,	the item belo or process li	ow that best ine as a resu	describes th It of the re	e status of lease:	the facility
b c d.	No interrup Restarted a Shut down f Permanently Other (plea	after release for repairs; / closed	with plans t		
Check conta	the one item	below that be specified ar	est describe ea:	s the locat	ion of the lo
a. Prob. Stoc. Vald. Pipe. Punf. Oth	ocess Vessel: orage vessel: lve: flang oing: flange ner process ec	_x wall, wall, le, _ seal, lge, _ join ly, _ seal, quipment (ple	overflow, overflow, body t, elbow body ase describe	vent, _ vent, _ , wall	drain drain
How wa	as the release	: first disco	vered? (chec	k as many a	s apply)
c.	Chemical sp Observation	ı by employee	tor, alarm.		
dx e	Explosion/f Third party Other (plea	notification	n :		
	·				
	one item belo		describes wh	at initiate	d the release
ax	_ Equipment f _ Operator er	ailure ror			

EKNŞ	/REGIONAL CASE # / NRC #
	,
12.	Indicate other factors that contributed to the equipment failure or operator error (check as many as apply and elaborate below):
	a. "Upset" condition b. "By-pass" condition
	 d Maintenance activity e Inappropriate operating procedures
	f. Faulty process design g. Unsuitable equipment h. Unusual weather Conditions
4	i. X Other (please describe): Incident occurred in new design of a Research & Development nature.
13.	Provide a brief chronological description of the events that led up to and contributed to the release event (if helpful, include a sketch). Briefly discuss the results of your investigation. Use additional page as necessary. The electrolytic cell was being operated to prove out this new
	process. During operation, the cell ruptured due to an over pressure caused by, as determined in the subsequent investigation, a reaction between the circulating acids and the electrode. The original research did not indicate this failure scenario.
14.	Check all items that describe the end effects of the release event:
	a Spill b Vapor release c Explosion d. Fire
	e. X Other (describe): The liquid acid spilled was collected in the sump under the process equipment. The majority of the N ₂ O ₂ release condensed as N ₂ NO ₃ and fell back onto the concrete pad and was collected in the sump. A small cloud of formed, ascended to an height of some 1300 feet in a no-wind situation, condensed, and fell back to the HMX pad.
	·

ERNS	REGIONAL	CASE #		/ NRC	#			
			*					
15.	Was the	general	public	notified?	Yes	No	X	,
	and not	indicat ify the items a	public t	pe of commu o evacuate	nication to or take of	technologi ther safet	es used to y measures	alert . Check
	c d e f g h i.	Loudspectone ale Siren/a Modulate Aircraft Radio Televist Cable of Telephon	akers/puert radi larms ed power t ion /erride	tification blic access o/pagers lines escribe):	system			
								· ·

16.	treated	and rele	eased) ar	persons inj nd fataliti NA if not k	es that oc	oitalized ccurred as	(as oppose a result	d to of the
				<u>Injuries</u>	<u> Hospital</u>	ized	<u>Fatalitie</u>	<u>s</u>
	Facility Contract General Responde	ors public	ees	None	None		None	
	٠		•					
17.	Indicate result o	the num f the re	ber of p lease (i	persons eva indicate wi	cuated and th NA if n	l/or shelt not known)	ered-in-pl :	ace as a
				<u>Evac</u>	<u>uated</u>	Shelt	ered in Pla	ace
	Facility Contract General	ors	es	Nor	g le		2 one one	

ERNS/I	REGIONA	AL CASE #	/ NRC =	#	· -
18.	(captı	ıre, neutrali	diate response active or destroy a fent). Check as ma	coxic chemica	n to mitigate the release l before it is released
	$e. \frac{x}{x}$	Apply spra Transfer of Dilute and Containmer Plant/prod Divert rel	cess shutdown lease to treatment lease recovery	in led equipment	
	k	_ Other (des	scribe):		
19.	Indica releas		onmental effects	that occurred	d as a result of the
	a b c d e fx g	Wildlife	n damage amination er contamination		
20.	(e.g.; cleanu public	, cleanup cos up or lost to c (e.g., dama rties). An a	st, outside contr o shutdown, loss o age to natural re	actors cost, of production sources, publ	release for the facility hours/wages diverted to) and for the general ic and private ed if a breakdown is not
	a.	Facility Co	sts:	\$ 15,000	(est)
	b.	General Pub	lic Costs:	\$ None	
			Total Costs:	\$ 15,000	,

ERNS/	REGIONAL CASE # / NRC #		
	SECTION III. PREVENTION	PROFILE	
21a.	What formalized hazard evaluation was per the process or storage area within your f occurred? When was it last conducted? He evaluation conducted (e.g. every 2 years) and date last conducted as mm/dd/yy.	facility where the low frequently is	ne accident s this quency in years
		Frequency	Last <u>Conducted</u>
	a Cause-Consequence analyses b Dow and Mond Hazard Indices c Event Tree analyses d Failure Modes/Effects analyses e Fault Tree analyses f HAZOP Studies g Human Error analyses h Probabilistic Risk Assessments i What If analyses j No evaluation ever done for this a k Other evaluation (describe, indica	rea te frequency, da	April 1989 April 1989 April 1989 April 1989 April 1989
21b.	Was the hazard evaluation performed effectivent? Why or why not? No, because this incident was not predict and development work performed by Lawrence.	ed by the origin	nal research
22a.	Identify the training, procedures, and/or this facility prior to this release to procedure all that apply. ax	event accidental	tices used at releases.
	i Other (please describe):		

Describe any changes to existing training, procedures and management
practices, or what new types of training, procedures and management practices are or will be implemented as a result of this release?
None. Not considered pertinent to this incident. The changes made were to equipment materials of construction which were determined as the cause. The existing training and procedures were observed as being adequate to prevent personal injury, and to clean up the resulting spills, which were adequately contained.
What engineering systems or controls were in use prior to the release a
the process or storage area within your facility where the accident occurred? Check all that apply.
a. Backup/Redundant systemsb. X Automatic Shut-offs
 c Bypass/Surge systems d Manual Overrides e Controls for operations monitoring and warning
f Interlocks g. None
h Other (please describe):
Describe any changes to the existing engineering systems or controls, and any new types of engineering systems/controls that are or will be implemented as a result of this release:
The release was ascribed to contact between the acid in the cell and

17 Sentenbu 1991
-m End of Call
TO: Env of Solid Manger
FRom: Env- Continuos
Subject: Acid Release HMX
Chri Reddom and C. R. Somak were working in the
sicinity of the west at the burning pound,
we noticed a cloud, slightly yellow- brown in clay
- way from the static feet / stack area. By we workled
the cloud stopped ving and the maintain in the cloud steased
to fell back found the ground. Using this as an
intermediate reference performed a triangulation of
cloud height datominiation. Cloud hight at it's lighest
point was 1342 feet. As we continue to watch the
cloud despot below the the lane, Tim but the
Cloud to rive and fall back were approprientially 2 minutes. Burning ground personnel advised up that an
Burning grown personal advised us that on
indimention ander had been given in we deported the
burning grownly and warmed to Building 720th.
Mr. Learder radioad from the incident more
Mr. Learner radioal from the ricident more No accurate the reporting requirements. The CRITE White third is 1000 rounds. No mound induction that the RQ for NOX is 100 pounds.
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	25-T West Front Top Bunker pt 6.33
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Attachment 6 Nonresidential Land Use Notifications 136 pages

2011-000003377

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE - IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

NOTICE

6 Pages



FILED AND RECORDED OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:03/24/2011 03:52 PM	
Document Number: 2011-000003377	
Receipt No:	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	

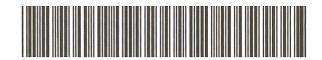


STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



AARON WILLIAMS EC-ER 1645 SOUTH 101ST EAST AVENUE

TULSA, OK 74128

STATE OF TEXAS HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remedial investigation of the land described herein. The site, LHAAP-08, the former Sewage Treatment Plant, operated from 1942 to 1997. LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as the Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-08 is not itself considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-08 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ as the lead regulatory agency that no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-08 included stabilization ponds, Dunbar filters, sludge drying beds, and an Imhoff tank. The plant received storm water, boiler blow down, laundry waste, vehicle wash rack waste, and effluent from film development at the X-ray facility. Treated effluent was discharged into Goose Prairie Creek and Caddo Lake. Soil and groundwater investigations in 2000, 2001, and 2005 included sampling for explosives compounds, metals, semivolatile organic compounds, volatile organic compounds, dioxins and furans, pesticides and PCBs. Soil results included detections of low levels of metals, perchlorate and dioxin. Low levels of metals, dioxin and furan compounds and perchlorate were detected in groundwater. An assessment of risk to exposure to soil and groundwater at LHAAP-08, based on the

nonresidential use scenario, indicated that potential human health risks are within the acceptable range established by EPA. Further information may be found by examination of the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The LHAAP-08 parcel is a 2.974 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the LHAAP-08 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required for LHAAP-08. Contaminants in soil samples from LHAAP-08 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of LHAAP-08 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of LHAAP-08 is consistent with the non-residential use scenario evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; and nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220

Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-BDO (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

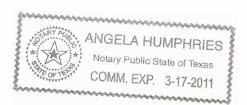
EXECUTED this the <u>25</u>th day of <u>January</u>, 2010.

BEFORE ME, on this the 25 th day of \(\frac{1000}{200} \), personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 25 day of

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF "LHAAP-08" TRACT (PROPOSED INDUSTRIAL USE NOTIFICATION AREA) CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, tract "LHAAP-08" being 2.974 acre of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract "LHAAP-08" being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998636625, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "IGNATIUS-1" (N=6957090.304 feet E=3311081.788 feet) and "IGNATIUS-2" (N=6955582.752 feet E=3311851.704 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1693.005 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances. As used herein, the abbreviation I.R.O.P.C. indicates 1/2" iron rebar with orange plastic cap engraved "Fidler" & "RPLS 3940", and the abbreviation C.N.I.B.C. indicates concrete nail in bottle cap.

Commencing at monument "IGNATIUS-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 52deg56'26"W 814.32' to an I.R.O.P.C. set for the Southmost corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE N 28deg08'32"W 374.05' along the S.W. B.L. of this tract to an I.R.O.P.C. set for this tract's Westmost corner,

THENCE N 62deg03'14"E 348.01' along the N.W. B.L. of this tract to a C.N.I.B.C. set (in the asphalt pavement of South Houston Road) for this tract's Northmost corner,

THENCE S 27deg43'38"E 328.00' along the N.E. B.L. of this tract to a C.N.I.B.C. set (in the asphalt pavement of South Houston Road) for the North end of a curve,

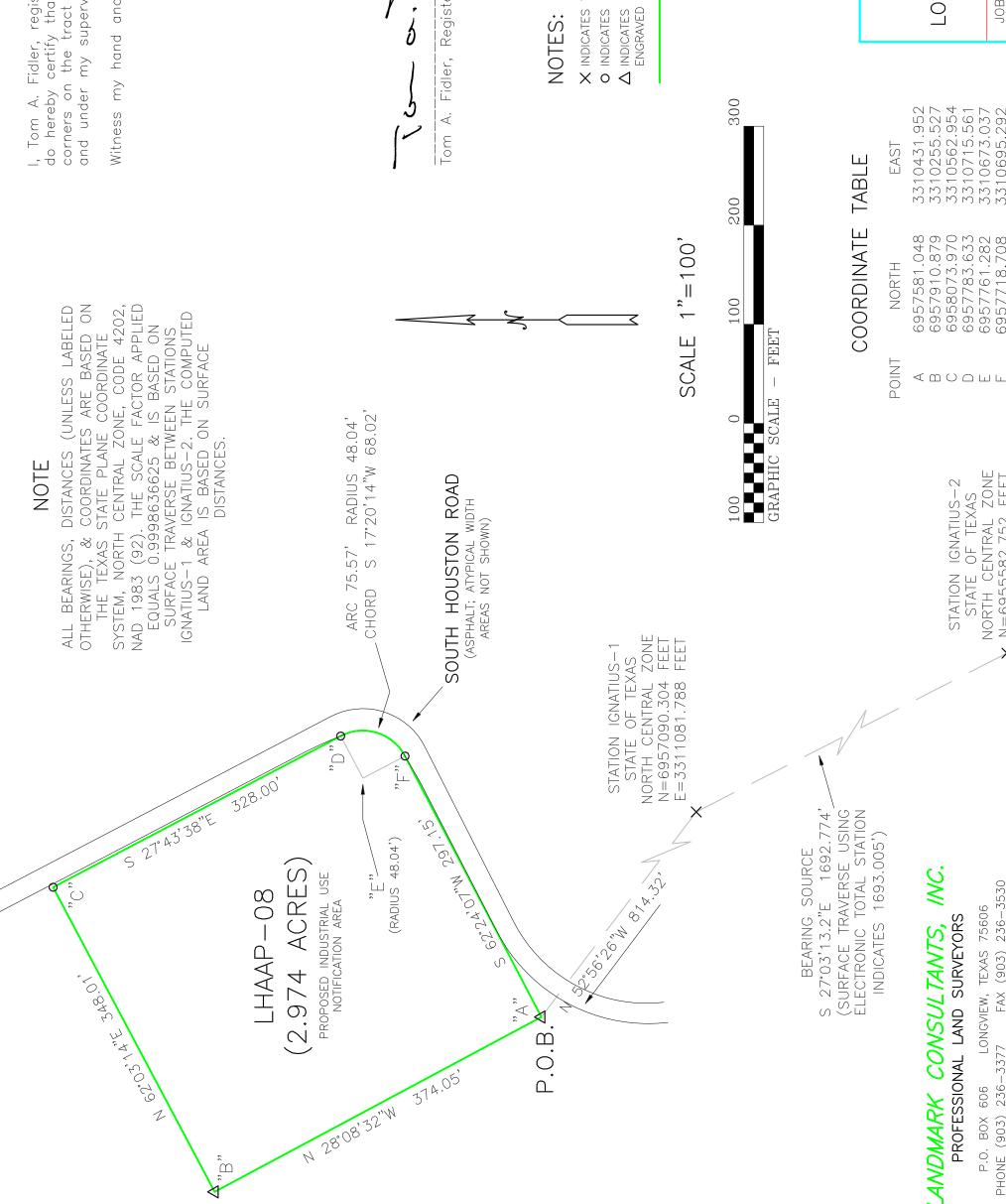
THENCE along a curve to the right (having a radius of 48.04' and an arc length of 75.57', being subtended by a chord of S 17deg20'14"W 68.02') to a C.N.I.B.C. set (in the asphalt pavement of South Houston Road) for the South end of said curve,

THENCE S 62deg24'07"W 297.15' along the S.E. B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING, containing 2.974 acres, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

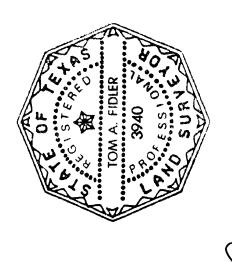


Toma. Foller



corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. and under my supervision in July 2008.

Witness my hand and seal this the 29th day of July, 2008



Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940

 X indicates type "G" corps of engineers monument (found) O INDICATES CONCRETE NAIL IN BOTTLE CAP (SET IN ASPHALT)

INDICATES 1/2" IRON REBAR WITH ORANGE PLASTIC CAP ENGRAVED "FIDLER" & "RPLS 3940" (SET)

INDICATES BOUNDARY OF PROPOSED INDUSTRIAL USE NOTIFICATION AREA

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION

SHEET ON SEPARATE <u>S</u>

DRAWN BY JTJ 0605063.CRD 07/29/2008

3310695.292

6957718.708

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE

N=695582.752 FEET E=3311851.704 FEET

FAX (903) 236-3530

PHONE (903) 236-3377

P.O. BOX 606

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606

2012-000000706

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000706	
Receipt No: <u>1200645</u>	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump094 (called Sump 094 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump094 is a former sump location near Building 16-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump094 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump094) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump094 parcel is 64 square feet, more or less, or 0.00146 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump094 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump094 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump094 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump094 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management
ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)
600 Army Pentagon
Washington D.C. 20310-0600
Rose M. Zeiler
Longhorn AAP Site Manager
EXECUTED this theth day of, 2011.
BEFORE ME, on this the the thind the day of the day of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.
GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 30 day of JUNL. 2011.
JENNIFER LESTER Notary Public State of Texas COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015 Notary Public in and for the State of Texas, County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 094 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 64.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

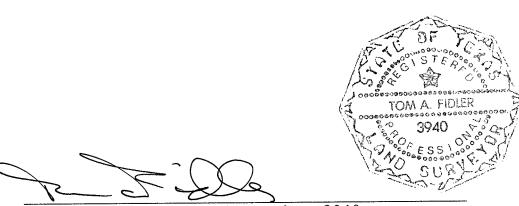
THENCE N 07deg59'31"W 569.56' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following four courses:

- (01) N 37deg59'57"W 8.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (02) N 52deg00'03"E 8.00' to a point for the Northmost corner of this tract,
- (03) S 37deg59'57"E 8.00' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (04) S 52deg00'03"W 8.00' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 64.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC.

P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 'PHONE (903) 236-3377 FAX (903) 236-3530 . E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)

NOTES:

NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER—2. THE COMPUTED LAND

AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

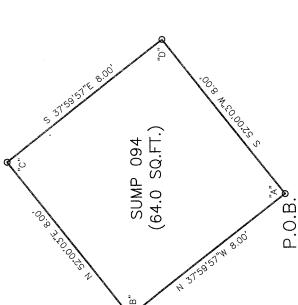
OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE

SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202,

DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED

ALL BEARINGS,

O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP



SCALE 1"=3

GRAPHIC SCALE

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

BEARING SOURCE

INDICATES 1116.219')

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102'

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor,

JOB #0407088	0407088.CRD	H.PTS H.LEG
03/14/2011	1103025H.DWG	DRAWN BY JTJ

ITION PLANT TEXAS	H.PTS H.LEG	DRAWN BY JTJ
LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITIÓN PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS	0407088.CRD	1103025H.DWG
LONGHOŘN HARRIS	JOB #0407088	03/14/2011

H.PTS	0407088.CRD	JOB #0407088
ET) TION TEXA	SUMP 094 (64.0 SQUARE FEET) ONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS	LONG
- !		2
NOITON	FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION	FIELD
	·	

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER—1 STATE OF TEXAS

N 07'59'31"W 569.56

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

3314200.311 3314195.385 3314201.689 3314206.615

6959071.485 6959077.789 6959082.715 6959076.411

EAST

NORTH

POINT

COORDINATE TABLE

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011.

2012-000000707

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000707	
Receipt No: <u>1200645</u>	
Amount: \$ 32.00	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump095 (called Sump 095 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump095 is a former sump location near Building 34-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump095 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump095) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The Sump095 parcel is 69.6 square feet, more or less, or 0.00159 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump095 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump095 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump095 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump095 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Man	agement
ATTN: DAIM- ODB (T. Lederle)	
600 Army Pentagon	
Washington D.C. 20310-0600	
Rose M. Zeiler Longhorn AAP Site Manager	
EXECUTED this the 30th day of July	, 2011.
M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, Unite to be the person and agent of said agency winstrument, and she acknowledged to me the in the capacity therein expressed. GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF THE CONTROL OF THE	y of TWL, personally appeared Rose d States Department of Defense, known to me hose name is subscribed to the foregoing at she executed the same for the purposes and DF OFFICE, this the 20 day of JWL
2011.	amile foller
JENNIFER LESTER	Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,
Notary Public State of Texas	County of Harrison
AND THE RESERVE AND ALL PROPERTY AND ALL	

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 095 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 69.6 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

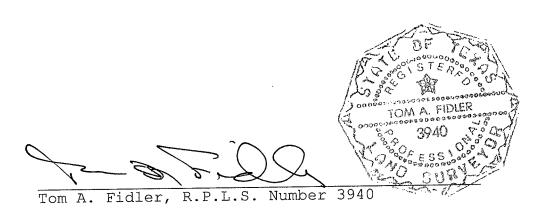
THENCE N 43deg48'28"E 725.22' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following eight courses:

- (01) N 37deg59'57"W 12.00' to a point for tract corner,
- (02) S 52deg00'03"W 3.10' to a point for tract corner,
- (03) N 37deg59'57"W 6.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (04) N 52deg00'03"E 8.00' to a point for the Northmost corner of this tract,
- (05) S 37deg59'57"E 6.00' to a point for tract corner,
- (06) S 52deg00'03"W 3.10' to a point for tract corner,
- (07) S 37deg59'57"E 12.00' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (08) S 52deg00'03"W 1.80' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 69.6 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)

O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202,

COORDINATE TABLE

3314781.526 3314774.138 3314771.695 3314768.001 3314775.999 3314775.556 EAST 6959030.826 6959040.282 6959043.373 6959043.101 6959041.399 6959041.399 NORTH POINT

-S 52'00'03"W 1.80'

<u>"</u>T

SQUARE FEET

SCALE 1"=3'

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

(69.⁶

095

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

† X

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

P.O.B.

Colina Andreas

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011.

Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940,

do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (69.6 SQUARE FEET) SUMP 095 NORTH CENTRAL ZONE FEET STATION TYLER-2. STATE OF TEXAS N=6957832.181 E=3315168.140

INDICATES 1116.219')

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940

S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION BEARING SOURCE

HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS JOB #0407088

DRAWN BY JTJ F.PTS F.LEG 1103025F.DWG 0407088.CRD 03/14/2011

2012-000000708

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: <u>2012-000000708</u>	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump096 (called Sump 096 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump096 is a former sump location near Building 34-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump096 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump096) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The Sump096 parcel is 64 square feet, more or less, or 0.00146 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump096 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump096 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump096 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump096 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

ptary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

JENNIFER LESTER

Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 096 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 64.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 36deg34'53"E 696.04' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following four courses:

- (01) N 37deg59'57"W 8.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (02) N 52deg00'03"E 8.00' to a point for the Northmost corner of this tract,
- (03) S 37deg59'57"E 8.00' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (04) S 52deg00'03"W 8.00' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 64.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIF EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON

NOTE

SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

COORDINATE TABLE

NORTH POINT

EAST

6959066.385 6959072.689 6959077.615 6959071.311 A B O D

3314694.311 3314689.385 3314695.689 3314700.615

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS (64.0 SQUARE FEET SUMP 096

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

G.PTS G.LEG	DRAWN BY JTJ
0407088.CRD	1103025G.DWG
JOB #0407088	03/14/2011

NOTES:

 X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

(64.0 SQ.FT.) SUMP 096 P.O.B. 4. 56. 45. 96. N

SCALE 1"=3

GRAPHIC SCALE

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.i, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011.

ÈLECTRONIC TOTAL STATION (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING S 52*46'07.6"E 1116.102'

INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Survey

2012-000000709

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: <u>2012-000000709</u>	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump097 (called Sump 097 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump097 is a former sump location near Building 38-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump097 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump097) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump097 parcel is 76.6 square feet, more or less, or 0.00175 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump097 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump097 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump097 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump097 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 30 th day of 4,2011

BEFORE ME, on this the Dth day of UM, personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the day of JUNL,

2011.

JENNIFER LESTER

Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

Coulty of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 097 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 76.6 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), more particularly described as follows: said tract being

All bearings and distances herein (unless Surveyor's Note: labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

"TYLER-1" referenced above, Commencing at monument

THENCE N 33deg53'28"E 842.86' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete which defines this sump the following four courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete :

- N 58deg18'32"W 6.20', being this sump's Westmost corner, (01)
- 12.45', 6.18', N 37deg53'34"E (02)
- S 58deg06'49"E (03)
- being this sump's Northmost corner, being this sump's Eastmost corner, being the aforementioned POINT OF 12.43', S 37deq47'39"W (04)BEGINNING.

This tract contains 76.6 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

R.P.L.S. Number Tom A. Fidler,

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

COORDINATE TABLE

(AJJ) JANNOS O.O.

3314749.495 3314744.219 3314751.868 3314757.113

6959207.120 6959210.377 6959220.206 6959216.943

NORTH POINT

EAST

SCALE 1"=3

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

SUMP 097

STATION TYLER-2

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

1,823.55 N

TOW A. FIDIES

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor 314

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' BEARING SOURCE

INDICATES 1116.219')

(76.6 SQUARE FEET) LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

JOB #0407088	0407088.CRD	Z.PTS Z.LEG
MAR. 4, 2011	0908074Z.DWG	DRAWN BY JTJ

NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, ALL BEARINGS,

NOTES:

 X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)

<60 ×475

☐ INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE

O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 4, 2011.

2012-000000710

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000710	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ĭ

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump098 (called Sump 098 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump098 is a former sump location near Building 38-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump098 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump098) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The Sump098 parcel is 39.4 square feet, more or less, or 0.0009 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump098 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump098 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump098 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump098 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 1 th day of

BEFORE ME, on this the _______ th day of _______, personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the day of Jule,

2011.

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas
COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 098 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 39.4 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

All bearings and distances herein (unless Surveyor's Note: labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feetE=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet)E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 28deg58'18"E 815.98' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete which defines this sump the following four courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete :

- N 51deg59'37"W being this sump's Westmost corner, 9.74', (01)
- 4.05', 9.75', being this sump's Northmost corner, N 43deq01'55"E (02)
- being this sump's Eastmost corner, S 52deg06'01"E (03)
- being the aforementioned POINT OF S 43deg15'56"W 4.07', (04)BEGINNING.

This tract contains 39.4 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

NOTES:

- X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) ☐ INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE
- O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

WC. LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377 FAX (903) 236-3530 E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS
TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND
AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

SCALE 1"=3

COORDINATE TABLE

P.O.B.

EAST 6959221,331 6959227,327 6959230,288 6959224,296 NORTH POINT **∀** ⊞ Ö □

3314674.744 3314667.072 3314669.837 3314677.534

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS (39.4 SQUARE FEET SUMP 098

JOB #0407088	0407088.CRD	Y.PTS Y.LEG
MAR. 4, 2011	0908074Y.DWG	DRAWN BY JTJ

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

N 28-58 J. 89-85 N

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March $2011. \label{eq:corner}$

Witness my hand and seal March 4, 2011.

, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' BEARING SOURCE



Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor,

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION INDICATES 1116.219')

2012-000000711

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE - IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FIL		
On:	01/19/2012 10:41 AM	_
Document I	Number: 2012-000000711	-
Receipt No:	1200645	
Amount:	\$ 32.00	
Ву:	Ann Turner , Dep	uty
	atsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump099 (called Sump 099 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump099 is a former sump location near Building 38-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump099 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump099) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump099 parcel is 48 square feet, more or less, or 0.0011 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump099 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump099 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump099 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump099 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 1 th day of

BEFORE ME, on this the th day of the Lorentz personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the <u>50</u> day of <u>JUN</u>

2011.

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas
COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 099 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 48.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

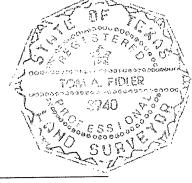
THENCE N 27deg36'35"E 879.49' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following four courses:

- (01) N 37 deg 59'57"W 8.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (02) N 52deg00'03"E 6.00' to a point for the Northmost corner of this tract,
- (03) S 37deg59'57"E 8.00' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (04) S 52deg00'03"W 6.00' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 48.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER—1 & TYLER—2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED ALL BEARINGS,

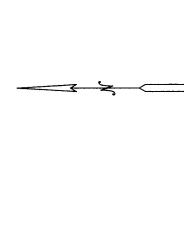
NOTES

 X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com



SCALE 1"=3'

GRAPHIC SCALE

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

SUMP 099 STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

099 50.FT SUMP (48.0

P.O.B.

3314682.173 3314682.173 3314686.901 3314691.827

6959286.801 6959293.105 6959296.799 6959290.495

EAST

NORTH

POINT

COORDINATE TABLE

1.64.628 3.55.95.45 N

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

BEARING SOURCE

S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION

INDICATES 1116.219')

N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

DRAWN BY JTJ J.LEG J.PTS 1103025J.DWG 0407088.CRD JOB #0407088 03/14/2011

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT

(48.0 SQUARE FEET)

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE

HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor

2012-000000712

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILE	ED AND RECORDED - (OPR
On:	01/19/2012 10:41 AM	<u> </u>
Document N	umber: _2012-0000007	12
Receipt No:	1200645	
Amount:	\$ 32.00	
Ву:	Ann Turner	, Deputy
	tsy Cox, County Cle	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump100 (called Sump 100 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump100 is a former sump location near Building 45-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump100 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump100) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

Π

The Sump100 parcel is 80 square feet, more or less, or 0.00183 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump100 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump100 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump100 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump100 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

and for the State of Texas,

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management
ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)
600 Army Pentagon
Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler
Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 30th day of 1, 2011.

BEFORE ME, on this the that the day of 1, personally appeared Rose
M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this that day of 1, 2011.

County of Harrison

JENNIFER LESTER Notary Public State of Texas COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 100 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 80.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

"TYLER-1" referenced above, Commencing at monument

THENCE N 23deg52'16"E 995.90' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following four courses:

- N 37deg59'57"W 8.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of (01)this tract,
- to a point for the Northmost corner N 52deg00'03"E 10.00' (02)of this tract,
- to a point for the Eastmost corner of S 37deg59'57"E 8.00' (03)this tract,
- to this POINT OF BEGINNING. S 52deg00'03"W 10.00' (04)

This tract contains 80.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



R.P.L.S. Number 3940 Fidler, Tom A.

DRAWN BY JTJ

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

E-MAIL, landmark@cablelynx.com

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE

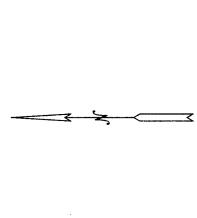
DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED

ALL BEARINGS,

NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED

SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202

EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.



0.000

P.O.B.

3314682.523 3314677.597 3314685.477 3314690.403

6959418.170 6959424.474 6959430.630 6959424.326

A B O D

EAST

NORTH

POINT

COORDINATE TABLE

SCALE 1"=3'

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITIÓN PLANT STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

(80.0 SQUARE FEET

SUMP 100

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

N 23.55°76" E 995.90°

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011.

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING **ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION** S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveydi

K.PTS K.LEG HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS 1103025K.DWG 0407088.CRD JOB #0407088

03/14/2011

2012-000000713

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: <u>2012-000000713</u>	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump101 (called Sump 101 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump101 is a former sump location near Building 45-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump101 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump101) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump101 parcel is 67 square feet, more or less, or 0.00153 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump101 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump101 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump101 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump101 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington D.C. 20310-0600 Rose M. Zeiler C Longhorn AAP Site Manager EXECUTED this the 10 th day of BEFORE ME, on this the U th day of U , personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed. GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 2011. JENNIFER LESTER

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 101 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 67.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 27deg18'47"E 1027.58' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, said point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete which defines this sump the following four courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete:

- (01) N 38deg59'52"W 11.24', being this sump's Westmost corner,
- (02) N 57deg48'20"E 5.99', being this sump's Northmost corner,
- (03) S 39deg05'42"E 11.26', being this sump's Eastmost corner,
- (04) S 57deg59'19"W 6.01', being the aforementioned POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 67.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

DRAWN BY JTJ A.PTS A.LEG

1103025A.DWG 0407088.CRD

MAR. 4, 2011 JOB #0407088

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS

SUMPLARE FEET

SCALE 1"=3'

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

COORDINATE TABLE

P.O.B.

EAST NORTH POINT

6959420.476 6959429.211 6959432.404 6959423.663

3314751.003 3314743.930 3314749.001 3314756.102

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

.85.<201 3"<*.81.<2 N

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 4, 2011.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEETS

(67.0 SQUARE FEET) LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT **SUMP 101** NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, Ne

NOTES:

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) ☐ INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE

O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

2012-000000714

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
01/10/2010 10 41 41/	
On: 01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000714	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump102 (called Sump 102 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump102 is a former sump location near Building 16-T physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-35C(53) of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump102 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEO, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump102) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump102 parcel is 154.4 square feet, more or less, or 0.00354 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump102 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump102 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump102 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump102 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

 Π

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington D.C. 20310-0600 Rose M. Zeiler Longhorn AAP Site Manager EXECUTED this the 30th day of th day of BEFORE ME, on this the , personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed. GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the day of JULL, 2011. 2011. JENNIFER LESTER y Public in and for the State of Texas. Notary Public State of Texas County of Harrison COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 102 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 154.4 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

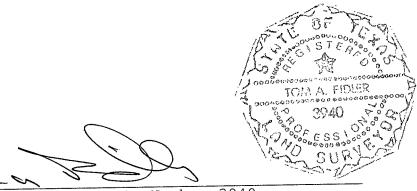
THENCE S 17deg29'41"E 550.28' to a point for the Northmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following ten courses:

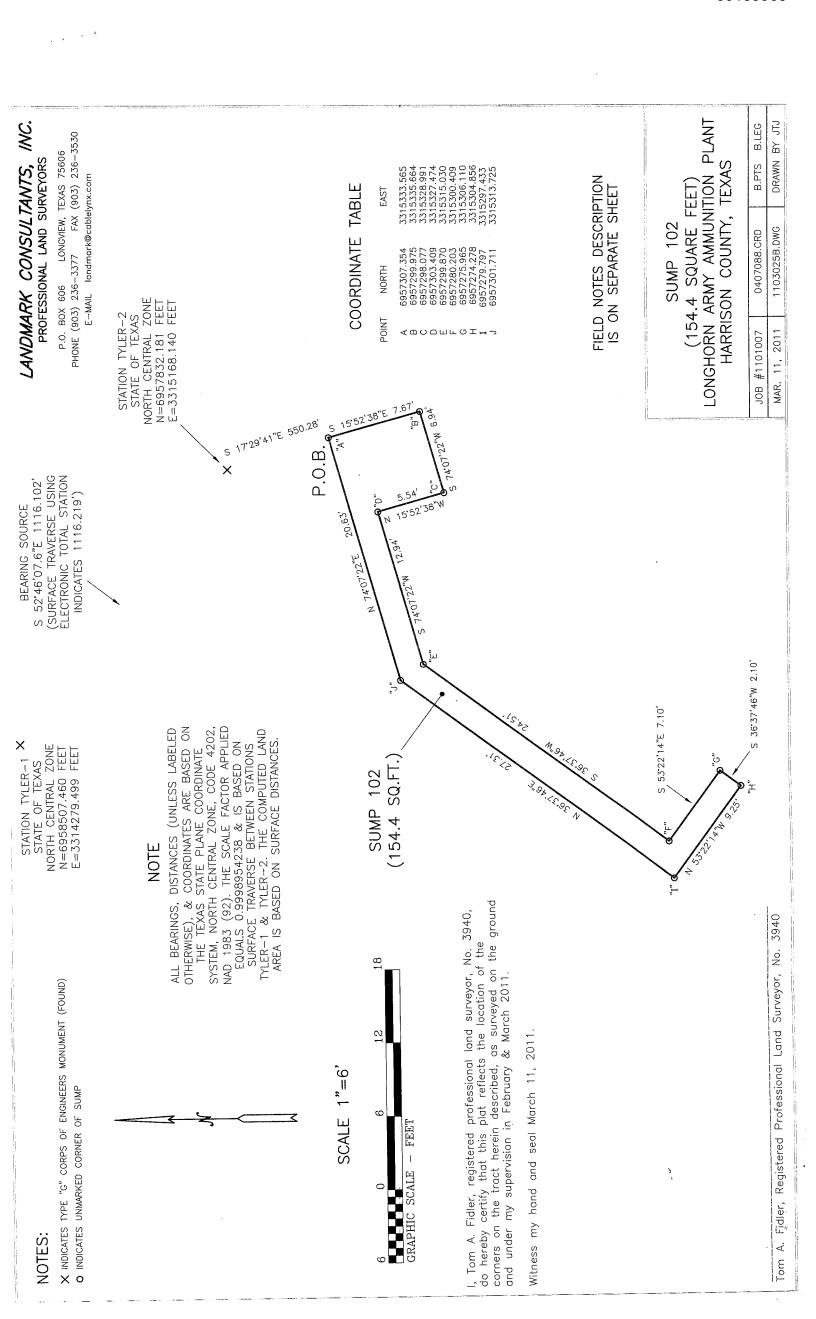
- (01) S 15deg52'38"E 7.67' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (02) S 74deg07'22"W 6.94' to a point for tract corner,
- (03) N 15deg52'38"W 5.54' to a point for tract corner,
- (04) S 74deg07'22"W 12.94' to a point for tract corner,
- (05) S 36deg37'46"W 24.51' to a point for tract corner,
- (06) S 53deg22'14"E 7.10' to a point for tract corner,
- (07) S 36deg37'46"W 2.10' to a point for the Southmost corner of this tract,
- (08) N 53deg22'14"W 9.25' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (09) N 36deg37'46"E 27.31' to a point for tract corner,
- (10) N 74deg07'22"E 20.63' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 154.4 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



2012-000000715

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

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6 Pages

FIL	ED AND RECORDED -	- OPR
On:	01/19/2012 10:41 A	M
Document N	Number: 2012-000000°	715
Receipt No:	1200645	-
Amount:	\$ 32.00	- ·
By:	Ann Turner	, Deputy
	atsy Cox, County Cl Iarrison County, Te	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump103 (called Sump 103 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump103 is a former sump location near Building 16-T physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-35C(53) of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump103 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump103) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump103 parcel is 209.1 square feet, more or less, or 0.0048 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump103 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump103 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump103 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump103 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington D.C. 20310-0600 Longhorn AAP Site Manager EXECUTED this the 30th day of th day of BEFORE ME, on this the , personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed. GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 2011. JENNIFER LESTER Notary Public State of Texas Public i h and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 103 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 209.1 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

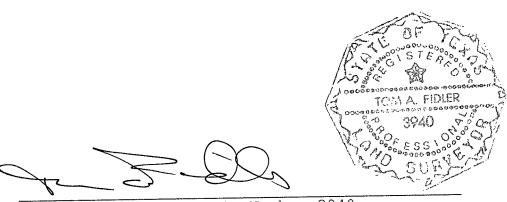
THENCE S 20deg31'34"E 601.43' to a point for the Northmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following ten courses:

- (01) S 16deg10'14"E 10.01' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (02) S 73deg49'46"W 9.99' to a point for tract corner,
- (03) N 16deg10'14"W 2.67' to a point for tract corner,
- (04) S 36deg37'46"W 27.57' to a point for the Southmost corner of this tract,
- (05) N 53deg22'14"W 29.02' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (06) N 36deg37'46"E 2.10' to a point for tract corner,
- (07) S 53deg22'14"E 27.18' to a point for tract corner,
- (08) N 36deg37'46"E 26.86' to a point for tract corner,
- (09) N 16deg10'14"W 5.03' to a point for tract corner,
- (10) N 73deg49'46"E 9.99' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 209.1 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

3315379.021 3315381.810 3315372.23 33153571.468 3315355.021 3315331.731 3315332.985 3315370.825 3315370.825 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT DRAWN BY JTJ LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. C.PTS C.LEG PHONE (903) 236-3377 FAX (903) 236-3530 COORDINATE TABLE EAST P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS E-MAIL landmark@cabletynx.com FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION (209.1 SQUARE FEET) IS ON SEPARATE SHEET 6957268.937 6957256.536 6957256.104 6957259.104 6957254.297 6957255.984 6957255.984 6957255.984 6957265.086 NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET **SUMP 103** 1103025C.DWG NORTH STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS 0407088.CRD POINT MAR. 11, 2011 JOB #1101007 20°31′34″E N 16'10'14"W 2.67' × (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING **ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION** S 52.46'07.6"E 1116.102' P.O.B. INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. OTHERWISE), & COORDINATE'S ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, (209.1 SQ.FT. **SUMP 103** STATION TYLER-1 X NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET NOTE STATE OF TEXAS ALL BEARINGS, N 36'37'46"E 2.10' corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940 X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) Witness my hand and seal March 11, 2011. SCALE 1"=6O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP GRAPHIC SCALE -- FEET NOTES:

2012-000000716

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6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED - OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On: 01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000716	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By: Ann Turner,	Deputy
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump104 (called Sump 104 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump104 is a former sump location near Building 16-T physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-35C(53) of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump104 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump104) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The Sump104 parcel is 149.2 square feet, more or less, or 0.00342 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump104 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump104 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump104 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump104 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Róse M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 30th day of

BEFORE ME, on this the Oth day of Other, personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the day of June,

2011.

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas
COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

County of Harrison

2011.

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 104 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 149.2 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 09deg38'40"E 580.62' to a point for the Northmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following eight courses:

- (01) S 53deg22'14"E 23.26' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (02) S 36 deg 37' 46"W 2.24' to a point for tract corner,
- (03) N 53deg22'14"W 20.93' to a point for tract corner,
- (04) S 36deg37'46"W 24.04' to a point for the Southmost corner of this tract,
- (05) N 53deg22'14"W 7.69' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (06) N 36deg37'46"E 7.70' to a point for tract corner,
- (07) S 53deg22'14"E 5.37' to a point for tract corner,
- (08) N 36deg37'46"E 18.58' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 149.2 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

1000

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. 3315265.412 3315284.077 3315282.743 3315265.943 3315251.599 3315250.018 3315250.018 ONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT D.LEG DRAWN BY JTJ FAX (903) 236-3530 S 36'37'46"W 2.24' COORDINATE TABLE EAST P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS D.PTS E--MAil. landmark@cablelynx.com FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET (149.2 SQUARE FEET 6957259.767 6957244.097 6957244.097 6957256.587 6957237.294 6957241.884 6957244.859 SUMP 104 NORTH 1103025D.DWG 0407088.CRD PHONE (903) 236-3377 POINT NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS MAR. 11, 2011 JOB #1101007 09°38'40"E (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING **ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION** S 52°46'07.6"E 1116.102' INDICATES 1116.219') P.O.B. BEARING SOURCE OTHERWISE). & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON (149.2 SQ.FT.) **SUMP 104** NOTE STATE OF TEXAS
NORTH CENTRAL ZONE
N=6958507.460 FEET
E=3314279.499 FEET STATION TYLER-1 I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011. Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940 X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) 12 Witness my hand and seal March 11, 2011. SCALE 1"=6'O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET NOTES:

2012-000000717

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FILED AND RECORDED - OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000717	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ 32.00	
By: Ann Turner , Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump105 (called Sump 105 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump105 is a former sump location near Building 16-T physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-35C(53) of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump105 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEO, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump105) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The Sump105 parcel is 201.7 square feet, more or less, or 0.00463 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump105 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump105 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump105 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump105 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

 Π

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

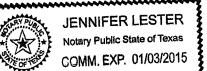
Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 3() th day of \(\frac{1}{2} \)

, personally appeared Rose BEFORE ME, on this the I th day of M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 2011.

2011.



the State of Texas, Public in and for t County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 105 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 201.7 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

· Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 13deg17'42"E 623.38' to a point for the Northmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following eight courses:

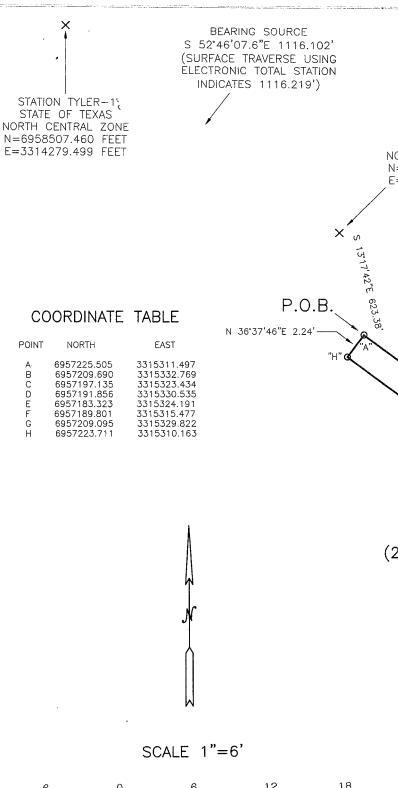
- (01) S 53deg22'14"E 26.51' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (02) S 36deg37'46"W 15.65' to a point for tract corner,
- (03) S 53deg22'14"E 8.85' to a point for tract corner,
- (04) S 36deg37'46"W 10.63' to a point for the Southmost corner of this tract,
- (05) N 53deg22'14"W 10.86' to a point for tract corner,
- (06) N 36deg37'46"E 24.04' to a point for tract corner,
- (07) N 53deg22'14"W 24.50' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (08) N 36deg37'46"E 2.24' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 201.7 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

STER POLICY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 PHONE (903) 236-3377 FAX (903) 236-3530 E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

NOTE

ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

SUMP 105 (201.7 SQ.FT.)

18 GRAPHIC SCALE

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 11, 2011.

NOTES:

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)

O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

SUMP 105 (201.7 SQUARE FEET) LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

JOB #1101007	0407088.CRD	E.PTS E.LEG
MAR. 11, 2011	1103025E.DWG	DRAWN BY JTJ



2012-000000718

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

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6 Pages

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0	01/10/2012 10 41 414	
On:	01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document	Number: 2012-000000718	
Receipt No	1200645	
Amount:	\$ 32.00	
By:	Ann Turner	_, Deputy
	Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. Sump123 (called Sump 123 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. Sump123 is a former sump location near Building 18-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which Sump123 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps (including Sump123) were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at

TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The Sump123 parcel is 60 square feet, more or less, or 0.00137 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the Sump123 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from Sump123 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of Sump123 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of Sump123 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

y Public in and for the

County of Harrison

State of Texas,

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SUMP 123 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 60.0 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

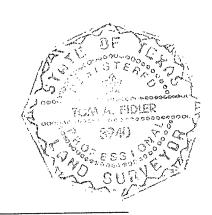
THENCE N 07deg59'31"W 569.56' to a point for the Southmost corner of this sump and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE along the boundary of this tract the following four courses:

- (01) N 37deg59'57"W 6.00' to a point for the Westmost corner of this tract,
- (02) N 52deg00'03"E 10.00' to a point for the Northmost corner of this tract,
- (03) S 37deg59'57"E 6.00' to a point for the Eastmost corner of this tract,
- (04) S 52deg00'03"W 10.00' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 60.0 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

DRAWN BY JTJ I.PTS I.LEG

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

FAX (903) 236-3530 PHONE (903) 236-3377

P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 E-MAil. landmark@cablelynx.com

O INDICATES UNMARKED CORNER OF SUMP

NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

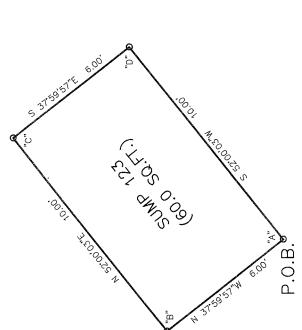
OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202,

ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED

NOTE

NOTES

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)



SCALE 1"=3

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEET

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

08'28'00"W 622.08'

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.

Witness my hand and seal March 14, 2011

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

3314187.907 3314184.213 3314192.093 3314195.787

6959122.758 6959127.486 6959133.642 6959128.914

O C B A

EAST

NORTH

POINT

COORDINATE TABLE

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT (60.0 SQUARE FEET) STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

SUMP 123

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102'

INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor,

HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS 1103025I.DWG 0407088.CRD JOB #0407088 03/14/2011

2012-000000719

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE - IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

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6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OP	R	CLERKS NOTES
On: 01/19/2012 10:41 AM		
Document Number: 2012-000000719		
Receipt No: 1200645		
Amount: \$ 32.00		
By: Ann Turner	, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas		



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. WRSump001 (called W.R. Sump 001 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. WRSump001 is a former waste rack sump location near Building 34-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36 of which WRSump001 is a part is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2, no further action.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps including WRSump001) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

П

The WRSump001 parcel is 57.1 square feet, more or less, or 0.00131 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the WRSump001 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from WRSump001 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of WRSump001 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of WRSump001 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management
ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)
600 Army Pentagon
Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler
Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 30th day of 3, 2011.

BEFORE ME, on this the 4th day of 5 personally appeared Rose
M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 3 day of 3 June, 2011.

Public in and for the State of Texas,

y of Harrison

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas

COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF W.R. SUMP 001 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 57.1 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

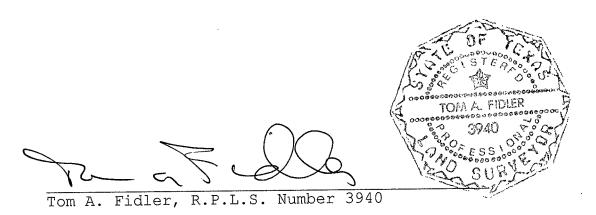
THENCE N 42deg37'08"E 700.32' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, said point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump the following twelve courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete wall:

```
N 36deg36'16"W
                       4.50',
(01)
     N 51deg51'25"E
                       1.07',
(02)
                       2.46',
     N 38deg08'35"W
(03)
     S 63deg07'08"W
                       0.85',
(04)
                               being this sump's Westmost corner,
     N 38deg08'35"W
                       7.98',
(05)
                       3.70',
                               being this sump's Northmost corner,
     N 51deq51'25"E
(06)
                       8.17',
     S 39deq59'44"E
(07)
                       1.00',
     S 52deg07'09"W
(80)
     S 39deg59'44"E
                       2.34',
(09)
     N 50deg00'16"E
                       1.14',
(10)
                               being this sump's Eastmost corner,
     S 39deg59'44"E
(11)
                                being the aforementioned POINT OF
     S 52deg10'33"W
                       4.68',
(12)
                                BEGINNING.
```

This tract contains 57.1 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, INC. PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

NOTES:

FAX (903) 236-3530 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606 E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com PHONE (903) 236-3377 P.O. BOX 606

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON ALL BEARINGS,

COORDINATE TABLE

3314751.014 3314751.854 3314760.332 3314749.573 3314744.647 3314747.555 3314752.805 3314752.018 3314753.696 3314753.396 3314753.696 EAST 6959028.627 6959034.899 6959037.183 6959030.313 6959028.519 6959028.519 6959025.676 6959022.804 6959026.415 6959027.074 6959029.012 6959022.804 NORTH

P.O.B.

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEETS

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS (57.1 SQUARE FEET) W.R. SUMP 001

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

W.PTS W.LEG	DRAWN BY JTJ
0407088.CRD	0908074W.DWG
 JOB #0407088	MAR 1 2011

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) [] INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE WALL O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

N 50°00'16"E 1.14' S 39'59'44"E 2.34' S 52'07'09"W 1.00' SQUARE 67,1 'n 001 N 38'08'35"W 2.46' N 51*51*25"E 1.07" S 63'07'08"W 0.85'

SCALE 1"=3'

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

Witness my hand and seal March 1, 2011.

STATE OF TEXAS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET STATION TYLER-1 ·èr.001 ×

BEARING SOURCE

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940

S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102' (SURFACE TRAVERSE USING ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION

INDICATES 1116.219")

2012-000000720

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE - IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

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6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000720	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ <u>32.00</u>	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. WRSump002 (called W.R. Sump 002 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. WRSump002 is a former waste rack sump location near Building 38-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which WRSump002 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2, no further action.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps including WRSump002) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The WRSump002 parcel is 61.1 square feet, more or less, or 0.00140 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the WRSump002 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from WRSump002 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of WRSump002 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of WRSump002 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

Ш

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

or

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle) 600 Army Pentagon Washington D.C. 20310-0600

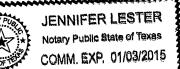
Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 3Qh day of 2

, personally appeared Rose th day of \ BEFORE ME, on this the M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the day of JUNE 2011

2011.



Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF W.R. SUMP 002 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 61.1 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

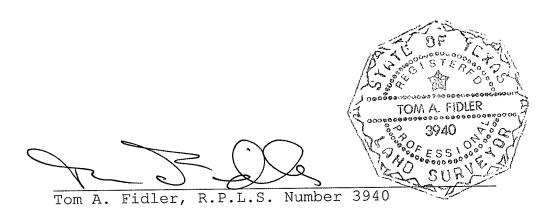
THENCE N 27deg03'19"E 797.78' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, said point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump the following twelve courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete wall:

```
4.01',
     N 50deg15'02"W
                              being this sump's Westmost corner,
(01)
                      7.83',
    N 38deg19'51"E
(02)
                       0.84',
     S 58deg29'13"E
(03)
                       3.09',
     N 41deg11'11"E
(04)
                       1.32',
     N 51deq30'19"W
(05)
                      4.55',
                               being this sump's Northmost corner,
     N 40deg19'40"E
(06)
                      4.65',
     S 54deg31'45"E
                               being this sump's Eastmost corner,
(07)
     S 38deg16'58"W
                       4.65',
(80)
                       1.23'
     N 53deg12'50"W
(09)
     S 39deg42'05"W
                       3.32',
(10)
     S 51deg04'42"E
(11)
                       0.79'
                               being the aforementioned POINT OF
     S 38deq16'58"W
                       7.89',
(12)
                               BEGINNING.
```

This tract contains 61.1 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



₩C.

LANDMARK CONSULTANTS, PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS FAX (903) 236-3530

PHONE (903) 236-3377

P.O. BOX 606

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

COORDINATE TABLE

EAST

NORTH

LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606

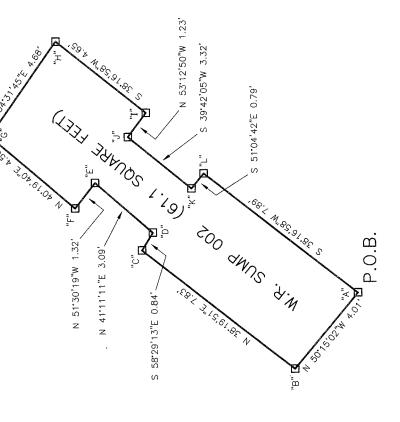
OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER—1 & TYLER—2. THE COMPUTED LAND AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES. NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED

NOTES:

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND) INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE WALL O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011.I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

Witness my hand and seal March 1, 2011.



3314642.369 3314639.287 3314644.143 3314644.863 3314646.896 3314645.866 3314649.744 3314649.744 3314648.763 3314644.763

6959217.937 6959220.500 6959226.642 6959228.524 6959228.343 6959220.343 6959220.097 6959227.177 6959227.177 6959224.423 6959224.129 6959224.129

SCALE 1"=3'

GRAPHIC SCALE - FEET

NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS

,85,56⁷ 3"61" 20" 55 W

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEETS W.R. SUMP 002

> STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS

LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITIÓN PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS (61.1 SQUARE FEET) NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6957832.181 FEET E=3315168.140 FEET

X.PTS X.LEG	DRAWN BY JTJ
0407088.CRD	0908074X.DWG
JOB #0407088	MAR. 1, 2011
	0407088.CRD

Tom A. Fidler, Registered Professional Land Surveyor, No. 3940

(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING **ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION** S 52°46'07.6"E 1116.102'

INDICATES 1116.219') BEARING SOURCE,

2012-000000721

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

6 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED - OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On:01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000721	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ 32.00	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. WRSump003 (called W.R. Sump 003 on the attached Exhibit A) is part of LHAAP-35/36. WRSump003 is a former waste rack sump location near Building 16-Y physically located within site boundary of LHAAP-48 of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-35/36, of which WRSump003 is a part, is not considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-35/36 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEO, the lead regulatory agency, no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2, no further action.

LHAAP-35/36 is a collection of 125 process sumps and 20 waste rack sumps found in multiple locations across the installation and predominantly associated with process areas. All of the production buildings had sumps that collected wash down water. Sumps were also associated with wash racks (waste rack sumps including WRSump003) where containers were cleaned and stored. Further information may be found in the

Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

The WRSump003 parcel is 69.5 square feet, more or less, or 0.00159 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the WRSump003 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required. Contaminants in soil samples from WRSump003 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of WRSump003 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of WRSump003 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951 Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 30 th day of 2011

BEFORE ME, on this the th day of the Me personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the

2011.

JENNIFER LESTER
Notary Public State of Texas
COMM. EXP. 01/03/2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas, County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF W.R. SUMP 003 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 69.5 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

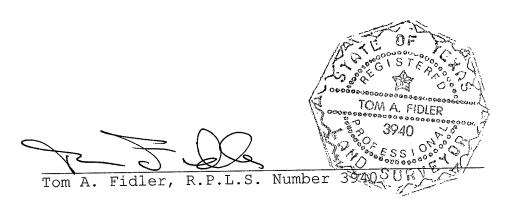
THENCE N 00deg06'48"W 643.61' to this POINT OF BEGINNING, said point being at the Southmost corner of the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump,

THENCE along the external face of the concrete wall which defines this sump the following twelve courses, each course ending at a corner of the external face of said concrete wall:

```
4.09',
                              being this sump's Westmost corner,
(01) N 37deg49'35"W
     N 48deg49'52"E 10.08',
(02)
                      0.96',
     S 40deg22'17"E
(03)
    N 51deg37'59"E
                      1.64',
(04)
                      1.27',
    N 32deg53'50"W
(05)
                      4.65',
                              being this sump's Northmost corner,
     N 49deg58'25"E
(06)
                              being this sump's Eastmost corner,
                      4.65',
     S 41deg50'19"E
(07)
     S 43deg56'08"W
                      4.79',
(80)
     N 44deg10'19"W
                      1.61',
(09)
     S 52deg56'11"W
                      1.74',
(10)
     S 39deg31'31"E
                       1.01'
(11)
                     10.21',
                               being the aforementioned POINT OF
     S 49deq33'58"W
(12)
                               BEGINNING.
```

This tract contains 69.5 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



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PHONE (903) 236-3377 FAX (903) 236-3530 P.O. BOX 606 LONGVIEW, TEXAS 75606

E-MAIL landmark@cablelynx.com

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS LANDMARK CONSULTANTS,

X INDICATES TYPE "G" CORPS OF ENGINEERS MONUMENT (FOUND)

☐ INDICATES CORNER OF EXTERNAL FACE OF CONCRETE WALL

O INDICATES UNMARKED POINT

OTHERWISE), & COORDINATES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE NAD 1983 (92). THE SCALE FACTOR APPLIED ALL BEARINGS, DISTANCES (UNLESS LABELED EQUALS 0.9998954238 & IS BASED ON SURFACE TRAVERSE BETWEEN STATIONS TYLER-1 & TYLER-2. THE COMPUTED LAND SYSTEM, NORTH CENTRAL ZONE, CODE 4202, AREA IS BASED ON SURFACE DISTANCES.

N 44*10'19"W 1.61' 52'56'11"W 1.74' S 39'31'31"E 1.01' N 32*53*50"W 1.27" N 51'37'59"E 1.64' S 40'22'17"E 0.96'

corners on the tract herein described, as surveyed on the ground and under my supervision in February & March 2011. I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor, No. 3940, do hereby certify that this plat reflects the location of the

Witness my hand and seal March 1, 2011.

COORDINATE TABLE

EAST

6959151.071 NORTH

SCALE 1"=3

3314278.227 3314275.719 3314283.306 3314285.318 3314284.528 3314284.628 3314291.188 3314286.744 3314286.744

6959154.302 6959160.337 6959160.202 6959161.221 6959162.288 6959163.286 6959163.816 6959158.365 6959158.366 6959158.468



NORTH CENTRAL ZONE N=6958507.460 FEET E=3314279.499 FEET

STATION TYLER-1 STATE OF TEXAS FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION IS ON SEPARATE SHEETS NORTH CENTRAL ZONE STATION TYLER-2 STATE OF TEXAS N=6957832.181 E=3315168.140

(69.5 SQUARE FEET) LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS W.R. SUMP 003

V.PTS V.LEG	DRAWN BY JTJ
0407088.CRD	0908074V.DWG DRAWN BY JTJ
JOB #0407088	MAR. 1, 2011

ļ	_
	3940
1	Š.
	d Surveyor,
	Land
	Fidler, Registered Professional Land St
)	er, Registered
	A. Fidler,
	Tom

4 **X 1** 1 1 1 1

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(SURFACE TRAVERSE USING **ELECTRONIC TOTAL STATION** S 52'46'07.6"E 1116.102'

BEARING SOURCE

INDICATES 1116.219')

2012-000000704

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT

MISCELLANEOUS

7 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED - OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On: 01/19/2012 10:41 AM	
Document Number: 2012-000000704	
Receipt No: 1200645	
Amount: \$ 36.00	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas, in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

Ι

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. LHAAP-49 is a former Acid Storage location at the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA) became effective on December 30, 1991. LHAAP-49 is considered an NPL listed site, and remedial activities at LHAAP-49 were performed in accordance with the FFA requirements.

LHAAP-49 is located in the west-central portion of LHAAP. LHAAP-49 is the former Acid Storage Area, which was used from 1942 to 1945 for storage and formulation of acids and acid mixtures in support of trinitrotoluene production during World War II. Nitric acid and sulfuric acid were manufactured and handled in large quantities in this area. A no further action Record of Decision for LHAAP-49 was signed by USEPA in 2010 establishing no remedy was required. Further information may be found in the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or

in the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

 Π

LHAAP-49 is a 30.540 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of LHAAP-49 and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required.

Limited monitoring of LHAAP-49 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of LHAAP-49 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

III

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler) Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

or

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-ODB (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Rose M. Zeiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

EXECUTED this the 2/th day of July, 2011

BEFORE ME, on this the 2/th day of _______, personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of the United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the 21 day of 3011.

ANGELA HUMPHRIES
Notary Public State of Texas
COMM. EXP. 03-17-2015

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas, County of Harrison

FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF LHAAP-49 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 30.540 acres of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998768897, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "HMX-3" (N=6956487.252 feet E=3303483.509 feet) and "HMX-5" (N=6958206.213 feet E=3305201.721 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 2430.748 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on grid (State Plane) distances.

BEGINNING at a 60d nail set for the Southmost corner of this tract, said nail being in asphalt pavement at the intersection of 6th Street and 4th Street, from which nail the monument "HMX-3" referenced above bears N 09deg00'02"E 74.61',

THENCE N 46deg42'14"W crossing some of said asphalt pavement, then generally along 4th Street's Northeast edge of asphalt, then crossing a curved section of 4th Street's asphalt, and continuing beyond 4th Street's asphalt, for a total distance of 509.81', to a 60d nail set for the Southmost West corner of this tract,

THENCE N 45deg04'42"E eventually crossing 4th Street's asphalt, then generally along 4th Street's Southeast edge of asphalt, for a total distance of 1323.80', to a 60d nail set (in the Southeast edge of said asphalt pavement) for the Westerly reentrant corner of this tract,

THENCE N 45deg22'03"W crossing 4th Street's asphalt pavement and continuing for a total distance of 308.18' to a point (in the Southeasterly edge of flowing water [May 3, 2011] of Goose Prairie Creek) for the Northmost West corner of this tract, from which point a 1/2" iron rod with Tom Fidler orange plastic cap set for reference bears S 45deg22'03"E 11.34', said rod being at the top of the Southeasterly bank of Goose Prairie Creek,

THENCE N 47deg40'44"E 331.25' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a point (in the Southeasterly edge of flowing water [May 3, 2011] of Goose Prairie Creek) for the Westmost North corner of this tract, from which point a 1/2" iron rod with Tom Fidler orange plastic cap set for reference bears S 44deg45'45"E 13.46', said rod being at the top of the Southeasterly bank of Goose Prairie Creek,

THENCE S 44deg45'45"E along a N.E. B.L. of this tract, and eventually crossing 4th Street's asphalt pavement, for a total distance of 292.85' to a 60d nail set in the Southeast edge of said asphalt pavement for the Northerly reentrant corner of this tract,

THENCE N 44deg47'09"E generally along 4th Street's Southeast edge of asphalt pavement, then entering said pavement at the

intersection of 4th Street and Avenue "C", for a total distance of 781.21' to a 60d nail set in said asphalt pavement for the Eastmost North corner of this tract,

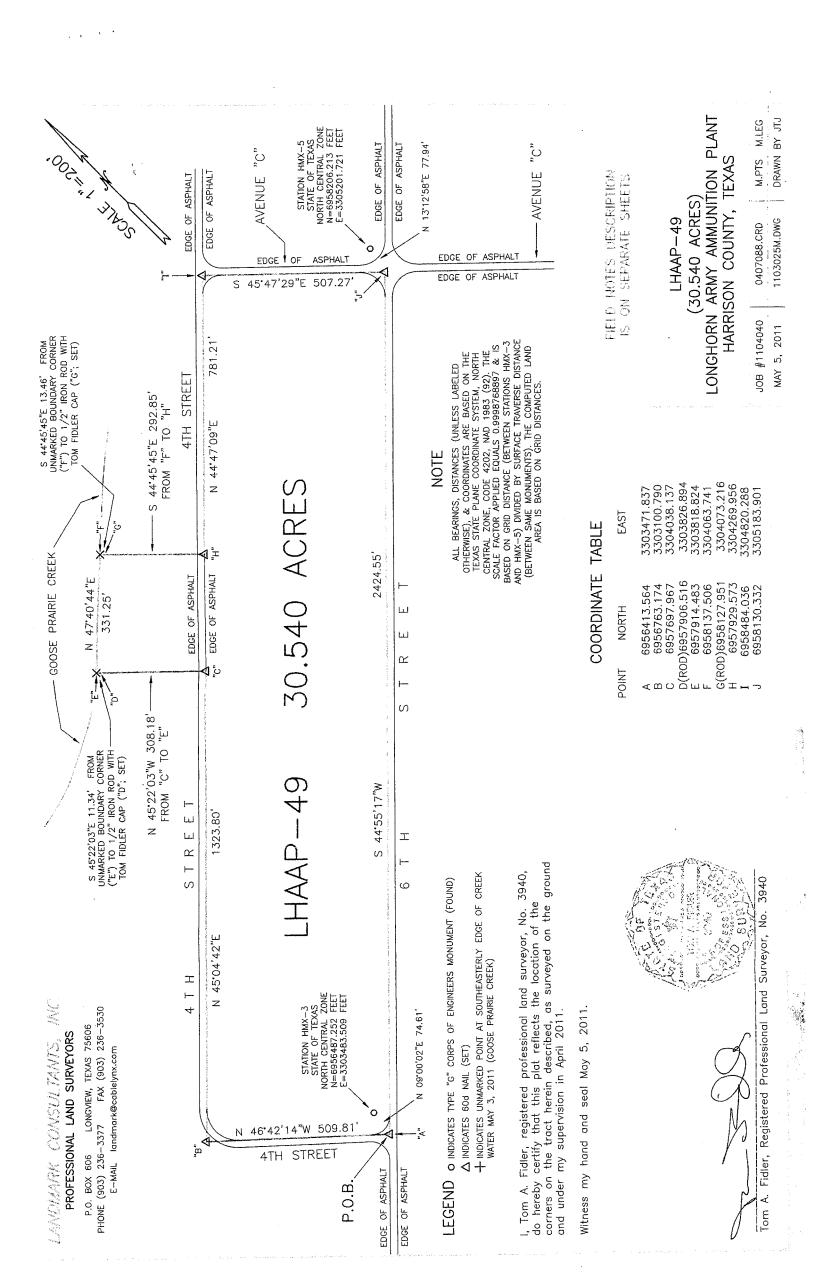
THENCE S 45deg47'29"E crossing some of said pavement, then generally along the Southwest edge of the asphalt pavement of Avenue "C", then entering said pavement at the intersection of Avenue "C" and 6th Street, for a total distance of 507.27' to a 60d nail set for the Eastmost corner of this tract, from which the monument "HMX-5" referenced above bears N 13deg12'58"E 77.94',

THENCE S 44deg55'17"W crossing some of said pavement, then generally along the Northwest edge of the asphalt pavement of 6th Street, then entering said pavement at the aforementioned intersection of 6th Street and 4th Street, for a total distance of 2424.55' to this POINT OF BEGINNING.

This tract contains 30.540 acres, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



2010-000005562

DO NOT REMOVE THIS PAGE – IT IS A PART OF THIS INSTRUMENT MISCELLANEOUS

34 Pages

FILED AND RECORDED – OPR	CLERKS NOTES
On: 04/27/2010 04:08 PM	
Document Number: 2010-000005562	
Receipt No: 1006195	
Amount: \$ 144.00	
By:, Deputy	
Patsy Cox, County Clerk Harrison County, Texas	



STATE OF TEXAS COUNTY OF HARRISON

I hereby certify that this instrument was filed on the date and time stamped hereon by me and was duly recorded in the Official Public Records of Harrison County, Texas.

Patsy Cox, Harrison County Clerk

Record and Return To:



SHAW E & I 1401 ENCLAVE PARKWAY, SUITE 250

HOUSTON, TX 77077

STATE OF TEXAS

HARRISON COUNTY

INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTE NOTICE OF NONRESIDENTIAL LAND USE

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT:

Pursuant to the Rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) pertaining to Industrial Solid Waste Management, this document is hereby filed in the Public Records of Harrison County, Texas in compliance with the recordation requirements of said rules:

I

The U.S. Army, Department of Defense, has performed a remediation of the land described herein. The site, LHAAP-55, consisted of 10 septic tank and leachate field systems that served outlying areas of the former Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP) within or near LHAAP-48 and LHAAP-35C(53). LHAAP was placed on the National Priorities List (NPL) during August 1990. After its listing on the NPL, the U.S. Army, United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and TCEQ (formerly known as the Texas Water Commission) entered into an agreement under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section 120 for remedial activities. The CERCLA Section 120 Agreement, referred to as the Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), became effective on December 30, 1991. Although there are many sites at LHAAP that are specifically NPL listed, LHAAP-55 is not itself considered an NPL site. Environmental activities at LHAAP-55 progressed through the site investigation, at which point it was agreed by the Army and the TCEQ as the lead regulatory agency that no significant releases had occurred and the site could be closed under Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Risk Reduction Rule Standard 2.

LHAAP-55 consisted of 10 septic tank and leachate field systems that served outlying areas of LHAAP that could not be connected to the plant sanitary sewer system. Although there was no history of industrial waste being placed into these septic tanks, soil samples were collected from borings installed at septic systems that were associated with industrial processes and analyzed for metals, explosives, semi volatile organic compounds, and volatile organic compounds where appropriate. Further information

may be found by examination of the Notice of Registration No. 30990 files, which are available for inspection upon request at TCEQ, Central File Room Customer Service Center, Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, (512) 239-2900, Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. or the Administrative Record available at the Marshall Public Library, 300 S. Alamo Blvd, Marshall, Texas 75670, (903) 935-4465, Monday through Thursday 10:00 a.m. to 8 p.m., Friday and Saturday 10:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m.

The TCEQ requires certain persons to provide recordation in the real property records to notify the public of the conditions of the land and/or the occurrence of remediation. This notification is not a representation or warranty by the TCEQ of the suitability of this land for any purpose.

II

The LHAAP-55 parcel include: ST-01 with 1,807 square feet, more or less, or 0.04148 acre tract; ST-02 with 1,791 square feet, more or less, or 0.04111 acre tract; ST-03 with 1,784 square feet, more or less, or 0.04095 acre tract; ST-04 with 1,789 square feet, more or less, or 0.04106 acre tract; ST-05 with 1,825 square feet more or less, or 0.04189 acre tract; ST-06 with 1,800 square feet, more or less, or 0.04132 acre tract; ST-07 with 1,865 square feet, more or less, or 0.04281 acre tract; ST-08 with 1,785 square feet, more or less, or 0.04097 acre tract; ST-09 with 2,004 square feet, more or less, or 0.04600 acre tract; and ST-10 with 1,804 square feet, more or less, or 0.04141 acre tract located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being more particularly described with survey plat and metes and bounds established in Exhibit A.

The United States Department of the Army has undertaken careful environmental study of the LHAAP-55 site and USEPA and TCEQ concluded that no further investigation or action is required for LHAAP-55. Contaminants in soil samples from LHAAP-55 meet non-residential soil criteria in accordance with 30TAC§335.560(b).

Limited monitoring of LHAAP-55 will take place in the form of Letters of Certification from the Army or the Transferee to TCEQ every five years to document that the use of LHAAP-55 is consistent with the non-residential use scenarios evaluated in the risk assessment. Future use of the parcel is intended as a national wildlife refuge consistent with industrial or recreational activities and not for residential purposes. For purposes of this certification, residential use includes, but is not limited to, single family or multifamily residences; child care facilities; and nursing home or assisted living facilities; and any type of educational purpose for children/young adults in grades kindergarten through 12.

The owner of the site is the Department of the Army, and its address where more specific information may be obtained is as follows:

ATTN: DAIM-ODB-LO (R. Zeiler)

Post Office Box 220 Ratcliff, AR 72951

or

Assistant Chief of Staff for Installation Management

ATTN: DAIM-BDO (T. Lederle)

600 Army Pentagon

Washington D.C. 20310-0600

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

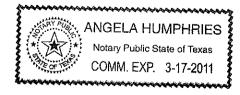
EXECUTED this the /O th day of March, 2010.

BEFORE ME, on this the 10 th day of March, personally appeared Rose M. Zeiler, of United States Army, United States Department of Defense, known to me to be the person and agent of said agency whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and she acknowledged to me that she executed the same for the purposes and in the capacity therein expressed.

GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the load of March, 2010.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas,

County of Harrison



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-02, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,791 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-02, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 05deg57'31"W 746.36' to a 60d nail set for the Eastmost S.E.C. of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE N 90deg00'00"W 19.74' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set (in an abandoned utility pole lying on the ground) for this tract's Eastmost S.W.C.,

THENCE N 00deg00'00"E 5.36' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southwest reentrant corner,

THENCE N 90deg00'00"W 15.73' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southeast reentrant corner,

THENCE S 00deg00'00"W 15.91' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost S.E.C.,

THENCE N 90deg00'00"W 46.53' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost S.W.C.,

THENCE N 00deg00'00"E 32.43' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost N.W.C.,

THENCE N 90 deg 00'00"E 46.53' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 00deg00'00"E 14.52' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northeast reentrant corner,

THENCE S 90deg00'00"E 15.73' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northwest reentrant corner,

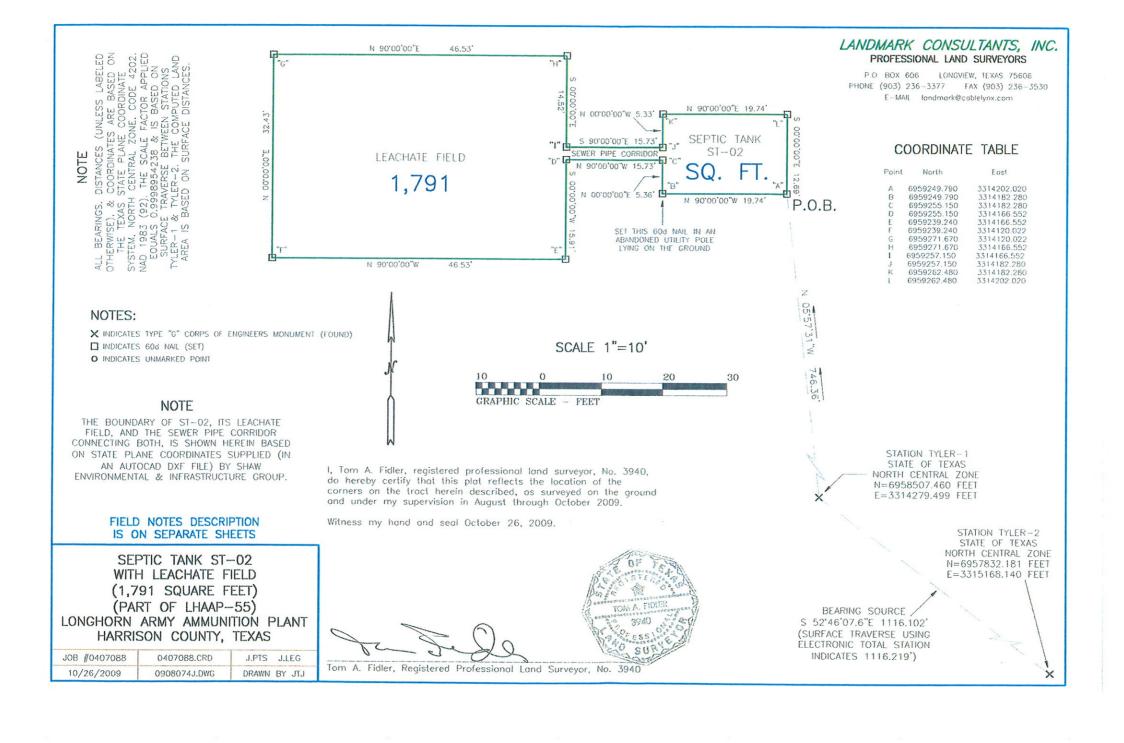
THENCE N 00deg00'00"W 5.33' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost N.W.C.,

THENCE N 90deg00'00"E 19.74' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 00deg00'00"E 12.69' along an E.B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,791 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-03, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,784 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-03, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-1" referenced above,

THENCE N 24deg50'41"E 537.01' to a 60d nail set for the Southmost South corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE N 35deg57'31"W 30.43' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for a South reentrant corner of this tract,

THENCE S 54deg02'29"W 1.92' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for a South corner of this tract,

THENCE N 38deg10'26"W 12.26' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for a South reentrant corner of this tract,

THENCE S 50deg49'08"W 5.10' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost South corner,

THENCE N 39deg10'52"W 19.74' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost corner,

THENCE N 50deg49'08"E 12.69' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost North corner,

THENCE S 39deg10'52"E 19.74' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost East corner,

THENCE S 50deg49'08"W 5.58' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's East reentrant corner,

THENCE S 38deg10'26"E 10.37' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's North reentrant corner,

THENCE N 54deg02'29"E 46.53' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost North corner,

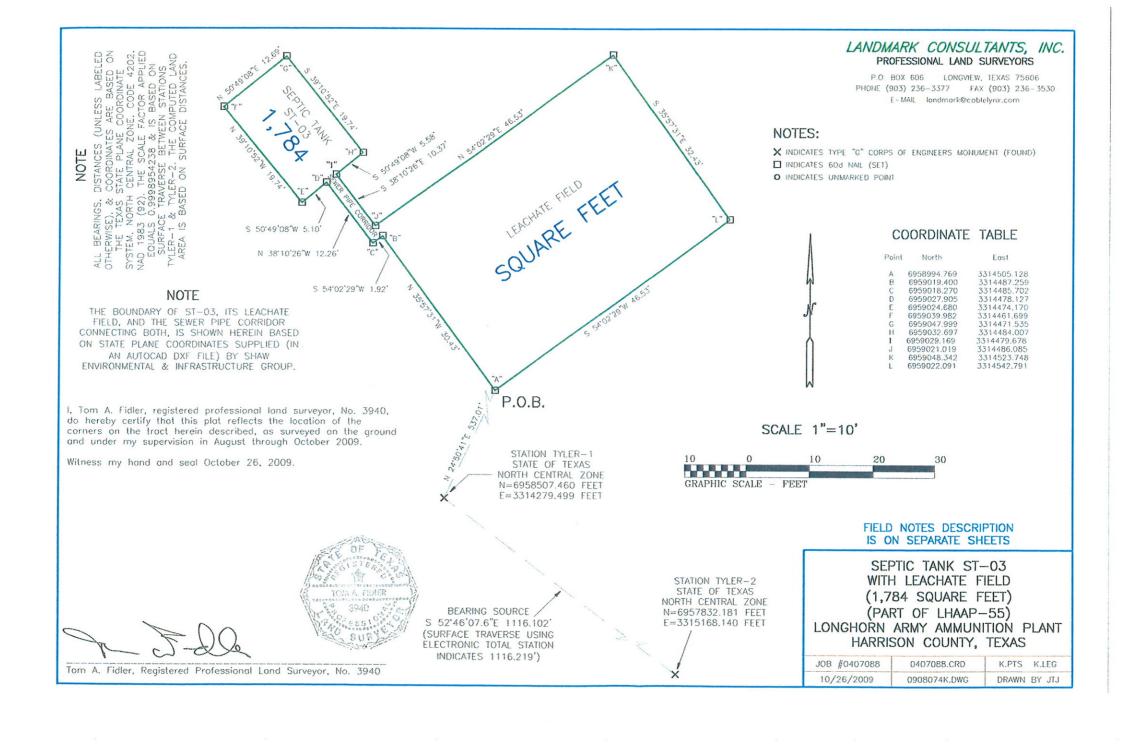
THENCE S 35deg57'31"E 32.43' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost East corner,

THENCE S 54deg02'29"W 46.53' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,784 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940

SURY



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-05, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,825 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-05, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE N 52deg46'07.6"W 36.82' to a point, said point being S 52deg46'07.6"E 1079.28' from said monument "TYLER-1",

THENCE S 37 deg 13'52"W 81.68' to a 60d nail set for the Northmost East corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE S 33deg39'28"W 12.69' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost South corner,

THENCE N 56deg20'32"W 17.74' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a chisled "X" set in concrete for this tract's South reentrant corner,

THENCE S 36deg51'06"W 32.79' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's East reentrant corner,

THENCE S 57deg33'12"E 44.52' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost East corner,

THENCE S 32deg26'48"W 32.43' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost South corner,

THENCE N 57deg33'12"W 46.53' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's West corner,

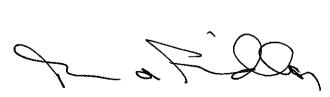
THENCE N 32deg26'48"E 32.43' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for deflection corner,

THENCE N 36deg51'06"E 32.84' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a chisled "X" set in concrete for deflection corner,

THENCE N 33deg39'28"E 12.69' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's North corner,

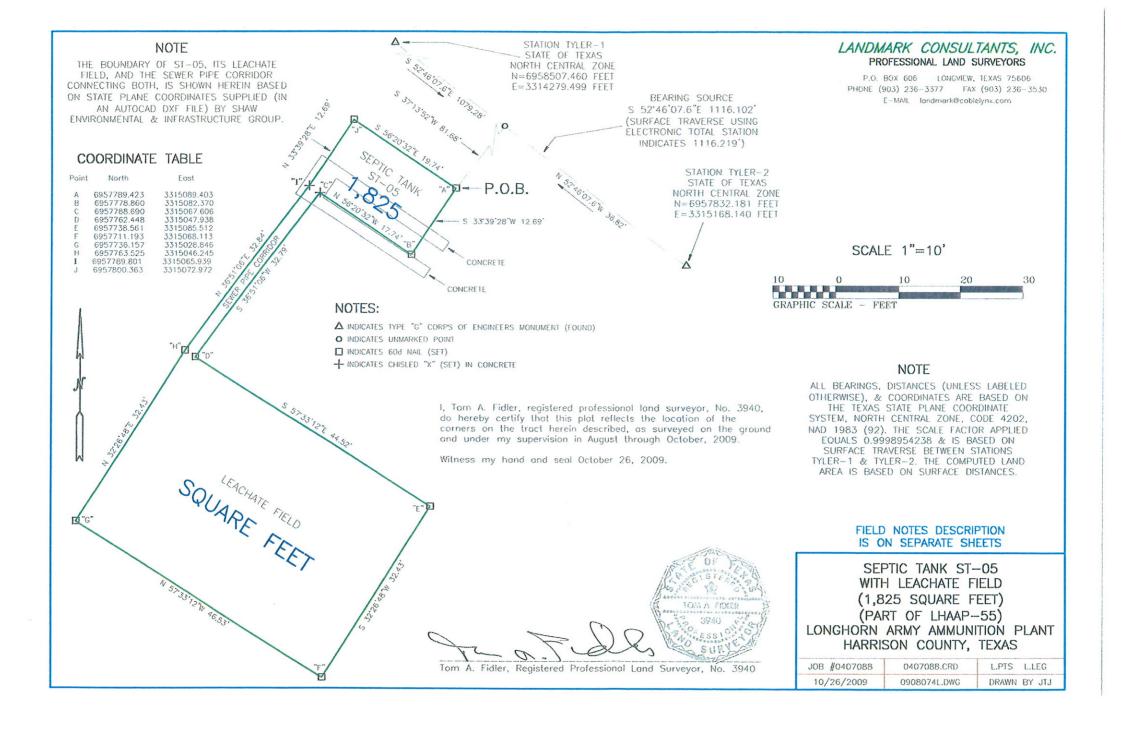
THENCE S 56deg20'32"E 19.74' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,825 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940





FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-06, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,800 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-06, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 85deg57'52"E 1425.64' to a 60d nail set for the Northmost N.W.C. of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE N 67deg08'12"E 12.69' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 22deg51'48"E 19.74' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost S.E.C.,

THENCE S 67deg08'12"W 4.97' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE S 22deg49'50"E 19.87' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 64deg30'12"E 16.55' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a

60d nail set for this tract's Southmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 25deg29'48"E 46.53' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost S.E.C.,

THENCE S 64deg30'12"W 32.43' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost S.W.C.,

THENCE N 25deg29'48"W 46.53' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost N.W.C.

THENCE N 64deg30'12"E 13.88' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.W. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 22deg49'50"W 19.96' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.W. reentrant corner,

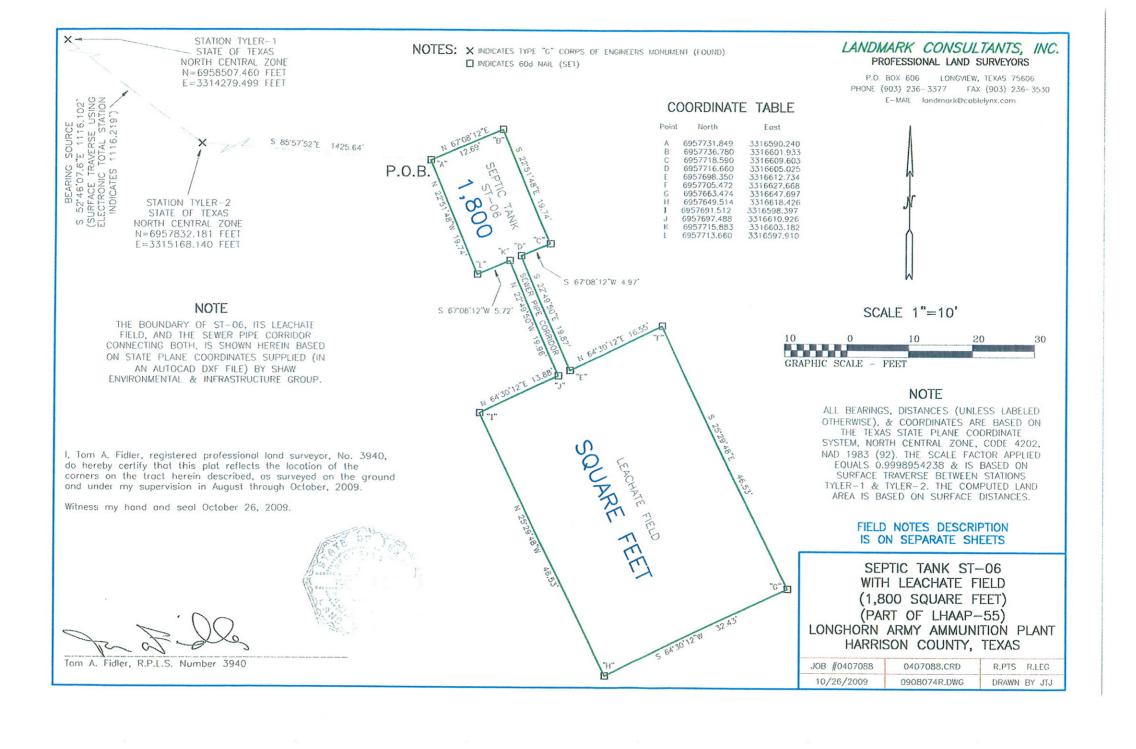
THENCE S 67deg08'12"W 5.72' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost S.W.C.,

THENCE N 22deg51'48"W 19.74' along a W.B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,800 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-07, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,865 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-07, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 20 deg 14'47"E 467.25' to a 60d nail set for the N.E.C. corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE S 13deg37'37"E 32.43' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.E.C.,

THENCE S 76deg22'23"W 46.53' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.W.C.,

THENCE N 13deg37'37"W 14.74' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost reentrant corner,

THENCE S 77deg04'57"W 23.21' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for a somewhat reentrant corner of this tract,

THENCE S 29deg56'20"W 28.62' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract

to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost reentrant corner,

THENCE S 54deg24'06"E 5.82' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's East corner,

THENCE S 35deg35'54"W 19.74' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's South corner,

THENCE N 54deg24'06"W 12.69' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's West corner,

THENCE N 35deg35'54"E 19.74' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's North corner,

THENCE S 54deg24'06"E 4.86' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost reentrant corner,

THENCE N 29deg56'20"E 29.29' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost N.W.C.,

THENCE N 77deg04'57"E 24.06' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost reentrant corner,

THENCE N 13deg37'37"W 15.69' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost N.W.C.,

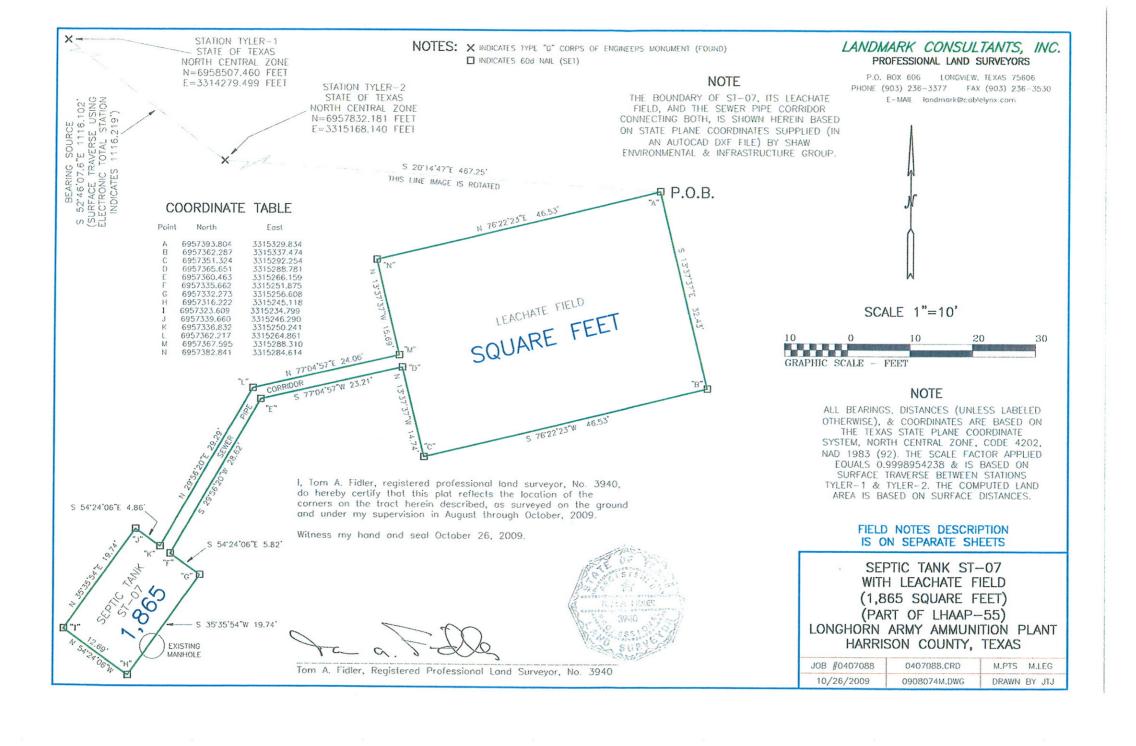
THENCE N 76deg22'23"E 46.53' along a N.B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,865 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tratale

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-08, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,785 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-08, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 37deg52'57"E 620.24' to a 60d nail set for the Northmost N.E.C. corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE S 16deg08'12"E 46.53' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost S.E.C.,

THENCE S 73deg51'48"W 32.43' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for slight deflection corner,

THENCE S 70deg49'57"W 12.79' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost reentrant corner,

THENCE S 17deg16'09"E 6.37' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost S.E.C.,

THENCE S 72deg43'51"W 19.74' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's only S.W.C.,

THENCE N 17deg16'09"W 12.69' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a chisled "X" set in concrete for this tract's Southmost N.W.C.,

THENCE N 72deg43'51"E 19.74' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Southmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 17deg16'09"E 4.32' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost reentrant corner,

THENCE N 70deg49'57"E 12.83' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost reentrant corner,

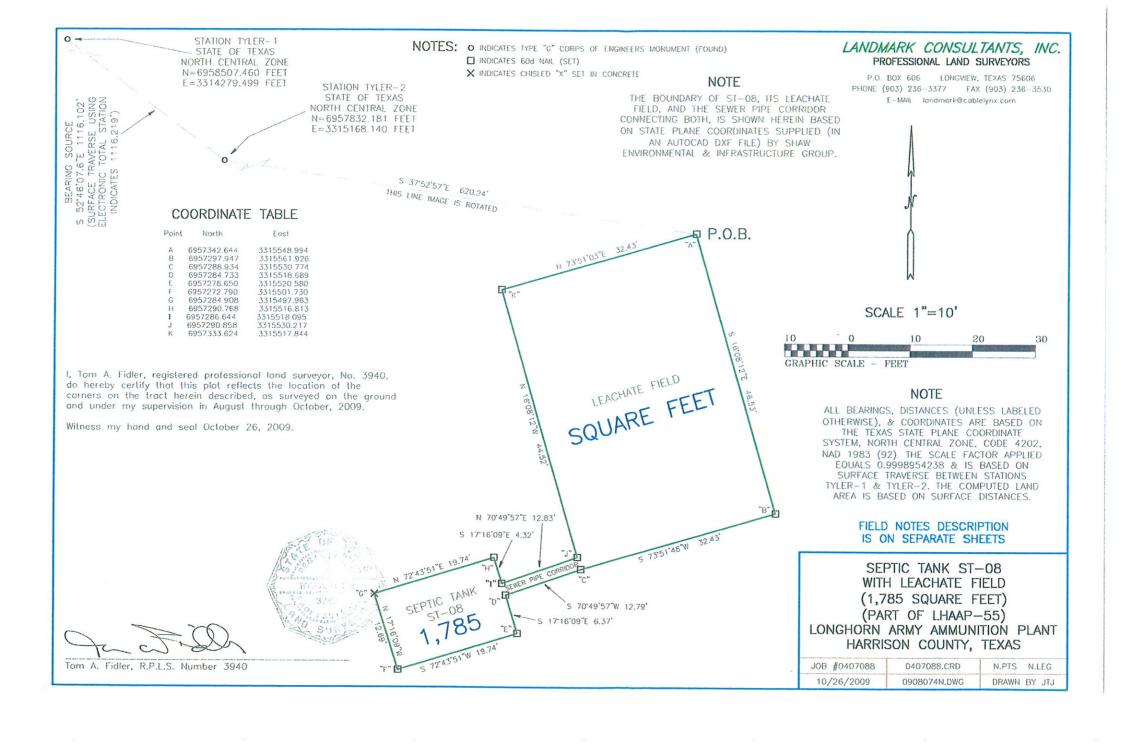
THENCE N 16deg08'12"W 44.52' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Northmost N.W.C.,

THENCE N 73deg51'03"E 32.43' along a N.B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,785 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.

the Fills

Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-09, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 2,004 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-09, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 03deg30'04"E 1101.12' to a 60d nail set for the North corner of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE S 47deg56'14"E 12.69' along a N.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's East corner,

THENCE S 42deg03'46"W 19.74' along a S.E. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's South corner,

THENCE N 47deg56'14"W 4.08' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE S 18deg07'53"E 120.09' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 67deg40'46"E 15.01' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a

60d nail set for this tract's N.E.C.,

THENCE S 22deg19'14"E 46.53' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.E.C.,

THENCE S 67deg40'46"W 32.43' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.W.C.,

THENCE N 22deg19'14"W 46.53' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.W.C.,

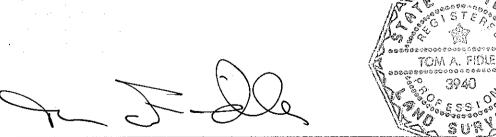
THENCE N 67deg40'46"E 15.42' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.W. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 18deg07'53"W 123.73' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.W. reentrant corner,

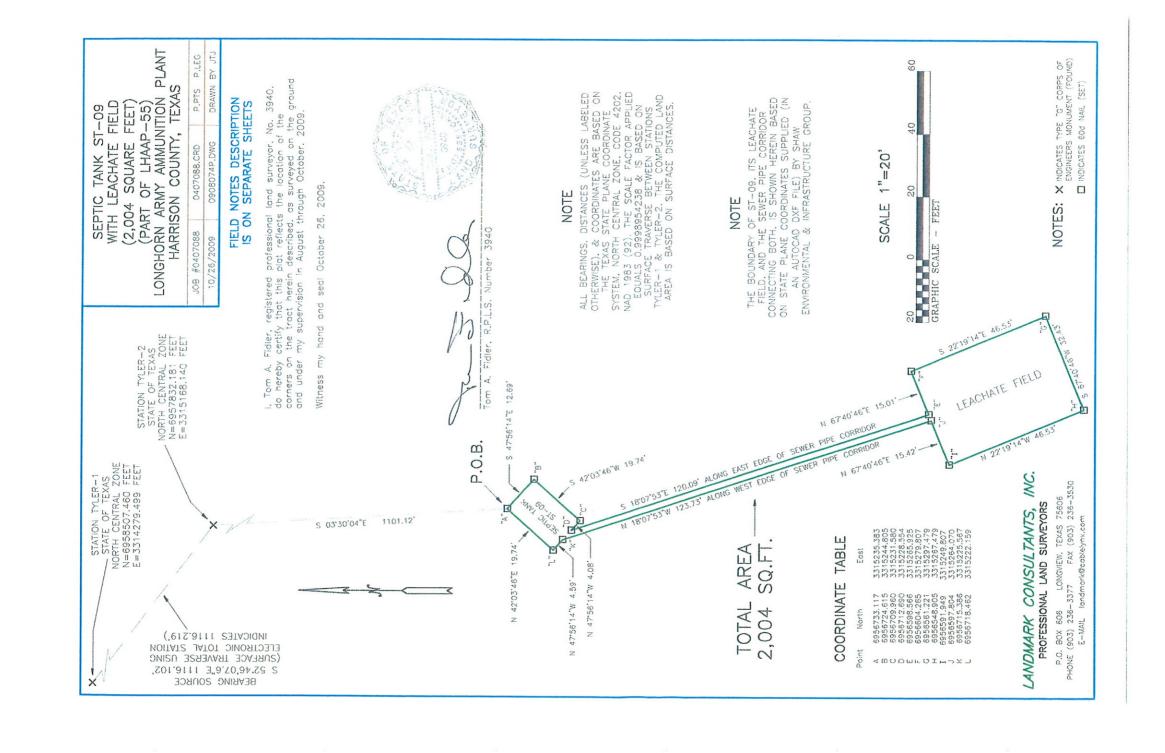
THENCE N 47deg56'14"W 4.59' along a S.W. B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's West corner,

THENCE N 42deg03'46"E 19.74' along a N.W. B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 2,004 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940



FIELD NOTES DESCRIPTION OF SEPTIC TANK ST-10, ITS LEACHATE FIELD, AND A 2' WIDE CORRIDOR CENTERED ON THE SEWER PIPE CONNECTING THE TWO

CADDO LAKE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE HARRISON COUNTY, TEXAS

The herein described tract of land is located in Harrison County, Texas, near the town of Karnack, being 1,804 square feet of land out of the Longhorn Ordance Works Reservation (also known as the Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas), said tract being more particularly described as follows:

Surveyor's Note #1: All bearings and distances herein (unless labeled surface distance) are based on the Texas State Plane Coordinate System, North Central Zone, Code 4202, NAD 1983 (92). The scale factor applied equals 0.9998954238, and is based on surface traverse using electronic total station between type "G" Corps of Engineers monuments "TYLER-1" (N=6958507.460 feet E=3314279.499 feet) and "TYLER-2" (N=6957832.181 feet E=3315168.140 feet). Said traverse indicates a surface distance of 1116.219 feet between said monuments. The computed land area is based on surface distances.

Surveyor's Note #2: This field notes description is based on State Plane coordinates supplied by Shaw Environmental & Infrastructure Group. Landmark Consultants, Inc. has not probed the ground surface in this area in an attempt to determine the location of Septic Tank ST-10, its leachate field, or the sewer pipe connecting the two.

Commencing at monument "TYLER-2" referenced above,

THENCE S 34deg34'49"E 861.93' to a 60d nail set for the Westmost N.W.C. of this tract and this POINT OF BEGINNING,

THENCE S $81\deg 33'36''E$ 46.53' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 08deg26'24"W 13.21' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE S 82deg30'08"E 21.87' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's N.W. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 08deg55'06"E 4.34' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost N.W.C.,

THENCE S 81 deg 04'54"E 19.74' along a N.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost N.E.C.,

THENCE S 08deg55'06"W 12.69' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost S.E.C.,

THENCE N 81deg04'54"W 19.74' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Eastmost S.W.C.,

THENCE N 08deg55'06"E 6.34' along a W.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.W. reentrant corner,

THENCE N 82deg30'08"W 21.85' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's S.E. reentrant corner,

THENCE S 08deg26'24"W 17.22' along an E.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost S.E.C.,

THENCE N 81deg33'36"W 46.53' along a S.B.L. of this tract to a 60d nail set for this tract's Westmost S.W.C.,

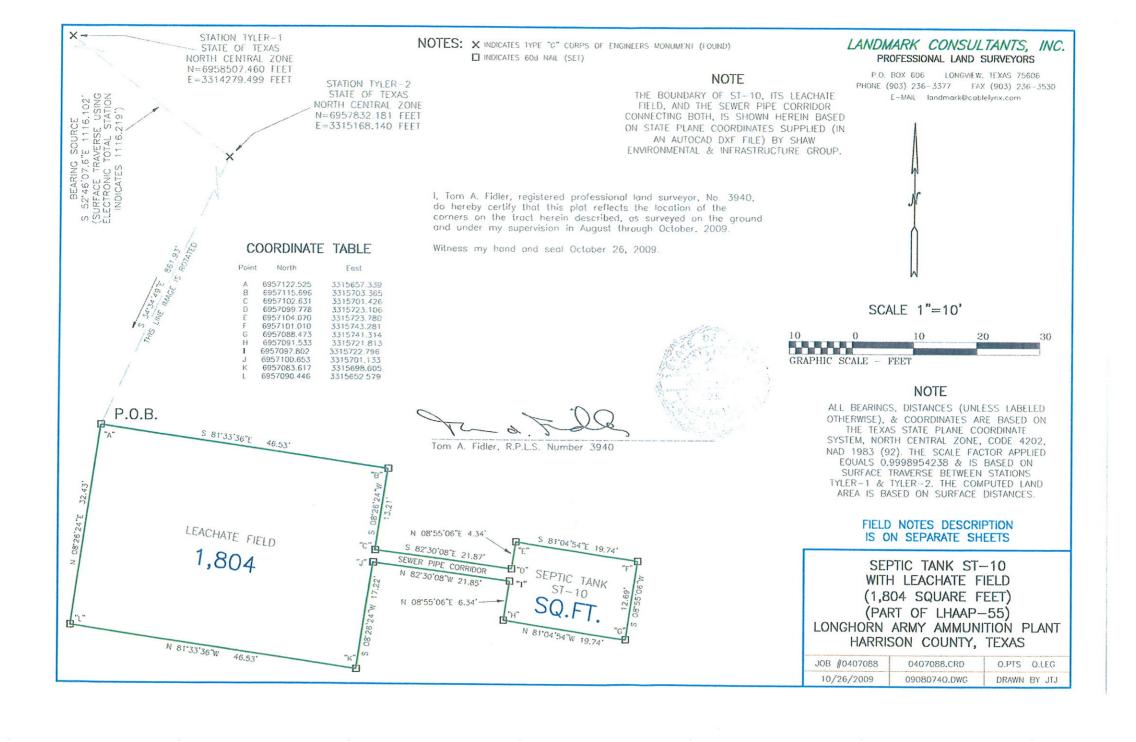
THENCE N 08deg26'24"E 32.43' along a W.B.L. of this tract to this POINT OF BEGINNING. This tract contains 1,804 square feet, more or less.

I, Tom A. Fidler, registered professional land surveyor No. 3940 in the State of Texas, do hereby certify that this field notes description is the result of a survey made on the ground and under my supervision.



Tom A. Fidler, R.P.L.S. Number 3940





Subject: Final Minutes, Monthly Managers Meeting,

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP)

Location of Meeting: Teleconference – 866-203-6896, passcode 1759304791

Date of Meeting: January 9, 2014 – 9:00 AM

Welcome RMZ

Attendees:

Army BRAC: Rose Zeiler

EPA: Rich Mayer, Phil Turner
TCEQ: April Palmie, Dale Vodak
USACE: Aaron Williams, Rick Smith

AECOM: Dave Wacker, Gretchen McDonnell, Josh Miller

AEC: Marilyn Plitnik

USFWS: Paul Bruckwicki, Barry Forsythe

Action Items

AECOM

- Provide a summary of the treated water nutrient data, after fluidized bed reactor feeding optimization has been implemented. **Pending until Spring.** Optimization efforts were suspended to allow equilibration of the FBR after an acetic acid issue. Further optimization will be performed in Spring when temperatures are more suitable.
- Develop a letter responsive to stated aspects of modifications to the GWTP air sampling plan. The letter should provide basis of change from weekly to monthly sampling. It should also state that monthly data will be presented in the quarterly GWTP reports, but that an email notification will be made monthly (before the subsequent sampling event) to indicate that data has been reviewed and provide a summary statement of the results. The letter include a contingency plan for confirmation sampling if initial sampling indicates air limits have been exceeded. **Pending.**
- Provide USFWS with maps of well coordinates for existing and new wells at all sites under AECOM's contract. Pending. AECOM has assembled a list of coordinates for both old and new wells, and will forward that to USACE. Target for completion of the map is before the next Monthly Managers' Meeting. Ms. Palmie requested a list of all wells sampled in 2013 for purposes of legislative reporting.
- For LHAAP-18/24 Revised FS, provide to Army the list of technologies/alternatives planned for evaluation, as well as those screened out, for agency use in determining whether they would like additional technologies evaluated. **Complete.**

Army

- Provide USFWS with map of well coordinates for new wells (specifically, LHAAP-35B(37), LHAAP-35A(58), LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50 and LHAAP-67) and existing wells on transferred properties. Pending. AECOM has assembled a list of coordinates for both old and new wells, and will forward that to USACE. Target for completion of the map is before the next Monthly Managers' Meeting.
- Develop a tentative schedule for completion of the LHAAP 5-Year Review, based on receipt of EPA comments and development of associated RTCs. **Complete.**

EPA

• Mr. Mayer stated he would try to arrange a call before December 20th relating to discussion of 1,4-dioxane methods and will provide an agenda for the call. **Pending.** Mr. Mayer will be trying to schedule a call within the week, with the subject being a discussion of the details of the various analytical methods.

TCEQ

AEC

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) PBR Update

AECOM

Item 1 (5-Year Review) – A tentative document finalization schedule has been submitted. Goal is return response to agency comments and a redline version of the document by February 10th.

Item 2 (IWWP, QAPP, SOPs and HASP) – RTCs are being wrapped up with the response to agency comments expected to go back to the agencies by January 24th.

Item 3 (LHAAP-18/24 Explanation of Significant Differences) – Document is in agency review with EPA/TCEQ to provide comments by January 13th.

Item 4 (GWTP Quarterly Report) – Mr. Mayer stated EPA will submit comments either today or tomorrow.

Item 5 (LHAAP-18/24 Revised FS) – The Draft Revised FS is planned for submittal to agencies by January 29th. A PSI WP Addenda, describing additional work needed to define DNAPL areas and fill in some remaining data, is planned for submittal by January 17th. The end of February is targeted for mobilization to conduct the PSI WP Addenda work. Mr. Wacker stated that the FS alternatives evaluation/selection would not be impacted by the data generated by the PSI WP Addendum field work. EPA and TCEQ agreed to discuss off-line and notify Army whether they want to push the schedule for the Draft FS back to allow data from the PSI WP Addendum field work to be incorporated before their review.

Item 6 (LHAAP-46, 67 RACR) – Documents in progress. Agencies requested that RACRs be held until all data gaps have been filled (i.e, additional well needed on north side of LHAAP-46 to bound plume).

Item 7 (Monthly Managers' Meeting) – Scheduled for February 20th at 1PM, at the LHAAP Army trailer. Examination of retained soil cores will begin at 10AM.

Item 8 (LHAAP-37, 50 and 58) – RACR documents being generated and investigation-derived waste disposal being coordinated.

Item 9 (LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addendum WP) – Targeting the end of January for submittal to agencies.

Items 10 and 11 (LHAAP-17 PDI WP and LHAAP-16 RD WP) – These items are on hold based on dispute between Army and EPA.

Item 12 (February RAB) – Scheduled for February 20th at 6PM. Longhorn tour time for next RAB will need to be set up during this meeting.

Item 13 (GWTP O&M/Air Monitoring) – FBR is being monitored closely and allowed to reequilibrate after acetic acid issue, delaying full implementation of FBR feeding optimization activities. Further optimization will be performed in Spring when temperatures are more suitable. Monthly air data memo will be submitted to the agencies within the next day or two.

Item 14 (Admin Record Update) -3^{rd} quarter update has been finalized. 4^{th} quarter update being prepared and should be submitted soon.

Item 15 (BERA Addendum) – Draft planned for submittal to Army by January 20th. Agencies should receive the document for review by the end of February.

Item 16 (Nutrient Issue for HB and INF) – discussed earlier in the meeting.

(LHAAP-03 Draft Final ROD) – ROD will become final unless EPA initiates dispute by January 13th.

- Upcoming document submissions to regulators (see Document and Issue Tracking table)
- Upcoming field work
 - LHAAP-18/24 PSI WP Addendum field activities
 - LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addendum WP field activities
 - Quarterly sampling for MNA network wells at LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58 and LHAAP-67 begins in March.

A revised version of the 6-month Longhorn "look ahead" will be submitted within the next week, along with a revised version of the site-wide groundwater monitoring planner.

- Monthly data discussed earlier in the meeting
- Groundwater Treatment Plant
 - o Ongoing maintenance to replace pumps in four ICTs. Ensuring freeze protection for colder weather.
 - o Air Monitoring (Results, Frequency and Reporting) GWTP monthly air data email will be issued shortly
 - o ESD discussed earlier in the meeting
 - O UIC Reporting Ms. Zeiler reviewed that administrative reporting requirements of an ARAR are not applicable to Longhorn as a Federal CERCLA site, but that she has advised Army legal that Longhorn provides reporting information as a courtesy to facilitate Ms. Palmie's ability to interface with the TCEQ UIC program. Army Legal has required that, because this reporting is not being done to satisfy the UIC requirement, the data must be reported to the agency's Longhorn remediation project manager and not to the UIC program.

Therefore, with respect to LHAAP-18/24 GWTP operations, Ms. Palmie will receive a quarterly email stating no injection was performed, and a short statement relating to UIC activities will be placed in the quarterly GWTP report. Injection work conducted to-date for LHAAP-58 was done largely in accordance with the approved RAWP and will be documented in the RACR. Because submittal of the RACR will not take place for a few months, AECOM will provide Ms. Palmie with an email documenting deviations from the RAWP. LHAAP-37 injections will be covered under the biannual reports submitted by Aberdeen Testing Center and forwarded to Ms. Palmie by Ms. Zeiler.

Ms. Palmie advised that, if any contact or paperwork is received directly from the UIC program, those inquiries can be referred to her.

MMRP Update Army

• Update – No update

Other Environmental Restoration

Army

- Decision Documents for multiple sites status update in progress
- Site 37 Bioplug new data received by Army today will be reviewed
- 1,4-dioxane sampling at Longhorn –discussed earlier in meeting
- Quarterly Reporting and Requirements
 - · GWTP Evaluation with air monitoring data discussed earlier in meeting
 - Surface Water/Perimeter Well Tech Memo with validation reports Army reviewing the current memo with goal of presentation to the RAB in February.
 - · Administrative Record Update discussed earlier in meeting
- Annual Reporting
 - LUC Management Plan Update no update at this time
 - · CIP/CRP Revision (Biennial) and questionnaire October 2015 no update

Programmatic Issues

RMZ/RM/AP

• Status of Dispute – Mr. Mayer stated a meeting between EPA and Army to discuss the dispute has been tentatively scheduled for February 21, 2014.

USFWS Update RMZ/PB

- Environmental Restoration Issues with Transfer Schedule Impact LHAAP-12 transfer to USFWS is imminent.
- USFWS Comments on Documents none

Schedule Next Managers' Meeting – February 20th. Examination of retained boring cores will begin at 10AM, with the meeting tentatively set to begin at 1PM.

New Action Items

AECOM

- Add CRP/CIP item to the Document and Issue Tracking table.
- Provide Ms. Palmie with an email documenting deviations from the RAWP with respect to injection-related activities at LHAAP-58.

EPA

- Develop a list of wells/sites for upcoming EPA split sampling and advise Army.
- Resend the link to new EPA screening level tables to Ms. Zeiler and Mr. Torcoletti.

Adjourn

ACRONYM LIST

AEC United States Army Environmental Command

AECOM Technology Services, Inc.

AP April Palmie

ARAR Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement

BERA Baseline Ecological Risk Assessment BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CRP/CIP Community Relations Plan/Community Involvement Plan

DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program

DNAPL Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESD Explanation of Significant Differences

FBR Fluidized Bed Reactor FS Feasibility Study

GWTP Ground Water Treatment Plant

HASP Health and Safety Plan

HB Harrison Bayou

ICT Interceptor – Collector Trench INF Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces

IWWP Installation-Wide Work Plan

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

LUC Land Use Control

MMM Monthly Managers' Meeting

MMRP Military Munitions Response Program

O&M Operation and Maintenance

PB Paul Bruckwicki

PBR Performance-Based Remediation

PDI Pre-Design Investigation
PSI Post-Screening Investigation
QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan
RAB Restoration Advisory Board

RACR Remedial Action Completion Report

RD Remedial Design

RI Remedial Investigation

RM Rich Mayer
RMZ Rose M. Zeiler
ROD Record of Decision
RTC Response to Comments

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

UIC Underground Injection Control

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

WP Work Plan

FINAL

EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES RECORD OF DECISION FOR EARLY INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTION AT BURNING GROUND NO. 3 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

Prepared For:





U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Prepared By:



AECOM Technical Services, Inc.

February 2014

FINAL

EXPLANATION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES RECORD OF DECISION FOR EARLY INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTION AT BURNING GROUND NO. 3 LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

Prepared For:

U.S. Army Corp of Engineers

Tulsa District

Prepared By:

AECOM Technical Services, Inc.

Contract No. W912DY-09-D-0059

Task Order No. DS01

February 2014

Table of Contents

1	IN'	TRODUCTION TO THE SITE AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE	1-1
	1.1	Need for this ESD	1-1
2	SIT	TE HISTORY, CONTAMINATION, AND SELECTED REMEDY	2-1
	2.1	Site History and Contamination	2-1
	2.2	Selected Remedy	2-2
3	BA	SIS FOR THE DOCUMENT	3-1
	3.1 Reme	Information Prompting and Supporting Significant Differences from edy	
	3.2	Information in the Administrative Record Supporting the Need for the	ne Change3-2
4	DE	SCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE	4-1
	4.1	Significant Differences in Scope	4-1
	4.2	Significant Differences in Performance	4-1
	4.3	Significant Differences in Cost	4-1
	4.4	Expected Changes in Outcome	4-1
5	SU	PPORT AGENCY COMMENTS	5-1
6	ST	ATUTORY DETERMINATIONS	6-1
7	PU	BLIC PARTICIPATION	
^	D.F	TERRENGES	0.3

List of Tables

Table 3-1: PID Readings and Correlation with Analytical Results

List of Appendixes

APPENDIX A: APPLICABLE AIR MONITORING STANDARDS

February 2014

Acronyms and Abbreviations

AECOM Technical Services, Inc.

AMCV Air Monitoring Comparison Value

ARAR Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

ESD Explanation of Significant Difference

ESL Effects Screening Level

gpm gallons per minute

GWTP Ground Water Treatment Plant

ICT interceptor collection trench

IRA Interim Remedial Action

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

LTTD low temperature thermal desorption

NPL National Priorities List

PID photoionization detector

ROD Record of Decision

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TLV Threshold Limit Value

TNRCC Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission

U.S. United States

U.S. Army U.S. Department of the Army

UEP unlined evaporation pond

USEPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

VOCs volatile organic compounds

February 2014

1 INTRODUCTION TO THE SITE AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

Site and Location: LHAAP-18/24 is a fenced, cleared area consisting of 34.5 acres in the southeastern section of Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). The Groundwater Treatment Plant (GWTP) is the facility where extracted groundwater from LHAAP-18/24 is treated. The GWTP is located immediately adjacent to and southeast of Longhorn site LHAAP-18/24 at the eastern end of Avenue Q.

Lead Agency and Supporting Agencies:

Lead Agency – United States Department of the Army (U.S. Army)

Supporting Agencies – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 6 and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) as a Federal Facilities Agreement Partner

Citation: This Explanation of Significant Difference (ESD) is in Compliance with Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) §117(c) and the National Contingency Plan §300(c)(2)(1)

Date of Interim Remedial Action Record of Decision (IRA ROD) (USACE, 1995) Signature: May 1995, Administrative Record, Bates Stamp range 012681-012751

1.1 Need for this ESD

This ESD is needed as a result of changes to the GWTP to remove the catalytic oxidation air emission control unit as a component of the Selected Remedy described in Section I of the Interim Remedial Action Record of Decision (IRA ROD) (USACE, 1995). The catalytic oxidation unit removes volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the GWTP air stripping unit that removes those same compounds from extracted groundwater. Section J of the IRA ROD (USACE, 1995) established the air emission criteria for Standard Exemptions 68 and 118 at 30 TAC §116.211(a) as an action-specific Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement (ARAR) for control of air emissions from the remedial action processes. The catalytic oxidation unit achieved the ARAR by converting the VOCs in the air stripper off-gas to carbon dioxide, water, and hydrochloric acid gases. The catalytic oxidation unit initially treated an additional source of VOCs from a low temperature thermal desorption (LTTD) soil treatment process. That soil treatment process is now complete.

On May 24, 2012, the air scrubber system on the catalytic oxidizer malfunctioned due to an air blower breakdown, resulting in significant damage to the scrubber unit and the inability to operate the catalytic oxidizer. Because it was anticipated that there would be a considerable delay in acquiring and installing replacement equipment, the Army proposed an interim solution of bypassing the catalytic oxidizer until equipment replacement could take place. The Army provided the USEPA and TCEQ with air emission estimates that met the substantive

¹ Although other emission criteria may have been possible under CERCLA 121(d), the Standard Permit emission criteria were selected.

February 2014

requirements of the current "Permits by Rule" provisions of 30 TAC §106.533.² USEPA and TCEQ concurred with Army's plan to operate the GWTP without use of the catalytic oxidizer as an interim measure.

Interim air emission monitoring (discussed in **Section 3.1**) following the air stripper breakdown confirms that the air stripping unit at the GWTP can reliably achieve air emissions significantly below the action-specific ARAR (i.e., 30 TAC §106.533 and/or former 30 TAC §116.211(a)) without the catalytic oxidation unit. Although neither of these criteria require the use of air emission control equipment, this ESD is required because the catalytic oxidation unit is identified as a remedy component of the Selected Remedy and there is no provision for removing the catalytic oxidation unit from the remedy if no longer required to meet the ARAR.

Because the Selected Remedy of extracting and air stripping VOCs from the groundwater remains in place and all ARARs will continue to be met without the catalytic oxidation unit, its deletion does not result in a fundamental change in the Selected Remedy requiring an IRA ROD amendment. All other GWTP system components remain unchanged and are not included in this ESD.

This ESD will become part of the Administrative Record file in accordance with 40 CFR §300.825(a)(2) and will be part of the information repository for the site. The public may access this report at the Marshall Public Library:

Marshall Public Library 300 South Alamo Blvd. Marshall, TX 75670

² 30 TAC §106.533 "permit by rule" provisions replaced 30 TAC §116.211's permit exemption provisions in existence on May 4, 1994.

February 2014

2 SITE HISTORY, CONTAMINATION, AND SELECTED REMEDY

2.1 Site History and Contamination

LHAAP-18/24 had been used from 1955 until 1997 as a burial and burning ground for various industrial wastes and hazardous wastes generated at LHAAP. Burned wastes included solvents, oil, and red phosphorus. Buried wastes include rocket motor washout residues, illuminating mixtures, oxidizing agents, solvents, oils, and detergents. The former unlined evaporation pond (UEP) was constructed in 1963 to collect water from the washout of rocket motor casings and the process waste sumps. The water contained solvents, explosive compounds, and metal residues. The UEP was no longer used after 1984 and was closed in 1986. LHAAP-18/24 was identified as a National Priorities List (NPL) site and is in the Federal Facility Agreement signed by USEPA, TCEQ, and the Army and effective December 30, 1991 (Administrative Record Bates Stamp range 004404-004405).

The groundwater at LHAAP-18/24 is believed to have been contaminated by infiltration from the UEP that was used to store manufacturing wastewater and from burning trenches used to flash pyrotechnic, propellant, and explosive waste streams. High concentrations of solvents (VOCs), primarily methylene chloride and trichloroethylene, and traces of heavy metals, such as barium, have been detected within subsurface soils, buried waste, and the uppermost water bearing-zone at the site. The concentrations of methylene chloride as of April 1994, prior to the IRA, ranged from approximately 10,550 mg/L, near the center of the plume, to less than 0.005 mg/L, near the northwest edge of the plume. The concentration of trichloroethylene as of April 1994, prior to the IRA, ranged from approximately 1,520 mg/L near the center of the plume, to less than 0.005 mg/L near the northwest edge of the plume. The extent of impacted groundwater extended beyond the 34.5-acre boundary of the site. Soil samples from 1987 through 1989 detected trichloroethylene with a maximum concentration of 1,000 mg/kg, methylene chloride with a maximum concentration of 742 mg/kg and acetone with a maximum concentration of 33 mg/kg. Barium, chromium, and lead have also been detected in site soil samples at concentrations exceeding expected background concentrations for the area. The majority of impacted soil occurred in the northern portion of the site where the majority of waste burial and disposal/burning practices occurred.

In 1998, as part of the interim remedial action, the GWTP was put into operation to treat water collected from 14 interceptor collection trenches (ICTs) totaling 5,000 linear feet and 28 collection sumps associated with those ICTs.

The GWTP also receives flow from eight extraction wells at LHAAP-16. Those extraction wells were installed in 1996 and 1997 as part of a treatability study. These wells were not required as part of the interim ROD for LHAAP-16 and are expected to be abandoned as part of the final remedy for LHAAP-16. The wells are located between the landfill at LHAAP-16 and Harrison Bayou. The groundwater at LHAAP-16 is largely contaminated with chlorinated ethenes and perchlorate.

The GWTP was not operated between May 24, 2012 and September 6, 2012, due to the malfunction of the catalytic oxidation air emission control unit described in **Section 1.1**. Since September 6, 2012, the GWTP has been operated without the catalytic oxidation unit, but with

February 2014

weekly air emission monitoring. Upon restart of the groundwater extraction and treatment system, the flow rate has ranged between 167 to 192 gallons per minute (gpm), which is consistent with the original design parameters and the flow rate experienced prior to May 24, 2012.

2.2 Selected Remedy

The IRA ROD Selected Remedy includes:

- Extraction of shallow groundwater and treatment using metal precipitation, air stripping, and off-gas treatment for VOCs, and
- Excavation of source material and treatment using LTTD and off-gas treatment for VOCs.

The excavation and treatment of the source material is complete and is therefore not addressed by this ESD.

February 2014

3 BASIS FOR THE DOCUMENT

3.1 Information Prompting and Supporting Significant Differences from the Selected Remedy

Former 30 TAC §116.211, Standard Exemptions 68 and 118 and/or the current permit by rule emission criteria of 30 TAC §106.533 constitute the ARAR for air emissions from the GWTP. Since 2000, these air emissions have been monitored continuously for total hydrocarbons using a Model 51 FID and quarterly for VOCs using method TO-14.

In accordance with an electronic mail from the USEPA and the TCEQ dated July 23, 2012, the parties agreed to operate the GWTP without the catalytic oxidizer. The parties' agreement was conditioned on the collection of weekly air samples from the emission point, ambient air at the GWTP, and ambient air downwind of the emission point at the nearest off-site boundary. Since September 6, 2012, weekly VOC air samples have been acquired.

The current TCEQ requirements at 30 TAC §106.533 were applied to the air data collected from the air stripper emission point and from the ambient air samples. Air monitoring began in September 2012 with the restart of the GWTP operations and continues on a weekly basis. The weekly data are analyzed and compiled in weekly reports that are submitted to the US EPA and TCEQ. Along with the air data, photoionization detector (PID) measurements are collected. Correlation between the air sampling data and the PID measurements were determined for the GWTP ambient air and for the stripper air line data. The correlations indicated that the PID data provide a good estimate of the VOC concentrations in the GWTP ambient air and the stripper emissions (**Table 3-1**). Below is a summary of the approach and results.

Per the TCEQ request, the ambient air data collected at the GWTP and downwind were compared to the TCEQ Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs) protective of human health. For chemicals with no published AMCVs, the short term Effects Screening Levels (ESLs) were used for comparison. All ambient air concentrations were lower than the AMCVs or ESLs and are protective of human health.

All emission rates measured from the stripper air line were lower than the allowable maximum hourly emission limits to the nearest off-site receptor per 30 TAC §106.533(b)(6)³ and the annual emission rate of five tons per year (30 TAC §106.533(f)(1)(B)) allowed for each chemical.

Therefore, the ARARs related to the treatment requirements for air emissions continue to be met without catalytic oxidation treatment.

³ Off-site receptor--Any recreational area, residence, commercial/industrial facility, or other normally occupied structures not used solely by the owner or operator of the facilities or the owner of the site upon which the facilities are located. Measurements of distances to determine compliance with this distance restriction must be taken toward structures that are in use as of the date that a notification is filed with the commission.

February 2014

3.2 Information in the Administrative Record Supporting the Need for the Change

The USEPA requested that an ESD be submitted to address differences between operating the GWTP with a catalytic oxidizer for air abatement versus operating the GWTP without a catalytic oxidizer (USEPA, email to US Army on March 21, 2013). AECOM Technical Services, Inc. (AECOM) has produced an Interim Air Monitoring Plan supporting the need for the change (AECOM, 2012). This information and other supporting documents are included in the Administrative Record.

Table 3-1: PID Readings and Correlation with Analytical Results

	PID Field Measurement (ppmv)		Calculated PID* (ppmv)		Measured/Calculated PID	
Date	Ambient Air at GWTP	Stripper Air Line	Ambient Air at GWTP	Stripper Air Line	Ambient Air at GWTP	
6-Sep-12	0.1	22.3	0.0115	10.2		
16-Sep-12	0.1	22.3	0.0186	10.9		
24-Sep-12	0.05	7	0.0283	15.6		
1-Oct-12	0.15	15.7	0.0650	13.9		
8-Oct-12	0	15.7	0.0228	13.7		
15-Oct-12	0.1	20	0.0811	15.4		
22-Oct-12	0.1	13	0.0805	9.89		
29-Oct-12	0.1	12.6	0.0399	10.5		
5-Nov-12	0.05	29.8	0.0434	16.5		
12-Nov-12	0.1	14.4	0.0245	10.8		
19-Nov-12	0	20.3	0.0235	11.4		
27-Nov-12	0.1	18	0.0204	12.7		
3-Dec-12	0	22.5	0.0156	9.74		
13-Dec-12	0.1	11.2	0.0156	8.20		
17-Dec-12	0.1	12.9	0.0413	7.67		
24-Dec-12	0	20.1	0.0241	11.9		
2-Jan-13	0	37.1	0.0125	8.62		
7-Jan-13	0.1	12.7	0.0176	6.79		
14-Jan-13	0.1	23.4	0.026	7.08		
21-Jan-13	0.1	15.1	0.0371	5.96		
28-Jan-13	0	28.6	0.0746	20.0		
4-Feb-13	0.1	14.9	0.0226	11.4		
11-Feb-13	0.1	11.1	0.0364	12.5		
18-Feb-13	0	13 14.5	0.0213	7.67		
27-Feb-13	0	13.7	0.0257 0.0125	11.8 15.5		
11-Mar-13 18-Mar-13	0	13.7	0.0403	16.7		
25-Mar-13	0.1	14.1	0.0403	12.1		
25-Mar-13	0.1	22.7	0.0751	8.8		
8-Apr-13	0.1	15.8	0.0240	14.9		
15-Apr-13	0	16.2	0.0240	19.2		
22-Apr-13	0	14.3	0.0556	11.1		
1-May-13	0	12.8	0.0556	11.1		
6-May-13	0	18.1	0.0138	17.7		
13-May-13	0	12.9	0.0264	13.4		
21-May-13	0	16.2	0.0241	19.2		
28-May-13	0	16.2	0.0304	15.3		
5-Jun-13	0	7.7	0.0387	10.4		
12-Jun-13 19-Jun-13	0	9.1 11.1	0.0264 0.0875	11.9 10.7		
24-Jun-13	0	7.6	0.0875	11.6		
1-Jul-13	0	17.7	0.0314	14.4		
8-Jul-13	0	13.1	0.0314	28.7		
15-Jul-13	0	15.7	0.0556	25.8		
22-Jul-13	0	10.9	0.0319	23.8		
29-Jul-13	0	8.6	0.0484	22.2		
5-Aug-13	0	12.3	0.0258	17.2		
12-Aug-13 19-Aug-13	0	11.8 15.4	0.0386 0.048	15.7 20.8		
26-Aug-13	0	11.1	0.0442	14.7		
3-Sep-13	0	12	0.0714	16.5		
9-Sep-13	0	15	0.0335	19.0		
16-Sep-13	0	13.2	0.0335	14.3		
23-Sep-13	0	14.3	0.0695	19.0		
Average	0.0343	15.6	0.0364	13.9	94%	112%

^{*} Calculated based on TCEQ equation in 30 TAC 106.533(h)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Concentration (ug/m}^3) = & \text{PID reading (ppmv)} * \text{MW (g/mole)/{0.02445}}^* \text{ Mole fraction (from analytical results)} \\ \text{Mole fraction} = & \text{compound concentration (mol/m}^3) \text{/sum of all molar concentrations (mol/m}^3) \\ \end{array}$

 $Molar\ Concentration\ (mol/m^3) = \qquad Analytical\ concentrations\ (ug/m^3)/\{1,000,000\ ug/g\ ^{\star}\ MW\ (g/mol)\}$

February 2014

4 DESCRIPTION OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE

4.1 Significant Differences in Scope

The remedial objectives for the Early Interim Remedial Action were to eliminate or minimize the potential for exposure to human and ecological receptors by reducing or preventing further migration of contaminants from source material and shallow groundwater into deeper groundwater zones, and possibly surface water bodies. LTTD treatment of the source material was completed prior to breakdown of the catalytic oxidation unit. The deletion of the catalytic oxidation unit does not require any modification to the pumping rates from the 14 interceptor collection trenches, 28 collection sumps, or 8 LHAAP-16 extraction wells.

4.2 Significant Differences in Performance

The deletion of the catalytic oxidation unit from the Selected Remedy has no impact on reducing or preventing further groundwater migration of contaminants from source material and shallow groundwater.

While air emissions from the GWTP will be higher without the catalytic oxidation unit, the total emissions will remain below the level of regulatory significance as determined by former 30 TAC §116.211(a).

4.3 Significant Differences in Cost

Current Shallow Groundwater Treatment & Disposal Costs:

Capital \$4,490,000 Annual Operations & Maintenance \$400,000

Present-worth \$3,000,000 (air stripping)

\$2,080,000 (metal precipitation)

The change in cost is unknown since the IRA ROD did not break out specific costs for the off-gas treatment for VOCs. However it is known that removing the catalytic oxidizer from the groundwater treatment process will avoid an additional capital cost of ~\$700,000 for replacement of the catalytic oxidizer unit.

4.4 Expected Changes in Outcome

The deletion of the catalytic oxidation unit from the Selected Remedy does not affect the cleanup criteria or the time required to achieve the cleanup criteria. Deletion of the catalytic oxidation unit has not resulted in a change to the groundwater extraction rates or the rate of contaminant mass removal from the groundwater. No changes to performance standards specified in the IRA ROD are proposed. The current TCEQ emission criteria under 30 TAC §106.533, (replacing former Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission (TNRCC) 30 TAC §116.122(a)), is the current ARAR. Operation of the GWTP without a catalytic oxidizer will continue to meet the ARAR. **Appendix A** presents a summary of the current ARAR.

February 2014

5 SUPPORT AGENCY COMMENTS

The USEPA and TCEQ have reviewed this ESD and support the proposed changes.

February 2014

6 STATUTORY DETERMINATIONS

The modification presented herein satisfies CERCLA §121. The GWTP is performing as intended and all ambient air health based standards and emission limits are met.

February 2014

7 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

In accordance with 40 CFR §300.435(c)(2)(i), the ESD will be placed into the Administrative Record and a notice briefly summarizing the ESD will be published in the *Marshall News Messenger*.

Authorizing Signature:

Thomas C'Sadule

Date: 24 Feb 2014

Thomas E. Lederle

Chief

BRAC Division, ACSIM

U.S. Army

Concurrence Signature:

I have reviewed this document, and any comments I had have been addressed and/or incorporated:

Carl Edlund, P.E.

Director

Superfund Division

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Region 6

Final
Explanation of Significant Differences
ROD for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

February 2014

8 REFERENCES

- AECOM Technical Services, Inc. (AECOM), 2012, Interim Air Monitoring Plan. Longhorn Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas. Karnack, Texas. September.
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), 1995, EPA/ROD/R06-95/092. Record of Decision for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3, Longhorn Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas. May.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), 2013, E-mail, *Longhorn Interim ROD 18/24*, *An ESD or ROD Amendment?*. March 21.

Final
Explanation of Significant Differences
ROD for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

February 2014

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Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Groundwater Treatment Plant Applicable Air Standards 30 TAC 106

		Ambient Air Standards		Emission Standards							
		ATTIBLE	Tit 7 til Otario	urus				Emission standard	<u> </u>		Allowable Maximum
					Allowable				Distance Downwind		Hourly Emission Limit at
					Annual				to nearest off-site		Nearest off-site Receptor
D. II. c. c.		Short Term ESL	,	,							(2)(2)
Pollutant		March 2012	Health)	Health)	Emission (1)	TLV(L)	TLV Reference	Compliance section	Receptor (D)	(K) value	(=)(=)
	CAS	μg/m³	ppbv	μg/m ³	tpy	mg/m ³			ft		lb/hr
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	4000	1000	4047	5	405	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	210	180	714	5	20	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.4
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	160	40	162	5	40	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	2.9
Acetone	67-64-1	5900	NA	NA	5	590	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Benzene	71-43-2	170	180	575	5	3	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	0.21
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	30	NA	NA	5	31	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	2.2
Chloroform	67-66-3	100	20	98	5	10	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	0.71
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	540-59-0	7900	NA	NA	5	793	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	3600	3500	12158	5	26	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.9
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	2000	1000	6782	5	33.5	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	2.4
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	540-59-0	7900	NA	NA	5	793	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	540	100	537	5	135	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	6.0
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	20000	26000	66460	5	2	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	0.14
n-Hexane	110-54-3	5300	1800	6336	5	1800	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Styrene	100-42-5	110	5100	21725	5	21	106.262 List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.5
Toluene	108-88-3	640	4000	15074	5	188	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	6.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	740	20000	86844	5	434	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
m,p-Xylenes	179601-23-	180	1700	7382	5	434	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
o-Xylene	95-47-6	1600	1700	7382	5	434	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	720	NA	NA	5	(4)	-	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(i)	2000	14	1.0
Propene (C3 H6)	115-07-1	Asphyxiant	Asphyxiant	Asphyxiant	5	(4)	-	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(i)	2000	14	6.0
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CCI2F2)	75-71-8	50000	10000	49452	5	4950	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Ethanol	64-17-5	18800	NA	NA	5	1880	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Trichlorofluoromethane (CCI3F)	75-69-4	28000	10000	56184	5	5620	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (C2Cl3F3)	76-13-1	38000	NA	NA	5	7670	ACGIH List	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(ii)	2000	14	1.0
alpha-Pinene	80-56-8	60	628	3499	5	(4)	-	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(i)	2000	14	1.0
d-Limonene	5989-27-5	1100	NA	NA	5	(4)	-	30 TAC 106.533(f)(1)(A)(i)	2000	14	1.0

⁽¹⁾ Per 30TAC 106.533(f)(1)(B)

⁽²⁾ The maximum hourly limit allowed by 30 TAC 106.262, per pollutant, is 6 lbs/hr per "Figure 1: 30 TAC 106.262(a)". The E value was overridden with 6 lb/hr when the calculated E was higher.

⁽³⁾ The maximum hourly emission rate allowed by 30 TAC 106.261(a)(3) for chemicals with an limit value (L) greater than 200 mg/m³ is 1 lb/hr.

⁽⁴⁾ No TLVs for these chemicals

May 13, 2014

Errata for Final Explanation of Significant Differences Record Of Decision for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3, LHAAP, February 2014.

This PDF's following page shows one corrected page from the *Final Explanation of Significant Differences Record Of Decision for Early Interim Remedial Action at Burning Ground No. 3, LHAAP, February 2014.* The page reflects the correction described below. The error has been corrected in the PDF version of the ESD available in the Administrative Record.

Page 1-1

Footnote 1 refers to the wrong CERCLA section. It should say: CERCLA 121(d).

February 2014

1 INTRODUCTION TO THE SITE AND STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

Site and Location: LHAAP-18/24 is a fenced, cleared area consisting of 34.5 acres in the southeastern section of Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP). The Groundwater Treatment Plant (GWTP) is the facility where extracted groundwater from LHAAP-18/24 is treated. The GWTP is located immediately adjacent to and southeast of Longhorn site LHAAP-18/24 at the eastern end of Avenue Q.

Lead Agency and Supporting Agencies:

Lead Agency – United States Department of the Army (U.S. Army)

Supporting Agencies – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Region 6 and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) as a Federal Facilities Agreement Partner

Citation: This Explanation of Significant Difference (ESD) is in Compliance with Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) §117(c) and the National Contingency Plan §300(c)(2)(1)

Date of Interim Remedial Action Record of Decision (IRA ROD) (USACE, 1995) Signature: May 1995, Administrative Record, Bates Stamp range 012681-012751

1.1 Need for this ESD

This ESD is needed as a result of changes to the GWTP to remove the catalytic oxidation air emission control unit as a component of the Selected Remedy described in Section I of the Interim Remedial Action Record of Decision (IRA ROD) (USACE, 1995). The catalytic oxidation unit removes volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from the GWTP air stripping unit that removes those same compounds from extracted groundwater. Section J of the IRA ROD (USACE, 1995) established the air emission criteria for Standard Exemptions 68 and 118 at 30 TAC §116.211(a) as an action-specific Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirement (ARAR) for control of air emissions from the remedial action processes. The catalytic oxidation unit achieved the ARAR by converting the VOCs in the air stripper off-gas to carbon dioxide, water, and hydrochloric acid gases. The catalytic oxidation unit initially treated an additional source of VOCs from a low temperature thermal desorption (LTTD) soil treatment process. That soil treatment process is now complete.

On May 24, 2012, the air scrubber system on the catalytic oxidizer malfunctioned due to an air blower breakdown, resulting in significant damage to the scrubber unit and the inability to operate the catalytic oxidizer. Because it was anticipated that there would be a considerable delay in acquiring and installing replacement equipment, the Army proposed an interim solution of bypassing the catalytic oxidizer until equipment replacement could take place. The Army provided the USEPA and TCEQ with air emission estimates that met the substantive

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¹ Although other emission criteria may have been possible under CERCLA 121(d), the Standard Permit emission criteria were selected.



Subject: Final Minutes, Quarterly Restoration Advisory Board (RAB)

Meeting, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP)

Location of Meeting: Karnack Community Center, Karnack, Texas

Date of Meeting: February 20, 2014, 6:00 – 7:30 PM

Meeting Participants:

LHAAP/BRAC: Rose M. Zeiler

USACE: Aaron Williams, Rick Smith

USAEC: Robin Paul

AECOM: Dave Wacker, Gretchen McDonnell

TCEQ: April Palmie

USEPA Region 6: Rich Mayer, Janetta Coats, Kent Becher (USGS liaison), Barry

Forsythe (USFWS Liason)

USFWS: Paul Bruckwicki

RAB: Present: Paul Fortune, Terry Britt, Charles Dixon, Carol

Fortune, Judith Johnson, Ted Kurz, Richard LeTourneau, Tom Walker, John Pollard, Jr., Nigel Shivers, Pickens Winters **Absent:** Ken Burkhalter, Robert Cargill, Lee Guice, James

Lambright, Judy Vandeventer

Public: Dawn Orsak, CLI-TAG

Mary Britt, Carlos Black, Joe Black, Robert Keathley

An agenda handout for the RAB meeting was provided for the meeting. Additional hard copy meeting materials provided included the AECOM slide presentation, a surface water and perimeter well perchlorate data handout, and a GWTP summary handout showing pounds of chemicals removed and volume of water treated. Draft November 2014 RAB meeting minutes were provided to RAB members for review prior to the meeting.

Welcome – Rose Zeiler

Mr. Fortune opened the meeting and invited any first-time attendees to introduce themselves.

Mr. Joe Black introduced himself as a first-time meeting attendee, but lifelong Caddo Lake area resident. Mr. Black stated his son, also named Joe Black, is a candidate for Harrison County judge.

Open Items – Rose Zeiler

Minutes

Ms. McDonnell noted that one change was made to the version of the minutes that had been distributed for RAB review, which was to correct the name of the church where Mr. Pollard serves as deacon. Ms. Fortune made a motion to approve the November 2013 RAB meeting minutes. Motion seconded by Mr. Pollard.

Tour of Longhorn Sites Planned for May

By vote of the RAB members, the tour was scheduled for May 15th at 3PM. Participants should meet in front of the entrance for the USFWS building, just inside the gates of the refuge. The tour will likely take two hours. The tour is for RAB members, but members of the public may attend if their name and contact information is submitted in advance.

New Members

Mr. Kurz stated that he knew a potential candidate for the RAB. Mr. Fortune asked that AECOM provide an application.

Website

The Longhorn website is schedule for debut at the next RAB meeting. When the site becomes active, a notice will be sent to the RAB members and the interested parties list. The address will be http://www.longhornaap.com.

A map of the site will allow viewers to click on a site of interest, and be led directly to documents relating to that site. Groundwater plume map updates, fact sheets on remedial technologies in use, and administrative record documents are anticipated to be available on the website.

Installation Action Plan

Dr. Zeiler asked the group if any RAB member had not received their copy of the Installation Action Plan. No member indicated they had not received the document.

Open Questions

Ms. Coats, USEPA, asked if any local government officials had requested tours of Longhorn. Dr. Zeiler stated that local government officials are on the Longhorn interested parties list, so receive notifications of Longhorn RAB activities, but no requests have been received for several years. Dr. Zeiler stated that the interested parties list would be reviewed to ensure it is updated to include current local government officials. William Hatfield was identified as the current county commissioner for the Longhorn area and should be on the interested parties list.

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) Update – AECOM (Dave Wacker)

Fieldwork Completed and Upcoming Field Activities Planned

Mr. Wacker provided a brief overview of the CERCLA process phases, to facilitate discussion on the status of progress at several LHAAP sites where field work has recently been completed or is underway (LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67, LHAAP-18/24, LHAAP-35B(37), LHAAP-50,

LHAAP-35A(58), LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16). Five sites (LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67, LHAAP-35B(37), LHAAP-50, LHAAP-35A(58)) are currently in the "remedy in place" phase of the process, undergoing monitored natural attenuation (MNA). See attached AECOM PowerPoint presentation for maps and tables associated with sites referenced below.

LHAAP-46 Plant 2 Area Update – Remedy In Place

Primary contaminant is trichloroethene (TCE) in groundwater with a maximum current concentration of 144 micrograms per liter ($\mu g/L$), and a clean-up level of 5 $\mu g/L$. The remedy for the site is MNA and land use controls, so additional wells were installed earlier this year and the initial monitoring round conducted.

Contamination at the site consists of shallow (to ~30' bgs) and intermediate (~30-60' bgs) groundwater zone plumes with a total of 21 wells now being monitored to observe the plumes. Mr. Wacker showed maps of the shallow and intermediate zone groundwater TCE plumes. Quarterly MNA monitoring is in progress. A Remedial Action Completion Report is being generated at this time.

Mr. Fortune asked how long a site will be monitored to determine whether MNA is a suitable remedy. Eight quarters of monitoring are prescribed before enough data is collected to perform an initial evaluation of MNA effectiveness. Mr. Wacker stated that the total estimated duration to complete remediation is stated in the ROD. Mr. Fortune asked when the quarterly monitoring started. Mr. Wacker stated that the remedy for LHAAP-46 has been in place for about a year, and the eight quarters of monitoring needed to judge MNA effectiveness started when the remedy was put in place. Mr. Fortune asked if there was additional data collected from prior to AECOM that could be used in determining whether MNA is working. Mr. Wacker stated that, although older data was used for nature and extent definition prior to implementation of the remedy, the eight quarters of monitoring needed to judge the effectiveness of MNA started when the remedy was implemented.

LHAAP-67 AST Farm – Remedy In Place

This site has TCE concentrations similar to the LHAAP-46 site, but confined to the shallow groundwater zone. MNA and land use controls for TCE in groundwater is the remedy. Additional wells were installed and the initial monitoring round conducted. The total plume size is relatively small, approximately 300 feet by 400 feet.

A Remedial Action Completion Report is being generated at this time, and the annual report will be prepared in August 2014.

LHAAP-18/24 Burning Ground 3 & Unlined Evaporation Pond – Interim Remedy In Place

As background, Mr. Wacker stated that LHAAP-18/24 was the primary waste management area for LHAAP and is the most highly contaminated site at Longhorn. Currently, the interim remedial action in place consists of collection of impacted groundwater from collection trenches (located along down-gradient sides of the site and in hot spots within the site), and routing of collected groundwater to the GWTP for removal of contaminants. Annual sampling of the interceptor collection trenches (ICTs), will be conducted in February.

A significant amount of additional investigation work has been completed at LHAAP-18/24 this year toward completing a revised feasibility study for the site, and additional work is being proposed to collect more information required to support the revised feasibility study. The

additional work relates to defining the extent of DNAPL source material in the former Unlined Evaporation Pond (UEP) area where liquid wastes were disposed on a daily basis during the site's operation.

Mr. Fortune asked for clarification on the UEP versus the INF Pond. Mr. Wacker explained that the UEP was a waste disposal area within the LHAAP-18/24 site. The INF Pond is in different location, not within the LHAAP-18/24 site, where treated water from the GWTP can be stored when water cannot be discharged to Harrison Bayou due to low water flow in the bayou.

LHAAP-35B(37) – Chemical Laboratory – Remedy In Place

This site is the former Chemical Laboratory with shallow groundwater impacted by tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and TCE plumes. LHAAP-35B(37) is also the site of the bioplug demonstration study being conducted by the US Army's Aberdeen Testing Center. The bioplug demonstration study is separate from the remediation specified in the ROD for the site.

If the bioplug approach does not reduce contaminants to acceptable levels during its performance period, the aquifer will be allowed to return to natural conditions and AECOM will begin the monitored natural attenuation remedy as approved in the ROD. AECOM has already installed the MNA monitoring well network specified in the ROD.

LHAAP-50 Former Sump Water Tank – Remedy In Place

LHAAP-50 was the site of a large above-ground water tank that received sump water from across the plant. Issues at the site are perchlorate in soil, and perchlorate and VOCs in groundwater.

Areas of perchlorate-impacted surface soil have been excavated and removed (approximately 183 cubic yards), and disposed at an off-site landfill. Mr. Wacker showed a map defining the excavation area.

To address groundwater, 19 new monitoring wells were installed to support implementation of the approved monitored natural attenuation remedy. An annual report will be prepared to provide an evaluation of the remedy.

LHAAP-58 Shops Area – Remedy In Place

Multiple plant activities that were conducted in this area and could have contributed to contamination at the site (paint shop, laundry, carpentry, etc.). VOCs have impacted groundwater at the site. There are two separate groundwater plumes; "eastern plume" and "western plume", each with their own remediation strategy.

In the center of the east plume, where concentrations are on the order of a few thousand micrograms per liter, In-Situ Bioremediation (ISB) is being completed to more aggressively treat those higher concentration impacts. Approximately 225 gallons of Wil-Clear Plus, a sodium lactate food source for microbes that will degrade VOCs, was injected at each of 12 injection points in the east plume. Injection of the food source was followed by injection of bioaugmentation solution after confirmation that the type of microbes required to degrade the contaminants were not present at the site. This site is subject to quarterly MNA monitoring.

Mr. Wacker reviewed some initial contaminant data from the eastern plume, showing a reduction of PCE and TCE in well 03WW01. However, well 35AWW09 showed an increase of PCE, which is likely due to movement of contaminated water resulting from injection of the food source and bioaugmentation solution. Mr. Wacker used these examples to illustrate why we perform eight quarters of sampling over two years to obtain a better view of the actual performance of the remedy after the immediate effects of fluid injection dissipate.

Mr. Fortune asked what the western plume contaminants were. Mr. Wacker stated that the contaminant is TCE. Mr. Fortune asked what activities were done to create the contamination. Mr. Wacker stated that there were multiple operations in this area that could have caused solvent impacts, including a paint shop.

<u>LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16 – Remedy In Place (Operation and Maintenance)</u>
Continuing operation and maintenance activities have been performed at these landfill sites.

Annual sampling of wells associated with LHAAP-12 was recently completed. MNA is being reevaluated at LHAAP-12 and there is the possibility some minor additional work may be done (i.e., installation of a new well). The contaminant concentrations at LHAAP-12 are fairly low and Army is working to demonstrate that MNA is reducing contaminant concentrations at the site. This year, MNA effectiveness could not be effectively evaluated because the only contaminated well at the site was dry during the sampling event, and could not be sampled, leaving us without a new data point for the trend analysis.

As an interim measure to prevent impacts to Harrison Bayou, LHAAP-16 has extraction wells collecting water for treatment at the GWTP. The annual sampling of these extraction wells was done in February. An additional round of sampling more wells at LHAAP-16 was done a few months ago, and that data will likely be presented at the next RAB meeting. Mr. Wacker noted that decision on a final remedy for LHAAP-16 has been delayed due to the dispute between Army and USEPA.

CERCLA 5-Year Review Process for Multiple Sites

The 5-Year Review has been performed and the report document is being reviewed by the USEPA. The review included sites with either final or interim remedies in place, such as LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16 landfill sites, LHAAP-18/24 associated with the GWTP, the Pistol Range and LHAAP-49 Acid Storage Area.

Mr. Wacker explained that a CERCLA 5-Year Review is required every five years for any site that has been closed but not restored to unrestricted use conditions. Sites at Longhorn that are restored to conditions suitable for future industrial use, but not suitable for residential use, require these reviews.

GWTP

The GWTP continues to operate to contain the groundwater plumes at LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-16. See attached handout showing treated groundwater volumes and mass of chemicals removed. Treated water is either discharged to Harrison Bayou or released back to the LHAAP-18/24 site.

Mr. Dixon asked if the chemicals removed from groundwater are destroyed or released to the air. Mr. Wacker stated that perchlorate is destroyed by bacterial treatment. Metals are precipitated from the water, resulting in a small amount of sludge that is periodically disposed of at a landfill. VOCs are stripped from the water and discharged to the air, with air discharges being monitored in several locations to ensure Texas air standards are not exceeded. Mr. Wacker pointed out that air samples have been collected from multiple locations for over a year without any Texas air standard being exceeded. Dr. Zeiler stated that the GWTP will be on the Longhorn RAB tour route in May, where the RAB will be provided with a briefing on how the plant works.

Perimeter Well and Surface Water Sampling

Perchlorate sampling is conducted quarterly for groundwater at several locations along the perimeter of the former facility footprint in accordance with the 1999 dispute resolution. Historically, Army voluntarily sampled these wells for a wide variety of chemicals that were used at the plant. Surface water is also sampled for perchlorate at five locations. The latest quarterly data is from the September 2013 sampling event indicated no detections of perchlorate at any of the surface water sampling locations (see attached handout), and no real changes in observations from the monitoring wells.

Upcoming Work, Meetings and Documents

Remedial Action Operation quarterly sampling will continue at LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58 and LHAAP-67. Semi-annual compliance sampling will be conducted at LHAAP-18/24 in May. Finalization of the CERCLA 5-Year Review report will be signed this year. Generation of remedial action completion reports for LHAAP-37, LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58 and LHAAP-67 is ongoing.

LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-29 will have some additional field work completed to install a few wells, and perform some soil sampling associated with the feasibility studies for both the sites. Work on remaining sites will be delayed until resolution of the dispute between Army and USEPA.

Mr. LeTourneau asked who is responsible for abandonment of monitoring wells once they are no longer needed. Dr. Zeiler stated that most wells are maintained for long periods of time, beyond the contract duration of any one consultant, so the Army is responsible for abandonment of wells.

Other Environmental Restoration Issues - Rose Zeiler

Dispute Resolution

Mr. Wacker showed a list of sites where work is being delayed due to the dispute between Army and USEPA over clean-up levels and land use controls. Mr. Mayer explained that USEPA has a dispute process that is followed when they disagree with what another federal agency wants to do with respect to conducting clean-up of sites. Mr. Mayer stated that the Longhorn dispute is being worked at the highest levels in both Army and USEPA, where it is in the hands of the Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army and the USEPA Administrator.

Mr. Mayer stated that a meeting between Army and USEPA had been planned for next week, but it has now been tentatively rescheduled for April.

Mr. Fortune asked if the dispute will be settled at this meeting. Mr. Mayer stated that the Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army will present their side of the dispute to the USEPA Administrator during this meeting, and the USEPA Administrator will likely make a decision after that meeting. Dr. Zeiler stated that the Army has an appeal process to follow if the Army does not agree with the USEPA Administrator's decision.

Mr. Britt asked what we are doing to make sure conditions are not degrading while the dispute goes on. Dr. Zeiler stated that we are doing monitoring.

Dr. Zeiler asked AECOM to prepare a slide bulleting the dispute issues for the next RAB meeting.

DNAPL Presentation

Dr. Zeiler provided a basic introduction to Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids, or DNAPLs. DNAPLS are heavier than water, opposed to light non-aqueous phase liquids (LNAPLs) like gasoline or oil which will float on water. Due to their density, DNAPLs will travel down through the subsurface until they hit an aquitard (a layer that impedes its progress, like a clay). The layered sands and clays at Longhorn provide discontinuous "shelves" of limited extent that can be overflowed with DNAPL. (See attached AECOM Powerpoint presentation slides 8 through 10 for an illustration of how DNAPL moves in the subsurface.)

There are areas where DNAPL "pools" in places, but there is also "residual" left behind in cracks and fractures where DNAPL once was in greater quantities. Our biggest challenge is to find it. Whatever treatment is used, it will be to treat that DNAPL where it is. DNAPL is extremely difficult to clean-up. In 2003, well-known contaminant hydrogeologist John Cherry said that a DNAPL residual site had never been remediated to true drinking water standards. Many DNAPL sites have instead been remediated to "alternative clean-up levels" developed and agreed to by regulatory agencies because the technology did not exist to achieve clean-up to drinking water standards. In summary, Ms. Zeiler stated that the best approach is to find the DNAPL and get rid of it, because it is a long-term endeavor to clean-up residual DNAPL left in an aquifer.

For LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-29, we will be working to collect additional data to more closely define the volumes of DNAPL we need to treat so we can identify which technology has the best chance of success. Mr. Mayer stated that even dissolved-phase chlorinated solvents are very difficult to remediate because they partition into soil materials and then release into groundwater later. Mr. Mayer further stated that over 100 sites nationwide have been approved for an alternative clean-up level because they have tried various technologies and demonstrated that remediation to the USEPA maximum contaminant level (MCL) is "impracticable".

Mr. LeTourneau asked what depth the contamination is at. Mr. Wacker stated that LHAAP-29 has contaminants at 90 feet below ground surface. The perimeter of the contamination has

been defined horizontally, and we have identified clean groundwater underneath the contamination at 90 feet, but we need to tighten the perimeter to know better how much true volume we are dealing with. Mr. LeTourneau asked how we know contamination will not move from where it is now at 90 feet down to 150 feet or other depths. Dr. Zeiler remarked that is was a primary question, but not one that anyone here could answer, but we do believe the contamination moved quickly to where it is now, in a matter of days or months rather than years. We know where the bottom of the contamination is now, but it could change. An aquitard could stop the travel of the contaminant, but if the aquifer is fractured or discontinuous, it could allow contamination to move deeper.

Mr. Kurz asked whether the work at Longhorn would end up being judged as having diminishing returns at some point, resulting in the government ending funding of remediation work there. Dr. Zeiler responded that Army must continue to fund remediation work at Longhorn until remediation is complete. For funding, Army generates a liability projection every year for their sites as part of the budgeting process, and it projects costs for the next 30 years. Until Army can demonstrate that a clean-up goal will be met, costs will be projected for 30 years out every year.

Dr. Zeiler went on to explain that when a remedial technology reaches a point of "diminishing returns", you typically to switch to a different method to reach the end goal. Or, using LHAAP-29 as an example, when you find the assumptions made when the remedy was decided were not valid, another option needs to be explored. For LHAAP-29, an additional technology will be evaluated and treatability testing done to ensure options being evaluated are viable. The last resort is to arrive at agreement on an alternative clean-up standard, as has been done at many sites with residual DNAPL impacts similar to LHAAP-18/24, where clean-up to the usual standards is beyond our existing technology.

Mr. Fortune stated that when Longhorn first became an National Priorities List site, the initial estimates given for time and funding to remediate Longhorn were 6-7 years and \$50M dollars to clean-up. Mr. Mayer stated that the estimates done at that time were done before migration of contaminants was well understood, and what has been learned since then that has shown those estimates to be invalid.

Look Ahead at the Schedule

Next RAB meeting is tentatively scheduled for May $15^{\rm th}$ from 6PM-7:30PM at the Karnack Community Center.

A motion to adjourn was made by Ms. Fortune and seconded by Mr.Britt.

Adjourn

February Meeting Attachments and Handouts:

- Meeting Agenda
- Minutes from November 2013 RAB meeting
- AECOM Powerpoint Presentation
- GWTP Treated Groundwater Volumes Handout
- Surface Water Sampling Results Handout

Acronyms

AECOM Technical Services, Inc.

bgs below ground surface

BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

CERCLA Comprehensive, Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CLI Caddo Lake Institute

DERP Defense Environment Response Program

DNAPL Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid GWTP Groundwater Treatment Plant ICT interceptor-collector trench

INF Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces

ISB In-Situ Bioremediation

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant
LNAPL Light Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid
MCL Maximum Contaminant Level
MNA Monitored Natural Attenuation

PCE tetrachloroethylene

RAB Restoration Advisory Board

ROD Record of Decision

TAG Technical Assistance Grant

TCE trichloroethene

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TSDH Texas State Department of Health

UEP Unlined Evaporation Pond

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USAEC United States Army Environmental Center
USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Survey

μg/L micrograms per liter

VOC volatile organic compound



AGENDA

DATE: Thursday, February 20, 2014

TIME: 6:00 - 7:30 PM

PLACE: Karnack Community Center, Karnack, Texas

06:00 Welcome and Introduction

06:05 Open items {RMZ}

- RAB Administrative Issues

- Minutes

- Tour of Longhorn Sites Planned for May

- Website

- Installation Action Plan

06:15 Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) Update {AECOM}

- Fieldwork completed and upcoming field activities planned

- Groundwater Treatment Plant (GWTP) Update

- Environmental Update for Active Sites (progress since last meeting)

06:50 Other Environmental Restoration Issues {RMZ}

- Sitewide LUC Management Plan Update

- Bioplug Demonstration at LHAAP-37

- Dispute Status Update

- Schedule

07:00 Presentations:

- Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (DNAPLs)

07:30 Adjourn {RMZ}



Subject: Final Minutes, Quarterly Restoration Advisory Board (RAB)

Meeting, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP)

Location of Meeting: Karnack Community Center, Karnack, Texas

Date of Meeting: November 14, 2013, 6:00 – 7:30 PM

Meeting Participants:

LHAAP/BRAC: Rose M. Zeiler

USACE: Aaron Williams, Rick Smith

USAEC: Marilyn Plitnik, Robin Paul, Cathy Kropp

AECOM: Dave Wacker, Gretchen McDonnell

TCEQ: April Palmie

USEPA Region 6: Rich Mayer, Janetta Coats, Kent Becher (USGS)

USFWS: Paul Bruckwicki, Jason Roesner

RAB: Present: Paul Fortune, Carol Fortune, Richard LeTourneau, Tom

Walker, Judith Johnson, James Lambright

Absent: Judy Vandeventer, Ken Burkhalter, Ted Kurz, Charles

Dixon, Pickens Winters, Robert Cargill, Lee Guice, Nigel

Shivers

RAB Candidates Terry Britt, John Pollard, Jr.

Public: Rick Lowerre, CLI-TAG

Bridget LaBorde and Robert Whittaker, TMD Technologies

Group

Tina Walker, Tom Ellerbee, Carrie Bradford, and David Rivera,

Texas State Department of Health

An agenda handout for the RAB meeting was provided for the meeting. Additional hard copy meeting materials provided included the AECOM slide presentation, Draft July RAB meeting minutes, a surface water and perimeter well perchlorate data handout, and a GWTP summary handout showing pounds of chemical s removed and volume of water treated.

Welcome - Rose Zeiler

Ms. Zeiler welcomed attendees to the meeting. Special guests were introduced by Ms. Zeiler:

- TMD Technologies Group (Ms. LaBorde and Mr. Whitaker) will be presenting an update on the demonstration study being conducted at LHAAP-37.
- Texas State Department of Health (TSDH) representatives (Mr. Rivera, Mr. Ellerbe, Ms. Walker and Dr. Bradford). Mr. Ellerbe stated that TSDH brought a handout to the meeting containing information relating to Longhorn, and that if anyone has any questions related to public health, they should contact TSDH.
- Ms. Cathy Kropp from US Army Environmental Center was introduced and will be providing an overview of the Longhorn RAB charter and the process of appointing new members.
- Mr. Rick Lowerre of Caddo Lake Institute (CLI) was introduced.
- Mr. Rick Smith of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) was introduced as replacing Mr. John Lambert as the USACE Project Manager for Longhorn.
- Mr. Terry Britt, a RAB membership candidate, was also introduced.

Open Items - Rose Zeiler

Minutes

Ms. Fortune made a motion to approve the July 2013 RAB meeting minutes. Motion seconded by Ms. Johnson.

New Members

Ms. Kropp provided a summary of the RAB member selection process and the RAB charter. Community RAB members must agree to attend regularly and on a voluntary basis (no compensation). A two-thirds vote of sitting RAB members in attendance is required to approve a new RAB member, and membership is effective starting with the next meeting, assuming approval of the Army BRAC Director.

Mr. Terry Britt was introduced as an applicant for RAB membership. Mr. Britt stated he is a resident of Uncertain, and has already been attending RAB meetings. Mr. Britt is interested in restoration of the refuge as a community member and hunter. Mr. Britt is also the President of the Caddo Lake WSC, with public water supply wells near the boundary of the former LHAAP footprint.

Mr. John Pollard, Jr. (arriving after the meeting was called to order) was introduced upon arrival as an applicant. Mr. Pollard stated that he is 79 years old and married, with children and grandchildren. Mr. Pollard served in the United States Army from 1954 – 1957 and is a deacon at Ebenezer Baptist Church in Marshall. Mr. Pollard stated that he feels it is important to be educated on what is going on in the community, and was interested in RAB membership when he saw the newspaper solicitation. Mr. Pollard is on the city planning and zoning commission, and has been on other boards in the past.

The voting members of the RAB in attendance were provided with paper ballots, and voted unanimously to accept both Mr. Britt and Mr. Pollard as new members. Mr. Britt and Mr. Pollard will be officially seated after approval by Mr. Tom Lederle, Army BRAC Director.

Tour

A RAB tour of Longhorn environmental sites will be scheduled for May on the day of the RAB meeting.

LHAAP-37 Bioplug Demonstration Project Update

Ms. Bridget LaBorde and Mr. Robert Whitaker of TMD Technologies Group provided a presentation explaining the Bioplug demonstration project being conducted at LHAAP-35B(37) by Aberdeen Test Center. RAB member questions regarding the technology were answered. See attached LHAAP-37 Bioplug Demonstration Study Presentation. RAB members were given the opportunity to ask questions about the technology.

Ms. Zeiler prefaced the presentation by saying that, prior to implementation of the approved monitored natural attenuation (MNA) remediation remedy for LHAAP-37, Aberdeen Test Center requested permission to conduct a demonstration study using the "bioplug" remediation technology at the site. Army is holding off on full implementation of the approved MNA remedy while the demonstration study is conducted to see what this technology can do to address the groundwater impacts.

Ms. LaBorde stated that the June 2013 data (after 8 months of operation) was not showing a trend for remediation, attributed to slower-than-anticipated groundwater flow across the site. Groundwater elevations have dropped at the site due to relatively dry conditions over the past several years, and groundwater flow rates have decreased along with that. However, September 2013 data (after 11 months of system operation) showed trends in some wells for degradation of volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The system is planned to operate for a total of 24 months.

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) Update – AECOM (Dave Wacker)

Fieldwork Completed and Upcoming Field Activities Planned

Mr. Wacker provided an update and summary of several sites where field work has recently been completed or is underway (LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67, LHAAP-18/24, LHAAP-35B(37), LHAAP-50, LHAAP-35A(58), LHAAP-03, LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16). See attached AECOM PowerPoint presentation for maps and tables referenced below. Mr. Wacker also noted a display of photographs depicting recent field work conducted.

LHAAP-46 Plant 2 Area Update – Remedy In Place

Primary contaminant is trichloroethene (TCE) in groundwater at levels less than 100 micrograms per liter ($\mu g/L$), with a clean-up level of 5 $\mu g/L$. The remedy for the site is MNA and land use controls, so additional wells were installed earlier this year and the initial monitoring round conducted.

Contamination at the site consists of shallow (to ~30' bgs) and intermediate (~30-60' bgs) groundwater zone plumes with a total of 21 wells now being monitored to observe the plumes. Mr. Wacker showed maps of the shallow and intermediate zone groundwater TCE plumes,

comparing how the plumes were mapped before and after the addition of data from 7 new monitoring wells installed this Spring.

Mr. Wacker noted that during the most recent sampling event several of the wells monitoring the east side of the shallow groundwater zone plume were dry due to drought conditions. If water returns to those wells, the shape of the plume could change if the water is impacted. The analytical results from the first round of sampling were similar to historical results.

The intermediate groundwater zone plume was previously mapped as one continuous area of impact. However, analytical results from the first round of sampling showed no impacts at 46WW09, resulting in the plume being redrawn as two separate but smaller areas of contamination. Delineation of the north edge of the northern plume area has not been accomplished, so another well will be installed in that area to obtain a clean data point that defines the extent of the plume when future field work is completed in the next several months.

LHAAP-67 AST Farm – Remedy In Place

This site has TCE concentrations similar to the LHAAP-46 site, but confined to the shallow groundwater zone. MNA and land use controls for TCE in groundwater is the remedy. Additional wells were installed and the initial monitoring round conducted.

New wells and direct push sampling identified groundwater impacts farther to the west than had been previously mapped, so the next plume configuration map the RAB will see will show the plume extending farther west. The total plume size is still relatively small, approximately 300 feet by 400 feet.

<u>LHAAP-18/24 Burning Ground 3 & Unlined Evaporation Pond – Interim Remedy In Place</u>

A significant amount of additional investigation work has been completed at LHAAP-18/24 this year and a draft data report has been generated and submitted to TCEQ and EPA for review and comment. Ultimately, a revised feasibility study will be completed for the site.

As background, Ms. Zeiler stated that LHAAP-18/24 is the most highly contaminated at Longhorn. Mr. Wacker added that, because of the high level of contamination, compliance monitoring is performed at this site semi-annually, with ~60 wells being sampled during each event and the next event is planned for December.

LHAAP-35B(37) – Chemical Laboratory – Remedy In Place

This site is the former Chemical Laboratory with shallow groundwater impacted by tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and TCE plumes. LHAAP-35B(37) is the subject of the bioplug demonstration study briefed earlier in the meeting by TMD Technologies Group.

If the bioplug approach does not reduce contaminants to acceptable levels, the aquifer will be allowed to return to natural conditions and AECOM will begin the approved remedy using monitored natural attenuation. New wells have recently been installed, so the approved monitored natural attenuation remedy is ready for implementation if the bioplug activity is not successful.

<u>LHAAP-50 Former Sump Water Tank – Remedy In Place</u>

LHAAP-50 was the site of a large above-ground water tank that received sump water from across the plant. Issues at the site are perchlorate in soil, and perchlorate and VOCs in groundwater.

Two areas of perchlorate-impacted soil were recently excavated and removed (approximately 183 cubic yards), and disposed at an off-site landfill. Mr. Wacker showed several photographs of the excavation work that had been performed, including photos demonstrating the depth of the excavation and silt fencing installed between the excavation site and the nearby Goose Prairie Creek.

Confirmation samples were taken to establish that all perchlorate-impacted soils exceeding the clean-up goals had been removed, and the area was backfilled with clean soil. The confirmation sampling layout showing samples collected from the floor and sidewalls of the excavation was presented and explained.

To address groundwater 19 new monitoring wells were installed to support implementation of the approved monitored natural attenuation remedy.

LHAAP-58 Shops Area – Remedy In Place

Multiple plant activities were completed in this area and could have contributed to contamination at the site. VOC impacts to groundwater is the issue at the site. There are two groundwater plumes; "eastern plume" and "western plume", each with their own remediation strategy.

In the heart of the east plume, where concentrations are on the order of a few thousand micrograms per liter, In-Situ Bioremediation (ISB) is being completed to more aggressively treat those higher concentration impacts. Approximately 225 gallons of Wil-Clear Plus, a sodium lactate nutrient for microbes that will degrade VOCs, was injected at each of 12 injection points in the east plume over a month ago. Nutrient was injected at depths of between 23 and 33 feet bgs. Mr. Wacker presented and explained photographs of the injection event activities. The type of microbes required to degrade the contaminants were not present at the site as confirmed by a treatability study completed several months ago by the Army, so bioaugmentation was performed this week to add the required microbes. Approximately one gallon of augmentation solution was injected at each of the locations. The next sampling event will be in January and will collect data to monitor progress of the ISB activities.

Fifteen new groundwater monitoring wells were installed this summer at LHAAP-58 to allow implementation of the monitored natural attenuation remedy for both the eastern and western plumes.

<u>LHAAP-03 – Record of Decision In Progress</u>

LHAAP-03 is a small area within LHAAP-35A(58) associated with the former paint shop. The remedy consists of excavating an approximate 20-feet by 25-feet area (~50 cubic yards) of shallow soil that is impacted with arsenic and lead, for landfill disposal. This will result in two or three truckloads of soil being transported. Any groundwater issues associated with LHAAP-03 will be dealt with as part of LHAAP-35A(58) which fully-encompasses LHAAP-03. Army has received TCEQ's comments on the Record of Decision, and is awaiting EPA's comments.

LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16 – Remedy In Place (Operation and Maintenance)

Continuing operation and maintenance activities have been performed at these landfill sites. Repainting and relabeling of wells has been a recent focus to improve visibility.

CERCLA 5-Year Review Process for Multiple Sites

The 5-Year review has been performed and the report document is being reviewed by the agencies. The review includes LHAAP-12 and LHAAP-16 which are landfill sites with remedies in place, LHAAP-18/24 associated with the GWTP, the Pistol Range and LHAAP-49 Acid Storage Area.

GWTP

The GWTP continues to operate to contain the groundwater plumes at LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-16. See attached AECOM PowerPoint Presentation for more detail where a groundwater extraction data chart and contaminant mass was presented. There has been no flow in Harrison Bayou lately to facilitate discharge of treated water, so treated water has been applied to the ground surface of LHAAP-18/24 through the sprinkler system. The next semi-annual compliance monitoring event for LHAAP-18/24 will be conducted at the end of the month. Preventive maintenance and repairs continue. Quarterly extraction rates are on par with what has been extracted historically.

Perimeter Well Sampling

Perchlorate sampling is conducted for groundwater at several locations along the perimeter of the former facility footprint. A table showing perchlorate results for perimeter wells was presented and included in the hard copy slide packet available at the meeting. Mr. Wacker noted that five of the six designated perimeter wells were dry during the June 2013 event. These wells show a history of being dry depending upon site weather conditions.

Surface Water Sampling

Mr. Wacker explained a handout showing results of surface water sampling for perchlorate in Goose Prairie Creek and Harrison Bayou. The chart indicates very little perchlorate detected in surface water for the past few years.

Upcoming Work, Meetings and Documents

Remedial Action Operations will continue at LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58 and LHAAP-67. Semi-annual compliance sampling will be conducted at LHAAP-18/24. Finalization of the CERCLA 5-Year Review report and generation of draft Remedial Action Completion reports for LHAAP-37, LHAAP-46, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58 and LHAAP-67 is ongoing.

Other Environmental Restoration Issues – Rose Zeiler

Dispute Resolution

Resolution of the ongoing dispute between USEPA and Army regarding clean-up goals continues. While no specific information is available on details of dispute resolution, Ms. Zeiler explained the impacts of the dispute on the remediation work.

LHAAP-16, LHAAP-17, LHAAP-001-R-01, and LHAAP-003-R-01 were on the original list of disputed RODs and progress on those sites stopped in September 2011 when the dispute was initiated. Progress on LHAAP-29 was halted shortly after the dispute was initiated, when it reached the draft final ROD stage. Draft final RODs have been generated for LHAAP-04 and LHAAP-47, but final RODs could not be achieved due to the dispute.

Ms. Zeiler stated that she would bring any new information relating to resolution of the dispute to the RAB as soon as she receives it. She advised the RAB that there are dispute issues on the table that could cause Army to have to go back and do more work on these sites (even those sites that have already been "closed").

Mr Fortune asked if USEPA was telling Army that the sites haven't been cleaned up correctly. Mr. Mayer stated that there is a disagreement on cleanup level that should be used for certain contaminants. Another part of the issue relates to what land use controls must consist of to protect residents if contamination is left at the site.

Ms. Palmie added that there are promulgated federal clean-up standards for most contaminants, but there is not a federal clean-up standard for perchlorate. Where a federal standard does not exist, state standards are usually used when available. The Texas perchlorate clean-up goals have been historically used at Longhorn, but USEPA now feels that a lower "health advisory level" should be used instead, so the crux of the dispute is whether we continue to use the Texas clean-up goal or start to use a lower concentration goal as USEPA wants to do.

Ms. Zeiler stated that Army can only agree to clean-up standards that have actually been made into legal standards by either state or Federal law, and the health advisory level USEPA wants to use is not a legal standard. Further, when the Federal Facility Agreement was signed, USEPA, TCEQ and Army agreed that the Army was grandfathered into the original Texas Risk Reduction Rules and would conduct all remediation work at LHAAP in accordance with those standards. Therefore, all the sampling and investigation that has been done at LHAAP has been done using those clean-up levels.

Mr. Fortune asked who in USEPA made this decision to dispute Longhorn's contaminant clean up goals. Mr. Mayer stated that USEPA now has a policy that all Superfund sites where groundwater could be used for residential use would be cleaned up to residential standards. Mr. Mayer is hopeful a decision will be made within the next three or four months.

Community Involvement Plan / Community Relations Plan
Comments from the RAB Technical Assistance Grant (TAG) holder, CLI, were reviewed and discussed by Ms. Zeiler.

• CLI's comment regarding placing all Administrative Record documents on a searchable website open to the general public (in addition to the Marshall Public Library repository) is being addressed. Although Army is not required to provide internet accessibility to the data to the general public, they have been working toward a website for some time. USAEC has agreed to fund the current contractor (AECOM) to develop a website. The site should be available about 6-8 weeks from when AECOM is authorized to proceed with development of the website.

- CLI suggested that criteria for determining whether the Community Relations Plan has
 met its objectives should be developed. Army believes that the best and most direct
 method for making this determining is through feedback through periodic
 questionnaires. Questionnaires allow open communication where suggestions for
 changes or improvements can be made directly.
- CLI suggested that the public be provided the opportunity to make formal comments on a variety of technical documents throughout the CERCLA remedy selection process, and specifically during the Remedial Design phase. Ms. Zeiler states that Army follows CERCLA regulation with respect to public comment, through the Proposed Plan public review process. While the Proposed Plan document itself does not provide all technical remedy selection details, it refers the reader to the documents used in the decision-making process leading to the Proposed Plan. Comments, including technical comments, received from the public during the Proposed Plan public comment period are addressed prior to the ROD. For example, Mr. Wacker cited two rounds of groundwater thallium sampling conducted at twenty wells as part of the remedial action at LHAAP-46, which was included in response to public comments on the ROD for LHAAP-46. Ms. Zeiler also stated that the RAB would be updated throughout the Remedial Design phase for upcoming sites and was welcome to provide comments in or after meeting updates.
- Population density information in the Community Relations Plan was questioned by CLI. Ms. Zeiler stated that the information in the plan was taken from the latest census data at the time it was being written.

Ms. Zeiler asked for any additional questions on these responses. Receiving no additional comments from either the RAB or Mr. Lowerre, CLI, Ms. Zeiler stated the Community Relations Plan would be finalized after the RAB meeting.

Look Ahead at the Schedule

Next RAB meeting is tentatively scheduled for February $20^{\rm th}$ from 6PM-7:30PM at the Karnack Community Center.

A motion to adjourn was made by Mr. Fortune and seconded by Mr. Lambright.

Adjourn

November Meeting Attachments and Handouts:

- Meeting Agenda
- Minutes from July 2013 RAB meeting
- AECOM Powerpoint Presentation
- GWTP Treated Groundwater Volumes Handout
- Surface Water Sampling Results Handout
- LHAAP-37 Bioplug Demonstration Study Presentation

Acronymns

AECOM Technical Services, Inc.

AST above-ground storage tank
BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

CERCLA Comprehensive, Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CLI Caddo Lake Institute

DERP Defense Environment Response Program

GWTP Groundwater Treatment Plant

ISB In-Situ Bioremediation

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant MNA Monitored Natural Attenuation

PCE tetrachloroethylene

RAB Restoration Advisory Board

ROD Record of Decision

TAG Technical Assistance Grant

TCE trichloroethene

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TSDH Texas State Department of Health
USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USAEC United States Army Environmental Center

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Survey

μg/L micrograms per liter

VOC volatile organic compound WSC Water Supply Corporation



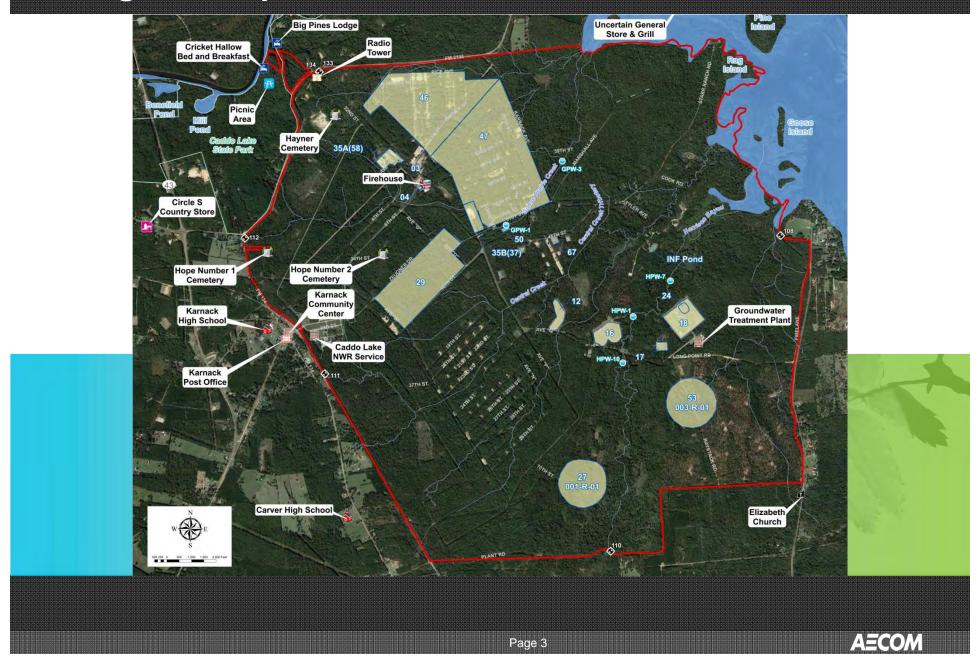
Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant Restoration Advisory Board Meeting February 20, 2014

AECOM Environment

Agenda

06:00	Welcome and Introduction
06:05	Open items {RMZ} - RAB Administrative Issues - Minutes - Tour of Longhorn Sites Planned for May - Website - Installation Action Plan
06:15	Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) Update {AECOM} - Fieldwork completed and upcoming field activities planned - Groundwater Treatment Plant (GWTP) Update - Environmental Update for Active Sites (progress since last meeting)
06:50	Other Environmental Restoration Issues {RMZ} - Sitewide LUC Management Plan Update - Bioplug Demonstration at LHAAP-37 - Dispute Status Update - Schedule
07:00	Presentations: - Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (DNAPLs)
07:30	Adjourn {RMZ}

Longhorn Map



Longhorn Active Site List

LHAAP-04 Pilot Wastewater Treatment Plant

LHAAP-12 Landfill 12

LHAAP-16 Landfill 16

LHAAP-17 Burning Ground No.2/Flashing Area

LHAAP-18 Burning Ground No.3

LHAAP-24 Unlined Evaporation Pond

LHAAP-29 Former TNT Production Area

LHAAP-37 Chemical Laboratory Waste Pad

LHAAP-46 Plant Area 2

LHAAP-47 Plant Area 3

LHAAP-50 Former Sump Water Tank

LHAAP-58 Maintenance Complex

LHAAP-67 Aboveground Storage Tank Farm

LHAAP-001-R-01 South Test Area/Bomb Test Area

LHAAP-003-R-01 Ground Signal Test Area

RAB Administrative Issues

- Minutes
- Installation Action Plan
- RAB Tour Planned to coincide with May RAB Discuss Schedule and Planned Destinations
- Planned Destinations:
 - Groundwater Treatment Plant (LHAAP-18/24)
 - Landfills 12 and 16
 - LHAAP-29
 - LHAAP-03
 - LHAAP-50
 - LHAAP-37
 - LHAAP-58
- Any Other Specific Areas of Interest?

AECOM

LHAAP Restoration Website

http://www.longhornaap.com



LHAAP Restoration Website (cont)

- Created to present the project to the Public and allow for easy access to information and communication between the Army and the Public.
- Contains an overview of LHAAP, individual sites, contamination plume maps, documents, RAB meeting minutes, and Administrative Record.
- Lets you keep up with current LHAAP events and upcoming RAB meetings.



Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL)

- Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids are present at LHAAP-29 and LHAAP-18/24
 - Typically chlorinated hydrocarbons, such as trichloroethylene (TCE) and Methylene Chloride (MC)
 - Compounds with densities greater than water or specific gravity greater than 1
 - These compounds 'sink' until they reach an confined unit (aquitard) then spread via preferential pathways along the aquitard (which may be opposite of groundwater flow direction)
- Present in two locations in shallow groundwater at LHAAP-18/24 and one location at LHAAP-29, all three of these locations are proposed for further work to delineate the extent of DNAPL this spring



DNAPL (cont)

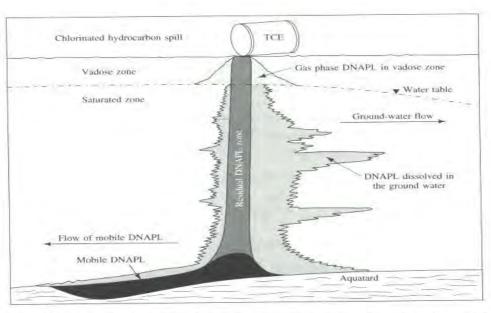


FIGURE 5.28 Distribution of a dense nonaqueous phase liquid in the vadose and saturated zone.

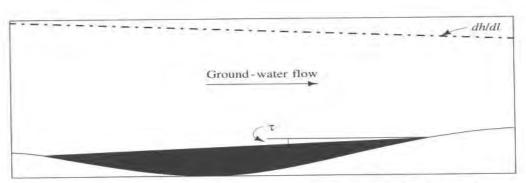


FIGURE 5.29 Sloping interface between a static layer of DNAPL and flowing ground water.

247

DNAPL (cont)

Multiphase Flow

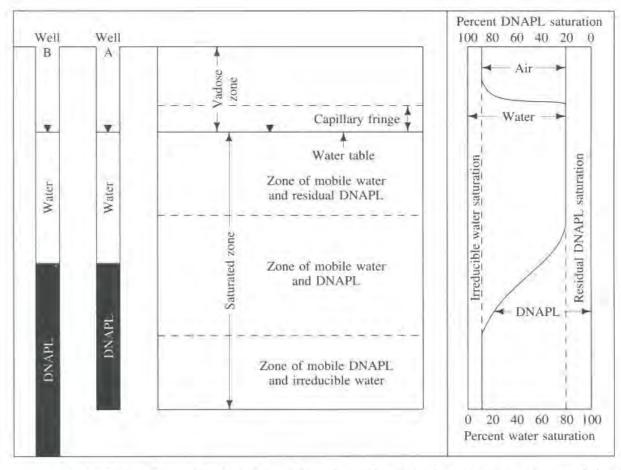
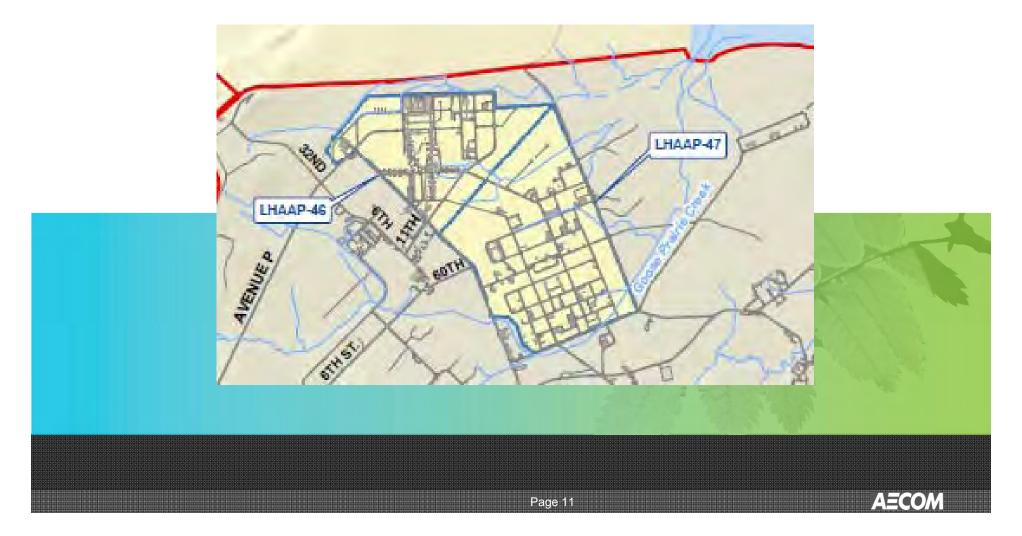


FIGURE 5.26 Zones of a DNAPL and the relationship of mobile DNAPL and nonmobile DNAPL to the DNAPL saturation; relationship of mobile DNAPL thickness to thickness of DNAPL is measured in a monitoring well.

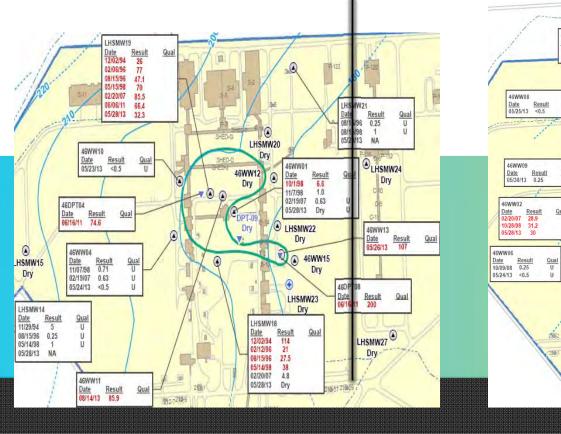
Status of Environmental Sites

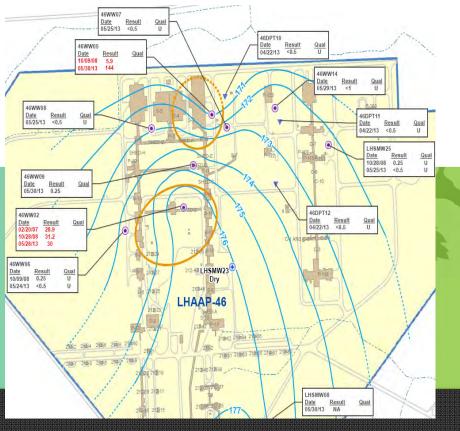
- LHAAP-46 Plant Area 2
 - Final Remedy: Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) and Land Use Controls (LUCs)
 - Contaminants of Concern: Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs, primarily TCE)



Status of Environmental Sites (cont)

- LHAAP-46 Plant Area 2
 - TCE plumes below. Completion Report in Progress.
 - Three rounds of quarterly sampling for TCE completed, an annual report will be available in ~August documenting the first 4 quarters of sampling
 - Shallow on left, intermediate on right

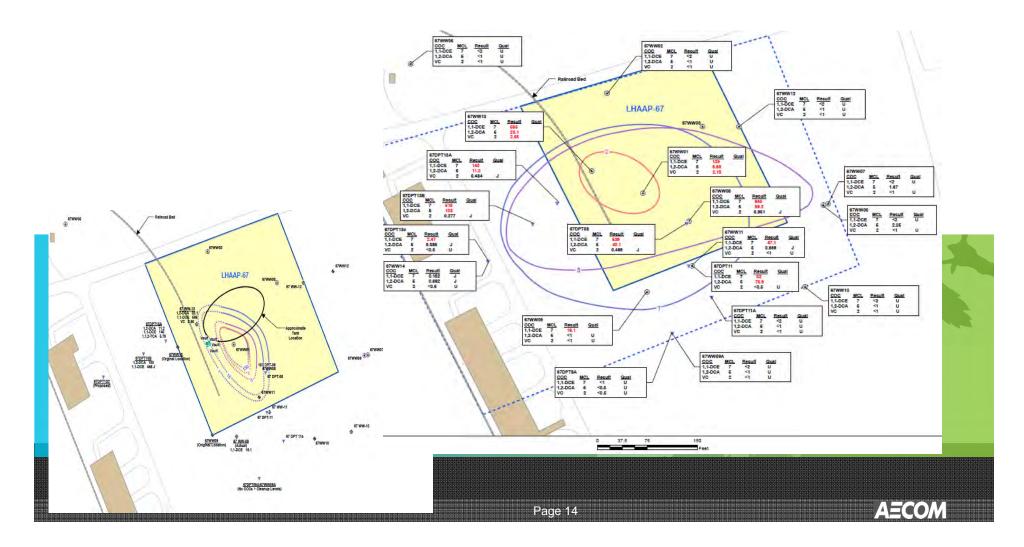




- LHAAP-67 Aboveground Storage Tank Farm
 - Final remedy: MNA, LUC
 - Contaminants of Concern: VOCs, Contaminants are confined to the upper shallow groundwater zone
 - Three rounds of quarterly sampling for TCE completed, an annual report will be available in ~August documenting the first 4 quarters of sampling



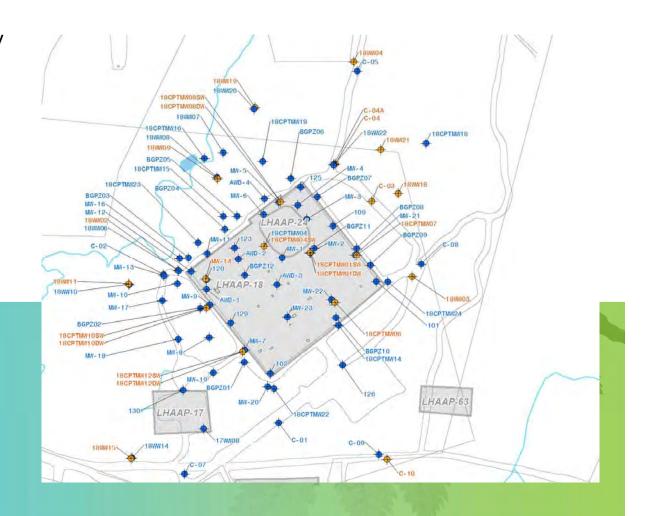
- LHAAP-67 Aboveground Storage Tank Farm
 - Changes in plume understanding with new data, former boundary map on left, current on right:



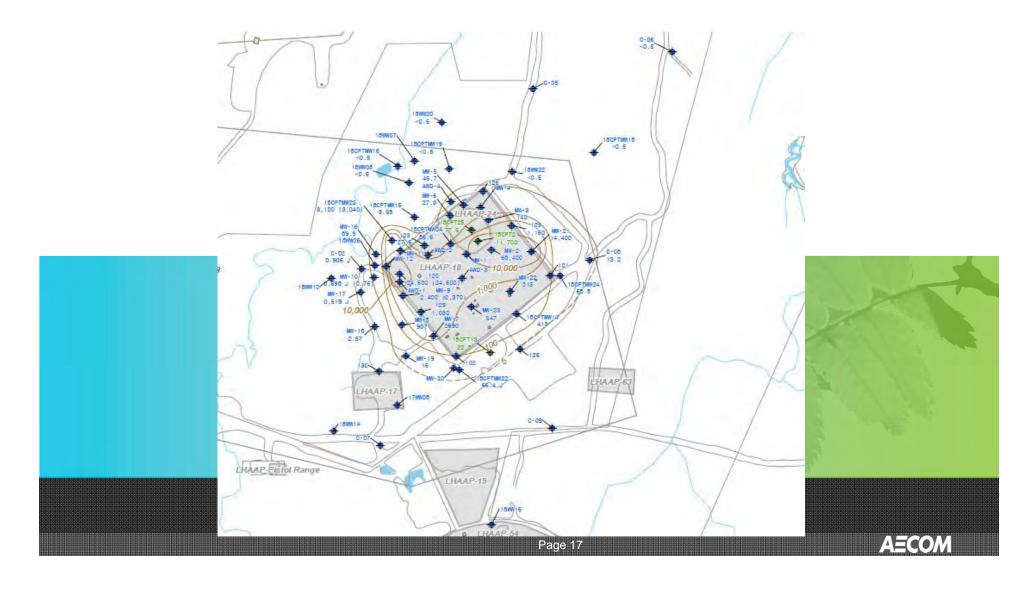
- LHAAP-18/24 Burning Grounds #3 and Unlined Evaporation Pond
 - Interim remedy: Continuous extraction and treatment of groundwater from collection trenches surrounding and within the site (green in image below)
 - Contaminants of concern: Perchlorate, VOCs (TCE, MC), Metals



- LHAAP-18/24
 - Revised Feasibility Study in-progress
 - Addenda to Current
 Work Plan under review
 to collect additional data
 based upon DNAPL and
 additional source
 material found from field
 activities completed six
 months ago.



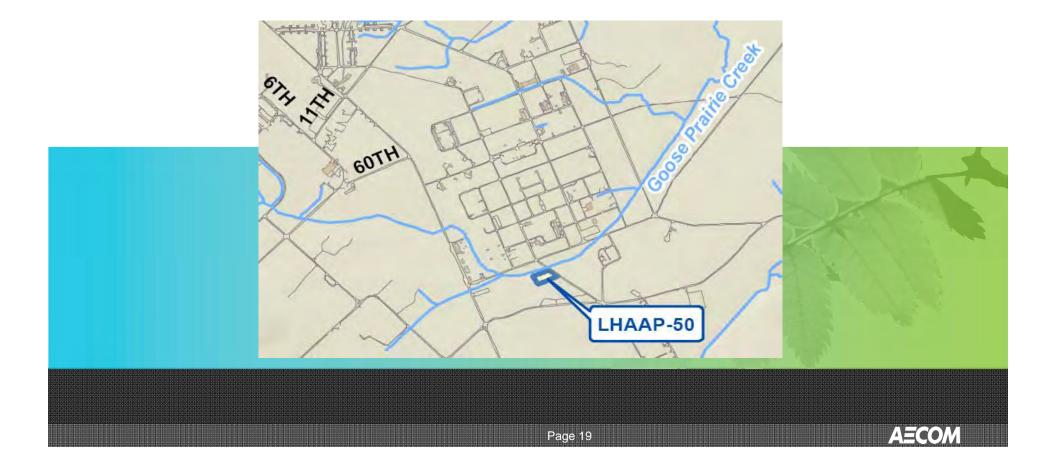
- LHAAP-18/24
 - DNAPL and Additional Source Material Locations



- LHAAP-35B (37) Chemical Laboratory
 - Final remedy: Monitored Natural Attenuation and Land Use Controls
 - Contaminants of concern: VOCs (PCE and TCE)
 - Only present in the shallow groundwater zone
 - Bio-plug Study On-going Completion Report in progress



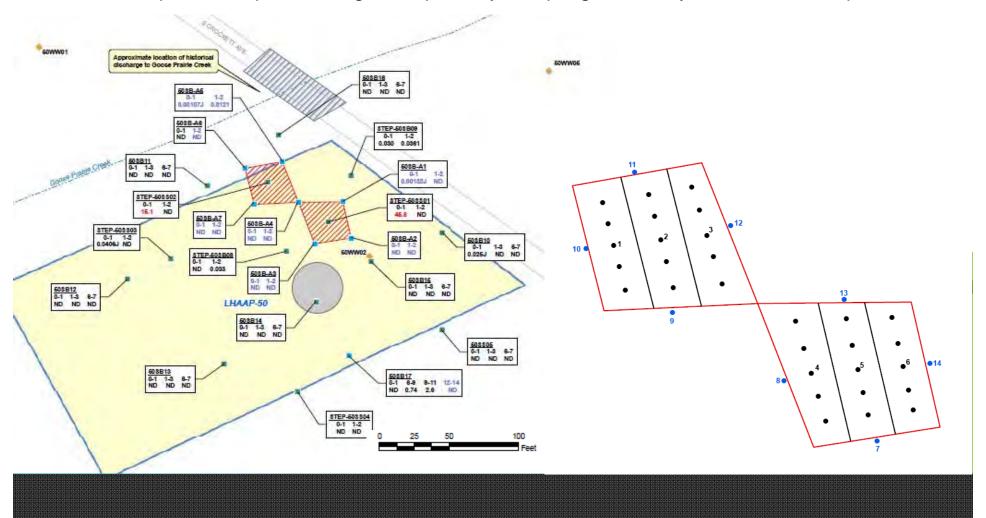
- LHAAP-50 Former Sump Water Tank
 - Final remedy: Soil excavation, Monitored Natural Attenuation and Land Use Controls for groundwater
 - Contaminants of concern: Perchlorate in soil, and Perchlorate and VOCs in groundwater



AECOM

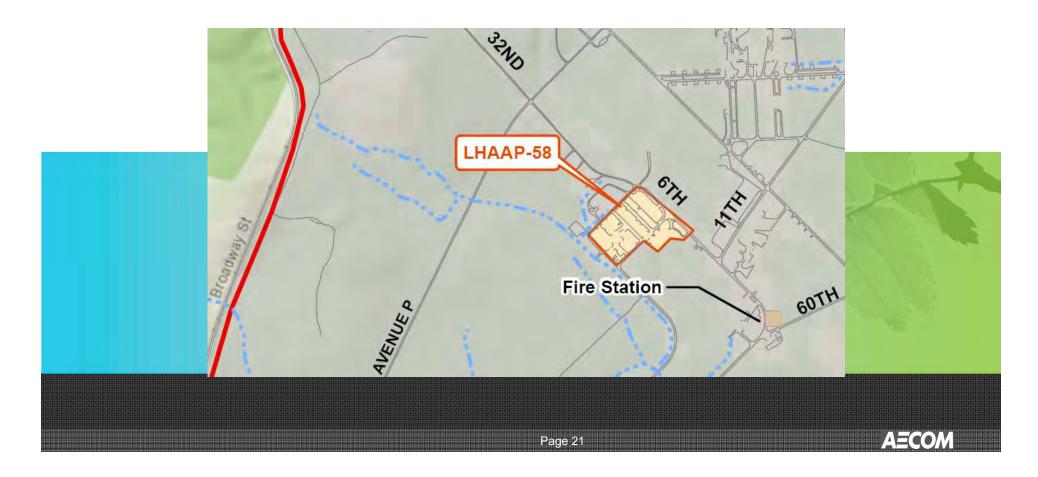
Status of Environmental Sites (cont)

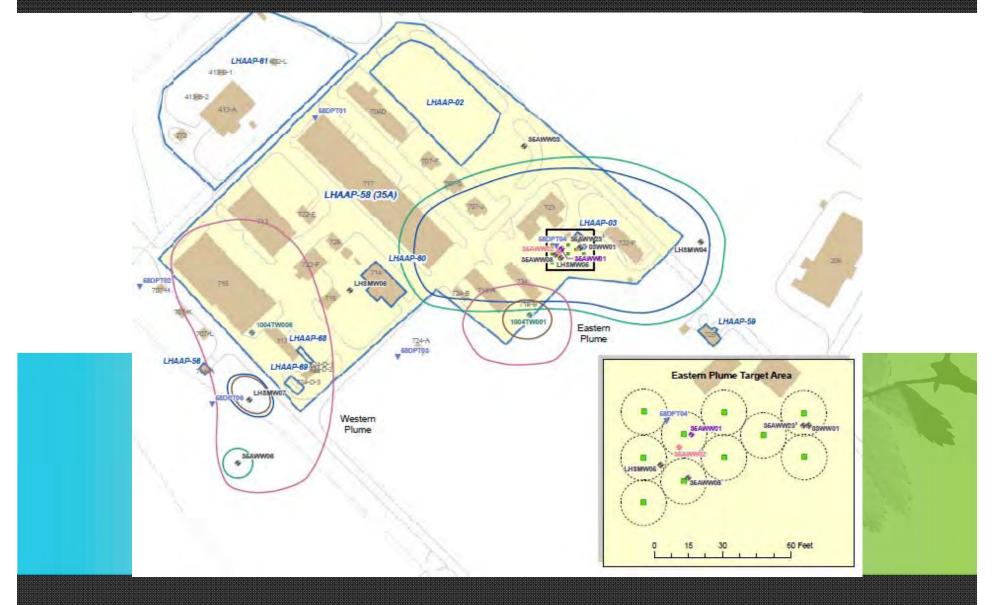
- LHAAP-50 See Photo Board for Excavation Photographs
 - Completion Report in Progress, quarterly sampling underway two rounds completed.

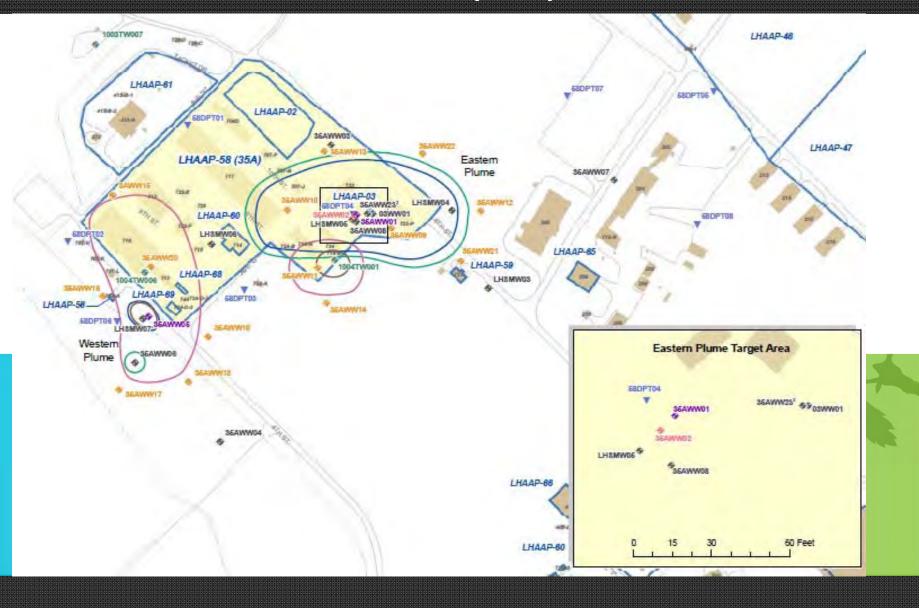


Page 20

- LHAAP-58 Shops Area
 - Final remedy:
 - Eastern Plume: In-situ Bioremediation, MNA, LUCs
 - Western Plume: MNA, LUCs
 - Contaminants of concern: VOCs



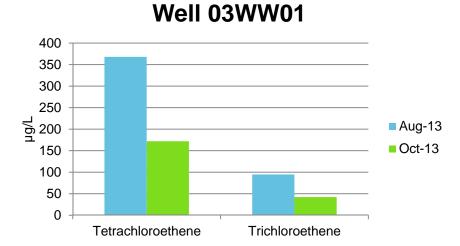




 Comparison of Baseline to First Round Sampling Data After ISB at LHAAP-58

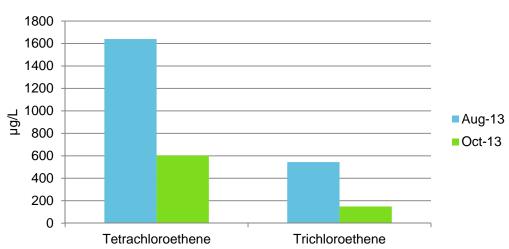
Page 24

Monito ring Well	Tetrachloroethen (micrograms per liter)						
	Well 03V	VW01					
Aug-13	368	94.8					
Oct-13	172 J	42.1 J					
	Well 35A	WW08					
Aug-13	1640	544					
Oct-13	603 J	149 J					
	Well 35A	WW09					
Aug-13	21.9	11.9					
Oct-13	57.6 J	8.97 J					
Well 35AWW10							
Aug-13	<0.5 U	<0.5 U					
Oct-13	<0.5 U	<0.5 U					

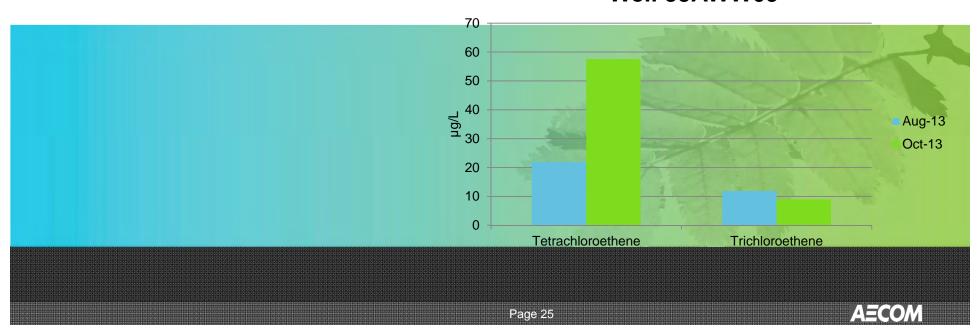




Well 35AWW08



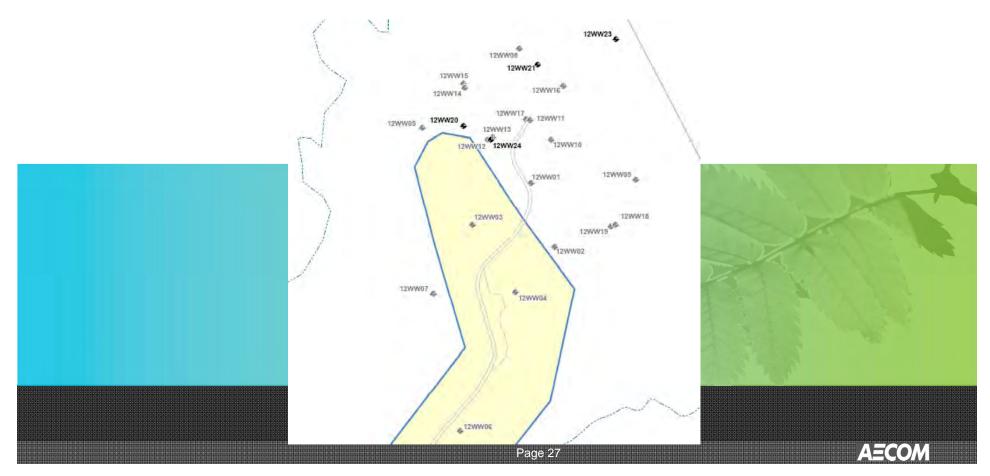
Well 35AWW09



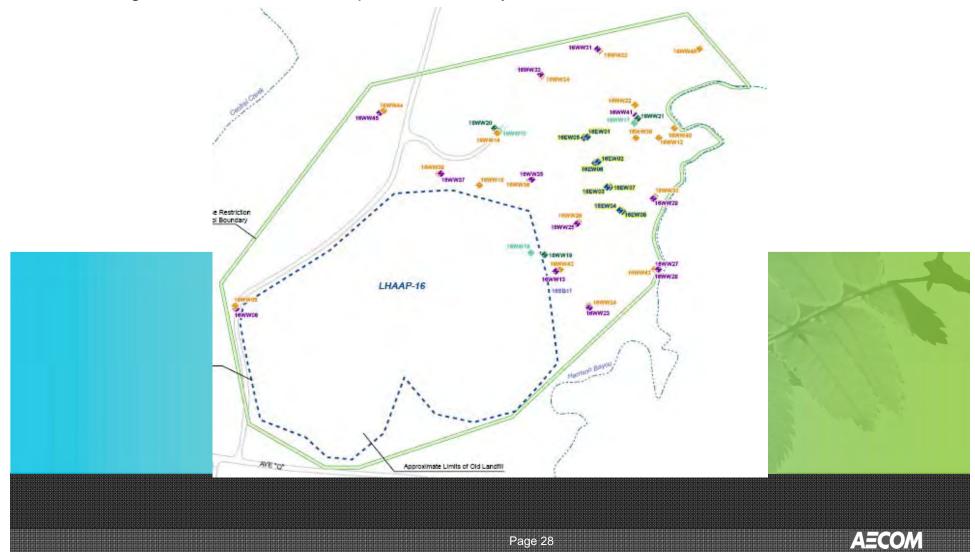
- LHAAP-03 Record of Decision, Remedial
 Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute
- LHAAP-04 Record of Decision, Remedial
 Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute
- LHAAP-16 Record of Decision, Remedial
 Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute
- LHAAP-17 Record of Decision, Remedial
 Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute
- LHAAP-47 Record of Decision, Remedial
 Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute
- LHAAP-001-R-01 Record of Decision, Remedial Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute LHAAP-003-R-01 - Record of Decision, Remedial Design/Remedial Action Work Plan On-hold Due to Dispute

AECOM

- LHAAP-12 Landfill 12
 - Completing Operations and Maintenance (mowing, signs, repairing sparse vegetation or subsidence areas)
 - Annual sampling completed in December
 - Evaluating MNA, potentially installing a new well within the plume area

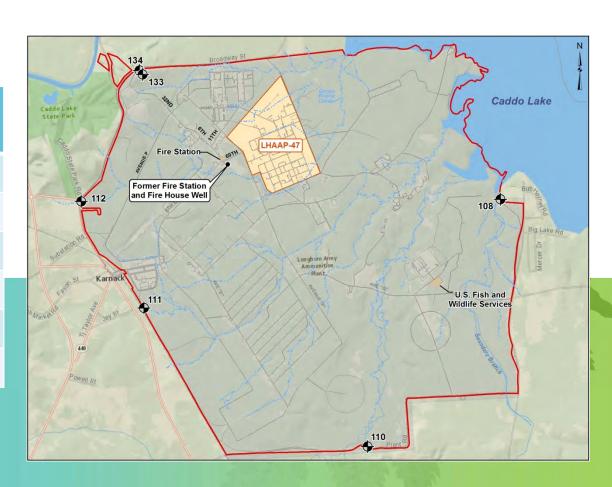


- LHAAP-16 Landfill 16
 - Eight extraction wells sampled in February



Perimeter Wells

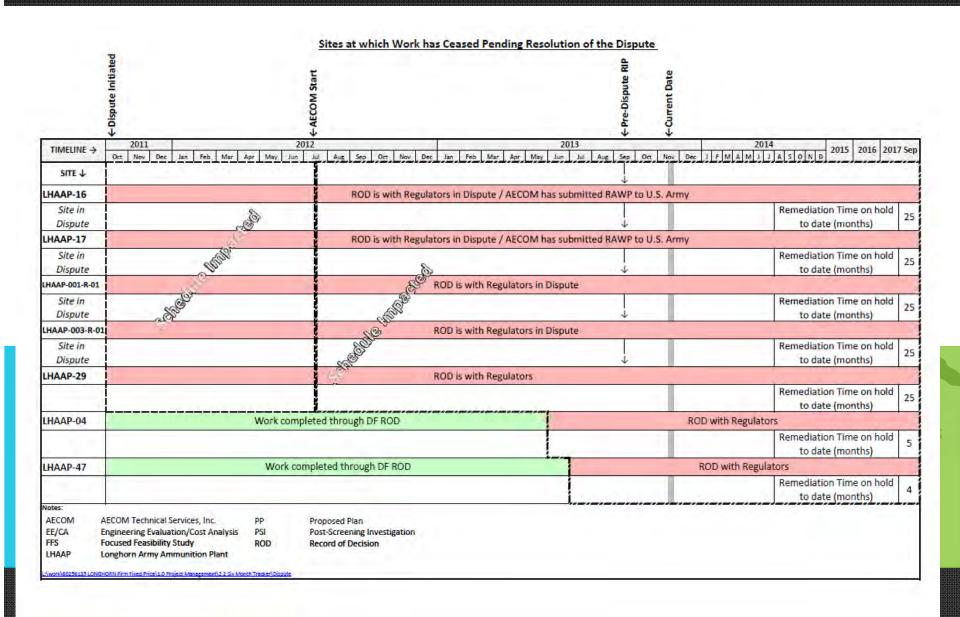
Well ID	Screen Depth (feet bgs)
108	5.5 - 20.5
110	5 - 20
111	5.4 - 20.4
112	5.25 - 20.25
133	64.5 - 84.5
134	90 -110



- CERCLA Five-Year Review Process for Multiple Sites
 - Comment/Response to Comments on the Five-Year Review Report On-going
 - Review completed for LHAAP-12, LHAAP-16, LHAAP-18, LHAAP-24, LHAAP-49, and LHAAP-004-R-01



Dispute Status



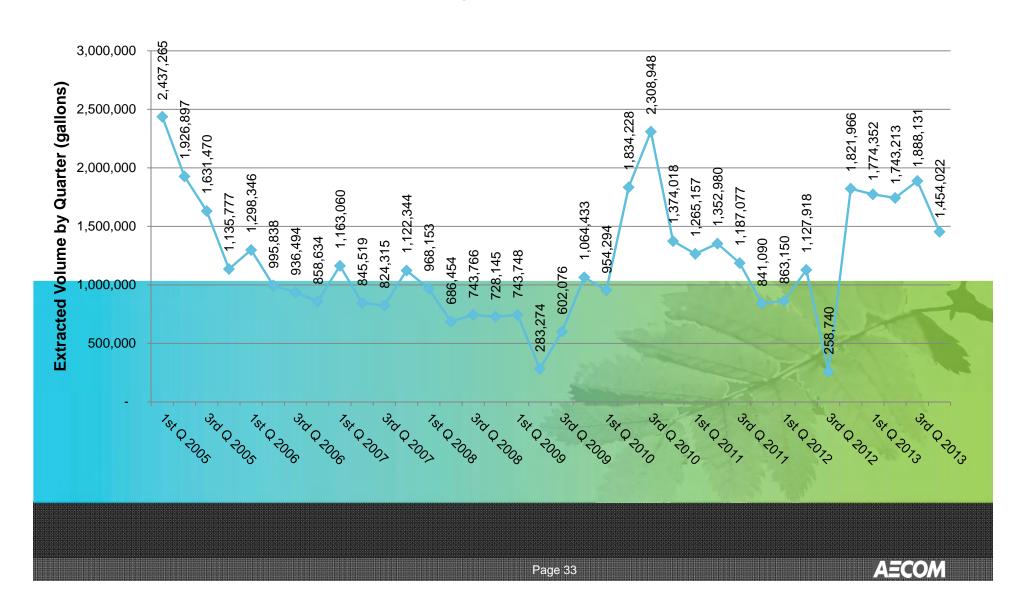
Groundwater Treatment Plant Operations and Management

- The Groundwater Treatment Plant continues to operate to contain the plume at LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-16.
- Water continues to be returned to LHAAP-18/24 or into Harrison Bayou, depending on the amount of water in the bayou.
- Compliance monitoring continues per existing sampling plan.
- Maintenance and repairs of wells, pumps, tanks, and ancillary equipment is ongoing.



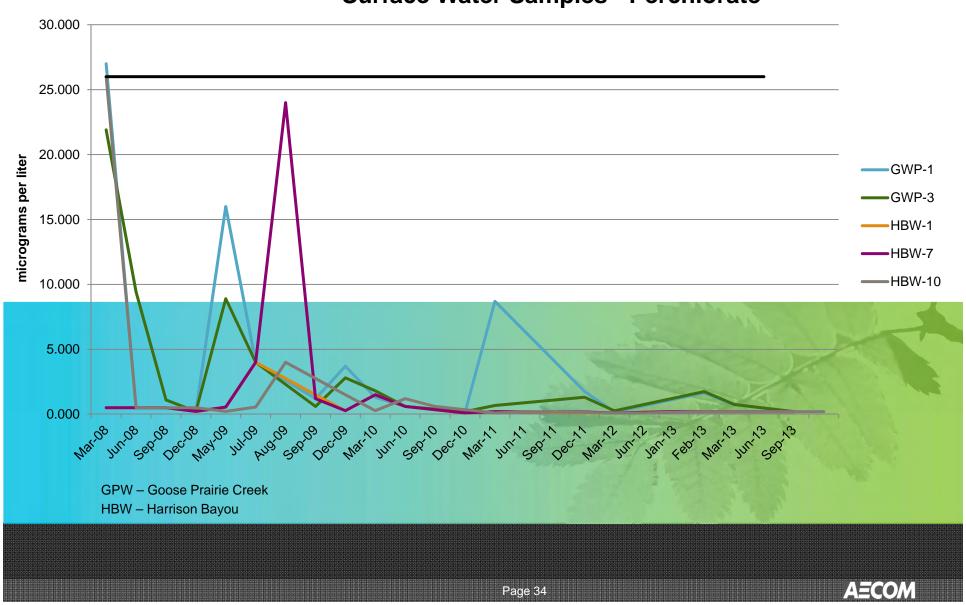
GWTP O&M (cont)

Quarterly Extraction Rate



Surface Water Sample Results

Surface Water Samples - Perchlorate



Upcoming Fieldwork, Meetings, and Documents

- 1. Continue quarterly groundwater sampling for recently completed monitoring networks at LHAAP-46, 50, 58, 67 in March, in addition to semi-annual compliance sampling at LHAAP-18/24 in May
- 2. CERCLA Five-Year Review: To be Signed in 2014
- 3. Final Completion Reports for LHAAP-37, 46, 50, 58, 67
- 4. LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-29 Well Installation, Soil Sampling, Cone Penetrometer Testing/Membrane Interface Probe, Initial Treatability Testing
- 5. Sites where work has ceased pending dispute resolution:
 - 1. LHAAP-03
 - 2. LHAAP-04
 - 3. LHAAP-47
 - 4. LHAAP-16
 - 5. LHAAP-17
 - 6. LHAAP-29
 - 7. LHAAP-001-R-01
 - 8. LHAAP-003-R-01

Bio Plug Study at LHAAP 35B (37)

See separate slide presentation



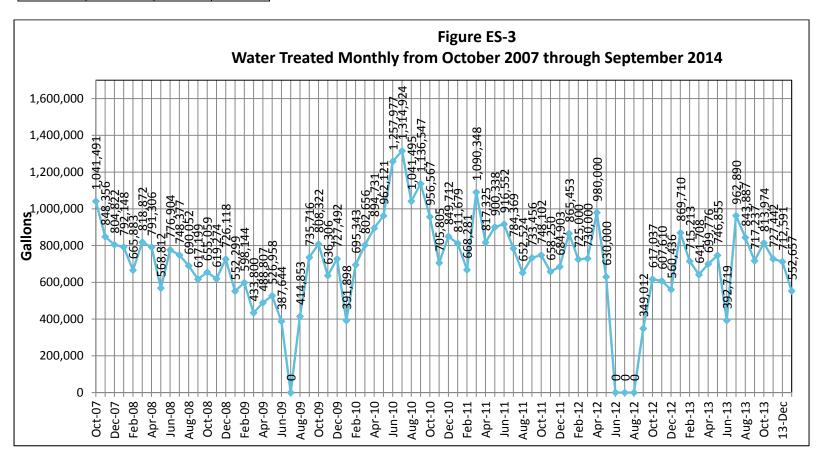
Back-up Slides

Groundwater Treatment Plant - Treated Groundwater Volumes

The amount of groundwater treated is determined by measuring the number of gallons of treated water returned to LHAAP-18/24, released to the INF Pond, or discharged to Harrison Bayou.

Treated Water Data (in gallons)

Oct-07	Nov-07	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08	Jun-08	Jul-08	Aug-08	Sep-08
1,041,491	848,356	804,822	792,148	665,883	818,872	791,306	568,812	776,904	748,377	690,052	617,199
		I				I					
Oct-08	Nov-08	Dec-08	Jan-09	Feb-09	Mar-09	Apr-09	May-09	Jun-09	Jul-09	Aug-09	Sep-09
655,059	619,274	726,118	552,299	598,144	433,800	488,807	526,958	387,644	0	414,853	735,716
Oct-09	Nov-09	Dec-09	Jan-10	Feb-10	Mar-10	Apr-10	May-10	Jun-10	Jul-10	Aug-10	Sep-10
808,322	636,306	727,492	391,898	695,343	802,656	894,731	962,121	1,257,977	1,314,924	1,041,495	1,136,547
-		1									
Oct-10	Nov-10	Dec-10	Jan-11	Feb-11	Mar-11	Apr-11	May-11	Jun-11	Jul-11	Aug-11	Sep-11
956,567	705,805	849,712	811,679	668,281	1,090,348	817,325	900,338	916,552	784,369	652,524	733,456
		1									
Oct-11	Nov-11	Dec-11	Jan-12	Feb-12	Mar-12	Apr-12	May-12	Jun-12	Jul-12	Aug-12	Sep-12
748,102	658,250	684,903	865,453	725,000*	730,000*	980,000*	630,000*	0	0	0	349,012
		1									
Oct-12	Nov-12	Dec-12	Jan-13	Feb-13	Mar-13	Apr-13	May-13	Jun-13	Jul-13	Aug-13	Sep-13
617,037	607,610	560,436	869,710	751,213	641,708	699,776	746,885	392,719	962,890	843,887	717,237
		ı		1							
Oct-13	Nov-13	Dec-13	Jan-14								
813,974	727,442	712,591	552,657	* Indicate	s estimate						

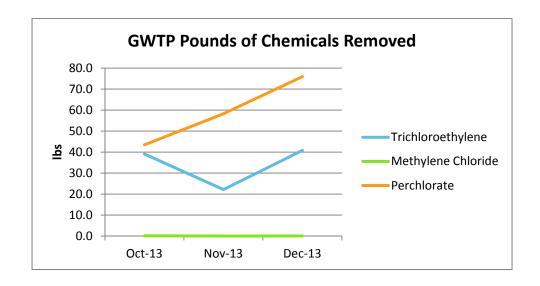


The pounds of chemicals removed for the 3rd Quarter of 2013 can be found below and are calculated by the following formula:

(Concentration [µg/L] x Volume [gallons] x 3.785 [liters per gallon]) (453,600,000 µg per pound)

Pounds of Chemicals Removed From LHAAP-18/24, 3rd Quarter 2013

	Trichloroethylene	Methylene Chloride	Perchlorate
Oct-13	39.1	0.11	43.5
Nov-13	22.2	0.03	58.3
Dec-13	40.8	0.11	76.0



Harrison Bayou and Goose Prairie Creek - Perchlorate Data

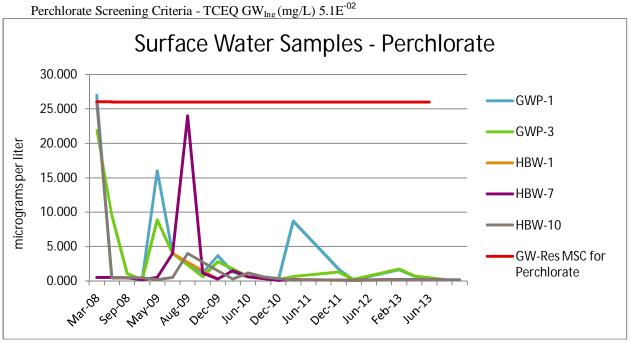
Surface water samples are collected quarterly from each location in Harrison Bayou and Goose Prairie Creek unless they are dry.

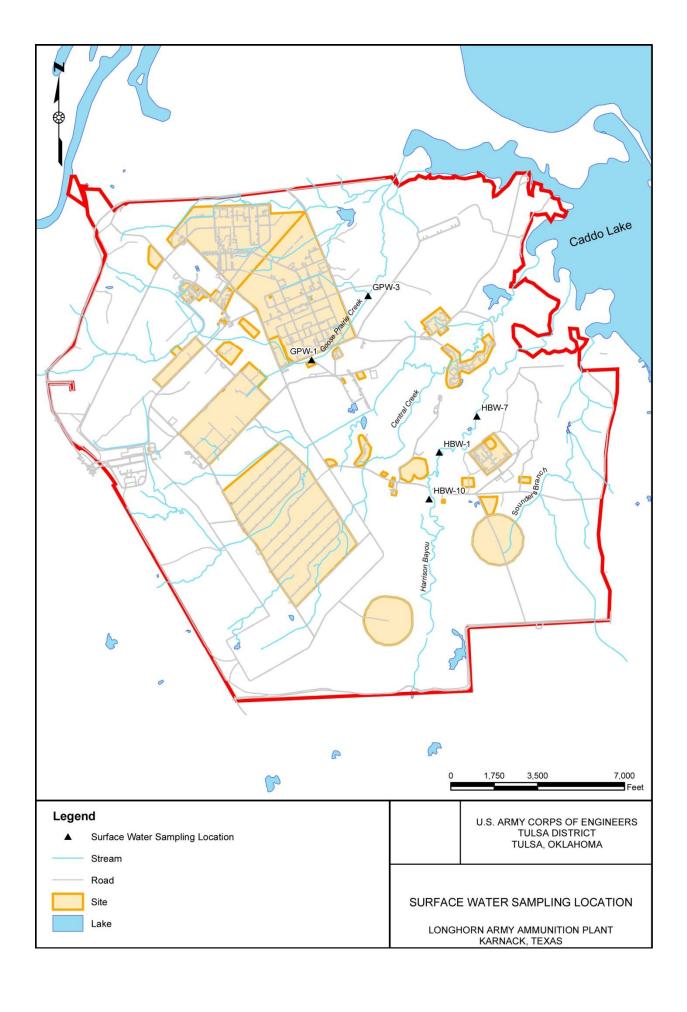
Historic Surface Water Sample Data (in micrograms per liter)

Creek Sample ID	Mar 2008	Jun 2008	Sep 2008	Dec 2008	May 2009	July 2009	Aug 2009	Sep 2009	Dec 2009	Mar 2010	Jun 2010
GPW-1	27	0.5U	0.5U	0.22U	16	4U	dry	1.2U	3.7	1.3J	0.6U
GPW-3	21.9	9.42	1.1	0.22U	8.9	4U	dry	0.6U	2.8	1.8J	0.6U
HBW-1	0.5U	0.5U	0.5U	0.22U	0.55U	4U	dry	1.5U	0.275U	1.5U	0.6U
HBW-7	0.5U	0.5U	0.5U	0.22U	0.55U	4U	24	1.2U	0.275U	1.5U	0.6U
HBW-10	0.5U	0.5U	0.5U	0.22U	0.55U	4U	dry	1.5U	0.275U	1.2U	0.6U

Creek Sample ID	Sep 2010	Dec 2010	Mar 2011	Jun 2011	Sep 2011	Dec 2011	Mar 2012	Jun 2012	Jan 2013	Feb 2013	Mar 2013
GPW-1	dry	0.1U	8.7	dry	dry	1.76	0.163J	dry	dry	1.65	0.735
GPW-3	dry	0.199J	0.673	dry	dry	1.31	0.261	dry	dry	1.74	0.754
HBW-1	dry	0.1U	0.2U	dry	dry	0.1U	0.1U	dry	<0.2U	dry	<0.2U
HBW-7	dry	0.1U	0.2U	dry	dry	0.171J	0.1U	dry	<0.2U	dry	<0.2U
HBW-10	dry	0.1U	0.2U	dry	dry	0.1U	0.1U	dry	<0.2U	dry	<0.2U

Creek Sample ID	Jun 2013	Sept 2013		
GPW-1	dry	<0.2 U		
GPW-3	dry	<0.2 U		
HBW-1	<0.2U	<0.2 U		
HBW-7	<0.2U	<0.2 U		
HBW-10	<0.2U	<0.2 U		





Subject: Final Minutes, Monthly Managers Meeting,

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP)

Location of Meeting: LHAAP Army Trailer and Teleconference – 866-203-6896,

passcode 1759304791

Date of Meeting: February 20, 2014 – 1:00 PM

Welcome RMZ

Attendees:

Army BRAC: Rose Zeiler

EPA: Rich Mayer, Janetta Coats, Kent Becher (USGS Liaison)

TCEQ: April Palmie, Dale Vodak USACE: Aaron Williams, Rick Smith

AECOM: Dave Wacker, Gretchen McDonnell, Marwan Salameh (by phone), Harry

Vandenberg (by phone) AEC: Robin Paul

USFWS: Paul Bruckwicki, Barry Forsythe

Action Items AECOM

Army

- Provide a summary of the treated water nutrient data, after fluidized bed reactor feeding optimization has been implemented. **Pending until Spring.**
- Develop a letter responsive to stated aspects of modifications to the GWTP air sampling plan. The letter should provide basis of change from weekly to monthly sampling. **Pending.** The letter will go to agencies late this week or early next week.
- Provide USFWS with maps of well coordinates for existing and new wells at all sites under AECOM's contract. **Complete.** Additional enlargement maps will be issued by USACE.
- Add CRP/CIP item to the Document and Issue Tracking table. **Complete.**Provide Ms. Palmie with an email documenting deviations from the Remedial Action Work Plan with respect to injection-related activities at LHAAP-58. **Complete.**

EPA

- Mr. Mayer stated he would try to arrange a call before December 20th relating to discussion of 1,4-dioxane methods and will provide an agenda for the call. **Complete.** The agencies will be receiving Army's plan forward for this sampling within the next few weeks. Develop a list of wells/sites for upcoming EPA sampling and advise Army. **Pending.**
- Resend the link to new EPA screening level tables to Ms. Zeiler and Mr. Torcoletti. **Complete.**

TCEQ

AEC

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) PBR Update

AECOM

• Upcoming document submissions to regulators (see Document and Issue Tracking table)

Items 1 (5-Year Review) - Agency comments are being reviewed by Army and are expected to be returned to the agencies on February 25th.

Item 2 (IWWP, QAPP, SOPs, and HASP) - Responses to agency comments are expected to be returned to agencies on February 25th.

Item 3 (LHAAP-18/24 – Explanation of Significant Differences) - The final version of this document is with Army for signature. Expected submittal to agencies on February 28th.

Item 4 (GWTP Quarterly Report) - Only surprise is as discussed earlier in the meeting that there are some perchlorate results for effluent but that treatment issue has been resolved.

Item 5 (LHAAP-18/24-Revised FS and PSI WP Addenda) – PSI WP Addenda will be submitted to agencies within the next week or two. Agencies have decided they did not want to see the Revised FS until the PSI WP addendum data has been incorporated. If the PSI WP scope goes to agencies by February 25th, and agencies complete review in two weeks instead of 30 days due to limited material to review, field work could potentially occur near the end of March. Data would then be back and reported by the first part of May, with the LHAAP-18/24 Revised FS submitted to the agencies by July.

Item 6 (LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67 RACRs) - Agencies will receive the LHAAP-67 RACR first. The LHAAP-46 RACR will be delayed to allow installation of another well to delineate the north side (down-gradient edge) of the intermediate plume at 46. Baseline groundwater monitoring data for LHAAP-46 and LHAAP-67 has been submitted in the validated data packets being supplied for the Monthly Managers' Meetings. Mr. Wacker showed a map with the planned location for the additional intermediate zone monitoring well at LHAAP-46. This well will be added during the mobilization for field work for LHAAP-29. Mr. Wacker also stated that dry wells at LHAAP-46 (and other sites) have been checked frequently for water between scheduled quarterly sampling events to attempt sampling.

Item 7 (Monthly Managers' Meeting) - Next monthly managers meeting scheduled for March $25^{\rm th}$ at 10AM, by teleconference.

Item 8 (LHAAP-37, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58) - LHAAP-50 will be the first of these three sites to have its RACR submitted to the agencies. The LHAAP-37 RACR will be delayed to allow installation of another shallow zone well to delineate the down-gradient extent of the plume. Ms. McDonnell pointed out the currently proposed location for the additional well on a map for Mr. Becher and Mr. Mayer.

Mr. Wacker provided his planned comments for the RAB meeting on the initial LHAAP-58 ISB results. Page 11 of the February 2014 RAB briefing relates to this data. The MMM group concurred with the planned message.

Item 9 (LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addenda) – The document has been submitted for agency review. Mr. Mayer stated he had taken a first look at it. Dr. Zeiler asked reviewers to keep in mind that some of the data collection we are doing is where RI and RD phases overlap. Army is particularly concerned with collecting extra data in areas where previous sampling was judged invalid. Mr. Williams has provided a summary of the impacts of the BERA addendum on the LHAAP-29 RI/FS

Addendum. Mr. Vandenberg summarized the scope of the proposed work in the addendum that the agencies are currently reviewing.

- Soil vapor survey near 29WW15 where intermediate aquifer has methylene chloride impacts, and in former building 801F where the original methylene chloride source tank was located.
- Soil sampling in various locations shown in the work plan insets, looking for the extent of explosives impacts.
- Characterization of the intermediate groundwater aquifer which is impacted by methylene chloride at DNAPL concentrations
 - o CPT/MIP to depth of 90-100 feet around 29WW15 where high methylene chloride concentration was detected
 - o CPT/MIP Step-outs/ins depending on what is found in initial MIPs are included in the work plan.
- Install up to 3 additional groundwater monitoring wells around 29WW15.
- Collection of data to help evaluate the In-Situ Thermal Desorption technology
- Install biotraps in the new monitoring wells to determine whether biodegradation of methylene chloride is occurring, to evaluate whether biodegradation may be a useful component in addressing the impacts

Mr. Mayer stated he would attempt to return comments by February 28th. Ms. Palmie stated that TCEQ could provide comments by March 6th, but would try to expedite. Dr. Zeiler requested that agency issues be discussed by phone to try to expedite comment response and approval.

Mr. Mayer asked what the plan was for soil removals at LHAAP-29. Dr. Zeiler stated that no changes are anticipated to the soil removals specified in the ROD. Mr. Mayer asked about TCEQ's historical concerns regarding characterization of product lines at LHAAP-29. Dr. Zeiler stated that resolution to questions about characterization of product lines was reached in the ROD, and that the addendum includes some additional sampling along the wooden line.

Item 10 (LHAAP-17 PDI WP, LHAAP-16 RD WP, LHAAP-03 RD/RAWP, LHAAP-04 ROD, LHAAP-47 RD) – Placeholder for documents on hold due to Army and EPA dispute.

Item 11 (February RAB) – Will be held tonight at 6PM. The May RAB meeting date and time will be decided tonight at RAB meeting.

Item 12 (GWTP O&M/Air Monitoring) – Discussed earlier in the meeting. Some ICT pump maintenance/replacement has been conducted. Annual ICT sampling planned for this month, within the next 10 days. Monthly emails summarizing GWTP air results started in January, with the first email capturing the first three months of air data.

Mr. Becher asked where sprinkling of treated groundwater was being done at LHAAP-18/24, remarking that historically there were more sprinklers at 18/24 than what he is seeing now. Mr. Wacker stated that there are two sprinkler arrays currently in place and the sprinkling is rotated through the sprinkler heads in those arrays.

Item 13 (Admin Record Update) – The Administrative Record update for the 4th quarter of 2014 is in progress.

Item 14 (BERA Addendum) – Report has not yet been received by USACE, but the contractor is close to completing.

Item 15 (Nutrient Issue for HB and INF) – discussed earlier in meeting. FBR has had a series of unfortunate events over the past few months. In October, a batch of improperly mixed acetic acid was delivered to the GWTP, followed closely by a short-term power outage that caused FBR recirculation to stop when temps were below freezing, both delivering a blow to the bacteria populations in the FBR. Through a series of troubleshooting and repairs, and return of warmer weather, the FBR has recovered and is back to treating perchlorate at an adequate level. Effluent results in the next quarterly report will reflect this. No discharge to Harrison Bayou was done during the period when the FBR had issues, and no discharge to the bayou will occur until more analytical data is received to confirm adequate treatment of perchlorate. Nutrient feeding has not been optimized at this time in light of FBR issues, although the last quarterly report indicated lower nutrient levels.

Item 16 (Website) – The home page of Longhorn website is included in the RAB presentation. Mr. Wacker advised the website is still under Army review, but will likely be rolled out at the next RAB meeting. The interested parties list will also be notified, likely through an email message. Dr. Zeiler stated that discussion continues on what the exact content of the site will be; however, the expected level of background information and current status updates on the website will be similar to that included in the Installation Action Plan. Mr. Wacker said the website features a clickable site map that takes the viewer to the relevant documents for whichever site is clicked, versus having to go through the Administrative Record to identify applicable documents for each site.

Item17 (CRP/CIP) – This entry maintained on the Document and Issue Tracker as a reminder that we have CRP/CIP requirements and recommendations that must be addressed, particularly when new documents are issued.

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) PBR Update (continued) AECOM

- Upcoming field work
 - · ICP sampling at LHAAP-18/24 in February
 - Starting the next quarterly MNA groundwater monitoring events for LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67, LHAAP-50 and LHAAP-58 in the March-April timeframe.
 - · LHAAP-18/24 and LHAAP-29 field events discussed earlier in the meeting
 - EPA Split Sampling As discussed earlier in the meeting, EPA is developing a list of wells/sites for upcoming EPA sampling. Mr. Mayer stated the focus will likely be on 29 and 18/24. EPAs contract allows their contractor to mobilize to Longhorn up to three separate times between now and September, and covers a total of 25 well samples for a wide suite of analytes, including 1,4-dioxane. Mr. Mayer stated that EPA would prefer to split samples with Army rather than conduct sampling themselves. Dr. Zeiler stated that Army must collect splits if EPA conducts their own sampling. The data validation piece of EPA's contract for the split samples is being finalized. Mr. Mayer stated that EPA may also want to sample the Fire Station well for perchlorate. Mr. Wacker stated that AECOM has recently sampled this well for drinking water parameters, but not for a wide range of analytes. Mr. Mayer asked Dr. Zeiler to propose anything they think would benefit from sampling under this contract. Mr. Wacker suggested samples be collected from sites being held up by the dispute between Army and EPA.
- Monthly data

- · A cover sheet has been added to the monthly validated data submittal to show what data is in the packet.
- · Ms. Palmie asked that separation sheets be added between data sets for each site or that the header be used to indicate the different data sets.
- Mr. Becher and Mr. Mayer stated well 134 has shown low level perchlorate hits consistently over the last 5-6 quarters. Mr. Becher recalled that this occurrence was apparently investigated in the past, with the false positives thought to be due to use of EPA Method 300.0; however, the analytical method has since changed to EPA Method 6850 and perchlorate has persisted. Ms. Zeiler recalled that perchlorate detections were found at locations across Texas not known to have any historical use of perchlorate. The fact that fireworks were also fired from near this location was discussed. The group agreed to add an action item to review the results during the next managers meeting.

Groundwater Treatment Plant

- Air Monitoring (Results, Frequency and Reporting) As discussed earlier in the meeting, Army is providing a letter that providing the basis for change from weekly to monthly sampling. It will also state that monthly data will be presented in the quarterly GWTP reports, but that an email notification will be made monthly (before the subsequent sampling event) to indicate that data has been reviewed and provide a summary statement of the results. The letter will include a contingency plan for confirmation sampling if initial sampling indicates air limits have been exceeded.
- o ESD discussed earlier in meeting
- o UIC Reporting This line item will be removed from the next MMM agenda as injection of treated groundwater is no longer anticipated.

MMRP Update Army

• Update – no update

Other Environmental Restoration

Army

- Decision Documents for multiple sites in progress. No specific update.
- Site 37 Bioplug
 - Animal damage to the bioplugs was discovered this month. Army is contacting
 Aberdeen Testing Center to determine how the animal damage will be addressed, the
 schedule for addressing the damage and possible implications of resulting missing
 data on the demonstration project.
- 1,4-dioxane sampling at Longhorn discussed earlier in meeting
- Quarterly Reporting and Requirements
 - · GWTP Evaluation with air monitoring data –
 - Surface Water/Perimeter Well Tech Memo with validation reports September 2013 data has been added to surface water handout for RAB, provided as slides 34 and 35 in the February 2014 RAB breifing.
 - Administrative Record Update –discussed earlier in meeting
- Annual Reporting
 - · LUC Management Plan Update (due September 2014) placeholder
 - · CIP/CRP Revision (Biennial) and questionnaire October 2015

Programmatic Issues

RMZ/RM/AP

• Status of Dispute – Mr. Mayer stated that a meeting between EPA and Army was planned for February 27; however, the EPA Administrator will be out of town, resulting in the

meeting being tentatively rescheduled for April. Mr. Wacker stated that a round of new data collected at LHAAP-16 suggests concentrations in five of six plume wells have increased, and some of the increases are somewhat dramatic. Dr. Zeiler stated that this data will be examined more closely before conclusions are drawn, but emphasized that the potential for plume migration increases the longer the dispute prevents finalization of a ROD and implementation of a remedy.

USFWS Update RMZ/PB

- Environmental Restoration Issues with Transfer Schedule Impact Mr. Bruckwicki has discovered a potential sump at LHAAP-47. A drain and wooden cover were observed at the corner of a building near 60th and Independence.
- USFWS Comments on Documents none

Surface Water Sampling Procedures Discussion

Mr. Becher stated that he feels collection of surface water samples without more ancillary data is problematic, and he feels more supporting data is needed to know more about the flow conditions in the surface water body at the time of sampling. Dr. Zeiler asked what ancillary data Mr. Becher is looking for, how it would be used, why it is necessary, and what impacts it would have on the remedies implemented at the sites. Mr. Mayer summarized that he is concerned with groundwater-surface water interaction at various sites, wanting to ensure sampling is being conducted when groundwater is discharging to surface water bodies. Mr. Becher stated that he wants to see enough information to know the relationship between groundwater and surface water at the time of the sampling event, so the surface water concentration data can be better interpreted.

Dr. Zeiler stated that the CSMs for the sites defined potentially complete exposure pathways that could impact surface water, and the remedies were designed to cut off those pathways. The soil-to-surface water exposure pathways were cut off by removal of impacted soils or liner installation. Any interaction between the groundwater and surface water was addressed by the groundwater remedies. She further noted that these CSMs and remedies implemented received EPA and TCEQ concurrence.

Ms. Paul stated that, in the CERCLA process, post-ROD questions on the any facet of a remedy are addressed through the five-year review process.

Mr. Wacker added that the only additional requirement for surface water sampling he was aware of is during implementation of soil excavations where storm water runoff to the creek might be sampled to ensure implementation of the remedy did not impact surface water.

Ms. Zeiler stated she would ask the contractor to consider taking a photograph of the stream at the time of sampling, a description of the flow, and the date/amount of last rainfall event. Mr. Becher stated that he felt Army should additionally read existing staff plates and do cross-sectional flow measurements across each sampling point.

Schedule Next Managers' Meeting –March 25th at 10AM, by teleconference.

New Action Items

AECOM

Add Steve Tzhone to distribution list for Administration Record update CDs.

- Add an action item to review low-level perchlorate detections in well 134 at the next managers' meeting.
- Generate, for agency submittal, one page memos with one figure to show the locations of new plume delineation wells at LHAAP-46 and LHAAP-37
- Provide hard copy of the LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addendum Work Plan to Mr. Becher, who stated he had not received a hard copy.
- As requested by Ms. Palmie, either add separation sheets be added between data sets for each site or use the header space to indicate the different data sets.
- Remove "UIC Reporting" sub-bullet from "Groundwater Treatment Plant" bullet of the next MMM agenda.

Army

• Obtain information from Aberdeen Testing Center on what the action will be to address bioplug demonstration site issues.

Adjourn

Attachments: LHAAP Data Validated January – February 2014

-GWTP Influent and Effluent

-LHAAP-12 Annual Groundwater Event -LHAAP-18/24 Compliance Sampling

-LHAAP-46 Quarterly MNA Groundwater Event -LHAAP-50 Baseline MNA Groundwater Event

-LHAAP-35A(58) Baseline MNA Groundwater Event

ACRONYM LIST

AEC United States Army Environmental Command

AECOM Technology Services, Inc.

AP April Palmie

BERA Baseline Ecological Risk Assessment BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CPT/MIP Cone Penetration Test/Membrane Interface Probe

CRP/CIP Community Relations Plan/Community Involvement Plan

CSM Conceptual Site Model

DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program

DNAPL Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquid

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESD Explanation of Significant Differences

FBR Fluidized Bed Reactor FS Feasibility Study

GWTP Ground Water Treatment Plant

HASP Health and Safety Plan

HB Harrison Bayou

ICT Interceptor – Collector Trench INF Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces

ISB In-Situ Bioremediation
IWWP Installation-Wide Work Plan

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

LUC Land Use Control

MMM Monthly Managers' Meeting

MMRP Military Munitions Response Program

MNA Monitored Natural Attenuation O&M Operation and Maintenance

PB Paul Bruckwicki

PBR Performance-Based Remediation

PDI Pre-Design Investigation
PSI Post-Screening Investigation
QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan
RAB Restoration Advisory Board

RACR Remedial Action Completion Report

RD Remedial Design

RI Remedial Investigation

RM Rich Mayer
RMZ Rose M. Zeiler
ROD Record of Decision

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

UIC Underground Injection Control

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers
USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Service

WP Work Plan

LHAAP Data Validated January-February 2014

GWTP Influent and Effluent *Bi-weekly, Monthly, and Quarterly Sampling*

December 2013

Oil and Grease (1664A) Hexavalent Chromium (7196A)

Chemical Oxygen Demand (410.4) VOC (8260B)
Metals (6010C) SVOC (8270D)

Metals (6020A) Inorganic Anions (9056)

Perchlorate (6850)

Site 12 Annual Sampling

December 2013, January 2014

VOC (8260B)

Site 18/24 Semi-annual, annual Sampling

December 2013

Alkalinity (310.2) VOC (8260B)

TOC (415.1) Inorganic Anions (9056)

Metals (6010C) Dissolved Gasses (RSK-175)

Metals (6020A) Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)

Perchlorate (6850) Dechlorinating Bacteria

Mercury (7470A)

Site 46 Semi-annual and Quarterly Sampling

September 2013

Alkalinity (310.2) Metals (6010C)
Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrite (353.2) Metals (6020A)
Phosphorus (365.4) VOC (8260B)

Extractable Sulfides (376.1) Inorganic Anions (9056)
TOC (415.1) Dissolved Gasses (RSK-175)

Site 50 *Quarterly Sampling*

November 2013 Perchlorate (6850) VOC (8260B)

Site 58 Quarterly Sampling

September 2013, October 2013

Alkalinity (310.2) Metals (6020A)
Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrite (353.2) VOC (8260B)

Phosphorus (365.4) Volatile Fatty Acids (830-MBA)

Extractable Sulfides (376.1) Inorganic Anions (9056)
TOC (415.1) Dissolved Gasses (RSK-175)
Metals (6010C) Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	LH18/24- SP140-7143- COMP 12/29/2013	LH18/24- SP140-7143- GRAB 12/29/2013
ID Location:			GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of influent TK-140 Sampled Monthly	GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of influent TK-140 Sampled Monthly
Oil and Grease (1664A)				
OIL & GREASE	mg/L		<2.8 U	<2.8 U
Chemical Oxygen Demand (410.4)	1 4		I 00.11	00.11
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND Metals (6010C)	mg/L	<u> </u>	<20 U	<20 U
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	0.0836 J
IRON	mg/L	0.05	0.575	0.489
SELENIUM	mg/L		<0.01 U	<0.01 U
Metals (6020A)				
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
ARSENIC	mg/L		0.00636	0.00408
BARIUM	mg/L	2	0.43	0.44
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	0.000594 J	0.000548 J
CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	0.00154 J	0.00226 J
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	0.016	0.0159
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L	0.015	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
NICKEL	mg/L mg/L	2	0.649 0.0226	0.652 0.0214
SILVER	mg/L	0.51	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
THALLIUM	mg/L		<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
VANADIUM	mg/L	0.72	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
ZINC	mg/L	31	0.0553	0.0549
Perchlorate (6850)				
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	17900	20300
Hexavalent Chromium (7196A) HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	<0.01 UJ	<0.01 UJ
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	.y 			
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	N/A	<25 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	N/A	<25 U
1,1,1-1 RICHLOROE I HANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14 5	N/A N/A N/A	<25 U <20 U <25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	10000	N/A	<12.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	7	N/A	28.3 J
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	2.9	N/A	<25 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	N/A	<15 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.004	N/A	<50 UJ
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	N/A	<20 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	N/A	<25 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	N/A N/A	<100 UJ <25 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600	N/A N/A	<12.5 U 71.3
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5	N/A	<20 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	N/A	<25 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	N/A	<25 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	29	N/A	<20 U
	ug/L	75	N/A	<12.5 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	N/A	<25 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	N/A	<250 UJ
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<12.5 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	N/A	<250 UJ
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<25 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	N/A	<250 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	N/A	<250 UJ
BENZENE	ug/L		N/A	<250 UJ
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<12.5 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<20 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	N/A	<25 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	N/A	<50 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	N/A	<50 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<50 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	N/A	<25 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	N/A	<12.5 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	N/A	<50 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	N/A	13.1 J
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	220	N/A	<50 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1.3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	N/A N/A N/A	2380 <25 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	N/A	<25 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	380	N/A	<25 U
	ug/L	20000	N/A	<25 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	N/A	<25 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L		N/A	<25 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	N/A	<25 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<50 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	N/A	<25 U
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<20 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<25 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<12.5 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<25 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L		N/A	<25 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	N/A N/A N/A	<25 U <12.5 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<25 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	N/A N/A	<25 U <25 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	100	N/A	<25 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	N/A	<50 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	N/A	10000
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	N/A	<25 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	N/A	46 J
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (82) HEXACHLOROBENZENE	70 D) ug/L	1	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)	, vy/L			0
CHLORIDE	mg/L		524	470

		MSC	SP650-6138- COMP 12/12/2013	SP650-6138- GRAB 12/12/2013	SP650-6141- COMP 12/23/2013	SP650-6141- GRAB 12/23/2013	LH18/24- SP650-6142- COMP 12/29/2013
ID Location:			GWTP – Collected from holding jar which collects the discharge from a spigot on effluent TK-650 every couple of hours Sampled Biweekly	GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of effluent TK-650 Sampled Biweekly	GWTP – Collected from holding jar which collects the discharge from a spigot on effluent TK-650 every couple of hours Sampled Biweekly	GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of effluent TK-650 Sampled Biweekly	GWTP – Collected from holding jar which collects the discharge from a spigot on effluent TK-650 every couple of hours Sampled Quarterly
Oil and Grease (1664A)							
OIL & GREASE Chemical Oxygen Demand (410.4)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.9 J
CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	263
Metals (6010C)							
ALUMINUM IRON	mg/L mg/L	100	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.1 U 0.165 J
SELENIUM Metals (6020A)	mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.000744 J
ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.01	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0.00421 0.428
CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.0006 U 0.00706
COBALT LEAD	mg/L	6.1 0.015	N/A <0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	0.00228 <0.001 U
MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	14	<0.001 U N/A N/A	<0.001 U N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	0.151
NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L	0.51	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	0.0172 <0.001 U
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.0002 U <0.001 U
ZINC Perchlorate (6850)	mg/L	31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0309 J
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	1.19	1.38	10800
Hexavalent Chromium (7196A)							
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	N/A	N/A	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 UJ
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B) 1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	7	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5100 0.2	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	29 75	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	42	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	N/A N/A	<5 U 75.9	N/A N/A	<5 U 78.3 J	N/A N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	N/A N/A	<1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<1 U	N/A N/A	2.54	N/A N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	1000	N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	N/A N/A	<1 U 0.719 J	N/A N/A	<1 U 0.688 J	N/A N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3 34	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100 4100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A
O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	5 1000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	N/A N/A	0.954 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A	0.984 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (827 HEXACHLOROBENZENE	70D) ug/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)	uy/L		IN/A	1 N / A	IN/A	I IV/A	<0.5 U
CHLORIDE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L		716 153	718 154	741 151	753 147	708 201

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	LH18/24- SP650-6142- GRAB 12/29/2013	LH18/24- SP650-6144- COMP 1/8/2014	LH18/24- SP650-6144- GRAB 1/8/2014
ID Location:			GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of effluent TK-650 Sampled Quarterly	GWTP – Collected from holding jar which collects the discharge from a spigot on effluent TK-650 every couple of hours Sampled Biweekly	GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of effluent TK-650 Sampled Biweekly
Oil and Grease (1664A)					
OIL & GREASE	mg/L		<2.8 U	N/A	N/A
Chemical Oxygen Demand (410.4) CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	mg/L	1	272	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C)	IIIg/L		Z I Z	14/73	14// \
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	N/A	N/A
IRON	mg/L	0.05	0.153 J	N/A	N/A
SELENIUM	mg/L		<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U
Metals (6020A)					
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	0.000607 J	N/A	N/A
ARSENIC	mg/L		0.00429	N/A	N/A
BARIUM	mg/L	0.005	0.412	N/A	N/A
CADMIUM	mg/L		<0.0006 U	N/A	N/A
CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	0.00549	N/A	N/A
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	0.00234	N/A	N/A
LEAD	mg/L	0.015	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	0.000965 J
MANGANESE	mg/L		0.15	N/A	N/A
NICKEL	mg/L	2	0.0175	N/A	N/A
SILVER	mg/L	0.51	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
THALLIUM	mg/L		<0.0002 U	N/A	N/A
VANADIUM	mg/L	0.72	<0.001 U	N/A	N/A
ZINC	mg/L	31	0.0271 J	N/A	N/A
Perchlorate (6850)					
PERCHLORATE Hexavalent Chromium (7196A)	ug/L	72	11400	9980	10200
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B	mg/L	0.1	<0.01 UJ	<0.01 U	<0.01 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U	N/A	<1 U
1.1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L		<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	<0.3 U	N/A	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.004	<1 UJ	N/A	
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 UJ	N/A	<2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	29	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	42	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<0.25 U	N/A	<5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000		N/A	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	N/A	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	N/A	<5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	141 J	N/A	205
BENZENE	ug/L	5	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	36	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140		N/A	<1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000		N/A	<1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U	N/A	<1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220	<1 U 0.696 J	N/A N/A	<1 U 0.985 J
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROPENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	700	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	N/A	<1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L		<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
TOLUENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	N/A	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	0.893 J	N/A	1.59
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (8:		1 1	<0.5 U	N/A	N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)		, 1	-		
CHLORIDE	mg/L	1	712	687	715
SULFATE	mg/L		203	159	171

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	12WW20- 010814 1/8/2014	12WW21- 010814 1/8/2014	12WW22- 010814 1/8/2014	12WW23- 010814 1/8/2014	12WW24- 12111 12/11/2013
ID Location:			Site 12 – NW, central region, near landfill cap. Sampled Annually	Site 12 – N, middle region. Sampled Annually	Site 12 – NNW, outer region, along parcel boundary. Sampled Annually	Site 12 – NE, outer region along road within parcel boundary. Sampled Annually	Site 12 – NW, central region, near landfill cap. Sampled Annually
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)							
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200 14	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	0.733 J
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	7	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	0.888 J
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.0041	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5100 0.2	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U 3.64
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	42	<0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	8.76 J	7.45 J
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	0.619 J <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	7.32
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L	41000	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U 0.143 J
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	0.143 J <1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	0.552 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	66.1
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L	4100 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	1.54
TOLUENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	0.276 J <1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	5	0.721 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	259
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	0.873 J

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	109- 121413 12/14/2013	109F- 121413 12/14/2013	120- 121413 12/14/2013	120F- 121413 12/14/2013	123- 121413 12/14/2013	123F- 121413 12/14/2013	126- 121413 12/14/2013	126F- 121413 12/14/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – NE, just inside the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NE, just inside the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – W, inside the fence line, outer region Sampled annually	Site 18/24 – W, inside the fence line, outer region. Filtered, Sampled annually	Site 18/24 – NW inside the fence line outer region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NW inside the fence line outer region. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 — SE, on right side of road as you turn toward Site 18/24 entrance Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SE, on right side of road as you turn toward Site 18/24 entrance. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)										·
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 28.5	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 14.9	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 13.7	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 293
IRON MAGNESIUM POTASSIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A N/A	<0.1 U 22.6 <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.1 U 16.4 1.64 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.1 U 9.71 <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.122 J 237 2.08
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 258	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 547	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 61.5	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 843
Metals (6020A)		0.000	N1/A	0.004.11	L NI/A	0.004.11	I NI/A	0.004 11	NI/A	0.004.11
ANTIMONY ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.006 0.01 2	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00134 J 0.418	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00414 0.068	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.001 U 0.19	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.0125 9.38
CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005	N/A N/A	<0.0006 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A	0.000679 J <0.002 U	N/A N/A	<0.0006 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A	0.000393 J 0.00207 J
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L	6.1 1.3	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A	0.0282 0.00532	N/A N/A	0.00168 J 0.0014 J	N/A N/A	0.0029 0.00481
LEAD MANGANESE NICKEL	mg/L mg/L	0.015 14 2	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00396 J 0.00284 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.383 0.0229	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00209 J 0.00288 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.0739 0.0215
SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.51 0.002	N/A N/A N/A	<0.00284 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.00288 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U
VANADIUM ZINC	mg/L mg/L	0.72	N/A N/A	0.000516 J <0.025 U	N/A N/A	0.00166 J 0.0287 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.035 J
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	85300	N/A	124000	N/A	15	N/A	0.887	N/A
Mercury (7470A)	uq/L	12	03300	I IN/A	124000	I IVA	13	IWA	0.007	IV/A
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1.1.1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<50 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	3.17 J 13.5	N/A N/A	41.2 J 278	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<2.5 U <1.5 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <30 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<5 U <2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U <40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<10 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<200 U <50 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<1.25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<25 U 89.3 J	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	<2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<40 U <50 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	3100 29 75	<2.5 U <2 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <40 U <25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<2.5 U <25 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <500 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	2000 6100 2000	<1.25 U <25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<25 U <500 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<25 U <25 UJ	N/A N/A	<500 U <500 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<1.25 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<25 U <25 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6 36	<2 U <2.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<40 U <50 U <100 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<5 UJ <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U <100 U <100 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 UJ <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 100	<2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000 220	<5 U 4.02 J <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U 102 <100 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	306 <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	3200 <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	<2.5 UJ <2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 UJ <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U <100 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<2.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A	214 <40 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4100 10000	<2.5 U <1.25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <25 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	10000 10000 4100	<2.5 U <2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<1.25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<25 U <50 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 1000 100	2.25 J <2.5 U 5.03	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U 27 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	29 5	<5 U 1280 J	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U 32200	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	<2.5 U 7.76	N/A N/A	<50 U 336	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L mg/L	10	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE) FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dechlorinating Bacteria DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC)	cells/ml	_ 	N/A	N1/A	N/A	NI/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC	cells/ml		N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Location ID:	Units	MCL/	129- 121313	129F- 121313	17WW08- 121613	17WW08F- 121613	18CPTMW01DW- 120213	18CPTMW01DWF- 120213	18CPTMW01SW- 120213	18CPTMW04- 120313
Sample Date:	Offics	MSC	12/13/2013	12/13/2013	12/16/2013	12/16/2013	12/2/2013	12/2/2013	12/2/2013	12/3/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – SW, just inside the fence line Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – SW, just inside the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 17 – SSW of 18/24, inside site 17 boarder. Sampled Annually	Site 17 – SSW of 18/24, inside site 17 boarder. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NE, inside the fence line, middle region Deep Wilcox Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NE, inside the fence line, middle region Deep Wilcox. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NE, inside the fence line, middle region Shallow Wilcox Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NW, inside the fence line, middle region Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)										
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC) Metals (6010C)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	0.0511 J	<0.1 U
BERYLLIUM	mg/L		N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U
CALCIUM	mg/L		N/A	25.6	N/A	49.5	N/A	8.5	40.8	43.4
IRON	mg/L		N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	14.5	N/A	0.297	35.7	1.82
MAGNESIUM	mg/L	0.05	N/A	20.2	N/A	33.7	N/A	2.87	19.8	37
POTASSIUM	mg/L		N/A	<1 U	N/A	1.07 J	N/A	3.9	9.7	1.22 J
SELENIUM	mg/L		N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	0.0142 J	N/A	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U
SODIUM Metals (6020A)	mg/L		N/A	242	N/A	429	N/A	206	104	316
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
ARSENIC	mg/L		N/A	0.00126 J	N/A	0.00569 J	N/A	0.00458	0.0176	0.0102
BARIUM	mg/L	2	N/A	0.532	N/A	0.234	N/A	0.0598	0.968	1.34
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	N/A	0.000433 J	N/A	<0.0006 U	N/A	<0.0006 U	<0.0006 U	<0.0006 U
CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	N/A	0.00146 J	N/A	0.0124	N/A	<0.002 U	0.00265 J	<0.002 U
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	0.00769	N/A	0.00301	0.00533	0.00233
COPPER	mg/L	1.3	N/A	0.00135 J	N/A	0.00486	N/A	<0.002 U	0.00154 J	<0.002 U
LEAD MANGANESE NICKEL	mg/L mg/L	0.015 14 2	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00838 0.00797 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.804 0.378 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.0637 0.0054 J	<0.001 U 0.637 0.00732 J	<0.001 U 0.192 0.00479 J
SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.51 0.002	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U
VANADIUM	mg/L	0.72	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	0.000715 J	<0.001 U
ZINC	mg/L	31	N/A	0.0218 J	N/A	<0.025 U	N/A	<0.025 U	0.0564	<0.025 U
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	129000	N/A	0.159 J	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A	6.03	0.364 J
Mercury (7470A) MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)										
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	200	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	14	<2 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<4 U	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	3.93 J	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	0.312 J
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	7	2.6 J	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	15.8 J	2.31
	ug/L	2.9	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	310	<1.5 U	N/A	<0.3 U	N/A	<0.3 U	N/A	<3 U	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.004	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<10 U	<1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<2 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<4 U	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	5100	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	0.2	<10 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<20 U	<2 U
	ug/L	0.005	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	154	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	0.489 J
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	5	<2 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<4 U	<0.4 U
	ug/L	5100	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	3100	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	<2 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<4 U	<0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	75	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<25 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<50 U	<5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<25 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<50 U	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<25 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<50 U	<5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<25 UJ	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<50 U	<5 U
BENZENE	ug/L	5	1.18 J	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	6.68 J	<0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	2000	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
	ug/L	4100	<2 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	18.8	<0.4 U
	ug/L	4.6	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<10 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<10 U	<1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	10000	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 UJ	N/A	<10 UJ	<1 UJ
	ug/L	5	1.68 J	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	100	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<10 U	<1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	10.2	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	5.28 J	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	<5 U 8.71 <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<10 U 30.4 <5 U	<1 U 71.5 <0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	700 20	<2.5 U <2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHI ORIDE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<2.5 U <5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U 0.274 J	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <10 U 22600	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 2000 4100	<2.5 U <2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<4 U <5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	4100	<1.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U	<0.25 U
	ug/L	10000	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	10000	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	<2.5 U <2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L	4100	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	5	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	1.04
	ug/L	1000	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	7.78 J	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	100	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	4.03 J	0.324 J
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<5 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<10 U	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	3170	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	1	N/A	1100	128
	ug/L	31000	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<0.5 U
	ug/L	2	<2.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<5 U	5.56
Inorganic Anions (9056)										
CHLORIDE	mg/L	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRITE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	ug/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC)	cells/ml		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml cells/ml cells/ml		N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Location ID:		MCL/	18CPTMW04SW-	18CPTMW04SWF-	18CPTMW06-	18CPTMW07-	18CPTMW07F-	18CPTMW08DW-	18CPTMW08DWF-	18CPTMW08SW-
Sample Date:	Units	MSC	120313 12/3/2013	120313 12/3/2013	120513 12/5/2013	120513 12/5/2013	120513 12/5/2013 1	120213 12/2/2013	120213 12/2/2013	120213 12/2/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – NW, inside the fence line, middle region Shallow Wilcox Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NW, inside the fence line, middle region Shallow Wilcox. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	line, middle region	Site 18/24 – NNE, inside the fence line, outer region Sampled Semi- annually	line, outer region. Filtered,	Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region Deep Wilcox Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region Deep Wilcox. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region Shallow Wilcox, Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)		,	N1/A	NI/A	N/A	L 1/2	1 N/A I	NI/A	N1/A	l N/A
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A	<0.1 U	0.122 J	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	0.135 J
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 43.9	<0.01 U 2.84	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 43.1	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 5.74	<0.01 U 32.2
IRON MAGNESIUM	mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A	9.99 16.6	0.164 J 3.22	N/A N/A	6.63 18.5	N/A N/A	0.198 J 3.99	1.17 30.7
POTASSIUM SELENIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	N/A N/A	52.7 <0.01 U	181 <0.01 U	N/A N/A	19.8 <0.01 U	N/A N/A	80.5 <0.01 U	3.78 <0.01 U
SODIUM Metals (6020A)	mg/L		N/A	117	181	N/A	112	N/A	135	127
ANTIMONY ARSENIC	mg/L mg/L	0.006	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00831	<0.001 U 0.00508	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00821	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00266	<0.001 U 0.00103 J
BARIUM CADMIUM	mg/L mg/L	2 0.005	N/A N/A	0.95 <0.0006 U	0.198 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A	0.848 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A	0.0611 <0.0006 U	0.835 <0.0006 U
CHROMIUM COBALT	mg/L mg/L	0.1 6.1	N/A N/A	<0.002 U 0.00386	0.00948 <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.002 U 0.00672	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U	0.00134 J 0.0209
COPPER LEAD	mg/L mg/L	0.015	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U	0.00128 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.00109 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U	0.00104 J <0.001 U
MANGANESE NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L mg/L	14 2 0.51	N/A N/A N/A	0.718 0.00226 J <0.001 U	0.0174 <0.004 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.634 0.00907 <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.0394 <0.004 U <0.001 U	0.898 0.0138 <0.001 U
SILVER THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U 0.00207	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U
ZINC	mg/L	31	N/A	<0.025 U	<0.025 U	N/A	<0.025 U	N/A	<0.025 U	0.0355 J
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	<0.2 U	N/A	0.818	<0.2 U	N/A	3.09	N/A	58000
Mercury (7470A)			\$1/A	.0.000.11	-0.000011	N1/A	-0.0000 12	X 1/A	.0.0000 **	-0.000011
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	4.99 1.5 J
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1.4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	3100 29	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	75 42 61000	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	92000	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U 0.161 J
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100 4.6	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	36 140	<0.5 U <1 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U <1 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<1 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A	12.8 <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	25 <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	0.918 J <1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5.3 34	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	6.45 <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	23.2 <0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	380 20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000 4100	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	233 <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.467 J 0.278 J <0.5 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4100 10000	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE TRANS 1.2 DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	5 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.404 J	N/A N/A	0.353 J <0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	100 29 5	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U 24.4	<0.5 U <1 U 0.874 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U 0.31 J	N/A N/A N/A	0.425 J <1 U 106
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U 20.9
Inorganic Anions (9056)										
CHLORIDE NITRATE	mg/L mg/L	10	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
NITRITE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L	1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175) ETHANE	ug/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	l N/A l	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)										
FERROUS IRON Dechlorinating Bacteria	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)			N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
VIIVE GUEORIDE REDUCTASE (VCK)	i celis/ml		IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	18CPTMW10DW- 120313	18CPTMW10SW- 120313	18CPTMW12DW- 120413	18CPTMW12SW- 120413	18CPTMW12SWFD- 120413	18CPTMW14- 121713	18CPTMW15- 121713	18CPTMW16- 121813
ID Location:	<u> </u>		12/3/2013 Site 18/24 – WSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Deep Wilcox Sampled Semiannually	12/3/2013 Site 18/24 – WSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Shallow Wilcox Sampled Semiannually	12/4/2013 Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Deep Wilcox Sampled Semi-	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Shallow Wilcox Sampled Semi-annually	12/4/2013 Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Shallow Wilcox. Dup, Sampled Semi-annually	Site 18/24 – SE, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi-annually	Site 18/24 – NW, outside the fence line Sampled Semi-annually	Site 18/24 – NW, outside the fence line, near Harrison Bayou Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)					annually		Jampied Jerni-annually			
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1) TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C)	I mg/∟		IV/A	IV/A	IN/A	IV/A	I IVA	IV/A	IN/A	IN/A
ALUMINUM BERYLLIUM	mg/L mg/L	100 0.004	0.154 J <0.01 U	<0.1 U <0.01 U	0.0876 J <0.01 U	0.164 J <0.01 U	0.173 J <0.01 U	0.385 <0.01 U	<0.1 U <0.01 U	N/A N/A
CALCIUM IRON	mg/L mg/L		26.9 20.8	38.1 70.3	17.5 3.94	53.3 8.93	52.7 9.35	131 1.16	38.3 17	N/A N/A
MAGNESIUM POTASSIUM	mg/L mg/L		12.4 20.1	21.9 4.64	9.97 17.1	34.5 13.9	34.3 14.8	69.7 237	40 5.78	N/A N/A
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U 134	<0.01 U 114	<0.01 U 158	<0.01 U 213	<0.01 U 212	<0.01 U 659	0.00928 J 418	N/A N/A
Metals (6020A) ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	0.00108 J	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A
ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.01	0.00584 0.312	0.00404 0.583	0.00502 0.201	0.0122 0.622	0.0123 0.577	0.0171 J 2.73	0.00552 J 0.528	N/A N/A
CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005	<0.0006 U 0.00197 J	<0.0006 U <0.002 U	<0.0006 U 0.00117 J	<0.0006 U 0.00181 J	<0.0006 U 0.00186 J	<0.0006 U 0.0161	0.000471 J <0.002 U	N/A N/A
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L	1.3	0.002 0.00257 J	0.00729 <0.002 U	0.00139 J <0.002 U	0.0185 0.00147 J	0.019 0.00108 J	0.00226 0.00188 J	0.138 <0.002 U	N/A N/A
LEAD MANGANESE NICKEL	mg/L mg/L	0.015	0.000787 J 0.479 0.00473 J	<0.001 U 0.98 0.00726 J	<0.001 U 0.219 0.0027 J	<0.001 U 1.13 0.0117	<0.001 U 1.05 0.012	<0.001 U 0.0851 0.00509 J	<0.001 U 1.06 0.0784	N/A N/A N/A
NICKEL SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	2 0.51 0.002	0.00473 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.00726 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.0027 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.0117 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.012 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.00509 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	<0.001 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A N/A
VANADIUM ZINC	mg/L mg/L	0.72	0.000708 J 0.027 J	<0.0002 U <0.001 U 0.0446 J	<0.0002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.0002 U <0.001 U 0.0203 J	0.000503 J 0.0248 J	0.00202 <0.025 U	<0.002 U <0.001 U 0.087	N/A N/A
Perchlorate (6850)										·
PERCHLORATE Mercury (7470A)	ug/L	72	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	0.283 J	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	14.5	504	<0.2 U
MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B) 1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<1.25 U <1 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 10000	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<1.25 U <0.626 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	310 0.004 70	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.75 UJ <2.5 UJ <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U	<0.3 U <1 U <0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5100 0.2	<0.4 U <0.5 U <2 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <2 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<1.25 U <5 UJ	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<1.25 U <0.626 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	2.03 J <1 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	29 75 42	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.626 U <1.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U <0.5 U
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<0.5 U <5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <5 U <0.25 U	<12.5 UJ <12.5 UJ <0.626 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<12.5 U <1.25 UJ	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 UJ	<5 U <5 UJ	<5 U <5 UJ	<12.5 U <12.5 UJ	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	0.499 J <0.626 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6 36	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<1 U <1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 U	<1 U	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<1.25 U <0.626 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<2.5 U 4.56	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	70 70	<1 U 0.378 J	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U 0.442 J	<1 U 0.461 J	<2.5 U <1.25 U	<1 UJ 0.982 J	<1 UJ <0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5.3 34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 UJ <0.5 U	<0.5 UJ <0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U 0.721 J	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<1 U <1.25 U <0.626 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.25 U
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 10000 10000	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.626 U <1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<1.25 U <1.626 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U 0.872 J	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	29 5 31000	<1 U 4.07 <0.5 U	<1 U 6.67 <0.5 U	<1 U 0.257 J <0.5 U	<1 U 3.62 <0.5 U	<1 U 3.72 <0.5 U	<2.5 U 538 <1.25 U	<1 U 5.35 <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	2	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	0.781 J	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE) FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dechlorinating Bacteria										
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) RAVA VINNI, CHI ORIDE PEDI ICTASE (RVC)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Location ID:		MCL/	18CPTMW16F-	18CPTMW18-	18CPTMW19-	18CPTMW19F-	18CPTMW22-	18CPTMW23-	18CPTMW24-	18WW08-	18WW11-
Sample Date:	Units	MSC	121813 12/18/2013	121913 12/19/2013	120413 12/4/2013	120413 12/4/2013	120513 12/5/2013	120513 12/5/2013	120413 12/4/2013	121913 12/19/2013	121713 12/17/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – NW, outside the fence line, near Harrison Bayou. Filtered, Sampled Semi-annually	Site 18/24 – NE, outside the fence line, in the woods Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – S, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – WNW, outside the fence line, near the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – E, outside the fence line, on the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NNW, outside the fence line Sampled Semi- Annually	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line.
Alkalinity (310.2) ALKALINITY. TOTAL	mg/L		N/A	428	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	37.8	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	g/2			.20			1471			00	, ,,,,,
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC) Metals (6010C)	mg/L		N/A	4.81 J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.67 J	N/A
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	N/A	2.07	<0.1 U	0.0555 J	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	N/A
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	<0.01 U 15.3	<0.01 U 353	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 2.04	<0.01 U 28.8	<0.01 U 9.09	<0.01 U 376	<0.01 U 28.7	N/A N/A
IRON MAGNESIUM POTASSIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L		4.86 7.86 5.72	0.483 278 17.1	N/A N/A N/A	4.27 1.53 6.38	0.0915 J 26.6 1.29 J	15.3 7.24 6.4	9.53 218 17.9	2.42 42.2 1.28 J	N/A N/A N/A
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	0.00765 J 106	0.00987 J 1310	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 20.1	<0.01 U 171	<0.01 U 58.2	<0.01 U 1040	0.00808 J 421	N/A N/A
Metals (6020A)										.= :	
ANTIMONY ARSENIC	mg/L mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U 0.00351 J	<0.001 U 0.0233 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.0038	<0.001 U 0.00291	<0.001 U 0.00731	<0.001 U 0.018	<0.001 U 0.00868 J	N/A N/A
BARIUM CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005	0.192 <0.0006 U <0.002 U	0.636 0.000635 J 0.00652	N/A N/A N/A	0.085 <0.0006 U 0.00693	0.39 <0.0006 U <0.002 U	0.225 <0.0006 U	8.76 <0.0006 U 0.0013 J	0.0607 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A N/A
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.1 6.1 1.3	0.002 U	0.00652 0.0144 0.00226 J	N/A N/A N/A	0.00693 0.000667 J 0.00209 J	0.002 U 0.00126 J <0.002 U	0.00125 J 0.0172 0.00148 J	0.0013 J 0.00971 0.00359 J	0.00845 0.00919 0.00153 J	N/A N/A N/A
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015	<0.001 U 0.338	<0.001 U 2.86	N/A N/A	0.00108 J 0.0283	<0.001 U 0.082	<0.001 U 0.389	<0.001 U 0.548 J	<0.001 U 0.514	N/A N/A
NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L	2 0.51	0.00205 J <0.001 U	0.027 <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.0041 J <0.001 U	0.00452 J <0.001 U	0.0147 <0.001 U	0.0207 <0.001 U	0.0192 <0.001 U	N/A N/A
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	0.000104 J <0.001 U	0.000105 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.0002 U 0.0049	<0.0002 U 0.000511 J	<0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.0002 U 0.00139 J	N/A N/A
ZINC Perchlorate (6850)	mg/L	31	<0.025 U	0.0141 J	N/A	0.0713	<0.025 U	0.0332 J	0.0147 J	0.0142 J	N/A
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	N/A	0.265 J	8.15	N/A	67500	0.908	43.7 J	304	<0.2 U
Mercury (7470A) MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)											
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U 2.01 <0.5 U	<1.25 U 3.41 J <2.5 U	<0.25 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.004	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <0.1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	<1.5 U <5 U	<0.3 U <0.1 U	<0.3 U <1 UJ	<0.3 U <0.1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5100	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<10 U <2.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U 79.7	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 5100 3100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<2 U <2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<2 U <1.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <25 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 UJ	<0.5 U <5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 6100	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	<1.25 U <25 U	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200 92000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <25 U <25 U	<0.5 U <5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U <5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 2000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	0.74 J <1.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<5 UJ <0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 UJ	<5 U <5 U	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<5 U <2.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L ug/L	100 41000 1000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U 1.34	<1.25 U <5 U <1.25 U	<0.25 U <1 U 0.133 J	<0.25 U <1 U 0.196 J	<0.25 U <1 U <0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 UJ 0.29 J	<1.25 U <5 UJ 244	<1 UJ 0.485 J	<1 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000 10000 5	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 10000	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 1000 100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U 2.45	<2.5 U <2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	29	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U 50.3	<5 U 943	<1 U 81.7 J	<1 U 0.459 J	<1 U <0.5 U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)											
CHLORIDE NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10	N/A N/A	2860 <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	619 <1 U	N/A N/A
SULFATE	mg/L mg/L	1	N/A N/A	<2 U 61.9	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<1 U 167	N/A N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175) ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	<2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	<2 U 23.3	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<2 U 1.47 J	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)											
FERROUS IRON Dechlorinating Bacteria	mg/L		N/A	0.512	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.04 U	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml	_	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.4 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.4 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A
			13// 1	70.7 U			. 1// 1			10.7 U	

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	18WW11F- 121713 12/17/2013	18WW20- 121613 12/16/2013	18WW20F- 121613 12/16/2013	18WW22- 121813 12/18/2013	AWD4- 121013 12/10/2013	AWD4F- 121013 12/10/2013	C-01- 121313 12/13/2013	C02- 121813 12/18/2013
ID Location:	ı	l	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line. Filtered	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line, near Harrison Bayou Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line, near	Site 18/24 – NNE, outside the fence line, on the road heading north Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – NNW, outside the fence line, just along the perimeter road Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NNW, outside the fence line, just along the perimeter road. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – SSE, outside the fence line, on your right heading towards the GWTP. Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Annually
Alkalinity (310.2)										
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C)										
ALUMINUM BERYLLIUM	mg/L mg/L	100 0.004	<0.1 U <0.01 U	N/A N/A	<0.1 U <0.01 U	0.786 <0.01 U	N/A N/A	<0.1 U <0.01 U	<0.1 U <0.01 U	N/A N/A
CALCIUM IRON	mg/L mg/L		14.3 25.3	N/A N/A	2.52 10.5	141 0.179 J	N/A N/A	19.1 15.1	126 0.166 J	N/A N/A
MAGNESIUM POTASSIUM	mg/L mg/L		7.32 1.98 J	N/A N/A	1.55 1.55 J	<0.5 U 260	N/A N/A	17.5 1.13 J	96.7 2.05	N/A N/A
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U 71.6	N/A N/A	0.00617 J 24.9	0.00928 J 188	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 116	<0.01 U 469	N/A N/A
Metals (6020A) ANTIMONY	/	0.000	0.004.11	N1/A	0.004.11	0.004.11	N/A	0.004.11	0.004.11	NI/A
ARSENIC	mg/L mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U 0.00224 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.000709 J	<0.001 U 0.00275	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00113 J	<0.001 U 0.00577	N/A N/A
BARIUM CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005	0.177 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A	0.102 <0.0006 U	0.731 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A	0.508 0.000359 J	0.866 <0.0006 U	N/A N/A
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.1 6.1 1.3	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.002 U	0.0959 0.00182 J 0.00317 J	N/A N/A N/A	0.453 0.0647 0.0337	0.00171 J 0.000588 J 0.00268 J	N/A N/A N/A
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015	<0.002 U <0.001 U 0.392	N/A N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U 0.18	<0.00317 J <0.001 U 0.00213 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.555	<0.001 U 0.0249	N/A N/A
NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L	2 0.51	0.00525 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.004 U <0.001 U	0.00213 J 0.00629 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	3.56 <0.001 U	0.0249 0.006 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U 0.0161	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.005 U	<0.001 U <0.0002 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A N/A
ZINC	mg/L	31	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.025 U	N/A N/A	0.0151 J	0.0173 J	N/A N/A
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	N/A	0.46	N/A	3.82	23300	N/A	1.66	<0.2 U
Mercury (7470A)	J-9/ E					J.UE		13//3	1.00	
MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B) 1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200 14	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 10000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U 2.49	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	1.04 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.004	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 UJ <1 UJ	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 UJ	<0.3 UJ <1 UJ
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5100	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1.4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	3100 29 75	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	42 61000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <0.5 U <5 UJ
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <5 UJ
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 UJ <5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 UJ <5 U
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	92000	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	18.6 J <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 UJ <0.25 U	<5 UJ <0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6 36	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 100	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U 0.36 J	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U 10.7	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000 10000 5	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U 0.257 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	N/A N/A N/A	0.257 J <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4100 10000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	10000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	100 4100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 1000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	0.257 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	56.8 <0.5 U	N/A N/A	0.256 J <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	4.3	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)			5.1/c			\$1/c	1 500			A114
FERROUS IRON Dechlorinating Bacteria	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC)	cells/ml		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A
TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
VIIVEL CHLORIDE KEDUCTASE (VCK)	cells/ml	I	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	ı ıv/A	IN/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	C02F- 121813 12/18/2013	C03- 121613 12/16/2013	C04- 121813 12/18/2013	C04F- 121813 12/18/2013	C09- 121013 12/10/2013	C10- 121013 12/10/2013	C10F- 121013 12/10/2013	MW2- 121413 12/14/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NE, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line, along the road heading north Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – N, outside the fence line, along the road heading north. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – SSE, outside the fence line, along Long Point Road. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SSE, outside the fence line, along Long Point Road. Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SSE, outside the fence line, along Long Point Road. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NE, inside the fence line, middle region Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)			Aillidaily			Airidally	ainidally		Aimaily	
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1) TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	0.198 J	N/A	<0.1 U	<0.1 U
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	<0.01 U 21.9	<0.01 U 59	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 11.3	<0.01 U 226	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 86.2	<0.01 U 196
IRON MAGNESIUM	mg/L mg/L		67.2 12.6	101 34.8	N/A N/A	4.61 5.37	0.176 J 148	N/A N/A	7.08 53.6	17.8 139
POTASSIUM SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L ma/L	0.05	3.32 <0.01 U 78.4	3.39 <0.01 U 174	N/A N/A N/A	1.77 J <0.01 U 24	1.17 J <0.01 U 562	N/A N/A N/A	3.51 <0.01 U 313	4.14 0.0313 401
Metals (6020A)	i iiiq/∟		76.4		IN/A	24	302	IVA	313	401
ANTIMONY ARSENIC	mg/L mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U 0.00143 J	<0.001 U 0.00752 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.000613 J	<0.001 U 0.007	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00413	<0.001 U 0.00757
BARIUM CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	2 0.005 0.1	0.443 <0.0006 U <0.002 U	1.36 <0.0006 U 0.00132 J	N/A N/A N/A	0.185 <0.0006 U <0.002 U	0.601 0.000488 J 0.00274 J	N/A N/A N/A	0.986 <0.0006 U <0.002 U	5.77 0.000547 J 0.0628
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L	6.1	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.002 U	0.00161 J 0.00152 J	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.002 U	0.000598 J 0.0027 J	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.002 U	0.0636 0.003 J
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015	<0.001 U 1.26	<0.001 U 1.61	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.184	<0.001 U 0.023	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 1.09	<0.001 U 3.64
NICKEL SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	2 0.51 0.002	<0.004 U <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.00306 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.004 U <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.0114 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.00344 J <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.0986 <0.001 U <0.0002 U
VANADIUM ZINC	mg/L mg/L	0.72	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.0002 U <0.001 U 0.0263 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.0002 U <0.001 U 0.0297 J
Perchlorate (6850)										
PERCHLORATE Mercury (7470A)	ug/L	72	N/A	65.3	1.1	N/A	6.72	1.31	N/A	7920
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<2500 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	200 14 5	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2500 U <2000 U <2500 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U	N/A N/A	<1250 U <5000 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<2500 U <1500 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5100	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<1 UJ <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5000 UJ <2000 U <2500 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<10000 UJ <2500 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1250 U <2500 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 5100 3100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2000 U <2500 U <2500 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<2000 U <1250 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2500 U <25000 UJ
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	2000 6100 2000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1250 U <25000 UJ <2500 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	N/A N/A	<5 U	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U	N/A N/A	<25000 U <25000 UJ
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHI OROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<1250 U <1250 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6 36	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2000 U <2500 U <5000 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<5000 U <5000 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 100 41000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2500 U <1250 U
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000 220	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U <1 U	<1 U <0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5000 U <1250 U <5000 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	63500 <2500 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	34 380 20000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2500 U <2500 U <2500 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2500 U <2500 U <2500 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<2500 U <5000 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 2000 4100	N/A N/A N/A	0.738 J <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	1390000 <2000 U <2500 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 4100 10000	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1250 U <1250 U <2500 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2500 U <2500 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	100 4100 5	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1250 U <2500 U <2500 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000 100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2500 U <2500 U <2500 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	29 5	N/A N/A	<1 U 0.491 J	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<5000 U 88400
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2500 U <2500 U
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dechlorinating Bacteria DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC)	cells/ml		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	MW3- 120913 12/9/2013	MW5- 120913 12/9/2013	MW5FD- 120913 12/9/2013	MW7- 121413 12/14/2013	MW7F- 121413 12/14/2013	MW8- 121913 12/19/2013	MW8- 121913 12/20/2013	MW9- 121313 12/13/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – N, inside the fence line, outer region. Dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Semi-annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line Sampled Semi- Annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line Sampled Semi- Annually	Site 18/24 – WSW, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)										
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24.8	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.77 J	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U
BERYLLIUM	mg/L	0.004	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U
CALCIUM	mg/L		20.2	18.6	19.3	N/A	12.1	38.1	N/A	46
IRON	mg/L		0.434	0.0991 J	0.111 J	N/A	0.22	0.114 J	N/A	0.727
MAGNESIUM POTASSIUM	mg/L mg/L		10.2 1.44 J	21 2.07	20.9	N/A N/A	12.1 0.953 J	35.8 <1 U	N/A N/A	14.3 0.93 J
SELENIUM	mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	<0.01 U	N/A	0.00663 J	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U
SODIUM	mg/L		156	109	110	N/A	397	277	N/A	30.8
Metals (6020A) ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U
ARSENIC	mg/L	0.01	0.000801 J	0.000862 J	0.000629 J	N/A	0.00162 J	0.00513 J	N/A	<0.001 U
BARIUM	mg/L		0.301	0.789	0.819	N/A	0.105	0.448	N/A	0.472
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	<0.0006 U	0.000661 J	0.000631 J	N/A	<0.0006 U	0.000849 J	N/A	<0.0006 U
CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.1	0.00272 J	0.0119	0.0149	N/A	0.00805	0.0244	N/A	0.13
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	0.0059	0.0028	0.0027	N/A	<0.001 U	0.0174	N/A	0.00081 J
COPPER LEAD	mg/L mg/L	1.3	0.0033 0.00144 J <0.001 U	0.0028 0.00164 J <0.001 U	0.0027 0.00152 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.001 U 0.00135 J <0.001 U	0.00561 <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.00204 J <0.001 U
MANGANESE	mg/L	14	1.42	0.0973	0.097	N/A	0.00395 J	0.26	N/A	0.0256
NICKEL	mg/L		0.00598 J	0.067	0.0658	N/A	0.145	0.118	N/A	0.0239
SILVER	mg/L	0.51	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U
THALLIUM	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	0.000102 J	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U
VANADIUM	mg/L	0.72	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	0.000733 J	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U
ZINC Perchlorate (6850)	mg/L	31	<0.001 U	0.0234 J	0.0232 J	N/A N/A	<0.025 U	0.0217 J	N/A	<0.001 U
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	11400	24500	24100	36700	N/A	63600	N/A	132
Mercury (7470A) MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)										
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	200	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<4 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	4.47	3.76	3.69	<2.5 U	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	4.82 <0.5 U	0.948 J <0.5 U	0.918 J <0.5 U	8.38 J <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<10 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<3 U	N/A	<1.5 U	N/A	<3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.004	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<10 U	N/A	<5 UJ	N/A	<10 UJ
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<4 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<4 U
	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	0.2	<2 U	<2 U	<2 U	<20 U	N/A	<10 UJ	N/A	<20 UJ
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <2.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	34.1	N/A	20.1	N/A	<5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L		<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<4 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	0.713 J	0.731 J	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<4 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	75 42	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U	N/A N/A	<1.25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<2.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<50 U	N/A	<25 UJ	N/A	<50 UJ
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<2.5 U	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<50 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<50 UJ
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 UJ	N/A	<5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<50 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<50 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<50 UJ	N/A	<25 UJ	N/A	<50 UJ
BENZENE	ug/L	5	0.243 J	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	4.24 J	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100 4.6	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <4 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1.25 U <2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2.5 U <4 U <5 U
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	36 140	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<10 U <10 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<10 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<10 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<10 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	3.94 J	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<2.5 U	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<10 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<10 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	1.19	0.4 J	0.407 J	16.2	N/A	2.03 J	N/A	2.17 J
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	220 70	<1 U 48	<1 UJ 12.1	<1 U 11.9	<10 U 16.1	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U 8.05	N/A N/A N/A	<10 U 181
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 UJ	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	700	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L		<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<10 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<10 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L		<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	7.81 J	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<4 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<2.5 U	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE TEDT DILTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<2.5 U	N/A	<1.25 U	N/A	<2.5 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	5	0.612 J	0.252 J	0.267 J	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	100	1.38	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<5 U	N/A	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<10 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<10 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINNYL CHI ORIDE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	266 <0.5 U 29.5	51.9 <0.5 U 9.53	51.1 <0.5 U 9.34	2140 <5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	1430 <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	1810 <5 U <5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE Inorganic Anions (9056)	ug/L		29.5	ə.ə3	9.34	, <≎ U	N/A	<2.5 U	IN/A	<>> U
CHLORIDE	mg/L	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	520	N/A	N/A
NITRATE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.8 U	N/A	N/A
NITRITE	mg/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.8 U	N/A	N/A
SULFATE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14.8	N/A	N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175) ETHANE	ug/L	T	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A	N/A
ETHENE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A	N/A
METHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.01 J	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE) FERROUS IRON	m~/I		NI/A	N/A	NI/A	NI/A	KI/A	- ۱۸۵۱ م	N1/A	NI/A
Dechlorinating Bacteria	mg/L	<u>,ı</u>	N/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.04 U	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	1.3 <0.4 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	0.5 <0.4 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	MW14- 120913 12/9/2013	MW14F- 120913 12/9/2013	MW17- 121613 12/16/2013	MW18- 121813 12/18/2013	MW18F- 121813 12/18/2013	MW18FD- 121813 12/18/2013	MW18FDF- 121813 12/18/2013	MW19- 121713 12/17/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – W, inside the fence line, outer region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – W, inside the fence line, outer region. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Semi- annually		Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Filtered dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)			1							
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	N/A N/A	<0.05 U 86.4	<0.01 U 55.8 J	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 11.7	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 10.9	N/A N/A
IRON MAGNESIUM	mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A	143 52.1	11.6 J 24.4 J	N/A N/A	11.9 6.65	N/A N/A	11.8 6.13	N/A N/A
POTASSIUM SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L ma/L	0.05	N/A N/A N/A	10.2 <0.05 U 442	2.73 <0.01 U 91.2 J	N/A N/A N/A	1.31 J <0.01 U 86	N/A N/A N/A	1.21 J 0.00822 J 83.2	N/A N/A N/A
Metals (6020A)	, mg/L									
ANTIMONY ARSENIC	mg/L mg/L	0.006	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00413	<0.001 U 0.00591 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00172 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.00219	N/A N/A
BARIUM CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.005 0.1	N/A N/A N/A	0.602 0.000357 J <0.002 U	0.782 J <0.0006 U 0.018	N/A N/A N/A	0.27 J <0.0006 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.265 J <0.0006 U <0.002 U	N/A N/A N/A
COBALT COPPER	mg/L mg/L	6.1 1.3	N/A N/A	0.00838 0.00125 J	0.0162 0.00101 J	N/A N/A	0.00528 0.001 J	N/A N/A	0.00529 <0.002 U	N/A N/A
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 3.58	<0.001 U 0.719	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.612	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.583	N/A N/A
NICKEL SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.51 0.002	N/A N/A N/A	0.0273 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	0.0719 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.0657 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.0674 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A
VANADIUM ZINC	mg/L mg/L	0.72	N/A N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U 0.136	<0.002 U <0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A N/A
Perchlorate (6850)										
PERCHLORATE Mercury (7470A)	ug/L	72	204000	N/A	0.376 J	<0.2 U	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A	<0.2 U
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	200 14	<0.5 U <0.4 U 4.1	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	31.4 139	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	<1 UJ <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<0.25 U 68.2	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U 0.31 J
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 5100 3100	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	2000 6100 2000	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U <0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 2000 4100	4.34 <0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U <0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 100 41000	<0.5 U <0.25 U 1.52 J	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U <1 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	7.8 <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	1940 <0.5 U	N/A N/A	0.256 J <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	0.692 J <0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	34 380 20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHI ORIDE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 2000 4100	0.689 J <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.346 J <0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 10000	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	10000 4100 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<0.25 U <0.5 U 1.13	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U <0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U 18.2	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	29 5 31000	<1 U 12500 <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U 0.656 J <0.5 U	<1 U 1.95 <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U 2.04 <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U 6.38 <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	2	<0.5 U 4.37	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L mg/L	10	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)										
ETHANE ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FERROUS IRON Dechlorinating Bacteria	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC) TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE)	cells/ml		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml		N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	MW19F- 121713 12/17/2013	MW19FD- 121713 12/17/2013	MW19FDF- 121713 12/17/2013	MW21- 121413 12/14/2013	MW21F- 121413 12/14/2013	MW21FD- 121413 12/14/2013	MW21FDF- 121413 12/14/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – SSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SSW, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Filtered dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ENE, inside the fence line, middle region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ENE, inside the fence line, middle region. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ENE, inside the fence line, middle region. Dup, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ENE, inside the fence line, middle region. Filtered dup, Sampled Semi- annually
Alkalinity (310.2)									
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U
BERYLLIUM	mg/L	0.004	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U
CALCIUM	mg/L		143	N/A	150	N/A	325	N/A	304
IRON	mg/L		91.8	N/A	94.6	N/A	2.75	N/A	2.9
MAGNESIUM	mg/L		82.8	N/A	84.5	N/A	276	N/A	270
POTASSIUM	mg/L		3.57	N/A	3.78	N/A	2.23	N/A	2.32
SELENIUM	mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	<0.01 U	N/A	0.0111 J
SODIUM	mg/L		1330	N/A	1410	N/A	795	N/A	766
Metals (6020A)			0.004.11	21/2		21/2		N//	0.004.11
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U
ARSENIC	mg/L	0.01	0.0106 J	N/A	0.0102 J	N/A	0.0093	N/A	0.00977
BARIUM	mg/L	2	0.153	N/A	0.145	N/A	11.3	N/A	12
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	<0.0006 U	N/A	<0.0006 U	N/A	0.000925 J	N/A	0.000897 J
CHROMIUM	mg/L		0.0494	N/A	0.036	N/A	0.217	N/A	0.239
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	0.0102	N/A	0.00963	N/A	0.069	N/A	0.0713
COPPER	mg/L	1.3	0.00396 J	N/A	0.00343 J	N/A	0.0134	N/A	0.014
LEAD MANGANESE NICKEL	mg/L mg/L	0.015 14 2	<0.001 U 2.44 0.445	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 2.34 0.43	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 2.47	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U 2.66
SILVER THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L mg/L	0.51 0.002	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.899 <0.001 U <0.0002 U	N/A N/A N/A	0.906 <0.001 U <0.0002 U
VANADIUM	mg/L	0.72	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.005 U	N/A	<0.005 U
ZINC	mg/L		<0.025 U	N/A	<0.025 U	N/A	0.0336 J	N/A	0.0349 J
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ua/L	72	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A	49200	N/A	49300	N/A
Mercury (7470A)	uq/L	12	IN/A	<0.2 0	IN/A	49200	IN/A	49300	IN/A
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110 200	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<50 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	14 5	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	7	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <30 U	N/A N/A N/A	<50 U <30 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	70 5100	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U <40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<100 U <40 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.2	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<200 U	N/A	<200 U	N/A
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.005	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5 5	N/A N/A	<0.25 U 0.354 J	N/A N/A	<25 U 86.7 J	N/A N/A	<25 U 84.5 J	N/A N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<40 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<40 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	75	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<500 U	N/A	<500 U	N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<500 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A	<500 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<500 U	N/A	<500 U	N/A
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<500 UJ	N/A	<500 UJ	N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	5	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
	ug/L	2000	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
	ug/L	4100	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <100 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <100 U	N/A N/A
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 UJ	N/A	<100 UJ	N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	100	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
	ug/L	41000	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	24.2 J	N/A	22.8 J	N/A
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L		N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	N/A	0.761 J	N/A	117	N/A	110	N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	380	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	20000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 UJ	N/A	<50 UJ	N/A
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	700	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	20	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A	<40 U	N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	4100	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A	<25 U	N/A
	ug/L	10000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	10000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<25 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A	<25 U <50 U <50 U	N/A N/A N/A
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	1000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	100	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A	<100 U	N/A
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	N/A	6.94	N/A	14600	N/A	14500	N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	31000	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A	<50 U	N/A
	ug/L	2	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	58.8 J	N/A	56.9 J	N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056) CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE	mg/L	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRITE	mg/L	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHENE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
METHANE Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dechlorinating Bacteria DEHALOCOCCOIDES (DHC)	cells/ml	<u> </u>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TCEA REDUCTASE (TCE) BAV1 VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (BVC) VINYL CHLORIDE REDUCTASE (VCR)	cells/ml cells/ml cells/ml		N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	46SW09- 093013 9/30/2013	46WW05- 092413 9/24/2013	46WW05F- 092413 9/24/2013	46WW09- 092413 9/24/2013	46WW09F- 092413 9/24/2013	46WW13- 092413 9/24/2013	46WW13F- 092413 9/24/2013
ID Location:			Site 46 - ENE, creek sample, outside the fence line, where the creek and Karnack Ave meet. Sampled semi-annually	Site 46 - N, inside the fence line, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - N, inside the fence line, outer region. Filtered, Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - N, within the site boundary, middle region. Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - N, within the site boundary, middle region. Filtered, Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - NW, within the site boundary, center region. Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - NW, within the site boundary, center region. Filtered, Sampled quarterly
Alkalinity (310.2)		_							
ALKALINITY, TOTAL Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen (353.2)	mg/L	N/A	N/A	69.5	N/A	160	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITROGEN, NITRATE-NITRITE	mg/L	N/A	N/A	0.26	N/A	0.389	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphorus (365.4)									
PHOSPHORUS Future stable Sulfides (276.4)	mg/L	N/A	N/A	0.171 J	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A
Extractable Sulfides (376.1) SULFIDE	mg/L	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A	0.533 J	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	•								
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L	N/A	N/A	12.3	N/A	6.94	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6010C) IRON	mg/L	N/A	N/A	N/A	27.6 J	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metals (6020A)	mg/L	14// (14/7	14// (27.00	14/7	14/7	14/71	14/71
MANGANESE THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L	14 0.002	N/A N/A	N/A 0.000714	13.4 N/A	N/A <0.0002 U	2.34 <0.0002 U	N/A N/A	N/A <0.0002 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)		0.002	IN/A	0.000714	IN/A	_ <∪.∪UU∠ U	<∪.∪UU∠ U	IN/A	_ <∪.∪UU∠ U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 10000	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U 0.973 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	7.81 <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	3.76 <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.0041	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	600	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 6100	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	92000	<5 UJ <0.25 U	<5 U <5.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 UJ <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000 5	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	0.143 J <1 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	<0.5 U <0.5 U	8.12 <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	35.5 <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <1 U	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.386 J	N/A N/A
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U 0.274 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 3.05	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	29	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U	N/A N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U 1.79	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 9.83	N/A N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)	ı uy/∟	. 4	\U.U U	1.13	, IN/ <i>I</i> *\	, \0.0 0	1 W/ #1	3.00	, IN/A
CHLORIDE	mg/L	N/A	N/A	343	N/A	465	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	<4 UJ <4 UJ	N/A N/A	<10 UJ <10 UJ	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L	N/A	N/A	4090	N/A	2340	N/A	N/A	N/A
CARBON DIOXIDE	ug/L	N/A	N/A	210000	N/A	58400	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L	N/A	N/A	39.4	N/A	<2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	LHSMW19- 092413 9/24/2013	LHSMW19F- 092413 9/24/2013
ID Location:			Site 46 - NNW, inside the fence line, middle region. Sampled quarterly	Site 46 - NNW, inside the fence line, middle region. Filtered, Sampled quarterly
Alkalinity (310.2) ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L	N/A	191	N/A
Nitrate-Nitrite Nitrogen (353.2)				,
NITROGEN, NITRATE-NITRITE	mg/L	N/A	<0.05 U	N/A
Phosphorus (365.4)				
PHOSPHORUS	mg/L	N/A	0.447	N/A
Extractable Sulfides (376.1) SULFIDE	mg/L	N/A	<1 U	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	∏ Hig/L	14/74	VI 0	TV/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L	N/A	4.18	N/A
Metals (6010C)				
IRON	mg/L	N/A	N/A	<0.1 U
Metals (6020A)	1			
MANGANESE THALLIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	N/A <0.0002 U	0.0765 N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)				
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200 14	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	7	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.0041	<1 U	N/A
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	3100 29	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	75 42	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	61000	<5 UJ	N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 6100	<0.25 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	<0.4 U	N/A
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6 36	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	2.44	N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3 34	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	N/A
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000 700	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
STYRENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	N/A
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U 0.4 J	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	N/A
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	40.9 <0.5 U	N/A N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<0.5 U	N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)			1	
CHLORIDE NITRATE	mg/L mg/L	N/A 10	211 <2 U	N/A N/A
NITRITE	mg/L	1	<2 U	N/A
SULFATE Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	mg/L	N/A	454	N/A
CARBON DIOXIDE	ug/L	N/A	40400	N/A
ETHANE	ug/L	N/A	<2 U	N/A
ETHENE	ug/L	N/A	<2 U	N/A

			47WW38-	50WW05-	50WW07-	50WW09-	50WW10-	50WW10FD-	50WW20-	50WW26-
Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	110613	110613	110513	110113	110513	110513	110713	110613
Sample Date.		IVISC	11/6/2013	11/6/2013	11/5/2013	11/1/2013	11/5/2013	11/5/2013	11/7/2013	11/6/2013
			Site 47 - N, inside	Site 50 - NE.	Site 50 - E, outside the site	Site 50 - NE,	Site 50 - ENE,	Site 50 - ENE, inside the site	Site 50 - E,	Site 50 - ENE, outside the site
			Site 47 but within	outside the site	boundary,	within the site	inside the site	boundary, near	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	boundary, near
ID Location:			the Site 50 Perchlorate	boundary.	along S.	boundary, near the road.	boundary, near the ditch.	the ditch.	boundary.	Site-08
			plume.	Sampled	Houston Rd.	Sampled	Sampled	Filtered,	Sampled	boundary.
			Sampled quarterly	quarterly	Sampled quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	Sampled quarterly	quarterly	Sampled quarterly
Boroblorato (6950)					quarterry			quarterly		quarterry
Perchlorate (6850)	/	70	1160 J	0.207.1	.0.2.11	.0.0.11	0.000	0.024	.0.0.11	.0.2.11
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	1160 J	0.397 J	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	0.906	0.924	<0.2 U	<0.2 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)										
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	0.275 J	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	7	<1 U	2.57	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.004	<0.5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<0.5 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	600	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	2.81	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	3100 29	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	75	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 UJ	<5 UJ	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 6100	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <5 UJ	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U	<0.25 U <5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 UJ	<5 UJ	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	3.3 J	3.28 J	2.55 J	<5 UJ	3.73 J	7.67 J	<5 U	3.32 J
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U 15.6	<1 U 17	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U 0.5 J	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	70	<0.5 U	12.4	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	700	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	1.54	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	29	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	280	<0.5 U	0.26 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U

Sample Date: Units WSC 110873 110873 1110873	Location ID:		MCL/	50WW26FD-	50WW27-	LHSMW54-
Discretion:		Units				110713 11/7/2013
Discretion Dis				Site 50 - ENE,	07 50 5	Site 47 - NE,
Decidence Deci				outside the site	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	outside the site
Perchlorate (6850)	ID Location:					boundary,
Perchlorate (8850) PERCHLORATE	id Location.					inside site 47.
Perchlorate (6850) Perchlo						
PERCHLORATE				quarterly	,,,,,,,,	quarterly
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B) 1,1,12-TERRACHLOROETHANE	Perchlorate (6850)					
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE			72	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	<0.2 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	. , ,					
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE						
1,12-TRICHLORQETHANE	, ,					
11-DICHLOROETHANE			_			
1.1-DICHLOROPROPENE						
1.1-DICHLOROPROPENE						
1,2,3-FRICHLOROPROPANE			2.9	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2.4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	• •					<0.3 U
1.2.4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE						
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	, ,					
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE						
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE						
12-DICHLOROETHANE	,					
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE						
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE						
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE						
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE						
2-BUTANONE	,					
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	•		_			
2-HEXANONE						
4-CHLOROTOLUENE ug/L 2000 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ug/L 8200 <5 U						
ACETONE						
BENZENE				<5 U	<5 UJ	
BROMOBENZENE						
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE						
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE						
BROMOFORM						
BROMOMETHANE						
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE ug/L 5 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U CHLOROBENZENE ug/L 100 <0.25 U						
CHLOROBENZENE ug/L 100 <0.25 U <0.25 U <0.25 U CHLOROETHANE ug/L 41000 <1 U	CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CHLOROETHANE ug/L 41000 <1 U <2 U <0.25 U <0.5 U		ug/L				<0.5 U
CHLOROFORM ug/L 1000 <0.25 U <0.25 U <0.25 U CHLOROMETHANE ug/L 220 <1 U						
CHLOROMETHANE ug/L 220 <1 U						
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE ug/L 70 <0.5 U <0.5 U 0.392 J CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE ug/L 5.3 <0.5 U						
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE ug/L 5.3 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE ug/L 34 <0.5 U						
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE ug/L 34 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U DIBROMOMETHANE ug/L 380 <0.5 U						<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE ug/L 380 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ug/L 20000 <0.5 U	,					
ETHYLBENZENE ug/L 700 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ug/L 20 <0.5 U	DIBROMOMETHANE		380	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE						<0.5 U
SOPROPYLBENZENE						
M,P-XYLENE						
METHYLENE CHLORIDE ug/L 5 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U NAPHTHALENE ug/L 2000 <0.4 U						
NAPHTHALENE ug/L 2000 <0.4 U <0.4 U <0.4 U N-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U						
N-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U N-PROPYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.25 U						
N-PROPYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.25 U <0.25 U <0.25 U O-XYLENE ug/L 10000 <0.5 U						
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE ug/L 10000 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U SEC-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U	N-PROPYLBENZENE		4100			
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U STYRENE ug/L 100 <0.25 U						
STYRENE ug/L 100 <0.25 U <0.25 U <0.25 U TERT-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U						
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE ug/L 4100 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U TETRACHLOROETHENE ug/L 5 <0.5 U						
TETRACHLOROETHENE ug/L 5 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U TOLUENE ug/L 1000 <0.5 U						
TOLUENE ug/L 1000 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE ug/L 100 <0.5 U						
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE ug/L 100 <0.5 U <0.5 U <0.5 U TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE ug/L 29 <1 U						
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE ug/L 29 <1 U <1 U <1 U <1 U TRICHLOROETHENE ug/L 5 <0.5 U						<0.5 U
TRICHLOROETHENE			+			<1 U
TRICHLOROFILIOROMETHANE und/ 31000 -0.5 II -0.5 II -0.5 II	TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L			<0.5 U	
	TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	03WW01- 082013 8/20/2013	03WW01- 101013 10/10/2013	03WW01F- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW08- 082013 8/20/2013	35AWW08- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW08F- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW09- 082913 8/29/2013	35AWW09F- 082913 8/29/2013
			Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - E, inside the site
ID Location:				boundary, outer region.	boundary, outer region.	boundary, outer region.	boundary, outer region.	boundary, outer region.	boundary, outer region.	boundary, oute region.
			Sampled quarterly	Sampled quarterly	Filtered, Sampled	Sampled quarterly	Sampled quarterly	Filtered, Sampled	Sampled quarterly	Filtered, Sampled
Alkalinity (310.2)					quarterly			quarterly		quarterly
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L		142	39700	N/A	174	35600	N/A	250	N/A
Nirtate-Nitrite Nitrogen (353.2) NITROGEN, NITRATE-NITRITE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.201	N/A
Phosphorus (365.4)			-							
PHOSPHORUS Extractable Sulfides (376.1)	mg/L		<0.2 U	243	N/A	0.178 J	361	N/A	0.351 J	N/A
SULFIDE	mg/L		<1 U	<1 U	N/A	1.2 J	<1 U	N/A	1.75 J	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)		1	10.5	40000	N1/A	40.5	00400	N1/A	F 77	NI/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC) Metals (6010C)	mg/L		10.5	49200	N/A	16.5	66400	N/A	5.77	N/A
IRON	mg/L		<0.1 U	36.6	N/A	4.75	29.7	N/A	<0.1 U	<0.1 U
Metals (6020A) MANGANESE	mg/L	14	0.0589	60.4	65.2	5.71	45.8	40.7	0.361	0.341
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)										
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14	<0.8 U <1 U	<2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<4 U <5 U	<4 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	7	1.14 J <2 U	<1.25 U	N/A N/A	<2.5 U <10 U	<2.5 U <10 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	310	<1 U <0.6 U	<2.5 U <1.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <3 U	<5 U <3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70	<2 U <0.8 U	<5 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<10 U <4 U	<10 U <4 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANIE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<1 U <4 U	1.39 J <10 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <20 U	<5 U <20 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <2.5 U	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROE I HANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 5 5100	<1 U <0.8 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <4 U <5 U	<5 U <4 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	3100	<1 U <1 U <0.8 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U <4 U	<5 U <5 U <4 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A N/A
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	75 42	<0.5 U <1 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000	<10 U <0.5 U	1250 J <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <2.5 U	1440 J <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<10 U <1 U	<25 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<50 U <5 U	<50 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<10 U <10 UJ	12.7 J 1910 J	N/A N/A	<50 U <50 U	<50 U 2570 J	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6	<0.8 U <1 U	<2 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<4 U <5 U	<4 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	<2 U <2 U	<5 U	N/A N/A	<10 U	<10 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 UJ	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<2 U <1 U	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<10 U <5 U	<10 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L ug/L	100 41000 1000	<0.5 U <2 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A N/A	<2.5 U <10 U <2.5 U	<2.5 U <10 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A N/A
CHLOROPORM CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	<2 UJ 0.978 J	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<10 UJ 9.35 J	<10 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 UJ	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<1 U <2 U	<2.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <10 U	<5 U <10 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<1 U <0.8 U	<2.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <4 U	<5 U <4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4100	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <2.5 U	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<1 U <1 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE TERT BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <2.5 U	<5 U <2.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLLIENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<1 U 368	<2.5 U 172 J	N/A N/A	<5 U 1640	<5 U 603 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 21.9	N/A N/A
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	1000 100 29	<1 U <1 U <2 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U <10 U	<5 U <5 U <10 U	N/A N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L	5 31000	94.8 <1 UJ	42.1 J <2.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	544 <5 U	149 J <5 U	N/A N/A N/A	11.9 <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<1 U	<2.5 U	N/A	<5 U	<5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
Volatile Fatty Acids (830-MBA) ACETIC ACID	mg/L	L_	<1 U	946	N/A	<1 U	776	N/A	<1 U	N/A
BUTYRIC ACID LACTIC ACID	mg/L mg/L		<1 U <1 U	<100 U 97100	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<100 U 89700	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
PROPIONIC ACID PYRUVIC ACID	mg/L mg/L	51	<10 U <0.1 U	<1000 U 61.5	N/A N/A	<10 U <0.1 U	<1000 U 61.7	N/A N/A	<10 U <0.1 U	N/A N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)										
CHLORIDE NITRATE	mg/L mg/L	10	892 <1 U	398 <20 U	N/A N/A	2510 <4 U	905 12.3 J	N/A N/A	1970 <1 U	N/A N/A
NITRITE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L	1	<1 U 534	<20 U 487	N/A N/A	<4 U 1480	<20 U 703	N/A N/A	<1 U 1070	N/A N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	n		440000	B1/A	\$1/A	440000	\$1/A	B1/A	450000	B1/A
CARBON DIOXIDE ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		143000 <2 U <2 U	N/A <2 U <2 U	N/A N/A N/A	143000 <2 U <2 U	N/A <2 U <2 U	N/A N/A N/A	150000 <2 U <2 U	N/A N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L ug/L		<2 U <2 U	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	<2 U <2 UJ	N/A N/A	31.5	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)										

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	35AWW09- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW09F- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW10- 082913 8/29/2013	35AWW10F- 082913 8/29/2013	35AWW10- 101013 10/10/2013	35AWW10F- 101013 10/10/2013
	l .		Site 58 - E,	Site 58 - E, inside the site	Site 58 - ESE,	Site 58 - ESE, inside the site	Site 58 - ESE,	Site 58 - ESE, inside the site
			inside the site boundary, outer	boundary, outer	inside the site boundary,	boundary,	inside the site boundary,	boundary,
ID Location:			region.	region. Filtered,	middle region.	middle region. Filtered,	middle region.	middle region. Filtered,
			Sampled quarterly	Sampled	Sampled quarterly	Sampled	Sampled quarterly	Sampled
Alkalinity (240.2)				quarterly	. ,	quarterly	. ,	quarterly
Alkalinity (310.2) ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L		235	N/A	379	N/A	128	N/A
Nirtate-Nitrite Nitrogen (353.2)	mg/L	ı	200	14/7	010	14/71	120	14/73
NITROGEN, NITRATE-NITRITE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	0.455	N/A	N/A	N/A
Phosphorus (365.4)								
PHOSPHORUS (CTO 1)	mg/L		<0.2 U	N/A	0.412	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A
Extractable Sulfides (376.1) SULFIDE	mg/L	I	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L	ı	νι σ	14//	VI 0	14// (VI 0	14/71
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		9.83	N/A	3.84	N/A	5.42	N/A
Metals (6010C)								
IRON	mg/L		N/A	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	0.155 J	N/A
Metals (6020A) MANGANESE		144	I NI/A	0.224	0.004.4	0.0720	0.0044	0.0004
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L	14	N/A	0.234	0.0814	0.0739	0.0811	0.0681
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200 14	<0.5 UJ <0.4 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	<1 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 UJ <0.3 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.004	<1 UJ <0.4 UJ	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<0.25 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	<0.4 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 UJ <0.25 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 UJ <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE 2-HEXANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000	<0.25 UJ <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <5 U	N/A N/A
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<5 UJ <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 UJ	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 UJ <0.25 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.4 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 UJ	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 UJ <1 UJ	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 100	<0.5 UJ <0.25 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000	<1 UJ <0.25 UJ	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	220	<1 UJ	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	<0.5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000		N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000		N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 UJ <0.4 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 UJ <0.25 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	<0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	5	57.6 J <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	100	<0.5 UJ	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	29 5	<1 UJ 8.97 J	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000	<0.5 UJ <0.5 UJ	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
Volatile Fatty Acids (830-MBA)				1 41 5				
ACETIC ACID	mg/L		<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
BUTYRIC ACID LACTIC ACID	mg/L mg/L		<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
PROPIONIC ACID PYRUVIC ACID	mg/L mg/L	51	<10 U <0.1 U	N/A N/A	<10 U <0.1 U	N/A N/A	<10 U <0.1 U	N/A N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)	.y. -					<u> </u>		- · · · ·
CHLORIDE	mg/L		1730	N/A	135	N/A	16.5	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	0.11 J <0.2 U	N/A N/A
SULFATE	mg/L		1170	N/A	209	N/A	66.2	N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175) CARBON DIOXIDE	ug/l		N/A	N/A	61000	NI/A	N/A	NI/A
ETHANE	ug/L ug/L		<2 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U	N/A N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)								
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		<0.04 U	N/A	<0.04 U	N/A	<0.04 U	N/A

Subject: Final Minutes, Monthly Managers Meeting,

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP)

Location of Meeting: LHAAP Army Trailer and Teleconference – 866-203-6896,

passcode 1759304791

Date of Meeting: March 25, 2014 – 10:00 AM

Welcome RMZ

Attendees:

Army BRAC: Rose Zeiler

EPA: Rich Mayer, Kent Becher (USGS Liaison), Barry Forsythe (USFWS Liason)

TCEQ: April Palmie, Dale Vodak

USACE:

AECOM: Dave Wacker, Gretchen McDonnell, Josh Miller, Marwan Salameh

AEC: Marilyn Plitnik USFWS: Paul Bruckwicki

Welcome RMZ

Action Items

AECOM

- Provide a summary of the treated water nutrient data, after fluidized bed reactor feeding optimization has been implemented. **Pending until Spring.** See notes under "FBR Performance Update" header in "Other Environmental Restoration" section of minutes.
- Generate, for agency submittal, one page memos with one figure to show the locations of new plume delineation wells at LHAAP-46 and LHAAP-37. **Complete.**
- As requested by Ms. Palmie, either add separation sheets be added between data sets in validated data submittals or use the header space to indicate the different data sets.
 Complete.
- Provide hard copy of the LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addendum Work Plan to Mr. Becher, who stated he had not received a hard copy. **Complete.** Mr. Mayer asked that one of EPAs two hard copy documents be sent separately to Mr. Becher at USGS, going forward. Ms. Plitnik suggested that EPA forward one of the two copies they receive to Mr. Becher at USGS.
- Add Steve Tzhone to distribution list for Administrative Record update CDs. **Complete.** Mr. Mayer said these CDs could come to him and he would get them to Mr. Tzhone.

Army

• Obtain information from Aberdeen Test Center on what the action will be to address bioplug demonstration site issues. **Complete.** See discussion under "Site 37 Bioplug" header in the "Other Environmental Restoration" section of the minutes.

EPA

Develop a list of wells/sites for upcoming EPA split sampling and advise Army. Pending.
 See discussion under "Upcoming Field Work" bullet in the "DERP PBR Update" section of the minutes.

TCEQ

AEC

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) PBR Update

AECOM

• Upcoming document submissions to regulators (see Document and Issue Tracking table)

Item 1 (5-Year Review) – Document will be going back to agencies with redlines shortly.

Item 2 (IWWP, QAPP, SOPs, and HASP) –Document and RTCs will be going back to agencies shortly.

Item 3 (LHAAP-18/24 – Explanation of Significant Differences) – EPA discovered a citation error in a footnote in the document. Mr. Mayer will check into where the document is on the EPA side. Ms. Palmie has sent a concurrence letter to the TCEQ Executive Director for signature. Ms. Palmie stated that Mr. Tzhone advised her EPA would not sign until TCEQ provides their concurrence letter.

Item 4 (GWTP Quarterly Report) – Next report coming to the agencies in the next couple of weeks. AECOM will be adding the GWTP sampling locations to the quarterly GWTP report Appendix A schematic, as well as adding the recycle line that allows retreatment through the FBR.

Item 5 (LHAAP-18/24-Revised FS and PSI WP Addenda) – July 31st planned date for submittal to agencies. Since we last met, TCEQ stated they had no comments on the work plan and a handful of comments were received from EPA. RTCs for EPA comments are being generated. EPA's request for additional wells and sampling is probably the only RTC item that might require further discussion.

Item 6 (LHAAP-46, LHAAP-67 RACRs) – LHAAP-67 RACR has been submitted to agencies. LHAAP-46 RACR is awaiting additional well installation on the north side. Mr. Mayer noted that intermediate groundwater was not discussed in the LHAAP-67 RACR. Mr. Wacker stated that intermediate groundwater was not identified as an issue in the ROD, so was not addressed in the remedial action. Ms. Palmie noted that agency comments for the LHAAP-67 RACR are due on April 14th.

Item 7 (Monthly Managers' Meeting) – Next Monthly Managers' Meeting scheduled for April 15th at 10:00AM by teleconference.

Item 8 (LHAAP-37, LHAAP-50, LHAAP-58) – RACRs for LHAAP-50 and LHAAP-58 are planned for agency submittal within the next two weeks. The LHAAP-37 RACR is on hold pending installation of an additional well on the north side.

Item 9 (LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addenda) – Agencies received RTCs yesterday. Agencies agreed to provide comments on the RTCs by April 2nd.

Item 10 (LHAAP-17 PDI WP, LHAAP-16 RD WP, LHAAP-03 RD/RAWP, LHAAP-04 ROD, LHAAP-47 RD) – Placeholder for documents on hold due to Army-EPA dispute.

Item 11 (May RAB) – Next RAB meeting is scheduled for May 15th at 6PM at the Karnack Community Center. The RAB Tour will start at 3PM on the 15th.

Item 12 (GWTP O&M/Air Monitoring) – See discussion under the "GWTP Evaluation with air monitoring data" bullet, in the "Other Environmental Restoration" section of the minutes.

Item 13 (Admin Record Update) – The 4th quarter 2013 update is in Army review and will likely be coming to agencies within ten days. Also see discussion under "Quarterly Reporting and Requirements" bullet in the "Other Environmental Restoration" section of the minutes.

Item 14 (BERA Addendum) – Army will send agencies an update email with the anticipated date the BERA will be submitted.

Item 15 (Nutrient Issue for HB and INF) – Discussed earlier in the meeting.

Item 16 (Website) –Dr. Zeiler stated that the website is intended to be a mechanism for one-way dissemination of information. Ms. Palmie agreed that existing channels established for feedback from the community should be utilized, keeping the website a one-way street. Dr. Zeiler stated that the Administrative Record will be available in full on the website. Mr. Wacker added that the website contains an interactive map of the sites, and scroll-over definitions for key terms. Agencies agreed to provide review of the website after Army review is complete.

Item 17 (CRP/CIP) – Placeholder maintained in the tracker as a reminder that these requirements and recommendations are applicable to our work going forward.

Item 18 (GW Network Optimization and LHAAP-46 Thallium Memos) – A MNA network optimization memo for LHAAP-50 and a thallium-only groundwater sampling modification memo have already been submitted to agencies for consideration; however, Mr. Wacker noted that the agencies have not seen the RACRs associated with many of the sites, making it difficult to perform an informed review of these and forthcoming optimization memos. Mr. Wacker proposed to add discussion of groundwater monitoring optimization plans for MNA sites to the agenda for next MMM, after agencies have had time to review a couple of the RACRs. Ms. Palmie agreed that the RACRs must be reviewed before optimization can be done. Mr. Wacker stated that the goal is to have the optimization plans agreed to prior to the next quarterly monitoring event for each site (July time-frame). Future optimization memos will be held for submittal at the same time as the associated RACR.

Because the LHAAP-67 RACR is already in agency review, AECOM will work to quickly provide the associated optimization memo for LHAAP-67 within the next few days.

The LHAAP-50 RACR is planned for submittal to agencies shortly, and agencies agreed to review and provide comments on the previously submitted LHAAP-50 optimization memo along with the RACR review.

For LHAAP-46 thallium sampling, the sampling event is scheduled for April. Mr. Wacker stated that the thallium sampling is not required by the ROD, and we now have additional rounds of data confirming there is not a thallium issue, so asked that this recommendation be reviewed immediately. (Note: While thallium is not a COC at LHAAP-46, the ROD

includes integration of groundwater sampling for thallium in the RD as a response to address public comment, but not as an action required for remedy protectiveness.) Agencies agreed that it is not necessary to have the LHAAP-46 RACR in hand to evaluate the thallium sampling reduction request, and

will aim for April 4th to provide comments for review on the proposed reductions in thallium sampling.

Defense Environmental Restoration Program (DERP) PBR Update (continued) AECOM

- Upcoming field work
 - AECOM is planning on mobilizing in late April for LHAAP-29 RI/FS Addendum Workplan and LHAAP-18/24 PSI Workplan Addendum field work, as well as additional DPT and well installations at LHAAP-37, LHAAP-46 and LHAAP-50.
 - Mr. Mayer believes EPA's sampling of groundwater wells will take place at LHAAP-29, LHAAP-18/24, the Fire Station well, and potentially 134 or 135. Mr. Mayer stated that Mr. Bruckwicki additionally requested sampling of the groundwater supply well northeast of LHAAP-29 (Water Tower Hill well). Sediment samples from LHAAP-29 at the drainage area where cooling water was historically released may also be collected. Because it may be difficult for EPA to deploy their contractor to match Army's existing sampling schedule, Mr. Mayer said he would be setting up the work order for the EPA contractor to do the actual sampling, not just pulling split samples from Army sampling operations. Mr. Mayer will propose a schedule for the sampling to coordinate with Army, as Army is required to collect split samples from any agency sampling activity.
 - Mr. Mayer stated that he and Mr. Becher had discussed potentially doing a surface water synoptic run for each drainage, including sampling. More information will be provided as EPA develops this, as Army will have to split samples with EPA.
- Monthly data monthly validated data package was submitted with March MMM agenda
- Groundwater Treatment Plant
 - o Air Monitoring (Results, Frequency and Reporting)

<u>Draft Air Monitoring Memo</u> - Ms. Palmie summarized her recently submitted comments on the draft GWTP Air Monitoring Memo. First, she stated that she would like to see a correlation between PID reading and actual contaminant concentration, so it can be shown that the PID trigger level is very conservative compared to the ambient air standard. Second, the narrative should also be clarified to indicate email reporting will be approximately monthly, but not necessarily on a certain day of the month, and to provide more flexibility in the timing between Army receipt of analytical data to reporting to agencies. Third, the most recent analytical results should be used to determine molar fraction for subsequent PID sampling. Finally, inclusion of the Applicable Air Standards table from the ESD in this memo is requested. AECOM will make the requested modifications to the memo.

o ESD – Discussed earlier in meeting.

MMRP Update Army

• Update – No update

Other Environmental Restoration

Army

• Vault at LHAAP-67

Dr. Zeiler explained that, during remedial action implementation activities, AECOM discovered a small, shallow vault appearing to contain oily water. The location of the vault is such that, although unlikely, there is a small chance it could be contributing to

contamination seen at LHAAP-67. Because addressing this vault is not part of the remedy, Army has asked AEC to separately fund sampling to characterize the water in the vault. No schedule yet for when the sampling will be conducted, but Army will address the vault as necessary.

Ms. McDonnell provided background stating that the vault discovered was of concrete construction, with dimensions of approximately seven feet in length by five feet in width, with an apparent depth of four feet. The vault appeared to contain oily water and mud/sludge. The vault is located near the former railroad track, 40 feet southeast of 67WW13 in the west (up-gradient) end of the plume. The vault was in good condition and holding liquids, which is a good sign, but it does need to be examined more closely given its location.

Mr. Mayer asked if the structure was an oil-water separator. Ms. McDonnell stated that it did not appear to be an oil-water separator, based on the visible internal construction.

- Discuss/develop LHAAP-18/24 FS Addendum submittal schedule
 The previous schedule must be extended due to the additional work required under the
 LHAAP-18/24 PSI WP Addendum, and associated time required for work plan review and
 approval. Mr. Wacker said that we are likely looking at a submittal of the FS Addendum to
 agencies in late August. An action item will be added for the next MMM for this issue.
- EPA expressed concern about low-level perchlorate detections in well 134. Dr. Zeiler noted that this issue had already been addressed at a RAB in the past when EPA (Chris Villarreal) presented a discussion of the detections at that well and compared to perchlorate detections in other parts of Texas, concluding there was not a concern. She recommended that EPA first address questions on this issue to Chris Villareal, who previously examined these low-level perchlorate detections, as he is likely the best source of information on the subject. Although the well is currently sampled semi-annually by Army, Mr. Mayer stated that this well may be one that is sampled by their contractor this spring.
- Decision Documents for multiple sites TCEQ's letter has been submitted to the Division Director for signature, and should be provided to Army shortly.
- Site 37 Bioplug ATC has provided an email stating repair of animal damage to 15 bioplug heads was completed by their contractor, Advanced BioSystems, on February 27th. Quarterly sampling was conducted on March 19th, at which time two additional damaged bioplug heads were discovered. This damage was reported to Advanced BioSystems and will be repaired shortly. With the arrival of warmer weather, and return of normal food supplies, ATC expects animals will take less interest in the bioplug heads. ATC feels the damage was not significant and should not impact the overall system performance.
- 1,4-dioxane sampling at Longhorn AECOM and Army will discuss a path forward to be presented to agencies. Mr. Mayer stated that 1,4-dioxane will likely be an analyte for the sampling to be performed by the EPA contractor.
- Quarterly Reporting and Requirements
 - GWTP Evaluation with air monitoring data Air monitoring discussed earlier in meeting.

<u>FBR Performance Update</u> - Mr. Salameh provided information relating to recent issues relating to FBR performance.

Background: FBR perchlorate treatment performance issues were noticed in October and end of December/mid-January, with periods of improvement in November/early-December and late January. The latest data indicates that perchlorate-treatment issues have been seen again in mid-February.

Typically, ORP has correlated with perchlorate treatment efficiency, however with the mid-February monitoring event, untreated perchlorate was observed although ORP had been in the appropriate range (below -50 mV). Mr. Salameh provided several sets of recent ORP/perchlorate effluent concentration data.

Date	ORP	Perchlorate in Effluent
January 15	-88 mV	2,750 ug/L
January 20	-48 mV	<0.2 ug/L
January 27	-59 mV	<0.2 ug/L
February 17	-200 mV	<0.2 ug/L
February 24	-318 mV	55 ug/L
March 6	-273 mV	1,760 ug/L

Because the typical correlation between ORP and perchlorate treatment efficiency was not seen, other potential performance factors were examined.

- Acetic acid feed to the FBR had been slightly reduced during the period of low performance because it was not being depleted. However, the lesser amount of acetic acid could have become a limiting factor when performance increased, so the acetic acid feed rate was returned to previous levels. Subsequent effluent analysis indicated the presence of acetic acid at this feed rate, indicating acetic acid is not a limiting factor at this time, although it may have been a factor during the return to poor performance seen in February 24th and March 6th data
- Also checked the FBR settled bed height to see if additional granular activated carbon was required, but less than 5% loss was observed. The carbon may be replenished, but it is not likely a factor in perchlorate treatment efficiency.

Dr. Zeiler asked whether there could have been an actual loss of bacterial life in the FBR that temporarily caused poor performance. Mr. Salameh stated that loss of bacteria due to cold temperatures (and interruption of recirculation during cold temperatures due to power outage) was suspected, but that performance recovered before planned addition of bacteria to the FBR could be accomplished.

Mr. Salameh advised that effluent was sampled most recently on March 18th, and those results area anticipated from the lab today. Dr. Zeiler stated that Army will review that data quickly upon receipt from AECOM, and pass it along to the agencies.

In response to a question from Mr. Mayer, Mr. Salameh advised that the GWTP had not been discharging to Harrison Bayou during this time period of fluctuating perchlorate treatment performance. Mr. Mayer also asked what is done in cold weather areas to prevent FBR performance issues. Mr. Salameh stated that maintaining the FBR in heated or insulated enclosure is an action typically taken in colder climates. Dr. Zeiler asked if there were hardier bacteria that

could be used, or whether the bacteria acclimate to become more cold-resistant in cold-weather climates, to which Mr. Salameh responded that he did not believe the bacteria became more cold-resistant.

- Quarterly Reporting and Requirements (continued)
 - Water Tower Hill Well Repair Mr. Wacker briefed that AECOM recently replaced the pump and approximately 60 feet of pipe in this well and the well should be back in service tomorrow. Dr. Zeiler recapped that, although the well is now owned by USFWS through property transfer, Army continues to maintain the well as a part of the remedy at LHAAP-18/24 (secondary production well for GWTP supply).
 - Surface Water/Perimeter Well Tech Memo with validation reports Mr. Wacker confirmed these have been submitted for the most recent quarter. The agenda item will be changed to read Surface Water/Perimeter Well Quarterly Update. Decision needs to be made on whether these results are added to the Administrative Record in quarterly updates or in an annual update. Ms. Palmie asked that the most recent memo be resent to her.
 - Administrative Record Update Dr. Zeiler advised that Army will be providing an official year-end package of dispute documentation for addition to the Administrative Record. She asked that EPA and TCEQ provide to her their 2013 dispute-related official correspondence for inclusion in the 4th quarter 2013 AR update, as soon as possible. Mr. Wacker noted that the 4th quarter 2013 AR update is currently with Army for review, so additional documents can still be added at this point. Ms. Palmie stated that there was not official correspondence from TCEQ in 2013, but that she has official correspondence from EPA and Army (EPA Regional decision, Army request to elevate dispute, EPA acknowledgement and elevation of dispute) and will forward to Mr. Mayer and Dr. Zeiler.
 - Annual Reporting
 - LUC Management Plan Update (due September 2015)
 - CRP/CIP Revision (Biennial) and questionnaire October 2015

Programmatic Issues

RMZ/RM/AP

• Status of Dispute – no update

USFWS Update RMZ/PB

- Environmental Restoration Issues with Transfer Schedule Impact
 - Dr. Zeiler advised that LHAAP-12 has been transferred to USFWS administrative control. LUC provisions will be triggered and associated milestones will need to be monitored, including annual land use certification.
- USFWS Comments on Documents none
- Mr. Bruckwicki will provide Dr. Zeiler with a map showing the vault he recently discovered.

Schedule Next Managers' Meeting – April 15th at 10:00AM, by teleconference.

New Action Items

AECOM

- Modify GWTP Air Monitoring Memo as requested by TCEQ.
- Provide analytical results from March 18th GWTP effluent sampling to Army for subsequent submittal to agencies.
- Add the GWTP sampling locations to the quarterly GWTP report Appendix A schematic, as well as adding the recycle line that allows retreatment through the FBR.
- Consolidate RACRs into one item on the Document and Issue Tracking table.
- Add discussion of groundwater monitoring optimization plans for MNA sites to the agenda for next MMM.
- Develop a path forward on 1,4-dioxane sampling with Army, for presentation to the agencies.
- Change "Surface Water/Perimeter Well Tech Memo with validation reports" agenda item to "Surface Water/Perimeter Well Quarterly Update".
- Resend the most recent Surface Water/Perimeter Well Tech Memo to Ms. Palmie.

Army

- Send agencies an email providing the anticipated date the BERA will be submitted.
- Develop new LHAAP-18/24 FS Addendum submittal schedule.
- Decide whether Surface Water/Perimeter Well data will be added to the Administrative Record in quarterly updates or in an annual update.

EPA

TCEQ

AEC

USFWS

• Mr. Bruckwicki will provide Dr. Zeiler with a map showing the vault he recently discovered.

Adjourn

Attachments: LHAAP Data Validated February-March 2014

- -GWTP Influent and Effluent
- -LHAAP-12 Annual Groundwater Event
- -LHAAP-18/24 Compliance Sampling
- -LHAAP-46 Ouarterly MNA Groundwater Event
- -LHAAP-50 Baseline MNA Groundwater Event
- -LHAAP-67 Quarterly MNA Groundwater Event

ACRONYM LIST

AEC United States Army Environmental Command

AECOM Technology Services, Inc.

AP April Palmie

AR Administrative Record ATC Aberdeen Test Center

BERA Baseline Ecological Risk Assessment
BRAC Base Realignment and Closure

CRP/CIP Community Relations Plan/Community Involvement Plan

DERP Defense Environmental Restoration Program

DPT Direct Push Technology

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

ESD Explanation of Significant Differences

FBR Fluidized Bed Reactor FS Feasibility Study

GWTP Ground Water Treatment Plant

HASP Health and Safety Plan

HB Harrison Bayou

INF Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces

IWWP Installation-Wide Work Plan

LHAAP Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant

LUC Land Use Control

MMM Monthly Managers' Meeting

MMRP Military Munitions Response Program

MNA Monitored Natural Attenuation
O&M Operation and Maintenance
ORP Oxidation-Reduction Potential

PB Paul Bruckwicki

PBR Performance-Based Remediation

PDI Pre-Design Investigation
PID Photoionization Detector
PSI Post-Screening Investigation
QAPP Quality Assurance Project Plan
RAB Restoration Advisory Board

RACR Remedial Action Completion Report

RD Remedial Design

RI Remedial Investigation

RM Rich Mayer
RMZ Rose M. Zeiler
ROD Record of Decision
RTC Response to Comments

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

UIC Underground Injection Control

USACE United States Army Corps of Engineers USFWS United States Fish and Wildlife Service

USGS United States Geological Service

WP Work Plan

LHAAP Data Validated February-March 2014

GWTP Influent and Effluent Bi-weekly, Weekly, and Monthly

January 2014

Ammonia (350.1) Perchlorate (6850)

Ortho-Phosphate (365.2) Hexavalent Chromium (7196A)

Total Organic Carbon (415.1) VOC (8260B)

Metals (6010C) Inorganic Anions (9056)

Metals (6020A)

Site 18/24 Semi-annual, Annual Sampling

December 2013

Metals (6010C) Mercury (7470A) Metals (6020A) VOC (8260B)

Perchlorate (6850)

Site 37 *Quarterly Sampling*

January 2014, Febuary 2014

VOC (8260B)

Site 46 *Quarterly Sampling*

January 2014

Total Alkalinity (310.2) Metals (6020A) Phosphorus (365.4) VOC (8260B)

Sulfide (376.1) Inorganic Anions (9056)
Total Organic Carbon (415.1) Dissolved Gasses (RSK-175)

Metals (6010C)

Site 50 *Quarterly Sampling*

January 2014

Perchlorate (6850) VOC (8260B)

Site 67 Quarterly Sampling

September 2013, October 2013, January 2014

Sulfide (376.1) Inorganic Anions (9056)
Total Carbon (415.1) Dissolved Gasses (RSK-175)
VOC (8260B) Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	LH18/24- SP140-7145- GRAB 1/15/2014
ID Location:			GWTP – Collected from a spigot on the discharge of influent TK-140 Sampled Monthly
Ammonia (350.1)			
AMMONIA AS N	mg/L		N/A
Ortho-Posphate (365.2)			I
ORTHO-PHOSPHATE Total Organic Carbon (415.1)	mg/L		N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A
Metals (6010C)			
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A
IRON Metals (6020A)	mg/L		N/A
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	N/A
ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.01	N/A N/A
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	N/A
CHROMIUM COBALT	mg/L mg/L	0.1 6.1	N/A N/A
LEAD MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015 14	N/A N/A
NICKEL	mg/L	2	N/A
SELENIUM SILVER	mg/L mg/L	0.05 0.51	N/A N/A
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	N/A N/A
ZINC	mg/L	31	N/A
Perchlorate (6850)		70	00000
PERCHLORATE Hecavalent Chromium/CR-6 (7196A)	ug/L	72	22300
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.001	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)		0.001	IN/A
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<25 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200 14	<25 U <20 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1.1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	<12.5 U 36.1 J
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<25 U <15 UJ
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.0041 70	<50 U <20 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<25 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<100 U <25 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<12.5 U 81.1
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5	<20 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	<25 U <25 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<20 U <12.5 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L	42	<25 U <250 UJ
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<12.5 U
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<250 UJ <25 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<250 UJ <250 U
BENZENE	ug/L	5	<12.5 U
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<12.5 U <20 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6 36	<25 U <50 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<50 U <50 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<25 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<12.5 U <50 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	15 J <50 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	2700
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3 34	<25 U <25 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	<25 U <25 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700	<25 U <25 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	<25 U
M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<50 U 765
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<20 U <25 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L	4100 10000	<12.5 U <25 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<25 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	<25 U <12.5 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<25 U <25 U
TOLUENE	ug/L	1000	<25 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	<25 U <50 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	10200 <25 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	57.8
Inorganic Anions (9056)			
CHLORIDE	mg/L	1	N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	Daily Avg. Conc.	Daily Max. Conc.	LH18/24- SP650-6145- GRAB	LH18/24- SP650-6146- GRAB	LH18/24- SP650-6148- COMP	LH18/24- SP650-6148- GRAB	LH18/24- SP650-6149- GRAB
				1/15/2014 GWTP –	1/15/2014	1/20/2014 GWTP –	1/20/2014 GWTP –	1/27/2014 GWTP –
				Collected	GWTP – Collected from	Collected from holding jar	Collected	Collected
				from a spigot on the	a spigot on the	which collects	from a spigot on the	from a spigot on the
ID Location:				discharge of	discharge of effluent TK-650	the discharge from a spigot on	discharge of	discharge of
				effluent TK- 650 Sampled	Sampled	effluent TK-650	effluent TK- 650 Sampled	effluent TK- 650 Sampled
				Monthly	Weekly	every couple of hours	Biweekly	Weekly
Ammonia (350.1)								
AMMONIA AS N	mg/L			N/A	8.91	N/A	N/A	4.33
Ortho-Posphate (365.2)								
ORTHO-PHOSPHATE	mg/L			N/A	1.58	N/A	N/A	0.657
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)								
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L			N/A	127	N/A	N/A	88.4
Metals (6010C)								
ALUMINUM IRON	mg/L mg/L	0.777 1.132	1.644 2.395	0.171 J 0.283	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Metals (6020A)	mg/L	1.132	2.333	0.203	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A
ANTIMONY	mg/L	l		<0.001 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ARSENIC	mg/L	0.365	0.772	0.00422	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BARIUM CADMIUM	mg/L mg/L	1 0.0016	2 0.0034	0.384 0.000345 J	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.355	0.752	0.012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
COBALT LEAD	mg/L mg/L	5.433 0.0022	11.495 0.0046	0.0158 <0.001 U	N/A N/A	N/A <0.001 U	N/A <0.001 U	N/A N/A
MANGANESE	mg/L	7.323	15.494	0.304	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NICKEL SELENIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.087 0.0057	0.184	0.127 0.00951	N/A N/A	N/A 0.0105	N/A 0.0123	N/A N/A
SILVER	mg/L	0.0037	0.003	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	1.698	3.592	<0.0002 U 0.00117 J	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
ZINC	mg/L	0.146	0.31	0.16	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Perchlorate (6850)								
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	6	13	N/A	2750 J	<2 U	<2 U	<0.2 U
Hecavalent Chromium/CR-6 (7196A)								
HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM	mg/L	0.058	0.124	N/A	N/A	0.00505 J	0.00628 J	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)								
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	3417	7230	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	102.5 6633	216.9 14032	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	119	253	N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.3 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	85	181	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	<0.4 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<5 U	N/A
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	1132 85	2395 181	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	117 <0.25 U	N/A N/A
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	85 22300	181 47180	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1708	3615	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	0.811 J	N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	26954	57025	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	39.5	83.6	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	803	1699	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	39.5	83.6	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	53.5	00.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	2829	5987	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
TETRACHLOROETHENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	85.4 1980	180.7 4189	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	85	181	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<1 U 1.21	N/A N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L			N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	34	72	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)	Jan /I	ı	ı	B1/A	N1/A	000	004	B1/A
CHLORIDE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L			N/A N/A	N/A N/A	682 156	681 164	N/A N/A
	_							

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	130- 121113 12/11/2013	18WW03- 121213 12/12/2013	18WW03F- 121213 12/12/2013	18WW06- 121113 12/11/2013	18WW09- 121213 12/12/2013	18WW09FD- 121213 12/12/2013	MW10- 121113 12/11/2013	MW10F- 121113 12/11/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – SW, outside the fence line, right next to the Site 17 boarder Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – E, outside the fence line Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – E, outside the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – W, just outside the fence line Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NW, outside the fence line, near Harrison Bayou Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – NW, outside the fence line, near Harrison Bayou. Dup, Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the outer loop road Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – W. outside the fence line, along the outer loop road. Filtered, Sampled Semi-annually
Metals (6010C)										
ALUMINUM BERYLLIUM	mg/L mg/L	100 0.004	0.133 J <0.01 U	N/A N/A	<0.1 U <0.01 U	0.144 J <0.01 U	0.0643 J <0.01 U	0.0531 J <0.01 U	N/A N/A	<0.1 U <0.01 U
CALCIUM	mg/L	0.004	50.9	N/A	13.6	28.2	15.4	15.4	N/A	18.4
IRON MAGNESIUM	mg/L mg/L		0.193 J 34.8	N/A N/A	6.58 10.3	63.6 15.5	34.2 9.1	33.6 8.89	N/A N/A	56.1 10.7
POTASSIUM	mg/L	0.05	0.771 J	N/A	2.31	3.04	1.95 J	1.82 J	N/A	3.54
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	<0.01 U 944	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 90.6	<0.01 U 106	<0.01 U 48.2	<0.01 U 47.6	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 94.2
Metals (6020A)										
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	N/A	<0.001 U
ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.01	0.00875 0.105	N/A N/A	0.00165 J 0.381	0.005 0.372	0.00145 J 0.231	0.0016 J 0.242	N/A N/A	0.00136 J 0.465
CADMIUM CHROMIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.005 0.1	0.00047 J 0.00202 J	N/A N/A	<0.0006 U 0.00108 J	<0.0006 U 0.0792	<0.0006 U 0.0586	<0.0006 U 0.0653	N/A N/A	<0.0006 U <0.002 U
COBALT	mg/L	6.1	0.000994 J	N/A	<0.001 U	0.00165 J	<0.001 U	0.000515 J	N/A	<0.001 U
COPPER LEAD	mg/L mg/L	1.3 0.015	0.00277 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U	0.00475 <0.001 U	0.00528 <0.001 U	0.00258 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U
MANGANESE	mg/L	14	0.17	N/A	0.17	0.615	0.746	0.899	N/A	0.87
NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L	2 0.51	0.00681 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.004 U <0.001 U	0.127 <0.001 U	0.0218 <0.001 U	0.0222 <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.00281 J <0.001 U
THALLIUM VANADIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U 0.00226	N/A N/A	<0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.0002 U 0.000536 J	<0.0002 U <0.001 U	<0.0002 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A	<0.0002 U <0.001 U
ZINC	mg/L mg/L	31	0.00226 0.014 J	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	0.000536 J 0.0137 J	<0.001 U <0.025 U	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U
Perchlorate (6850) PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	6060	<0.2 U	N/A	0.334 J	<0.2 U	<0.2 U	2.74	N/A
Mercury (7470A)	ug/L	12	0000	40.2 0	IN/A	0.554 0	<0.2 U	<0.2 0	2.14	IV/A
MERCURY Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B	mg/L	0.002	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.0041	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	N/A
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5100 0.2	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5	2.01	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.25 U	N/A
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE ACETONE	ug/L	8200 92000	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 UJ	N/A	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 UJ	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000 5	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	<1 UJ 0.576 J	<1 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 UJ <0.5 U	<1 UJ <0.5 U	N/A N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	20	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 10000	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
TOLUENE TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	5 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
	- /-	400	-O E II	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/l	100 29	<0.5 U							N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L ug/L ug/L	29 5 31000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U <0.5 U <0.5 U	<1 U 0.554 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A N/A

Blue Highlighting Indicates Analyte Detected Above MCL/MSC When no MCL was available, MSCs were used.

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	MW16- 121113 12/11/2013	MW16F- 121112 12/11/2013	MW22- 121113 12/11/2013	MW22F- 121113 12/11/2013	MW23- 121213 12/12/2013	AWD3- 120913 12/9/2013	CO8- 121213 12/12/2013
ID Location:			Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – W, outside the fence line, along the road surrounding the fence line. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ESE, inside the fence line, middle region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – ESE, inside the fence line, middle region. Filtered, Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – S, inside the fence line, middle region Sampled Semi- annually	Site 18/24 – SW, inside the fence line, central region Sampled Annually	Site 18/24 – E, outside the fence line, along the road heading east- northeast Sampled Semi annually
Metals (6010C)									
ALUMINUM	mg/L	100	N/A	<0.1 U	N/A	<0.1 U	<0.1 U	0.305	0.141 J
BERYLLIUM CALCIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.004	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 21.5	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 69 J	<0.01 U 9	<0.01 U 0.84	<0.01 U 129
IRON MAGNESIUM	mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A	42.7 11.9	N/A N/A	0.144 J 16.6	0.0919 J 6.99	0.878 0.543 J	0.251 71.3
POTASSIUM	mg/L		N/A	2.83	N/A	2.12	2.71	0.693 J	1.07 J
SELENIUM SODIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.05	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 80.4	N/A N/A	<0.01 U 364 J	<0.01 U 287	<0.01 U 26.8	<0.01 U 422
Metals (6020A)									
ANTIMONY	mg/L	0.006	N/A	<0.001 U	N/A	0.000532 J	<0.001 U	<0.001 U	<0.001 U
ARSENIC BARIUM	mg/L mg/L	0.01	N/A N/A	0.00233 0.517	N/A N/A	0.00326 0.844 J	0.0031 0.31	<0.001 U 0.0417	0.00612 2.45
CADMIUM	mg/L	0.005	N/A	<0.0006 U	N/A	<0.0006 U	<0.0006 U	<0.0006 U	<0.0006 U
CHROMIUM COBALT	mg/L mg/L	0.1 6.1	N/A N/A	<0.002 U <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.00207 J 0.00073 J	0.00856 0.000523 J	0.156 0.000603 J	0.00115 J 0.000581 J
COPPER LEAD	mg/L	1.3	N/A	<0.002 U	N/A	<0.002 U	0.00153 J	0.0025 J	0.00124 J
MANGANESE	mg/L mg/L	0.015 14	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.852	N/A N/A	<0.001 U 0.0079	<0.001 U 0.00621	<0.001 U 0.00579	<0.001 U 0.0187
NICKEL SILVER	mg/L mg/L	2 0.51	N/A N/A	0.00508 J <0.001 U	N/A N/A	0.18 <0.001 U	0.0106 <0.001 U	0.0216 <0.001 U	0.00542 J <0.001 U
THALLIUM	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
VANADIUM ZINC	mg/L mg/L	0.72 31	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	N/A N/A	<0.001 U <0.025 U	0.00619 <0.025 U	<0.001 U <0.025 U	0.0011 J <0.025 U
Perchlorate (6850)									
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	1.25	N/A	1150	N/A	58000	67.2	0.17 J
Mercury (7470A)									
MERCURY	mg/L	0.002	N/A	<0.0002 U	N/A	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U	<0.0002 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B		•			_		_		
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 10000	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	0.789 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A	1.16 J <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	4.37 <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	310	<0.3 U	N/A	<0.3 U	N/A	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.0041 70	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<0.25 U 4.75	N/A N/A	<0.25 U 5.64	N/A N/A	<0.25 U 30.2	<0.25 U 1.93	<0.25 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100 3100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	75 42	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	<5 U	<0.25 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	0.24 J <0.25 U	N/A N/A	0.649 J <0.25 U	0.591 J <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 UJ <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 UJ <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 UJ <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	0.924 J	24.9	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 UJ	N/A N/A	4.78 <1 UJ	N/A N/A	2.6 <1 UJ	1.38 <1 U	<0.25 U <1 UJ
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	1.99	N/A	4.97	N/A	3.99	6.31	<0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3 34	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000 700	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	0.338 J <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 4100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
STYRENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 5	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.703 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U 2.43	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TOLUENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	N/A N/A	0.737 J <1 U	0.273 J <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	5 31000	36.6	N/A	463	N/A	703	530	9.54
I MOHLOROFLOOKOWE I HANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.354 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.44 J	<0.5 U 0.852 J	<0.5 U <0.5 U

When no MCL was available, MSCs were used.

		1	OFBIANAS =	055147445
Location ID:	1164-	MCL/	35BWW15-	35BWW17-
Sample Date:	Units	MSC	011414 1/14/2014	020414 2/4/2014
			Site 37 - N,	Site 37 - NNE,
			inside the site boundary,	inside the site boundary,
			within the LUC	within the LUC
ID Location:			boundary,	boundary, outer
			middle region.	region.
			Sampled	Sampled
			quarterly	quarterly
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)				
	/I	110	40 F II	-0 F II
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	3.55	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	7	35.5	<1 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2.9 310	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	0.0041	<1 U	<0.3 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 U	<2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	600 5	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE 2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	75 42	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	<5 U
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	92000 5	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U	<1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	0.213 J	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	220	<1 U	<1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	6.25 <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE	ug/L	2000	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	0.25 U
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<0.25 U	0.25 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	8.69	0.512
TOLUENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	29 5	43.5	<0.5 U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	3.42	<0.5 U

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Location ID:	Units	MCL/	46WW05- 012814	46WW05F- 012814	46WW08- 012814	46WW08FD- 012814	46WW11- 012814	46WW11F- 012814	LHSMW19- 012814	LHSMW19F- 012814
Sample Date:		MSC	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014	1/28/2014
			Site 46 - N,	Site 46 - N,	Site 46 - NNW,	Site 46 - NNW,	Site 46 - NW,	Site 46 - NW,	Site 46 - NNW,	Site 46 - NNW,
			inside the fence	inside the fence line, outer	inside the fence	inside the fence line, outer	within the site	within the site boundary,	inside the fence	inside the fence line, middle
ID Location:			line, outer region.	region.	line, outer region.	region.	boundary, middle region.	middle region.	line, middle region.	region.
			Sampled	Filtered, Sampled	Sampled	Dup, Sampled	Sampled	Filtered, Sampled	Sampled	Filtered, Sampled
			quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly
Total Alkalinity (310.2)		-								
ALKALINITY, TOTAL	mg/L		<20 UJ	N/A	N/A	N/A	<20 UJ	N/A	279	N/A
Phosphorus (365.4)	g/ =						120 00			
PHOSPHORUS	mg/L	I	<0.2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A	<0.2 U	N/A
Sulfide (376.1)	HIG/L		₹0.2 0	IV/A	TV/A	IV/A	₹0.2 0	19/73	<0.2 O	IV/A
SULFIDE	mg/L	1	<1 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
	mg/L		<1.0	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	<10	IN/A	<10	IN/A
Total Organic Carbon (415.1)		1	45.4	N1/A	L N1/A	N1/A	0.44	N1/A	I 507	N1/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		15.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.11	N/A	5.07	N/A
Metals (6010C)		1					1			
IRON	mg/L		N/A	27	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.397	N/A	0.12 J
Metals (6020A)										
MANGANESE	mg/L	14	N/A	16.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0571	N/A	0.075
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B										
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	1.25 9.57	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	0.136 J <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	2.9	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.0041	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.3 U <1 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70	<0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<2 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	N/A	<0.4 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <0.25 U	N/A N/A
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	N/A	<5 U	N/A
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	8200 92000	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U	<5 U <5 U	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A	<5 U <5 U	N/A N/A
BENZENE	ug/L	5	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	N/A N/A	<1 U	N/A
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <1 U	N/A N/A
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	<1 U 10.3	N/A N/A	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U 2.04	N/A N/A	<1 U 2.15	N/A N/A
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A N/A
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	34	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	380 20000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	N/A	<1 U	N/A
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.4 U	N/A N/A
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A	<0.4 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	N/A	<0.25 U	N/A
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.25 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	N/A	<0.5 U	N/A
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U 0.415 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U 0.575 J	N/A N/A	<0.5 U 0.295 J	N/A N/A
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	100 29	0.415 J <1 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	0.575 J <1 U	N/A N/A	0.295 J <1 U	N/A N/A
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	131	N/A	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	87.5	N/A	33.5	N/A
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000 2	<0.5 U 2.53	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A	<0.5 U <0.5 U	N/A N/A
Inorganic Anions (9056)	ugr∟		2.00	1 1 / / / /	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			1.4/73	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	I ¥/ / \
CHLORIDE	mg/L		314	N/A	N/A	N/A	208	N/A	226	N/A
NITRATE	mg/L	10	<5 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	208 <2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U	N/A N/A
NITRITE SUI EATE	mg/L	1	<5 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A	<2 U	N/A
SULFATE Piccellus J Cocce (PSK 475)	mg/L		4010	N/A	N/A	N/A	449	N/A	435	N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)							1		1	
CARBON DIOXIDE ETHANE	ug/L ug/L		208000 <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	97900 <2 U	N/A N/A	61400 <2 U	N/A N/A
ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		<2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A N/A	<2 U	N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L		34.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 UJ	N/A	<2 U	N/A

			50101110
Location ID:		MCL/	50WW19-
Sample Date:	Units	MSC	011414
<u> </u>			1/14/2014
			Site 50 - ENE,
			outside of the
ID I continue			site boundary,
ID Location:			near Site 67.
			Sampled
			quarterly
			, ,
Perchlorate (6850)			
PERCHLORATE	ug/L	72	<0.2 U
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)			
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	<0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	7	<1 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	2.9	<0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.0041	<1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70 5100	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100 0.2	<0.5 U <2 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	600	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	29	<0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	75	<0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE	ug/L	61000	<5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<5 U
BENZENE	ug/L	5	<0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	<0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	<1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	<1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	220	<1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	<0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	34	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L		<0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100 4100	<0.5 U <0.25 U
O-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.5 U
STYRENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<0.5 U
TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.25 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	5	<0.5 U
TOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000	<0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	31000	<0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<0.5 U
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Location ID:	Units	MCL/	67WW02- 092713	67WW02- 012314	67WW05- 092813	67WW05- 012314	67WW06- 092813	67WW06- 012414	67WW07- 092713
Sample Date:	Units	MSC	9/27/2013	1/23/2014	9/28/2013	1/23/2014	9/28/2013	1/24/2014	9/27/2013
									Site 67 - E,
			Site 67 - NW, within the site	Site 67 - NW, within the site	Site 67 - WNW,	Site 67 - WNW,	Site 67 - E,	Site 67 - E,	outside the site
ID Location:			boundary, outer	boundary, outer	outside the site boundary.	boundary, on the LUC			
ib Location.			region.	region.	Sampled	Sampled	Sampled	Sampled	boundary.
			Sampled quarterly	Sampled quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	quarterly	Sampled
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , ,					quarterly
Sulfide (376.1)									
SULFIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Carbon (415.1)									
TOTAL INORGANIC CARBON (TIC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)									
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	110 200	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	14	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE 1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 7	0.508 J <1 U	0.406 J <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	0.234 J 0.752 J	<0.25 U <1 U
1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	2.9	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	310 0.0041	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U	<0.3 U <1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	70	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5100 0.2	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 U	<0.5 U <2 UJ	<0.5 U <2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.005	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	1.77 <0.4 U	2.03 <0.4 U	1.77 <0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	3100 29	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	75	<0.4 U	<0.25 U	<0.4 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	92000	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
BENZENE	ug/L	5	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U	<0.25 U <0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4.6	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
BROMOFORM BROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	36 140	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 UJ	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	5 100	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	41000	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	700	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20 1000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE	ug/L	10000	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE NAPHTHALENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	0.966 J <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE O-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	4100 10000	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	29	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	31000 2	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)									
CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE	mg/L	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRITE SULFATE	mg/L mg/L	1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
	mg/L	<u> </u>	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)	"	ı	k1/4	A1/ A	A1/A	51/A	\$ 1 / A	A1/A	A1/A
ETHANE ETHENE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
METHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)									
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	67WW07- 012314 1/23/2014	67WW08- 100213 10/2/2013	67WW08- 012314 1/23/2014	67WW09- 092813 9/28/2013	67WW09- 012414 1/24/2014	67WW09A- 092713 9/27/2013	67WW09A- 092713-FD 9/27/2013
ID Location:			Site 67 - E, outside the site boundary, on the LUC boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - SSE, within the site boundary, middle region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - SSE, within the site boundary, middle region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - WSW, within the site boundary, on the LUC boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - WSW, within the site boundary, on the LUC boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - S, outside the site boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - S, outside the site boundary. Dup, Sampled quarterly
Sulfide (376.1)									
SULFIDE	mg/L		N/A	<1 U	<1 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Carbon (415.1)									
TOTAL INORGANIC CARBON (TIC) TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A	28.9 6.32	N/A 9.95	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	HIG/L		IN/A	0.32	9.95	N/A	IV/A	IN/A	IN/A
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	200	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<4 U 5.08 J	<2 U 6.7	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.3 U	46.5	54.4	3.97	4.59	<0.3 U	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	1120	1340 <2.5 U	17.5	20.8 <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	310	<0.5 U	<5 U <3 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.0041	<1 U	<10 U	<5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<4 U <5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 U	<20 U	<10 U	<2 U	<2 UJ	<2 U	<2 U
1,2-DIBROMOETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <2.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	5	1.35	76.5	89.9	0.414 J	0.347 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 5100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<4 U <5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<4 U <2.5 U	<2 U <1.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<5 U <0.25 U	<50 U <2.5 U	<25 U <1.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	<50 U	<25 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200	<0.5 U <5 U	<5 U <50 U	<2.5 U <25 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
ACETONE	ug/L ug/L	92000	<5 U	<50 U	<25 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100	<0.23 U	<2.5 U	<1.25 U	<0.4 U	<0.25 U	<0.23 U	<0.23 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6 36	<0.5 U <1 U	<5 U <10 U	<2.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	<1 U	<10 U	<5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000 5	<1 U <0.5 U	<10 U <5 U	<5 U <2.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100	<0.3 U	<2.5 U	<1.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CHLOROETHANE	ug/L	41000	<1 U	<10 U	<5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CHLOROFORM CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	1000 220	<0.25 U <1 U	<2.5 UJ <10 U	4.11 J <5 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L	70	<0.5 U	<5 U	2.73 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5.3 34	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000 700	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<0.5 U <1 U	<5 U <10 U	<2.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<4 U <5 U	<2 U <2.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<2.5 U	<1.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000 10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <5 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <5 U	<2.5 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	<10 U	<5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <5 U	3.12 J <2.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	2	<0.5 U	<5 U	<2.5 U	<0.5 U	0.472 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)									
CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	1360	1490	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE	mg/L	'	N/A	297	303	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)									
ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	<2 U	<2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	<2 U 7.79	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	. ~9/-	<u> </u>	14/11	, ~2 0	, ,,,,,	1 1// 1	1 4/1 1	1 3/7 1	1 4/ / 1
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	0.161	0.344	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		-				// 1		, / .	. 47.1

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	67WW09A- 012314 1/23/2014	67WW10- 092713 9/27/2013	67WW10- 012414 1/24/2014	67WW11- 100213 10/2/2013	67WW11 FD- 012314 1/23/2014	67WW11- 012314 1/23/2014	67WW12- 100113 10/1/2013
ID Location:			Site 67 - S, outside the site boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - SE, outside the site boundary, on the LUC boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - SE, outside the site boundary, on the LUC boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - S, within the site boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - S, within the site boundary, outer region. Dup, Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - S, within the site boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - NNE, outside the site boundary. Sampled quarterly
Sulfide (376.1)									
SULFIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	<1 U	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Carbon (415.1)									
TOTAL INORGANIC CARBON (TIC) TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	17.6 5.7	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)	mg/L		IN/A	IN/A	IN/A	5.7	IV/A	IV/A	IN/A
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	0.362 J	0.319 J	10.6	10.7	9.83	<0.25 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	42.8 <0.5 U	43 <0.5 U	38.8 <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.0041 70	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L ug/L	0.2 0.005	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 U <0.5 U	<2 UJ <0.5 U
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	600	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	0.799 J <0.4 U	0.823 J <0.4 U	0.748 J <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	5100 3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE 1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L ug/L	29	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U	<0.5 U <0.4 U
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	75	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE 2-BUTANONE	ug/L ug/L	42 61000	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
2-HEXANONE 4-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	6100 2000	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U	<5 U <0.5 U
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L	8200	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
ACETONE BENZENE	ug/L ug/L	92000 5	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	33.6 <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
BROMOBENZENE	ug/L	2000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	4100 4.6	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
BROMOFORM	ug/L	36	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
BROMOMETHANE CARBON DISULFIDE	ug/L ug/L	140 10000	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U	<1 U <1 U
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	100 41000	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U	<0.25 U <1 U
CHLOROFORM	ug/L	1000	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	220 70	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	0.536 J <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	5.3	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34 380	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L	20000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ETHYLBENZENE HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L ug/L	700 20	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	1000	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
M,P-XYLENE METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000 5	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	2	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	0.296 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)									
CHLORIDE	mg/L	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	1200	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10 1	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	375	N/A	N/A	N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)									
ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	<2 U	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	<2 U <2 U	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)									
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	<0.04 U	N/A	N/A	N/A

Location ID: Sample Date:	Units	MCL/ MSC	67WW12- 012414 1/24/2014	67WW13- 100113 10/1/2013	67WW13- 012414 1/24/2014	67WW13FD- 012414 1/24/2014	67WW14- 100113 10/1/2013	67WW14- 100113-FD 10/1/2013	67WW14- 012414 1/24/2014
ID Location:			Site 67 - NNE, outside the site boundary. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - WSW, within the site boundary, on the LUC boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - WSW, within the site boundary, on the LUC boundary, outer region. Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - WSW, within the site boundary, on the LUC boundary, outer region. Dup, Sampled quarterly	Site 67 - SW, outside the site boundary beside Ignatius Avenue. Sampled quarterly	boundary	Site 67 - SW, outside the site boundary beside Ignatius Avenue. Sampled quarterly
Sulfide (376.1)									
SULFIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Carbon (415.1)									
TOTAL INORGANIC CARBON (TIC) TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)	mg/L mg/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Volatile Organic Compounds (8260B)			19/74	IN//A	IV/A	IV/A	TW/PA	11/74	14/74
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	ug/L	110	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	200	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	ug/L ug/L	14 5	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U 3.37	<1 U 2.99	<1 U 3.01	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	ug/L	10000	<0.25 U	33.8	32.7	32.4	0.197 J	0.304 J	0.275 J
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE 1,1-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	7 2.9	<1 U <0.5 U	515 <0.5 U	572 <1.25 U	569 <1.25 U	1.82 J <0.5 U	2.22 <0.5 U	2.58 <0.5 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	310	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.75 U	<0.75 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U	<0.3 U
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.0041 70	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<2.5 U <1 U	<2.5 U <1 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U	<1 U <0.4 U
1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L	5100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE 1,2-DIBROMOETHANE	ug/L	0.2	<2 UJ	<2 UJ	<5 UJ	<5 UJ	<2 UJ	<2 UJ	<2 UJ
1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	0.005 600	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<1.25 U <0.626 U	<1.25 U <0.626 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U	<0.5 U <0.25 U
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE 1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	5 5	<0.5 U <0.4 U	23.8 <0.4 U	22.9 <1 U	22.9 <1 U	0.692 J	0.849 J <0.4 U	0.666 J
1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5100	<0.4 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	3100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE 1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	29 75	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.626 U	<1 U <0.626 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U	<0.4 U <0.25 U
2,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	ug/L	42	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
2-BUTANONE 2-CHLOROTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	61000 2000	<5 U <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U	<12.5 U <0.626 U	<12.5 U <0.626 U	9.06 J <0.25 U	7.47 J <0.25 U	<5 U <0.25 U
2-HEXANONE	ug/L	6100	<5 U	<5 U	<12.5 U	<12.5 U	<5 U	<5 U	<5 U
4-CHLOROTOLUENE 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	ug/L ug/L	2000 8200	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<1.25 U <12.5 U	<1.25 U <12.5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U	<0.5 U <5 U
ACETONE	ug/L	92000	<5 U	<5 U	<12.5 U	<12.5 U	3.27 J	2.59 J	<5 U
BENZENE BROMOBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	5 2000	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.626 U <0.626 U	<0.626 U <0.626 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U	<0.25 U <0.25 U
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L	4100	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<1 U	<1 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U	<0.4 U
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE BROMOFORM	ug/L ug/L	4.6 36	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
BROMOMETHANE	ug/L	140	<1 U	<1 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
CARBON DISULFIDE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	ug/L ug/L	10000 5	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	<2.5 U <1.25 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U	<1 U <0.5 U
CHLOROBENZENE	ug/L	100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.626 U	<0.626 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
CHLOROETHANE CHLOROFORM	ug/L ug/L	41000 1000	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 UJ	<2.5 U <0.626 U	<2.5 U 0.359 J	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U	<1 U <0.25 U
CHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	220	<0.23 U	<0.23 03 <1 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	0.64 J	<0.23 U	<0.23 U
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L ug/L	70 5.3	<0.5 U <0.5 U	1.66 <0.5 U	1.67 J <1.25 U	1.77 J <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	34	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DIBROMOMETHANE	ug/L	380	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE ETHYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	20000 700	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	ug/L	20	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
ISOPROPYLBENZENE M,P-XYLENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 10000	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<1.25 U <2.5 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U	<0.5 U <1 U
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
NAPHTHALENE N-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	2000 4100	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<1 U <1.25 U	<1 U <1.25 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U	<0.4 U <0.5 U
N-PROPYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.626 U	<0.626 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U	<0.25 U
O-XYLENE P-ISOPROPYLTOLUENE	ug/L ug/L	10000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U 0.431 J	<0.5 U 0.353 J	<0.5 U <0.5 U
SEC-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L	4100	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
STYRENE TERT-BUTYLBENZENE	ug/L ug/L	100 4100	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.626 U <1.25 U	<0.626 U <1.25 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U	<0.25 U <0.5 U
TETRACHLOROETHENE	ug/L	5	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<1.25 U	<1.25 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
TOLUENE TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHENE	ug/L ug/L	1000 100	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<1.25 U <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	ug/L	29	<1 U	<1 U	<2.5 U	<2.5 U	<1 U	<1 U	<1 U
TRICHLOROETHENE TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE	ug/L ug/L	5 31000	<0.5 U <0.5 U	2.81 <0.5 U	2.86 <1.25 U	2.99 <1.25 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U	<0.5 U <0.5 U
VINYL CHLORIDE	ug/L	2	<0.5 U	2.1	2.37 J	2.37 J	<0.5 U	<0.5 U	<0.5 U
Inorganic Anions (9056)									
CHLORIDE	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NITRATE NITRITE	mg/L mg/L	10	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
SULFATE	mg/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Dissolved Gases (RSK-175)									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ETHANE	ug/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ETHENE METHANE	ug/L ug/L		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
Ferrous Iron (SM3500FE)	ug/L		1 W/ /\	1.11/73	IN/A	11/75	I W/ /*\	14/7	14/7\
FERROUS IRON	mg/L		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
. E.MOOO INON	my/L		1 N/ /*\	1 N / / \	IN/A	IN/A	1 N/ /*\	I N/ /\	1 N/ /*\



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT POST OFFICE BOX 220 RATCLIFF, AR 72951

April 2, 2014

DAIM-ODB-LO

Ms. April Palmie Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Superfund Section, MC-136 12100 Park 35 Circle, Bldg D Austin, TX 78753

Re: Current and Historic Surface Water and Perimeter Well Sampling Results

1999 Perchlorate Dispute Resolution Requirement Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas

Dear Ms. Palmie,

As discussed at recent Monthly Managers' Meetings, the surface water and perimeter well data that is collected as a requirement of the 1999 Perchlorate Dispute Resolution, will be documented in the Administrative Record via data memoranda provided quarterly by the Army. The quarterly surface water sampling results and the semi-annual perimeter well sampling results along with historical data, is presented in the attached memorandum for your file.

The point of contact for this action is the undersigned. I ask that Dave Wacker, AECOM's Project Manager, be copied on any communications related to the project. I may be contacted at 479-635-0110, or by email at rose.zeiler@us.army.mil.

Sincerely,

Rose M. Zeiler, Ph.D.

RoseM.Zjiler

Longhorn AAP Site Manager

Copies furnished:

- R. Mayer, USEPA Region 6, Dallas, TX
- D. Vodak, TCEO, Tyler, TX
- P. Bruckwicki, Caddo Lake NWR, TX
- R. Smith, USACE, Tulsa District, OK
- A. Williams, USACE, Tulsa District, OK
- M. Plitnik, USAEC, San Antonio, TX
- D. Wacker, AECOM, San Antonio, TX (for project files)



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT POST OFFICE BOX 220 RATCLIFF, AR 72951

April 2, 2014

DAIM-ODB-LO

Mr. Rich Mayer US Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Division (6SF-AT) 1445 Ross Avenue Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Re: Current and Historic Surface Water and Perimeter Well Sampling Results

1999 Perchlorate Dispute Resolution Requirement Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, Texas

Dear Mr. Mayer,

As discussed at recent Monthly Managers' Meetings, the surface water and perimeter well data that is collected as a requirement of the 1999 Perchlorate Dispute Resolution, will be documented in the Administrative Record via data memoranda provided quarterly by the Army. The quarterly surface water sampling results and the semi-annual perimeter well sampling results along with historical data, is presented in the attached memorandum for your file.

The point of contact for this action is the undersigned. I ask that Dave Wacker, AECOM's Project Manager, be copied on any communications related to the project. I may be contacted at 479-635-0110, or by email at rose.zeiler@us.army.mil.

Sincerely,

Rose M. Zeiler, Ph.D. Longhorn AAP Site Manager

RoseM.Zjiler

Copies furnished:
April Palmie, TCEQ
Paul Bruckwicki, USFWS
R. Smith, USACE, Tulsa District, OK
A. Williams, USACE, Tulsa District, OK
Dave Wacker, AECOM (for project files)



MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

DATE: April 2, 2014

PROJECT NAME: Remediation of Multiple Sites, Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant,

Karnack, TX

TO: Rose Zeiler Site Manager

Rick Smith Project Manager

Aaron Williams Project Engineer

FROM: Dave Wacker AECOM PM, 210-253-7514

SUBJECT: Surface Water Data Transmittal March 2008 – February 2014

Perimeter Well Data Transmittal September 2008 – June 2013

Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant, Karnack, TX (Contract: W912DY-09-D-0059, Task Order DS01)

REMARKS

Surface Water data for the period of March 2008 – February 2014 and Perimeter Well Perchlorate data for the period of September 2008 – June 2013 is attached for your file.

Historic Surface Water Perchlorate Data (in micrograms per liter)

Sample ID	Mar 2008	Jun 2008	Sep 2008	Dec 2008	May 2009	Jul 2009	Aug 2009	Sep 2009	Dec 2009	Mar 2010	Jun 2010
GPW-1	27	$<0.5U^{1}$	<0.5U	<0.22U	16	<4U	NS^2	<1.2U	3.7	$1.3J^3$	<0.6U
GPW-3	21.9	9.42	1.1	<0.22U	8.9	<4U	NS	<0.6U	2.8	1.8J	<0.6U
HBW-1	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.22U	<0.55U	<4U	NS	<1.5U	<0.275U	1.5U	<0.6U
HBW-7	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.22U	<0.55U	<4U	24	<1.2U	<0.275U	1.5U	<0.6U
HBW-10	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.5U	<0.22U	<0.55U	<4U	NS	<1.5U	<0.275U	1.2U	<0.6U
Sample ID	Sep 2010	Dec 2010	Mar 2011	Jun 2011	Sep 2011	Dec 2011	Mar 2012	Jun 2012	Jan/Feb	Mar 2013	Jun 2013
_	Sep 2010	DCC 2010	Widi 2011	Juli 2011	Scp 2011	Dec 2011	Wiai 2012	Jun 2012	2013	Wiai 2013	Juli 2015
GPW-1	dry	<0.1U	8.7	dry	dry	1.76	0.163J	dry	2013 1.65	0.735	dry
GPW-1 GPW-3					•						
	dry	<0.1U	8.7	dry	dry	1.76	0.163J	dry	1.65	0.735	dry
GPW-3	dry dry	<0.1U 0.199J	8.7 0.673	dry dry	dry dry	1.76 1.31	0.163J 0.261	dry dry	1.65 1.74	0.735 0.754	dry dry

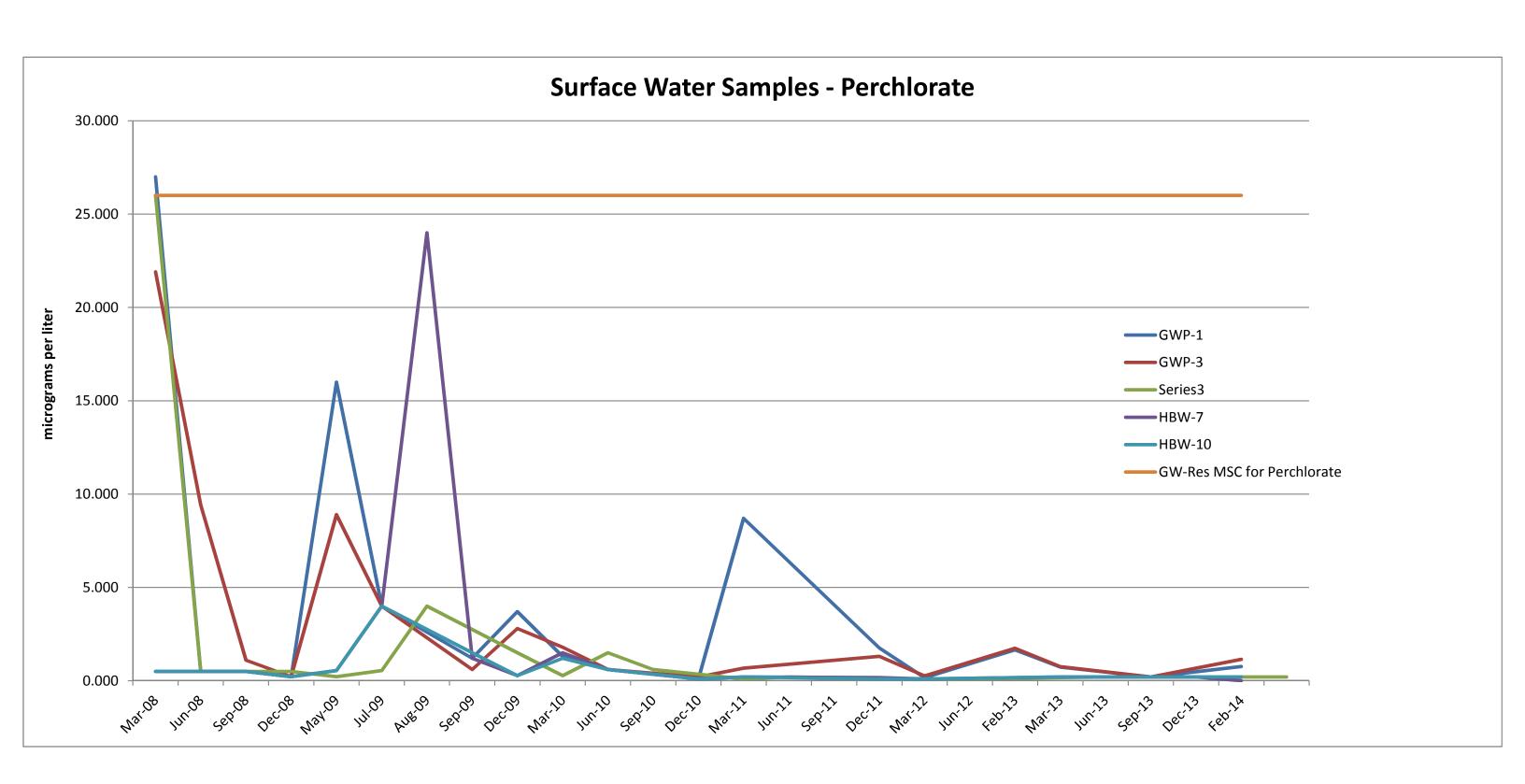
Sample ID	Sept 2013	Dec 2013	Feb 2014
GPW-1	<0.2 U	dry	0.766
GPW-3	<0.2 U	dry	1.15
HBW-1	<0.2 U	dry	<0.2U
HBW-7	<0.2 U	dry	0.201J
HBW-10	<0.2 U	dry	<0.2U

¹ U

Non-detect

NS Not Sampled

³ J Estimated Value



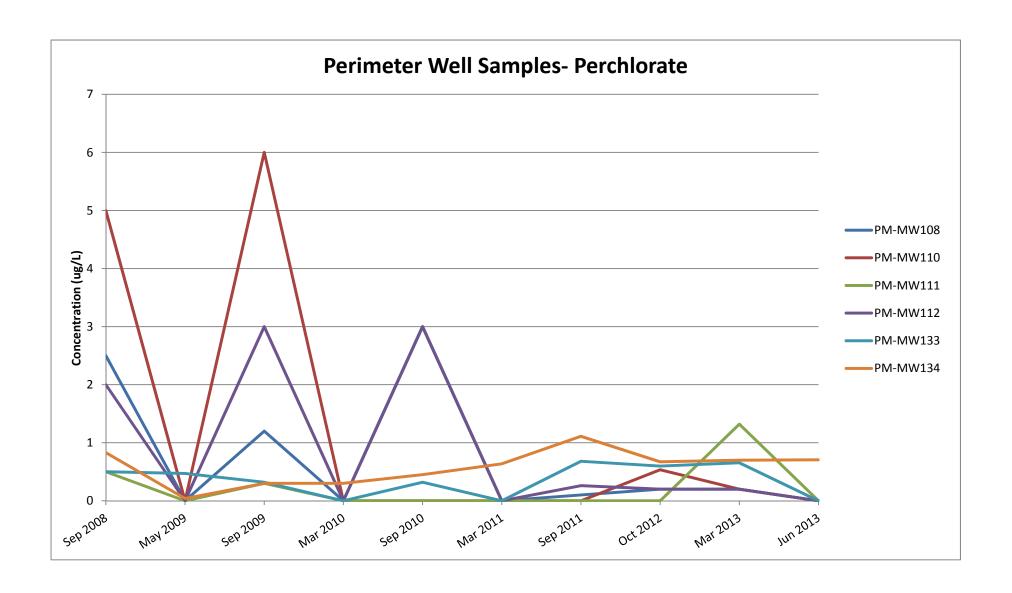
Historic Perimeter Well Perchlorate Data (in micrograms per liter)

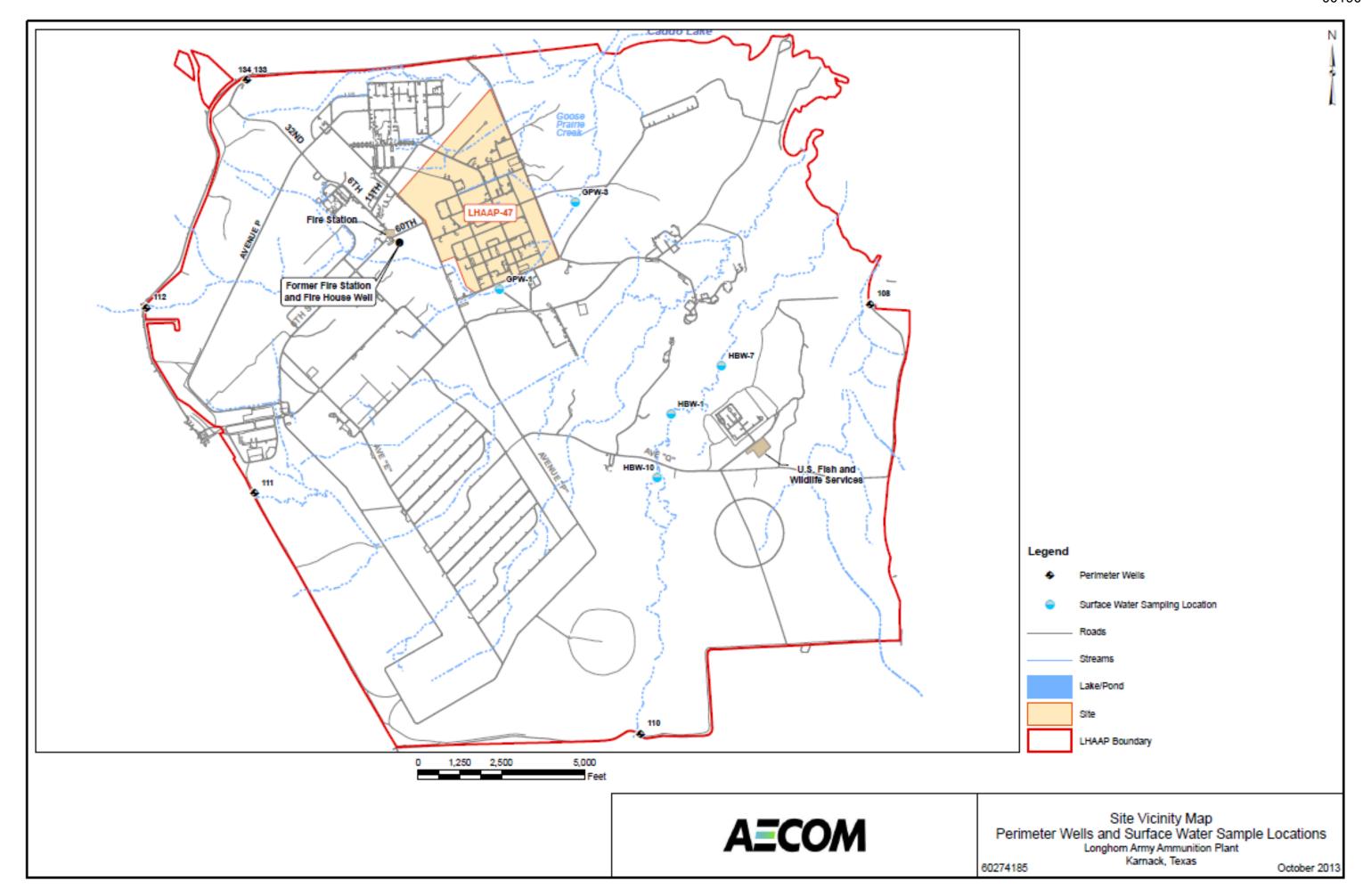
Sample ID	Sep 2008	May 2009	Sep 2009	Mar 2010	Sep 2010	Mar 2011	Sep 2011	Mar 2012	Oct 2012	Mar 2013	Jun 2013
PM-MW108	$2.5U^1$	NS^2	1.2U	NS	3U	NS	0.1U	NS	0.2U	0.2U	NS
PM-MW110	5U	NS	6U	NS	Dry	NS	Dry	NS	0.535	0.2U	NS
PM-MW111	0.5U	NS	0.3U	NS	Dry	NS	Dry	NS	Dry	1.32	NS
PM-MW112	2U	NS	3U	NS	3U	NS	0.26	NS	0.2U	0.2U	NS
PM-MW133	0.5U	$0.47J^{3}$	0.32	Dry	0.32	Dry	0.68	NS	0.598	0.655	0.685
PM-MW134	0.829U	0.04J	0.3U	0.3U	0.45	0.636	1.11	NS	0.671	0.698	0.706

 1 U Non-detect

Not Sampled

² NS ³ J Estimated Value





QUALITY CONTROL SUMMARY REPORT LONGHORN ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT KARNACK, TEXAS

Prepared For:





U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Prepared By:



AECOM Technical Services

November 2013

Table of Contents

1	INTRO	ODUCTION	1
	1.1 In	tended Use of Data	. 1
		reservation and Holding Times	
		alibrations	
	1.3.1		
	1.3.2	Blanks	
	1.3.3		
	1.3.4	Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)	
2		USABILITY SUMMARY	
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List of Tables

Table 1: Completeness by Method

Table 2: Field Sample Identification and Laboratory Identification

1 INTRODUCTION

AECOM reviewed seven data packages from Microbac Laboratory Services, Marietta, OH. Groundwater samples were collected January 30 through September 30, 2013 at Surface Water Sampling Locations and Perimeter Wells at Longhorn Army Ammunition Plant (LHAAP), Karnack, Texas. Data were reviewed for conformance to the requirements of the following guidance documents: Automated Data Review by Laboratory Data Consultants (ADR.net), United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Inorganic Data Review, (EPA, July 2002), and EPA Contract Laboratory Program National Functional Guidelines for Low Concentration Organic Data Review, (EPA, June 2001).

1.1 Intended Use of Data

The monitoring for Perchlorate in surface water and along the perimeter of the former plant complies with the decision of the Dispute Resolution Committee December 6, 1999.

Analyses requested included:

• SW6850 – Perchlorates by LC/MS/MS

Table 2 lists the sample identifications and their associated laboratory identifications. Table 3 lists qualified results with the associated quality control parameter that was exceeded.

1.2 Preservation and Holding Times

Sample identification data were evaluated for agreement with the chain-of-custody (COC). All samples were received in appropriate containers, within the proper temperature range, in good condition, and with the required signatures.

1.3 Calibrations

Initial calibration criteria modification includes RSD< or = to 30%, two compounds allowed up to 40%. If the continuing calibration verification (CCV) compound exceeds 30% drift, the compound is checked in the LCS, if both are outside recovery limits, the compound is rejected, R. If only the CCV exceeds recovery criteria and is less than \pm 40% drift, then the compound is qualified J or UJ.

1.3.1 Continuing Calibration Verifications (CCV)

All CCVs are within criteria.

1.3.2 Blanks

Where contamination by a target analyte of one of the various blanks was found, if the sample result for an associated sample was non-detect or less than 5X (10X for common laboratory contaminants) the analyte concentration in the blank, the corresponding sample result for the analyte was qualified B. Where the sample result for the affected analyte was greater than 5X the amount in the blank, no qualifier was applied.

No blank contamination found.

1.3.3 Surrogates

All surrogates are within criteria.

1.3.4 Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)

All LCS are within criteria.

2 DATA USABILITY SUMMARY

The data are usable for the intended purposes of the project. The data quality objectives have been met for the project.

Table 1: Completeness by Method

Method	Total Analytes	No. of Rejected Results	% Completeness
SW6850	26	0	100

Table 2: Field Sample Identification and Laboratory Identification

ClientSampleID	LabSampleID	Collected	SW6850	E350.1	365.2	1664A	E415.1	SW8260	SW6010	SW6020	SW9056	SW7196A	410.4	SW8270
L12100226-01	112-011012	10/1/12	X											
L12100226-02	110-011012	10/1/12	X											
L12100226-03	133-011012	10/1/12	X											
L12100226-04	134-011012	10/1/12	X											
L12100226-05	108-021012	10/1/12	X											
L13010790-01	HBW7-013013	1/30/2013	X											
L13010790-02	HBW710-013013	1/30/2013	X											
L13010790-03	HBW1-013013	1/30/2013	X											
L13020474-01	GPW 1-021413	2/14/2013	X											
L13020474-02	GPW 3-021413	2/14/2013	X											
L13030239-01	PW-108-030513	3/5/2013	X											
L13030239-02	PW 111-030613	3/6/2013	X											
L13030239-03	PW-112-030613	3/6/2013	X											
L13030239-04	PW 110-030613	3/6/2013	X											
L13030239-05	PW 133-030613	3/6/2013	X											
L13030239-06	PW 134-030613	3/6/2013	X											
L13030393-01	HBW 1-031113	3/11/2013	X											
L13030393-02	HBW 7-031113	3/11/2013	X											
L13030393-03	HBW 10-031113	3/11/2013	X											
L13030393-04	GPW 1-031113	3/11/2013	X											
L13030393-05	GPW 3-031113	3/11/2013	X											
L13060106-01	PW133-060313	6/3/2013	X											
L13060106-02	PW134-060313	6/3/2013	X											
L13060258-01	HBW 7-060513	6/5/2013	X											
L13060258-02	HBW 10-060513	6/5/2013	X											
L13060255-03	HBW 1-060513	6/5/2013	X											